

# Tugas Modul 3

Afifrendra Rifqi Nugraha

9/22/2021

```
library(dslabs)
data(murders)
```

## 1

Gunakan fungsi `str` untuk memeriksa struktur objek “murders”. Manakah dari pernyataan berikut ini yang paling menggambarkan karakter dari tiap variabel pada data frame?

```
str(murders)
```

```
## 'data.frame':   51 obs. of  5 variables:
## $ state      : chr  "Alabama" "Alaska" "Arizona" "Arkansas" ...
## $ abb       : chr  "AL" "AK" "AZ" "AR" ...
## $ region    : Factor w/ 4 levels "Northeast","South",...: 2 4 4 2 4 4 1 2 2 2 ...
## $ population: num  4779736 710231 6392017 2915918 37253956 ...
## $ total     : num  135 19 232 93 1257 ...
```

a. Terdiri dari 51 negara.

```
length(murders$state)
```

```
## [1] 51
```

b. Data berisi tingkat pembunuhan pada 50 negara bagian dan DC.

```
murders$state
```

```
## [1] "Alabama"      "Alaska"      "Arizona"
## [4] "Arkansas"    "California"  "Colorado"
## [7] "Connecticut"  "Delaware"    "District of Columbia"
## [10] "Florida"     "Georgia"     "Hawaii"
## [13] "Idaho"       "Illinois"    "Indiana"
## [16] "Iowa"        "Kansas"      "Kentucky"
## [19] "Louisiana"   "Maine"       "Maryland"
## [22] "Massachusetts" "Michigan"    "Minnesota"
## [25] "Mississippi" "Missouri"    "Montana"
## [28] "Nebraska"    "Nevada"      "New Hampshire"
## [31] "New Jersey"  "New Mexico"  "New York"
```

## [34]	"North Carolina"	"North Dakota"	"Ohio"
## [37]	"Oklahoma"	"Oregon"	"Pennsylvania"
## [40]	"Rhode Island"	"South Carolina"	"South Dakota"
## [43]	"Tennessee"	"Texas"	"Utah"
## [46]	"Vermont"	"Virginia"	"Washington"
## [49]	"West Virginia"	"Wisconsin"	"Wyoming"

c. Data berisi Nama negara bagian, singkatan dari nama negara bagian, wilayah negara bagian, dan populasi negara bagian serta jumlah total pembunuhan pada tahun 2010.

#### murders

##	state	abb	region	population	total
## 1	Alabama	AL	South	4779736	135
## 2	Alaska	AK	West	710231	19
## 3	Arizona	AZ	West	6392017	232
## 4	Arkansas	AR	South	2915918	93
## 5	California	CA	West	37253956	1257
## 6	Colorado	CO	West	5029196	65
## 7	Connecticut	CT	Northeast	3574097	97
## 8	Delaware	DE	South	897934	38
## 9	District of Columbia	DC	South	601723	99
## 10	Florida	FL	South	19687653	669
## 11	Georgia	GA	South	9920000	376
## 12	Hawaii	HI	West	1360301	7
## 13	Idaho	ID	West	1567582	12
## 14	Illinois	IL	North Central	12830632	364
## 15	Indiana	IN	North Central	6483802	142
## 16	Iowa	IA	North Central	3046355	21
## 17	Kansas	KS	North Central	2853118	63
## 18	Kentucky	KY	South	4339367	116
## 19	Louisiana	LA	South	4533372	351
## 20	Maine	ME	Northeast	1328361	11
## 21	Maryland	MD	South	5773552	293
## 22	Massachusetts	MA	Northeast	6547629	118
## 23	Michigan	MI	North Central	9883640	413
## 24	Minnesota	MN	North Central	5303925	53
## 25	Mississippi	MS	South	2967297	120
## 26	Missouri	MO	North Central	5988927	321
## 27	Montana	MT	West	989415	12
## 28	Nebraska	NE	North Central	1826341	32
## 29	Nevada	NV	West	2700551	84
## 30	New Hampshire	NH	Northeast	1316470	5
## 31	New Jersey	NJ	Northeast	8791894	246
## 32	New Mexico	NM	West	2059179	67
## 33	New York	NY	Northeast	19378102	517
## 34	North Carolina	NC	South	9535483	286
## 35	North Dakota	ND	North Central	672591	4
## 36	Ohio	OH	North Central	11536504	310
## 37	Oklahoma	OK	South	3751351	111
## 38	Oregon	OR	West	3831074	36
## 39	Pennsylvania	PA	Northeast	12702379	457
## 40	Rhode Island	RI	Northeast	1052567	16

