

OSINT – Open-source Intelligence

COS30015 IT Security- Week 8

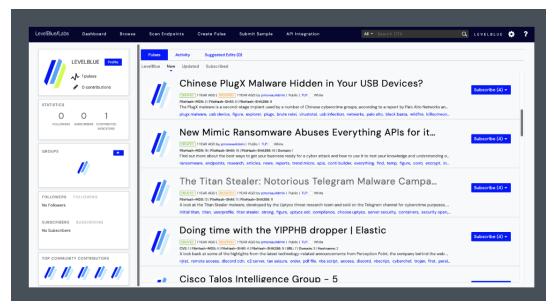
Troy Cao

- 01 Introduction of OSINT
- 02 Open-sourced Intelligence (OSINT) Tools
- 03 Indicator of Compromise (IoC)
- 04 Case Study





What is OSINT?





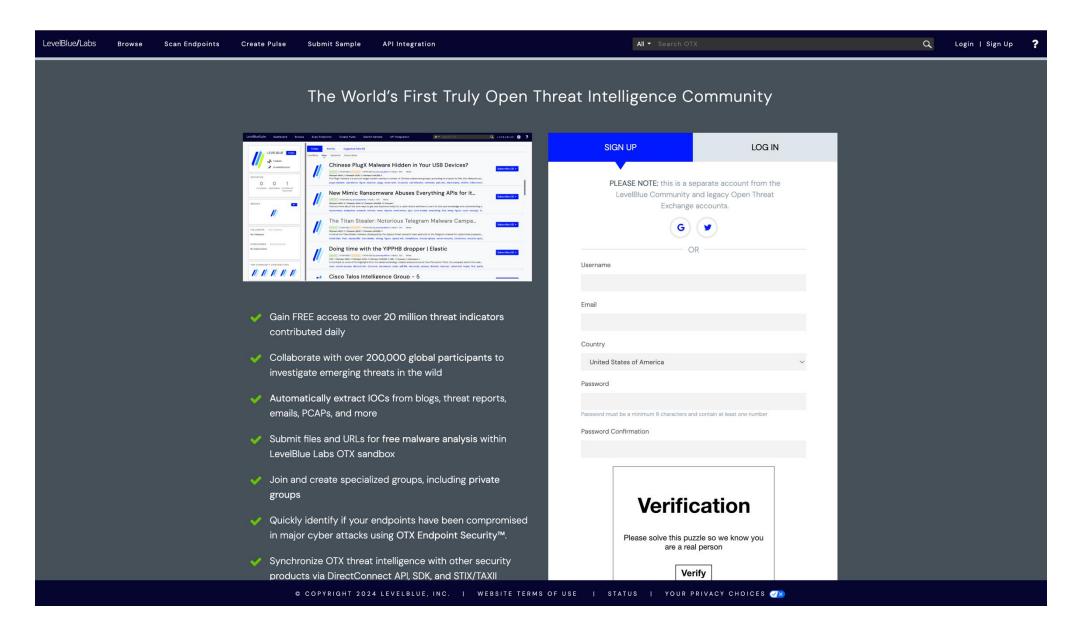
- Open source intelligence (OSINT) is the act of gathering and analysing publicly available data for intelligence purposes.
- In the cybersecurity realm, intelligence researchers and analysts leverage open-source data to better understand the threat landscape and help defend organizations and individuals from known risks within their IT environment.
- There are two common use cases for OSINT:
 - Measuring the risk to your own organization;
 - Understanding the actor, tactics and targets;

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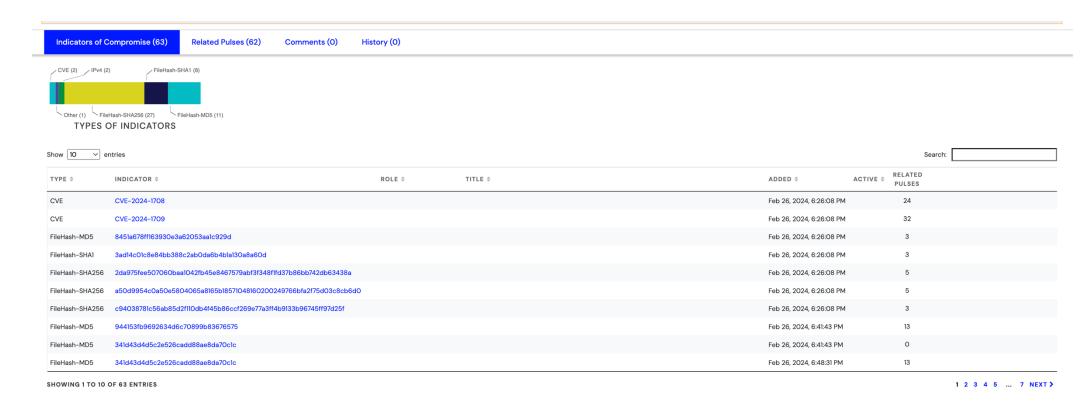


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Indicator of Compromise - IoC

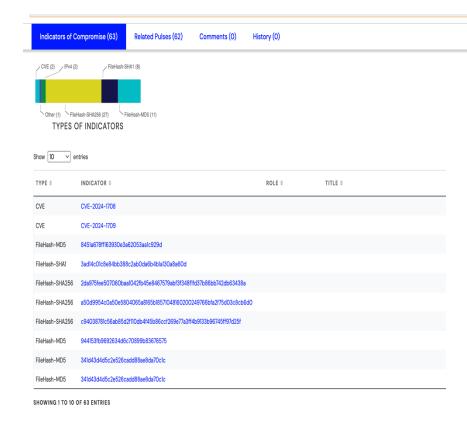


In the field of computer security, an Indicator of compromise (IoC) is an object or activity that, observed on a network or on a device, indicates a high probability of unauthorized access to the system.

