DM2C: Deep Mixed-Modal Clustering



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Abstract

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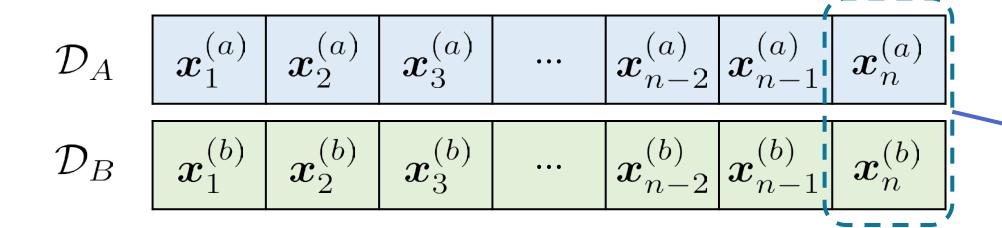


Mixed-modal data

Each instance is represented in only one modality.

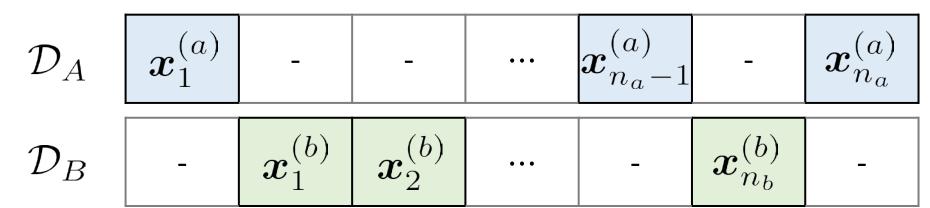
Dataset
$$\mathcal{D}$$
 \longrightarrow $\mathcal{D}_A = \left\{ m{x}_i^{(a)} \right\}_{i=1}^{n_a} \text{ and } \mathcal{D}_B = \left\{ m{x}_i^{(b)} \right\}_{i=1}^{n_b}$