## 41	South Carolina	SC	South	4625364	207
## 42	South Dakota	SD	North Central	814180	8
## 43	Tennessee	TN	South	6346105	219
## 44	Texas	TX	South	25145561	805
## 45	Utah	UT	West	2763885	22
## 46	Vermont	VT	Northeast	625741	2
## 47	Virginia	VA	South	8001024	250
## 48	Washington	WA	West	6724540	93
## 49	West Virginia	WV	South	1852994	27
## 50	Wisconsin	WI	North Central	5686986	97
## 51	Wyoming	WY	West	563626	5

## 2

Sebutkan apa saja nama kolom yang digunakan pada data frame

```
names(murders)
```

```
## [1] "state"      "abb"        "region"     "population" "total"
```

## 3

Gunakan operator aksesor (\$) untuk mengekstrak informasi singkatan negara dan menyimpannya pada objek "a". Sebutkan jenis class dari objek tersebut.

```
a=murders$abb
class(a)
```

```
## [1] "character"
```

## 4

Gunakan tanda kurung siku untuk mengekstrak singkatan negara dan menyimpannya pada objek "b". Tentukan apakah variabel "a" dan "b" bernilai sama?

```
b=murders[[2]]
a
```

```
## [1] "AL" "AK" "AZ" "AR" "CA" "CO" "CT" "DE" "DC" "FL" "GA" "HI" "ID" "IL" "IN"
## [16] "IA" "KS" "KY" "LA" "ME" "MD" "MA" "MI" "MN" "MS" "MO" "MT" "NE" "NV" "NH"
## [31] "NJ" "NM" "NY" "NC" "ND" "OH" "OK" "OR" "PA" "RI" "SC" "SD" "TN" "TX" "UT"
## [46] "VT" "VA" "WA" "WV" "WI" "WY"
```

```
b
```

```
## [1] "AL" "AK" "AZ" "AR" "CA" "CO" "CT" "DE" "DC" "FL" "GA" "HI" "ID" "IL" "IN"
## [16] "IA" "KS" "KY" "LA" "ME" "MD" "MA" "MI" "MN" "MS" "MO" "MT" "NE" "NV" "NH"
## [31] "NJ" "NM" "NY" "NC" "ND" "OH" "OK" "OR" "PA" "RI" "SC" "SD" "TN" "TX" "UT"
## [46] "VT" "VA" "WA" "WV" "WI" "WY"
```

## 5

Variabel `region` memiliki tipe data: `factor`. Dengan satu baris kode, gunakan fungsi `level` dan `length` untuk menentukan jumlah `region` yang dimiliki dataset.

```
length(levels(murders$region))
```

```
## [1] 4
```

## 6

Fungsi `table` dapat digunakan untuk ekstraksi data pada tipe vektor dan menampilkan frekuensi dari setiap elemen. Dengan menerapkan fungsi tersebut, dapat diketahui jumlah `state` pada tiap `region`. Gunakan fungsi `table` dalam satu baris kode untuk menampilkan tabel baru yang berisi jumlah `state` pada tiap `region`.

```
table(murders$region)
```

```
##
## Northeast South North Central West
##          9         17         12         13
```