

```
options(warn = -1)
library(tidyverse)
library(ggthemes)
library(ggplot2)
library(tidymodels)
library(corrplot)
library(yardstick)
library(ISLR)
library(ISLR2)
library(discrim)
library(corr)
tidymodels_prefer()
```

```
titanic <- read.csv(file="/Users/honchwayne/Desktop/titanic.csv")
titanic %>% head()
```

```
##   passenger_id survived pclass
## 1           1       No       3
## 2           2       Yes       1
## 3           3       Yes       3
## 4           4       Yes       1
## 5           5       No       3
## 6           6       No       3
##
##                                name    sex age sib_sp parch
## 1                                Braund, Mr. Owen Harris   male  22      1      0
## 2 Cumings, Mrs. John Bradley (Florence Briggs Thayer) female  38      1      0
## 3                                Heikkinen, Miss. Laina female  26      0      0
## 4 Futrelle, Mrs. Jacques Heath (Lily May Peel) female    35      1      0
## 5                                Allen, Mr. William Henry   male  35      0      0
## 6                                Moran, Mr. James         male  NA      0      0
##
##      ticket    fare cabin embarked
## 1    A/5 21171  7.2500 <NA>         S
## 2    PC 17599 71.2833  C85         C
## 3 STON/O2. 3101282  7.9250 <NA>         S
## 4    113803 53.1000 C123         S
## 5    373450  8.0500 <NA>         S
## 6    330877  8.4583 <NA>         Q
```

```
titanic$survived <- as.factor(titanic$survived)
titanic$pclass <- as.factor(titanic$pclass)
titanic$sex <- as.factor(titanic$sex)
titanic$survived <- factor(titanic$survived, levels = c("Yes" , "No"))
titanic$survived %>% head()
```

```
## [1] No  Yes Yes Yes No  No
## Levels: Yes No
```

QUESTION1:

```
set.seed(3435)
titanic_split <- initial_split(titanic, prop = 0.70, strata = survived)
titanic_train <- training(titanic_split)
```

