

1、求极限. (32 分)

$$(1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \cdots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right)$$

$$(2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right)$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

2、求导数. (20 分)

$$(1) \text{ 设 } y = \ln \tan \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \sin x^2, \text{ 求 } y'.$$

$$(2) \text{ 设函数 } y = y(x) \text{ 由方程 } e^y - xy = e \text{ 所确定, 求 } y'(0).$$

3、已知  $f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} & x \neq 0 \\ a & x = 0 \end{cases}$  在  $x=0$  处连续, 求  $a$  的值, 并讨论此时  $f(x)$  在

$x=0$  处是否可导, 若可导, 则求出  $f'(0)$ ; 若不可导, 说明理由. (16 分)

$$4、\text{ 设 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f'(x) = 3, \text{ 求 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x+5) - f(x)]. \quad (16 \text{ 分})$$

5、设某同学在操场跑步时速度函数为  $S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t$ , 时间  $t \in [0, 3]$ . 试判断该同学在这段时间内有几次加速过程和几次减速过程? 并给出具体时间段以及加速度为零的时刻. (16 分)

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$$1.(1) \because n \rightarrow \infty \therefore \frac{1}{n} \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{---8}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \cdots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right) = 0$$

$$(2) \because \frac{n+1-1}{n+1} = 1 - \frac{1}{n+1}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{n+1} \right)^{n+1} \quad \text{---8}$$

$$\because 0 < 1 - \frac{1}{n+1} < 1 \therefore \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left( \frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1} = 0$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x \left( \frac{1}{\tan x} - 1 \right)}{x^3}$$

$$= \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2 \cdot \cos x} = \frac{1 - (1 - 2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2})}{x^2 \cdot (1 - 2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2})} = \frac{2 \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}{x^2 - 2x^2 \cdot \sin^2 \frac{x}{2}}$$

$$= \frac{2 \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2}{x^2 - 2x^2 \cdot \left( \frac{x}{2} \right)^2} = \frac{1}{2-x^2} \quad \therefore x \rightarrow 0 \quad \text{---2}$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right) = \left( \frac{x - \ln(1+x)}{x \ln(1+x)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{\ln x - \ln(1+x)}{x \ln(1+x)} = \frac{\ln \frac{e^x}{1+x}}{x \ln(1+x)} \quad \text{---6}$$

$$\therefore x \rightarrow 0 \therefore e^x \rightarrow 1 \quad 1+x \rightarrow 1 \therefore \ln \frac{e^x}{1+x} \rightarrow 1$$

$$\ln(1+x) \rightarrow 0 \therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln \frac{e^x}{1+x}}{x \ln(1+x)} = +\infty$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right) = +\infty$$

$$2.(1) \because y = \ln \tan \frac{x}{3} + e^{\frac{x}{3}} \cdot \sin x^2$$

$$\therefore \text{设 } u = \tan \frac{x}{3}, t = \frac{x}{3}$$

$$\therefore (\ln \tan \frac{x}{3})' = \frac{1}{3 \sin \frac{x}{3} \cdot \cos \frac{x}{3}}$$

$$\text{设 } u = x^{\frac{1}{2}} \therefore (e^{\frac{x}{3}})' = \frac{e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{2\sqrt{x}}$$

$$\therefore (e^{\frac{x}{3}} \cdot \sin x^2)' = \frac{e^{\frac{x}{3}}}{2\sqrt{x}} \cdot \sin x^2 + e^{\frac{x}{3}} \cdot 2x \cos x^2$$

$$\therefore y' = \frac{1}{3 \sin \frac{x}{3} \cdot \cos \frac{x}{3}} + \frac{e^{\frac{x}{3}} \cdot \sin x^2}{2\sqrt{x}} + 2e^{\frac{x}{3}} \cdot x \cos x^2$$

(2) 对方程  $e^y - xy = e^x$  的  $x$  进行求导

$$e^y \cdot y' - y - x \cdot y' = 0$$

$$y'(e^y - x) = y$$

$$y' = \frac{y}{e^y - x}$$

$$\therefore x=0 \therefore y'(0) = \frac{y}{e^y}$$

3. 函数  $f(x)$  在  $x=0$  处连续

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cdot \cos \frac{1}{x^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore a=0$$

且当  $x=0$  时  $f(x)=0$ , 函数为常函数

$x=0$  处连续且  $f'(0)=0$

$$4. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = 3$$

$$\therefore f'(x) = \frac{f(x+\Delta x) - f(x)}{\Delta x}$$

$$\therefore \text{当 } \Delta x=5 \text{ 时, } f'(x) = \frac{f(x+5) - f(x)}{5}$$

$$\therefore f(x+5) - f(x) = 5f'(0) = 15$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [f(x+5) - f(x)] = 15$$

$$5. \because S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t$$

$$\therefore S'(t) = 6t^2 - 18t + 12$$

$$\therefore f'(t) = 0 \therefore t^2 - 3t + 2 = 0$$

$$\therefore (t-1)(t-2) = 0 \therefore t_1 = 1, t_2 = 2$$



加速过程有两次在  $0 \sim 1$  秒和  $2 \sim 3$  秒

减速过程有一次在  $1 \sim 2$  秒

且在  $1.5$  秒时加速度为  $0$