w 页码, 1/9(W)

hustlijian

<u>博客园 首页 博问 闪存 新随笔 订阅 XML 管理</u> posts - 40, comments - 8, trackbacks - 0 MIPS指令学习 · MIPS指令知识的学习: 书本·《计算机组成原理》 网络: • http://gicl.cs.drexel.edu/people/sevy/architecture/MIPSRef(SPIM).html http://courses.missouristate.edu/KenVollmar/MARS/Help/SyscallHelp.html • 环境配置 • 从fpt://ftp.cs.wisc.edu目录PUB/SPIM中下载SPIM • 运行pcspim.exe解压缩文件 · 在解压缩后的文件夹中运行SETUP.EXE安装 • 转到安装目录下运行pcspim.exe • 模拟器界面: PCSpin File Simulator Mindow Help - 000000000 - 00000000 - 00000000 PC = 00000000 Status = 00000000 BadVAddr= 000000000 Cause 4 - 00000000 R0 (r0) = 00000000 R8 (t0) = 00000000 R16 (s0) = 00000000 R24 (t8) = 00000000 R1 (at) = 00000000 R9 (t1) = 00000000 R17 (s1) = 00000000 R25 (t9) = 00000000 -0x00c23021 addu \$6, \$6, \$2 0x27a50004 addiu \$5, \$29, 4 0x24a60004 addiu \$6, \$5, 4 0x00041080 sll \$2, \$4, 2 0x00c23021 addu \$6, \$6, \$2 ; 102: lw \$a0, 0(\$sp) # argc ; 103: addiu \$a1, \$sp, 4 # argv ; 104: addiu \$a2, \$a1, 4 # envp ; 105: sl1 \$v0, \$a0, 2 addu \$a2, \$a2, \$v0 ; 106: addu \$a2, \$a2, \$v0 jal main [0x004000001 [0x00400004] [0x00400008] กรกก4กกกก 0x00400010] 2 (0x900001d0) [0x900001e0]
 0x900000c2
 0x900000d8
 0x900000e8
 0x90000102

 0x90000103
 0x9000011c
 0x9000013f
 0x90000162

 0x90000173
 0x90000190
 0x00000000
 0x00000000
 0x900001f01 [0x90000200]...[0x90010000] 0x00000000 SPIM Version 6.3 of December 25, 2000 Copyright 1990-2000 by James R. Larus (larus@cs.wisc.edu). All Rights Reserved. DOS and Windows ports by David A. Carley (dac@cs.wisc.edu). Copyright 1997 by Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, Inc. PC=0x000000000 EPC=0x000000000 Cauxe=0x000000000 For Help, press F1 按照MIPS指令规则编写汇编代码,(后缀名使用asm,s)用PCSpim打开运行。 • 程序结构学习(从hello world开始) 源代码(hello.asm) 1: # author : See-See 2: text segment 3: .text .globl main 4: main: # execution starts here 5: la \$a0,str # put string address into a0 6: 7: li \$v0,4 # system call to print 8: syscall # out a string 9: li \$v0,10 10: syscall # exit 11: #data segment 12: .data .asciiz "hello world\n" 13: str: 効果图 **S**Console _ O X hello world

w 页码, 2/9(W)

```
• 程序设计实例
       • 输出实例

    源代码

  1: # author : lijian
  2: # date: 2012-01-04 21:00:30
  3: # function: use mips output
  4:
  5:
         .data
  6: # variable declarations here
  7: msg: .asciiz "\nthis is a message to show!\n" #declared
for string
  8: inter: .word
                          168
#declared a interger
  9: char: .byte
#declared a character
 10:
 11:
 12:
        .text
 13: main:
                           # indicates start of code
 14:
 15: # show interger
                                    # $v0 <= 1
       li $v0, 1
 16:
         lw $a0, inter
                                  # $a0 <= inter
 17:
       syscall
 18:
 19: # show string
 20:
       li $v0,4
                                    # $v0 <= 4
        la
                                 # $a0 <= msg
 21:
             $a0, msg
 22:
       syscall
       li $v0, 10
                                      #system call code for exit = 10
 24:
       syscall
                                    #call operating system to exit
 25:

    效果图

               ♥ Console
               168
               this is a message to show!
        • 输入实例

    源代码

  1: # author : lijian
  2: # date: 2012-01-04 21:35:31
  3: # function: use mips input
  4:
        .data
  6: # variable declarations here
  7: msg: .space 40 #allocate 40 consecutive bytes,
                          "\ninput a integer: " # declared for string
            .asciiz
  8: msg1:
                          "\ninput a string: " # declared for string
  9: msg2: .asciiz
 10: msg3: .asciiz
                           "\nyou input: "
                                                  # declared for
string
 11:
        .text
 12: main:
                           # indicates start of code
 13:
 14: # input integer
 15:
       li $v0, 4
        la $a0, msg1
 16:
 17:
        syscall
        li $v0,5
 18:
                                   #read integer
       syscall
 19:
 20:
       move $a1, $v0
```

