

1、求极限. (32 分)

$$(1) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+2}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+3}} + \cdots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+n+1}} \right) \quad (2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3} \right) \quad (4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

2、求导数. (20 分)

$$(1) \text{ 设 } y = \ln \tan \frac{x}{3} + e^{\sqrt{x}} \sin x^2, \text{ 求 } y'.$$

$$(2) \text{ 设函数 } y = y(x) \text{ 由方程 } e^y - xy = e \text{ 所确定, 求 } y'(0).$$

$$3、\text{ 已知 } f(x) = \begin{cases} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} & x \neq 0 \\ a & x = 0 \end{cases} \text{ 在 } x=0 \text{ 处连续, 求 } a \text{ 的值, 并讨论此时 } f(x) \text{ 在}$$

$x=0$ 处是否可导, 若可导, 则求出 $f'(0)$; 若不可导, 说明理由. (16 分)

$$4、\text{ 设 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} f'(x) = 3, \text{ 求 } \lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} [f(x+5) - f(x)]. \quad (16 \text{ 分})$$

5、设某同学在操场跑步时速度函数为 $S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t$, 时间 $t \in [0, 3]$. 试判断该同学在这段时间内有几次加速过程和几次减速过程? 并给出具体时间段以及加速度为零的时刻. (16 分)

答: 2.5040

1. (1) 由题可知

$$\frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} < \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} < \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}}$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{n}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} = 1$$

$$\lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} + \dots + \frac{1}{\sqrt{n^2+1}} \right) = 1$$

$$(2) \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)^{n+1}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{(n+1) \ln \left(\frac{n}{n+1} \right)}$$

$$= \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} e^{(n+1) \left(-\frac{1}{n+1} \right)}$$

$$= e^{-1}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e}$$

$$(3) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x - \sin x}{x^3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\tan x (1 - \cos x)}{x^3}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^2}{x^3}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

$$(4) \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left(\frac{1}{\ln(1+x)} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{x - \ln(1+x)}{x \ln(1+x)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\frac{1}{2} x^2}{x^2}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2}$$

2. (1).

$$y' = \frac{1}{\tan x} \cdot \frac{1}{\cos^2 x} \cdot \frac{1}{3} + e^{\frac{1}{2}x} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \cdot \sin^2 x + e^{\frac{1}{2}x} \cdot 2 \cos x$$

$$= \frac{1}{3 \tan x \cdot \cos^2 x} + e^{\frac{1}{2}x} \left(\frac{1}{2} \sin^2 x + 2 \cos x \right)$$

(2).

由 $e^y - x y = e$ 可得

$$e^y \cdot y' - y - x y' = 0$$

$$y' = \frac{y}{e^y - x}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} x = 0$$

$$y'(0) = \frac{y(0)}{e^{y(0)} - x(0)}$$

$$y(0) = \frac{y(0)}{e^{y(0)} - 0}$$

$$3. \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2}$$

当 $x \rightarrow 0$ 时, $\cos \frac{1}{x^2}$ 为有界函数

$$x^2 \rightarrow 0$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^2 \cos \frac{1}{x^2} = 0$$

$$\therefore a = 0$$

此时 $f(x)$ 在 $x=0$ 处可导

$$f(x) = 2x \cos \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2 \sin \frac{1}{x^2}}{x}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2x \cos \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2 \sin \frac{1}{x^2}}{x} = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} 2x \cos \frac{1}{x^2} + \frac{2 \sin \frac{1}{x^2}}{x} = \infty$$

$$\therefore x=0$$

是 $f(x)$ 的可去间断点

$$f(0) = \infty$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+5) - f(x)}{5} = 3$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} f'(x) = \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{f(x+5) - f(x)}{5} = 3$$

$$\therefore \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} [f(x+5) - f(x)] = 15$$

$$5. \quad S'(t) = 6t^2 - 18t + 12$$

$$\frac{1}{2} S'(t) = 0 \Rightarrow t_1 = 1, t_2 = 2$$

$$S(t) = 2t^3 - 9t^2 + 12t$$

$$S'(t) = 6t^2 - 18t + 12$$

$$S''(t) = 12t - 18$$

$$S''(1) = -6 < 0$$

$$S''(2) = 6 > 0$$

由图可知

在 $t \in [0, 1]$ 时

$S(t)$ 单调递增

当 $t \in (1, 2)$ 时

$S(t)$ 单调递减

当 $t = 1$ 或 2 时

$S'(t) = 0$

综上所述

$t \in (0, 1)$ 和 $(2, 3)$ 时, 是加速过程

$t \in (1, 2)$ 时, 是减速过程

当 $t = 1$ 和 2 时, 加速度为零