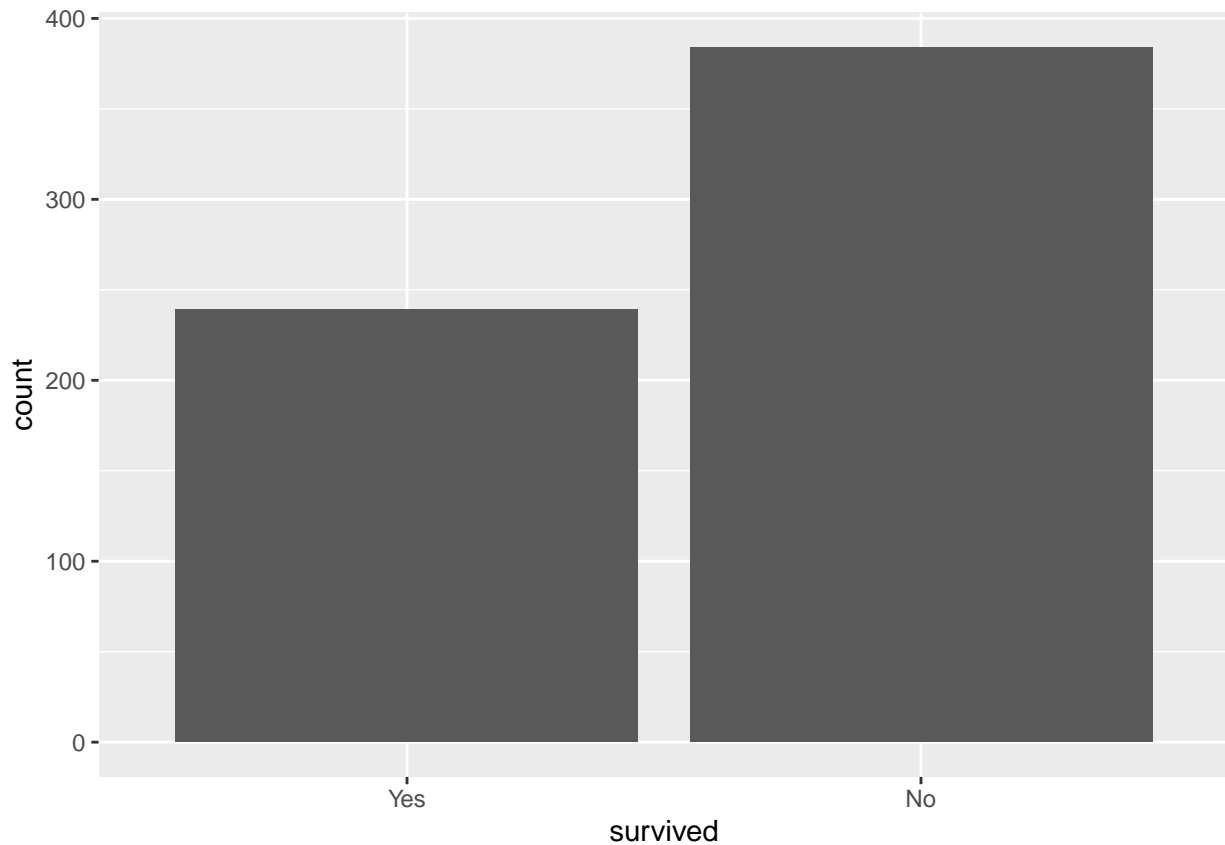
```
titanic_test <- testing(titanic_split)
titanic_train %>% head()
```

```
##   passenger_id survived pclass                name  sex age
## 1             1       No     3      Braund, Mr. Owen Harris  male  22
## 5             5       No     3      Allen, Mr. William Henry  male  35
## 7             7       No     1      McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J  male  54
## 8             8       No     3      Palsson, Master. Gosta Leonard  male   2
## 14            14       No     3      Andersson, Mr. Anders Johan  male  39
## 15            15       No     3 Vestrom, Miss. Hulda Amanda Adolfina  female  14
##   sib_sp parch  ticket  fare cabin embarked
## 1       1     0 A/5 21171  7.2500 <NA>      S
## 5       0     0  373450  8.0500 <NA>      S
## 7       0     0   17463 51.8625  E46      S
## 8       3     1  349909 21.0750 <NA>      S
## 14      1     5  347082 31.2750 <NA>      S
## 15      0     0  350406  7.8542 <NA>      S
```

*#In short, stratified sampling ensures each subgroup within the population receives proper representation
#some data in the "age" and "cabin" column are missing.*

QUESTION2:

```
titanic_train %>% ggplot(aes(x = survived)) + geom_bar()
```



```
fct_count(titanic_train$survived)
```

```
## # A tibble: 2 x 2
##   f         n
##   <fct> <int>
## 1 Yes     239
## 2 No      384
```

By inspection, the number of those who didn't survive in the accident is greater than those who survived.