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Indicator of Compromise - IoC



Examples of indicators of compromise

The following may be indicators of compromise:

- Unusual DNS lookups,
- Suspicious files, applications, and processes,
- IP addresses and domains belonging to botnets or malware C&C servers,
- A significant number of accesses to one file,
- Suspicious activity on administrator or privileged user accounts,
- An unexpected software update,
- Data transfer over rarely used ports,
- Behavior on a website that is atypical for a human being,
- An attack signature or a file hash of a known piece of malware,
- Unusual size of HTML responses,
- Unauthorized modification of configuration files, registers, or device settings,
- A large number of unsuccessful login attempts.

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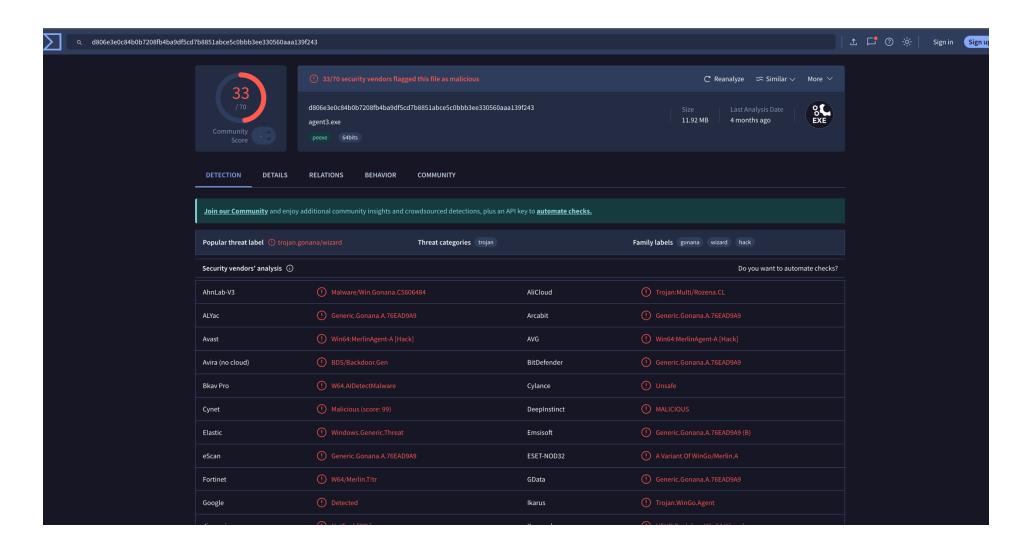
Fanging & Defanging



- **Fanging:** Restoring an indicator of compromise to its original form, with no artifacts from defanging.
 - e.g. example[.]com => example.com
- **Defanging:** Adding text to an indicator of compromise so that it does not become a link when presented in any medium (in an email, on a website, in a pdf, etc).
 - e.g. example.com => example[.]com
- Why use Fanging (or DeFanging)?
 - ❖ Making sure indicators are properly and fully defanged so malicious links are not accidentally distributed;
 - Making it easy for automated scripts to fang indicators so that security professionals can collect and investigate data easily...

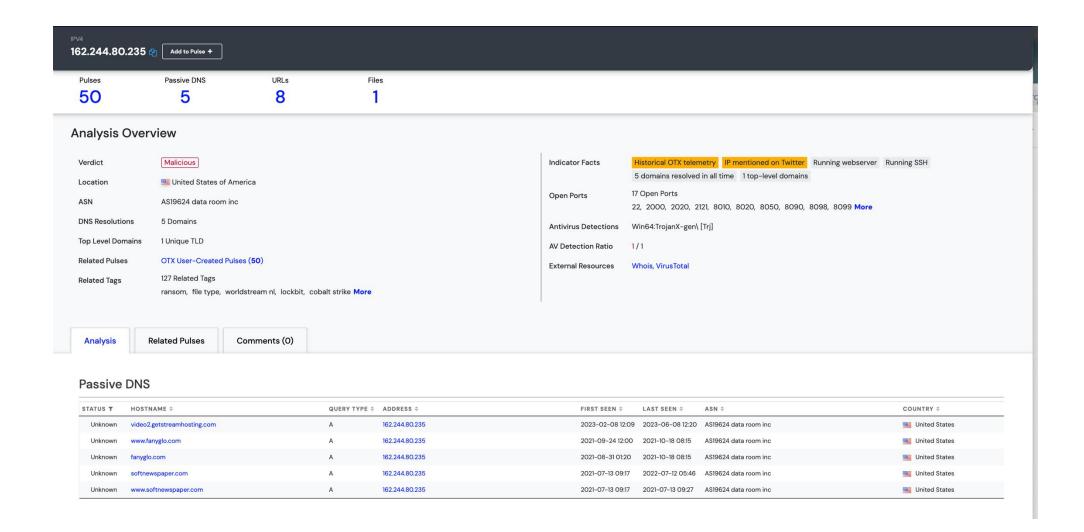


Case Study - Merlin C2





Case Study – Conti Ransomware



Source: https://otx.alienvault.com/



Thanks for Watching

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