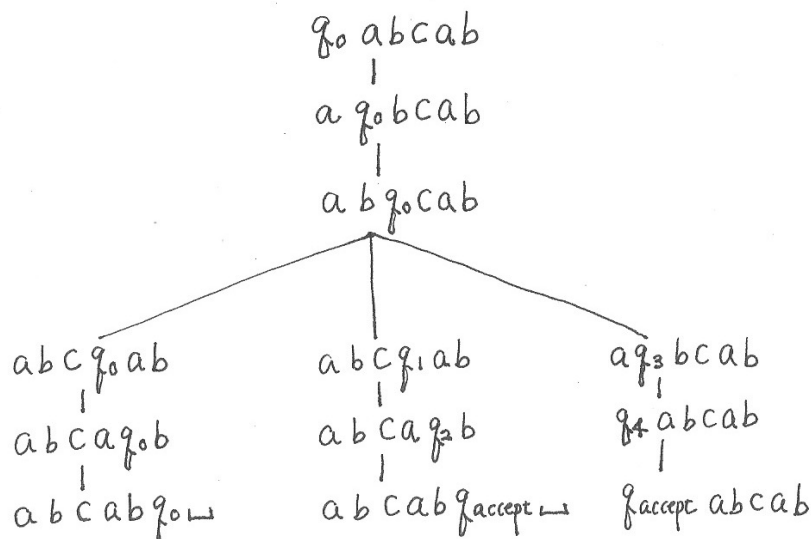


**CS 722   Fall 2016**  
**Homework Assignment #2**  
**Due: in class on 10/18/16, Tuesday**

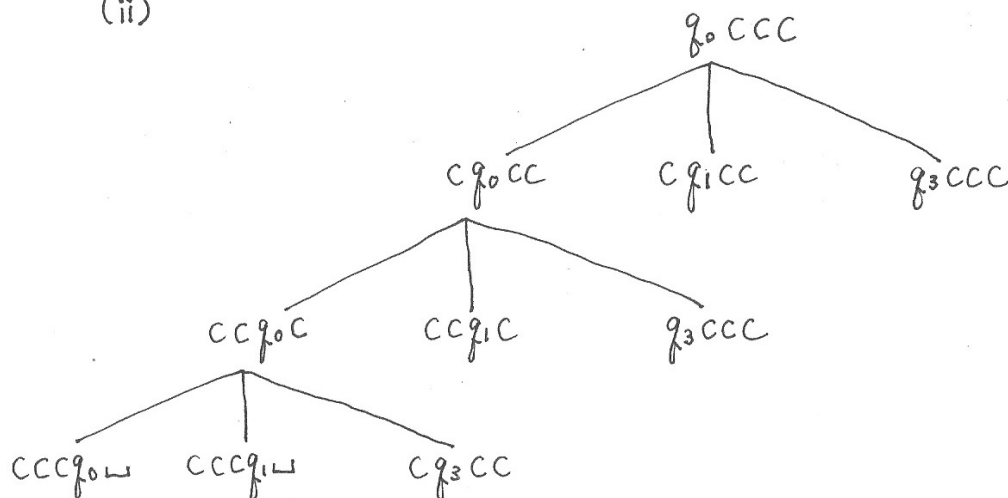
Only hard copies will be accepted. Late submissions and email submissions will not be accepted. If you have not been able to solve a problem completely, you may show the work you have done for partial points. Observe [course policies](#) in solving assignment problems.

1. Consider the NTM in [Question 3 here](#). Derive the exact formula of the worst-case time complexity function,  $W_M(n)$ , of this NTM. Justify your answer.
2. This question concerns Theorem VtoN applied to the NTM in [Question 3 here](#). Consider the following verifier  $V$  for the language  $L = \{ wab^i : i \geq 0 \} \cup \{ wac^j : j \geq 0 \}$  where  $\Sigma = \{ a, b, c \}$ ,  $w \in \Sigma^*$ . A proposed certificate encodes a pair of integers  $\langle n_1, n_2 \rangle$ .  
  
step 1: Read  $n_1$ . Move the head back to the leftmost cell on tape. Scan the initial  $n_1$  symbols on tape (skip  $w$ ).  
step 2: Check if the current tape symbol is "a"; if it is not, reject.  
step 3: Read  $n_2$ .  
  
If  $n_2 = 0$ , check if "a" is followed by  $b^i$ ,  $i \geq 0$ ; if so, accept, o.w. reject.  
If  $n_2 = 1$ , check if "a" is followed by  $c^j$ ,  $j \geq 0$ ; if so, accept, o.w. reject.  
  
(a) Prove that  $V$  verifies  $L$ .  
(b) Describe the operation of an NTM simulating  $V$ .
3. This question concerns two examples of the access-path encoding of computation trees' branches used in Theorem NtoV. Consider the NTM in [Question 2 here](#), and the following computation trees of this NTM on the input strings "abcab" and "ccc":

(i)



(ii)



In this NTM,  $\delta(q_0, c) = \{(q_0, c, R), (q_1, c, R), (q_3, c, L)\}$ . Sequentially number these three nondeterministic transitions by 1, 2, 3.

- Give the access-path strings that encode the branches of the above computation trees.
- Which of these strings are the certificates for "abcab", if any?
- Which of these strings are the certificates for "ccc", if any?

4. Show that the following problems are in NP. You don't have to show they are NP-complete.

- LPATH in Problem 7.21 on page 324 (Problem 7.20 in the 2nd edition).
- DOUBLE-SAT in Problem 7.22 on page 324 (Problem 7.21 in the 2nd edition).
- $\neq$ SAT in Problem 7.26 on page 324 (Problem 7.24 in the 2nd edition).
- MAX-CUT in Problem 7.27 on page 325 (Problem 7.25 in the 2nd edition).
- SET-SPLITTING in Problem 7.30 on page 326 (Problem 7.28 in the 2nd edition).

5. Prove each of the following:

- a. If  $A, B \in \text{NP}$ , then  $A \cup B \in \text{NP}$ .
- b. If  $A, B \in \text{NP}$ , then  $A \cdot B \in \text{NP}$ , where  $A \cdot B = \{ xy \mid x \in A \text{ and } y \in B \}$ .

6. Consider the polynomial-time reduction used to prove  $3\text{SAT} \leq_p \text{CLIQUE}$ . Let:

$$\phi = (x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee \neg x_3) \wedge (x_1 \vee \neg x_2 \vee x_3) \wedge (\neg x_1 \vee x_2 \vee \neg x_2)$$

Here,  $\neg x_i$  is the negation of  $x_i$ .

- a. Give  $(G_\phi, k)$  constructed from  $\phi$  by the reduction.
- b. Give one satisfying assignment  $A$  for  $\phi$ , and a corresponding  $k$ -clique in  $G_\phi$  produced by the proof.
- c. Give one  $k$ -clique in  $G_\phi$  that is distinct from the one you gave in (b), and give a corresponding assignment for  $\phi$  produced by the proof.