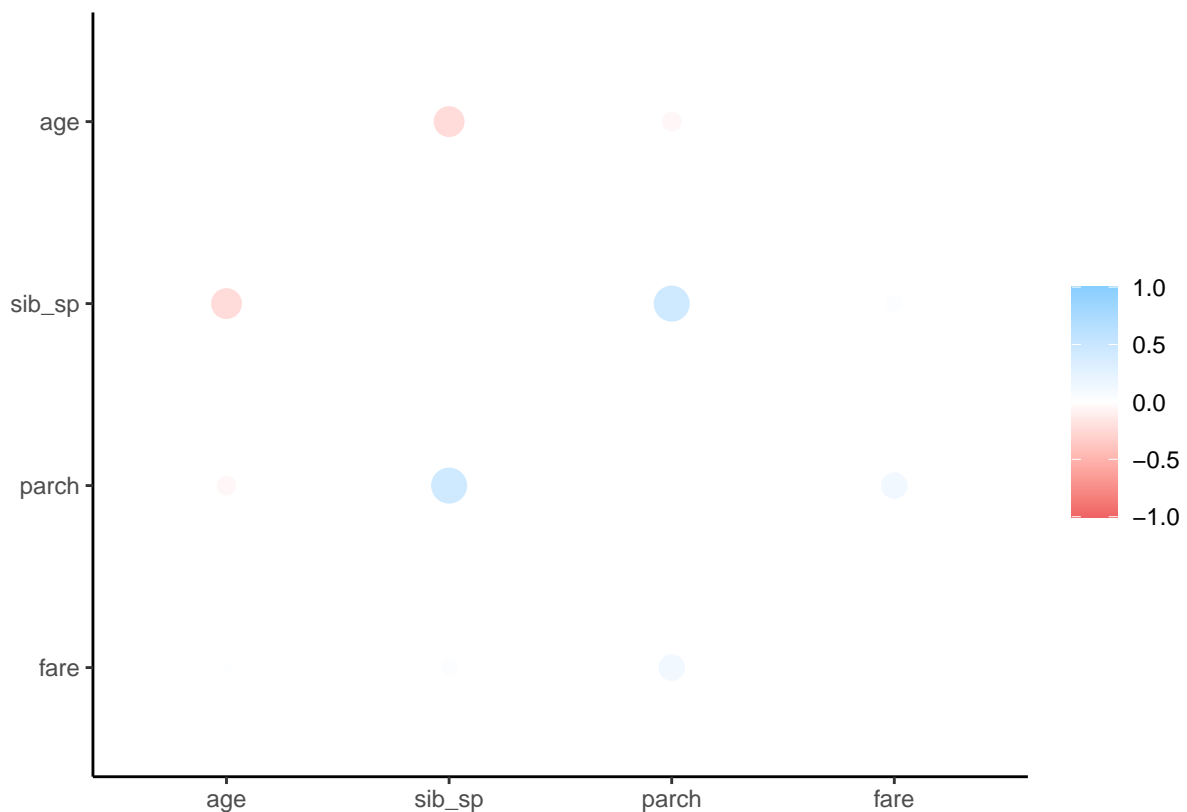
QUESTION3:

```
cor_titanic <- titanic_train %>% select(age, sib_sp, parch, fare) %>% correlate()
```

```
##
## Correlation method: 'pearson'
## Missing treated using: 'pairwise.complete.obs'
```

```
rplot(cor_titanic)
```

Don't know how to automatically pick scale for object of type noquote. Defaulting to continuous.



```
# Seems like the number of siblings / spouses aboard the Titanic and age have a weak negative correlation
# the number of siblings / spouses aboard the Titanic and the number of parents / children aboard the T
```

QUESTION4:

```
titanic_recipe <- recipe(survived ~ pclass + sex + age + sib_sp + parch + fare, data = titanic_train) %>%
  step_impute_linear(age) %>%
  step_dummy(all_nominal_predictors()) %>%
  step_interact(terms = ~ sex_male:fare) %>%
  step_interact(terms = ~ age:fare)
titanic_recipe
```

```
## Recipe
##
## Inputs:
##
##   role #variables
##   outcome      1
##   predictor      6
##
## Operations:
##
## Linear regression imputation for age
## Dummy variables from all_nominal_predictors()
## Interactions with sex_male:fare
## Interactions with age:fare
```

