

1、求极限. (32 分)

$$(1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \cdots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right)$$

$$(2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right)$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

2、求导数. (20 分)

$$(1) \text{设 } y = \ln \tan \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \sin x^2, \text{ 求 } y'.$$

$$(2) \text{设函数 } y = y(x) \text{ 由方程 } e^y - xy = e \text{ 所确定, 求 } y'(0).$$

3、已知 $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} & x \neq 0 \\ a & x = 0 \end{cases}$ 在 $x=0$ 处连续, 求 a 的值, 并讨论此时 $f(x)$ 在

$x=0$ 处是否可导, 若可导, 则求出 $f'(0)$; 若不可导, 说明理由. (16 分)

$$4、\text{设 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f'(x) = 3, \text{ 求 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x+5) - f(x)]. \quad (16 \text{ 分})$$

5、设某同学在操场跑步时速度函数为 $S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t$, 时间 $t \in [0, 3]$. 试判断该同学在这段时间内有几次加速过程和几次减速过程? 并给出具体时间段以及加速度为零的时刻. (16 分)

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$$(1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right)$$

解由夹逼准则

$$\frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} < \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+2}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{1}{n}+\frac{1}{n^2}}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+\frac{2}{n^2}}} = 1.$$

$$\therefore \text{由此可知} \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right) = 1$$

$$(2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$\text{解: } \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n+1-1}{n+1} \right)^{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$\text{令 } n+1 = t.$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{t} \right)^t$$

$$\therefore \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{t-t} \right)^{-t \cdot (-1)} = e^{-1} = \frac{1}{e}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{t \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{t} \right)^t$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right)$$

$$\text{解: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\sin x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x (1 - \cos x)}{x^3 \cdot \cos x}$$

$$x \rightarrow 0 \text{ 等价无穷小: } \sin x \sim x, 1 - \cos x = \frac{1}{2}x^2,$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x (1 - \cos x)}{x^3 \cdot \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{2}x^2}{x^3 \cdot \cos x} = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{2}}{\cos x} = \frac{1}{2}.$$

$$\therefore \text{由此可知} \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right).$$

$$\text{解: } \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x - \ln(1+x)}{\ln(1+x) \cdot x} \right)$$

分子分母分别求导.

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1 - \frac{1}{x+1}}{\frac{x + \ln(1+x)}{x+1}} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x}{x + \ln(1+x)} \right)$$

再次运用洛必达

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{x}{x + \ln(1+x)} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{1 + \frac{1}{1+x}} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

2. (1) 设 $y = \ln \tan \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \sin x^2$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{x}{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \sec^2 \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \sin x^2 + e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \cos x \cdot 2x$$

$$y' = \frac{1}{\tan \frac{x}{3}} \cdot \frac{1}{3} \sec^2 \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \cdot \left(\frac{1}{2} x^{-\frac{1}{2}} \cdot \sin x^2 + \cos x \cdot 2x \right)$$

(2) $y = y(x)$ 由方程 $e^y - xy = e$ 确定. 求 $y'(0)$

对 x 进行求导.

$$e^y \cdot y' - (y + xy') = 0.$$

$$e^y \cdot y' - y - xy' = 0.$$

$$(e^y - x) \cdot y' - y = 0. \quad y' = \frac{y}{e^y - x}$$

$$y(0) = 1 \quad y'(0) = \frac{1}{e}$$

3. 已知 $f(x) = \begin{cases} x \cdot \cos \frac{1}{x^2} & x \neq 0 \\ a & x=0 \end{cases}$ 在 $x=0$ 处连续

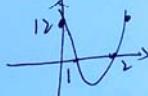
~~则 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} = 0$~~ 则 $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} = 1$ $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2}$
~~全 $x=t$~~ $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} t^2 \cos \frac{1}{t^2} = 1$ $\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} t^2 \cos \frac{1}{t^2} = 1$

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4. $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f(x) = 3$ 且 $\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} [f(x+5) - f(x)]$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{[f(x+5) - f(x)]}{5} = \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} f'(x) = 3.$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} [f(x+5) - f(x)] = 15. \quad -16$$



速度函数:

5. $S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t \quad t \in [0, 3]$

$$S'(t) = 6t^2 - 18t + 12. \quad S'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t_1 = 1, t_2 = 2. \quad \text{故有两次减速加速. } (2, 3)$$

$$S''(t) = 12t - 18. \quad \text{加速度为 } 0 \text{ 时 } S''(t) = 0. \quad t = \frac{3}{2}. \quad \text{减速在 } t \in (1, 1.5) \text{ (1.5, 2)} \quad \text{加速在 } t \in (0, 1) \text{ (1.5, 2)}$$

$$S^{(3)}(t) = 12$$

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