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```
21:
      li
           $v0, 4
       la $a0, msg3
22:
23:
       syscall
           $v0, 1
       li
24:
       move $a0, $a1
25:
       syscall
26:
27:
28:
       li $v0, 4
29:
       la
            $a0, msg2
       syscall
30:
       li $v0,8
31:
       la $a0, msg
32:
33:
       li $a1, 40
34:
       syscall
35:
            $v0, 4
36:
       li
       la $a0, msg
37:
38:
       syscall
39:
        li $v0, 10
                                   #system call code for exit = 10
40:
        syscall
                                 #call operating system to exit

    效果图

 ™ Console
                                                    _ U X
 input a integer: 23
 you input: 23
  input a string: this is test
  this is test
      • 代数式运算

    源代码

1: # author : lijian
 2: # date: 2012-01-04 22:09:55
3: # fuction: use mips to count
4:
5:
      .data
                            "\n"
6: newline: .asciiz
             .asciiz
                            "**************************
7: line:
                                   count numbers \n"
              .asciiz
8: head:
               .asciiz
                                    author : lijian \n"
9: author:
                           " version: 0.1 \n"
10: version: .asciiz
                            "input the first num: "
11: first:
               .asciiz
                              "input the second num: "
12: second:
                .asciiz
                             " + "
13: addString: .asciiz
                            0.00
14: subString:
               .asciiz
                            " * "
15: mulString: .asciiz
                             " / "
16: divString:
               .asciiz
17: equalString: .asciiz " = "
19:
       .text
20: main:
21: # show menu
     li $v0, 4
22:
       la $a0, line
23:
24:
      syscall
       li $v0, 4
25:
       la $a0, head
26:
27:
       syscall
```

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```
28:
      li
           $v0, 4
           $a0, newline
29:
       la
30:
       syscall
           $v0, 4
31:
       li
            $a0, author
32:
      la
      syscall
33:
34:
       li
             $v0, 4
35:
       la $a0, version
36:
       syscall
37:
       li
           $v0, 4
38:
       la
             $a0, line
39: # input first num
40:
       syscall
       li
             $v0, 4
41:
42:
       la
            $a0, first
43:
      syscall
      li $v0,5
44:
       syscall
       move $s0, $v0
46:
47: # input second num
       li $v0, 4
49:
       la
           $a0, second
50:
       syscall
51:
      li $v0,5
52:
       syscall
             $s1, $v0
53:
       move
54: # show add result
55:
     li $v0, 1
56:
       move
             $a0, $s0
57:
      syscall
       li $v0, 4
58:
       la $a0, addString
59:
60:
       syscall
61:
       li
           $v0, 1
       move $a0, $s1
62:
       syscall
       li
           $v0, 4
64:
       la $a0, equalString
65:
66:
       syscall
67:
68:
       add $a0, $s0, $s1
       li $v0, 1
        syscall
70:
71:
        li $v0, 4
           $a0, newline
72:
73:
        syscall
74:
75: # show sub result
76:
       li $v0, 1
             $a0, $s0
77:
       move
78:
       syscall
79:
       li
           $v0, 4
80:
       la
             $a0, subString
       syscall
       li
82:
           $v0, 1
       move $a0, $s1
83:
84:
       syscall
85:
       li $v0, 4
       la $a0, equalString
86:
87:
       syscall
```