QUESTION5:

```
# Specifying an Engine
log_reg_titanic <- logistic_reg() %>%
  set_engine("glm") %>%
  set_mode("classification")
```

```
log_titanicworkflow <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(log_reg_titanic) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)
```

```
log_fit_titanic <- fit(log_titanicworkflow, titanic_train)
```

```
str(titanic_train)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   623 obs. of  12 variables:
## $ passenger_id: int   1  5  7  8 14 15 17 19 25 28 ...
## $ survived    : Factor w/ 2 levels "Yes","No": 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 ...
## $ pclass      : Factor w/ 3 levels "1","2","3": 3 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 ...
## $ name        : chr   "Braund, Mr. Owen Harris" "Allen, Mr. William Henry" "McCarthy, Mr. Timothy J"
## $ sex         : Factor w/ 2 levels "female","male": 2 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 1 2 ...
## $ age         : num   22 35 54 2 39 14 2 31 8 19 ...
## $ sib_sp      : int    1  0  0  3  1  0  4  1  3  3 ...
## $ parch       : int    0  0  0  1  5  0  1  0  1  2 ...
```

```
## $ ticket      : chr "A/5 21171" "373450" "17463" "349909" ...
## $ fare        : num 7.25 8.05 51.86 21.07 31.27 ...
## $ cabin       : chr NA NA "E46" NA ...
## $ embarked    : chr "S" "S" "S" "S" ...
```

```
log_fit_titanic %>%
  tidy()
```

```
## # A tibble: 10 x 5
##   term                estimate std.error statistic  p.value
##   <chr>              <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 (Intercept)      -4.40      0.683     -6.45 1.13e-10
## 2 age              0.0629     0.0136      4.62 3.77e- 6
## 3 sib_sp           0.437      0.132      3.30 9.52e- 4
## 4 parch            0.151      0.153      0.989 3.23e- 1
## 5 fare            -0.00116   0.0107     -0.108 9.14e- 1
## 6 pclass_X2         1.25      0.363      3.46 5.48e- 4
## 7 pclass_X3         2.44      0.382      6.39 1.62e-10
## 8 sex_male          2.15      0.303      7.09 1.32e-12
## 9 sex_male_x_fare   0.0139    0.00836     1.66 9.65e- 2
## 10 age_x_fare       -0.000360 0.000206    -1.75 8.03e- 2
```

```
predict(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")
```

```
## # A tibble: 623 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 0.114    0.886
## 2 0.0835   0.916
## 3 0.310    0.690
## 4 0.115    0.885
## 5 0.0219   0.978
## 6 0.755    0.245
## 7 0.0711   0.929
## 8 0.449    0.551
## 9 0.519    0.481
## 10 0.108    0.892
## # ... with 613 more rows
```

```
augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction Yes No
##           Yes 166 43
##           No  73 341
```

```
augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class) %>%
  autoplot(type = "heatmap")
```

Prediction	Yes -	166	43
	No -	73	341
		Yes	No
		Truth	

```
log_reg_acc <- augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
log_reg_acc
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>   <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.814
```

QUESTION6:

```
lda_mod_titanic <- discrim_linear() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("MASS")
```

```
lda_wkflow_titanic <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(lda_mod_titanic) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)
```

```
lda_fit_titanic <- fit(lda_wkflow_titanic, titanic_train)
```

```
predict(lda_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train, type="prob")
```

```
## # A tibble: 623 x 2
```

```
##      .pred_Yes .pred_No
##      <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1    0.0762    0.924
## 2    0.0543    0.946
## 3    0.266     0.734
## 4    0.0872    0.913
## 5    0.0162    0.984
## 6    0.799     0.201
## 7    0.0592    0.941
## 8    0.528     0.472
## 9    0.614     0.386
## 10   0.167     0.833
## # ... with 613 more rows
```

```
augment(lda_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction Yes  No
##           Yes 160  50
##           No   79 334
```

```
lda_acc<-augment(lda_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
lda_acc
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>         <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary         0.793
```

QUESTION7:

```
qda_mod_titanic <- discrim_quad() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("MASS")

qda_wkflow_titanic <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(qda_mod_titanic) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)

qda_fit_titanic <- fit(qda_wkflow_titanic, titanic_train)
```

```
predict(qda_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob")
```

```
## # A tibble: 623 x 2
##      .pred_Yes .pred_No
##      <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 0.00971     0.990
## 2 0.00672     0.993
## 3 0.0962      0.904
```

```
## 4 0.000107 1.00
## 5 0.000000506 1.00
## 6 0.596 0.404
## 7 0.000000507 1.00
## 8 0.278 0.722
## 9 0.00100 0.999
## 10 1.00 0.0000288
## # ... with 613 more rows
```

```
augment(qda_fit_titanic ,new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction Yes  No
##           Yes 128 27
##           No  111 357
```

```
qda_acc <- augment(qda_fit_titanic ,new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
qda_acc
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.778
```