Multi-modal data



pairinginformation

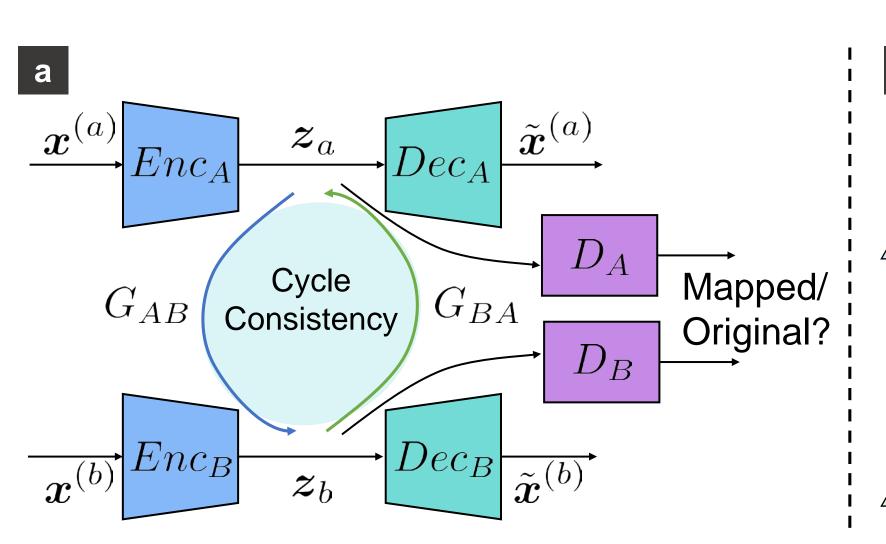
Mixed-modal data

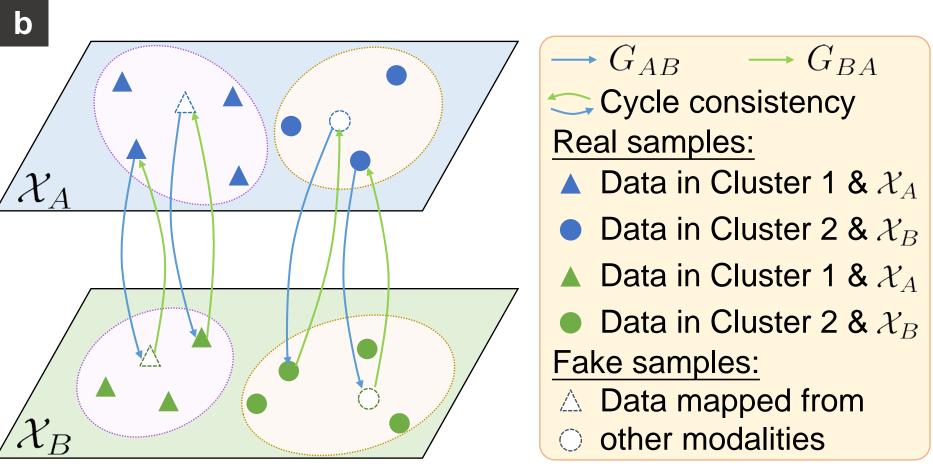


hard for feature alignment

Methodology

Key idea: unify the modality spaces via cross-modal translations





$\mathcal{L}(\mathbf{\Theta}) = \mathcal{L}_{adv}^{A} + \mathcal{L}_{adv}^{B} + \lambda_{1}(\mathcal{L}_{cyc}^{A} + \mathcal{L}_{cyc}^{B}) + \lambda_{2}(\mathcal{L}_{rec}^{A} + \mathcal{L}_{rec}^{B})$

• Latent representations

$$egin{aligned} \mathcal{L}_{ ext{rec}}^{ ext{A}}(oldsymbol{\Theta}_{ ext{AEA}}) &= \|oldsymbol{x}_i^{(a)} - ext{Dec}_{ ext{A}}(ext{Enc}_{ ext{A}}(oldsymbol{x}_i^{(a)}))\|_2^2, \ \mathcal{L}_{ ext{rec}}^{ ext{B}}(oldsymbol{\Theta}_{ ext{AE}_{ ext{B}}}) &= \|oldsymbol{x}_i^{(b)} - ext{Dec}_{ ext{B}}(ext{Enc}_{ ext{B}}(oldsymbol{x}_i^{(b)}))\|_2^2, \end{aligned}$$

• Unpaired cross-modal mappings

$$\mathcal{L}_{ ext{cyc}}^{ ext{A}}(\mathbf{\Theta}_{G_{AB}}, \mathbf{\Theta}_{G_{BA}}) = \mathbb{E}_{oldsymbol{z}_a \sim \mathcal{X}_A} \left[\| oldsymbol{z}_a - G_{BA}(G_{AB}(oldsymbol{z}_a)) \|_1
ight],$$
 $\mathcal{L}_{ ext{cyc}}^{ ext{B}}(\mathbf{\Theta}_{G_{AB}}, \mathbf{\Theta}_{G_{BA}}) = \mathbb{E}_{oldsymbol{z}_b \sim \mathcal{X}_B} \left[\| oldsymbol{z}_b - G_{AB}(G_{BA}(oldsymbol{z}_b)) \|_1
ight].$

• Adversarial learning

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{adv}}^{A}(\boldsymbol{\Theta}_{G_{BA}}, \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{D_{A}}) = \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z}_{a} \sim \mathcal{X}_{A}}[D_{A}(\boldsymbol{z}_{a})] - \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z}_{b} \sim \mathcal{X}_{B}}[D_{A}(G_{BA}(\boldsymbol{z}_{b}))],$$

$$\mathcal{L}_{\text{adv}}^{B}(\boldsymbol{\Theta}_{G_{AB}}, \boldsymbol{\Theta}_{D_{B}}) = \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z}_{b} \sim \mathcal{X}_{B}}[D_{B}(\boldsymbol{z}_{b})] - \mathbb{E}_{\boldsymbol{z}_{a} \sim \mathcal{X}_{A}}[D_{B}(G_{AB}(\boldsymbol{z}_{a}))].$$

Results

Add your information, graphs and images to this section.

Table 1: Dataset statistics.

Dataset	Modal.1	Modal.2	Training samples	Test samples	Categ.
Wikipedia NUS-WIDE-10K		text (article) text (tag)	1910 7500	$256 \\ 2500$	10 10

Table 2: Performance comparisons on Wikipedia.

Algorithm	Accuracy	ARI	NMI	F-score	Purity
k-means	0.2291	0.0166	0.1003	0.1857	0.2301
DKM	0.2173	0.0108	0.1170	0.1729	0.2429
DCN	0.2215	0.0137	0.1172	0.1688	0.2465
IDEC	0.2153	0.0375	0.0849	0.1654	0.2606
IMSAT	0.2521	0.0573	0.1093	0.1738	0.2720
Ours	0.2720	0.0558	0.1543	0.1878	0.3075

Table 3: Performance comparisons on NUS-WIDE-10K.

Algorithm	Accuracy	ARI	NMI	F-score	Purity
k-means	0.2744	0.0044	0.0469	0.3008	0.5208
DKM	0.2932	0.0130	0.0116	0.2901	0.5036
DCN	0.3036	0.0144	0.0512	0.2959	0.5296
IDEC	0.3045	0.0006	0.0082	0.3048	0.5036
IMSAT	0.3080	0.0038	0.0064	0.3422	0.5036
Ours	0.3300	0.0710	0.0951	0.3043	0.5492