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```
88:
          sub $a0, $s0, $s1
 89:
 90:
         li $v0, 1
91:
          syscall
 92:
          li
              $v0, 4
 93:
             $a0, newline
          syscall
 94:
 95:
 96: # show mul result
 97:
         li
              $v0, 1
               $a0, $s0
98:
         move
99:
         syscall
100:
         li
               $v0, 4
               $a0, mulString
101:
         la
102:
         syscall
               $v0, 1
103:
         li
         move $a0, $s1
104:
105:
         syscall
         li
               $v0, 4
106:
             $a0, equalString
107:
         la
108:
         syscall
109:
          mul $a0, $s0, $s1
110:
111:
         li
               $v0, 1
          syscall
112:
               $v0, 4
113:
         li
114:
                $a0, newline
115:
         syscall
116:
117: # show div result
         li $v0, 1
118:
119:
          move
               $a0, $s0
120:
         syscall
121:
         li
             $v0, 4
             $a0, divString
122:
         la
123:
         syscall
        li
               $v0, 1
124:
               $a0, $s1
125:
         move
126:
         syscall
127:
         li
              $v0, 4
128:
         la
              $a0, equalString
129:
         syscall
130:
131:
          div $a0, $s0, $s1
132:
         li $v0, 1
133:
         syscall
         li
             $v0, 4
134:
135:
         la
             $a0, newline
          syscall
136:
137:
138:
         li
              $v0, 10
                                        #system call code for exit = 10
          syscall
                                      #call operating system to exit
139:

    效果图
```

w 页码, 6/9(W)

```
♥ Console
                                                               _19
*******
         count numbers
          author : lijian
        version: 0.1
********
input the first num: 44
input the second num: 22
44 + 22 = 66
44 - 22 = 22
44 * 22 = 968
44 / 22 = 2
        • 求最大数,和

    源代码

  1: # author : lijian
  2: # data: 2012-01-04 22:38:01
  3: # function: find the max num and count the total
  4:
         .data
                 .space 12
  6: array:
                                    #allocate 12 consecutive bytes
                               "input the 3 integers(each num end of
  7: msg1:
                .asciiz
[enter]): \n"
                .asciiz
                               "the max num is: "
  8: msg2:
  9: msg3:
                 .asciiz
                               "the tatal is: "
                             "\n"
                .asciiz
 10: newline:
 11:
 12:
         .text
 13: main:
 15:
         la
              $t0, array
         li
               $v0, 4
 16:
 17:
         la
               $a0, msg1
 18:
         syscall
 19:
        li
               $v0,5
 20:
         syscall
               $v0,($t0) # store the first num
 21:
         SW
 22:
         li
               $v0,5
 23:
         syscall
 24:
         SW
              $v0,4($t0) # stroe the second num
         li
             $v0,5
 25:
         syscall
              $v0,8($t0) # store the third num
 27:
         SW
 28:
 29:
             $s0, ($t0) # get the first num
         lw
         lw
             $s1, 4($t0) # get the second num
 30:
 31:
             $s2, 8($t0) # get the third num
 33:
         add $s3, $s0, $s1
         add $s4, $s2, $s3 # total stored in $s4
 34:
 35:
         li
              $v0, 4
 36:
         la
               $a0, msg3
         syscall
 37:
         li
             $v0, 1
 38:
 39:
         move $a0, $s4
 40:
         syscall
 41:
         li $v0, 4
```

w 页码, 7/9(W)

```
42:
        la $a0, newline
 43:
         syscall
 44:
         blt $s0, $s1, num2
 45:
 46:
          move $s3, $s0
          j num3
 47:
 48: num2:
 49:
         move $s3, $s1
 50: num3:
 51:
         bge $s3, $s2, num4
         move $s3, $s2
 52:
 53: num4:
 54:
         li $v0, 4
         la $a0, msg2
 55:
         syscall
 56:
 57:
         li
              $v0, 1
        move $a0, $s3
 58:
 59:
         syscall
         li
               $v0, 4
 60:
         la $a0, newline
 61:
 62:
         syscall
 63:
 64:
         li $v0, 10
                                       #system call code for exit = 10
          syscall
                                      #call operating system to exit
 65:

    效果图

SConsole
                                                                _ 0
input the 3 integers(each num end of [enter]):
23
543
23
the tatal is: 589
the max num is: 543
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--hustlijian

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--天天吃饭呢

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有用,学习了。

--shenlei

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