QUESTION8:

```
nb_mod_titanic <- naive_Bayes() %>%
  set_mode("classification") %>%
  set_engine("klaR") %>%
  set_args(usekernel = FALSE)
```

```
nb_wkflow_titanic <- workflow() %>%
  add_model(nb_mod_titanic) %>%
  add_recipe(titanic_recipe)
```

```
nb_fit_titanic <- fit(nb_wkflow_titanic, titanic_train)
```

```
predict(nb_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob") %>% head()
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1 0.0269    0.973
## 2 0.0294    0.971
## 3 0.386     0.614
## 4 0.000228  1.00
## 5 0.0000220 1.00
## 6 0.521     0.479
```



```
nb_acc <- augment(nb_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
nb_acc
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>   <chr>       <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary      0.787
```

QUESTION9:

```
bind_cols(titanic_train$survived, predict(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_train, type = "prob"), pr
```

```
## New names:
## * '' -> '...1'
## * '.pred_Yes' -> '.pred_Yes...2'
## * '.pred_No' -> '.pred_No...3'
## * '.pred_Yes' -> '.pred_Yes...4'
## * '.pred_No' -> '.pred_No...5'
## * '.pred_Yes' -> '.pred_Yes...6'
## * '.pred_No' -> '.pred_No...7'
## * '.pred_Yes' -> '.pred_Yes...8'
## * '.pred_No' -> '.pred_No...9'
```

```
## # A tibble: 623 x 9
##   ...1 .pred_Yes...2 .pred_No...3 .pred_Yes...4 .pred_No...5 .pred_Yes...6
##   <fct>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>      <dbl>
## 1 No        0.114        0.886        0.0762     0.924     0.00971
## 2 No        0.0835        0.916        0.0543     0.946     0.00672
## 3 No        0.310        0.690        0.266      0.734     0.0962
## 4 No        0.115        0.885        0.0872     0.913     0.000107
## 5 No        0.0219        0.978        0.0162     0.984     0.000000506
## 6 No        0.755        0.245        0.799      0.201     0.596
## 7 No        0.0711        0.929        0.0592     0.941     0.000000507
## 8 No        0.449        0.551        0.528      0.472     0.278
## 9 No        0.519        0.481        0.614      0.386     0.00100
## 10 No       0.108        0.892        0.167      0.833     1.00
## # ... with 613 more rows, and 3 more variables: .pred_No...7 <dbl>,
## #   .pred_Yes...8 <dbl>, .pred_No...9 <dbl>
```

```
accuracies <- c(log_reg_acc$.estimate, lda_acc$.estimate, nb_acc$.estimate, qda_acc$.estimate)
models <- c("Logistic Regression", "LDA", "Naive Bayes", "QDA")
results <- tibble(accuracies = accuracies, models = models)
results %>% arrange(-accuracies)
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 2
##   accuracies models
##   <dbl> <chr>
## 1 0.814 Logistic Regression
## 2 0.793 LDA
## 3 0.787 Naive Bayes
## 4 0.778 QDA
```

*# Based on the table listed above, Logistic Regression has the best performance on the training data be
Hence, I will apply Logistic Regression model because it has the most accurate result on the training*

QUESTION10:

```
predict(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test, type = "prob")
```

```
## # A tibble: 268 x 2
##   .pred_Yes .pred_No
##   <dbl>    <dbl>
## 1  0.933    0.0671
## 2  0.924    0.0763
## 3  0.119    0.881
## 4  0.183    0.817
## 5  0.230    0.770
## 6  0.239    0.761
## 7  0.120    0.880
## 8  0.119    0.881
## 9  0.0456   0.954
## 10 0.174    0.826
## # ... with 258 more rows
```

```
augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  conf_mat(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
##           Truth
## Prediction Yes  No
##           Yes  75 17
##           No   28 148
```

#add two other metrics, sensitivity and specificity

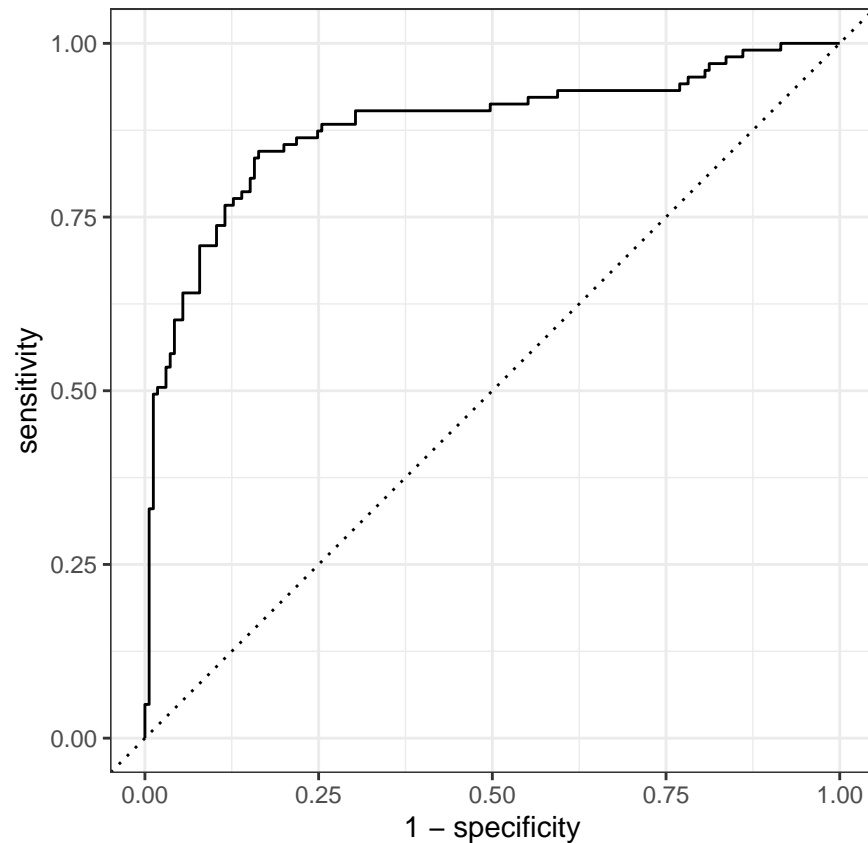
```
multi_metric <- metric_set(accuracy, sensitivity, specificity)
```

```
augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  multi_metric(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
```

```
## # A tibble: 3 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>    <chr>        <dbl>
## 1 accuracy binary        0.832
## 2 sensitivity binary        0.728
## 3 specificity binary        0.897
```

ROC curve

```
roc <- augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  roc_curve(survived, .pred_Yes) %>%
  autoplot()
roc
```



```
augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  roc_auc(survived, .pred_Yes)
```

```
## # A tibble: 1 x 3
##   .metric .estimator .estimate
##   <chr>   <chr>      <dbl>
## 1 roc_auc binary      0.880
```

```
train_acc <- results %>% arrange(-accuracies)
test_acc <- augment(log_fit_titanic, new_data = titanic_test) %>%
  accuracy(truth = survived, estimate = .pred_class)
bind_cols(test_acc$.estimate, train_acc)
```

```
## New names:
## * ' ' -> '...1'
```

```
## # A tibble: 4 x 3
##   ...1 accuracies models
##   <dbl>   <dbl> <chr>
## 1 0.832   0.814 Logistic Regression
## 2 0.832   0.793 LDA
## 3 0.832   0.787 Naive Bayes
## 4 0.832   0.778 QDA
```

We can see that the testing accuracy is a little higher than the training accuracy but the difference