.

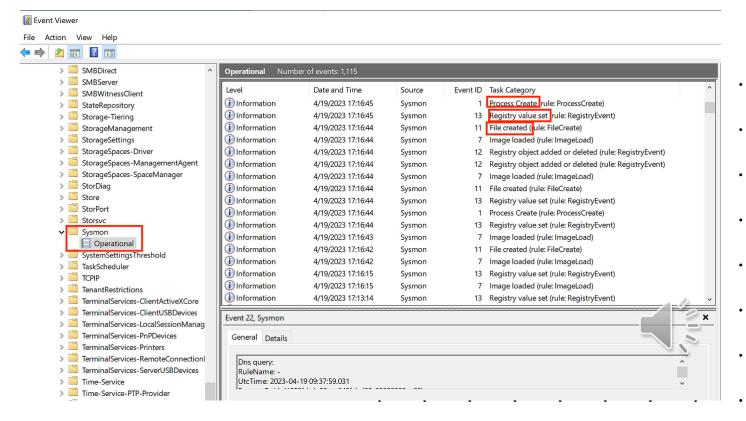


SYSMON_Analyse Your Sysmon Logs

COS30015 IT Security

Tutor-Yasas Supeksala

29 August 2024



• • • • • •

.

Acknowledgement of Country

We respectfully acknowledge the Wurundjeri People of the Kulin Nation, who are the Traditional Owners of the land on which Swinburne's Australian campuses are located in Melbourne's east and outer-east, and pay our respect to their Elders past, present and emerging.

We are honoured to recognise our connection to Wurundjeri Country, history, culture, and spirituality through these locations, and strive to ensure that we operate in a manner that respects and honours the Elders and Ancestors of these lands.

We also respectfully acknowledge Swinburne's Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander staff, students, alumni, partners and visitors.

We also acknowledge and respect the Traditional Owners of lands across Australia, their Elders, Ancestors, cultures, and heritage, and recognise the continuing sovereignties of all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander Nations.



Learning Outcomes

- ☐ What is Sysmon?
- ☐ Why Sysmon?
- ☐ Using Sysmon



What is Sysmon?

System Monitor (Sysmon) is a Windows system service and device driver that, once installed on a system, remains resident across system reboots to monitor and log system activity to the Windows event log. It provides detailed information about process creations, network connections, and changes to file creation time.



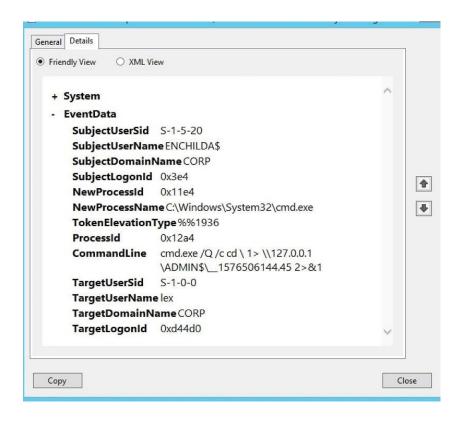
You'll get some amazing details not found in the raw Windows log, but most significantly these fields

- Process id (in decimal format, not in hex!)
- Parent process id
- Process command line
- Parent process command line
- Hash of file image
- File image names

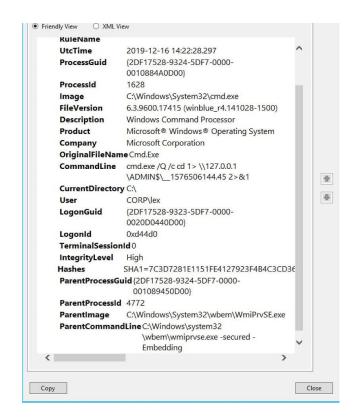


Why Sysmon?

With Sysmon, you can detect malicious activity by tracking code behavior and network traffic, as well as create detections based on the malicious activity.











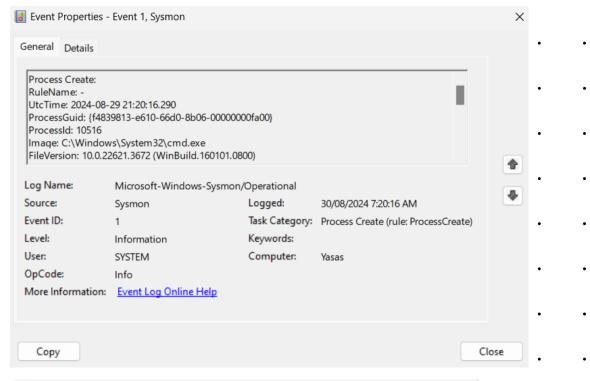
Using SysMon

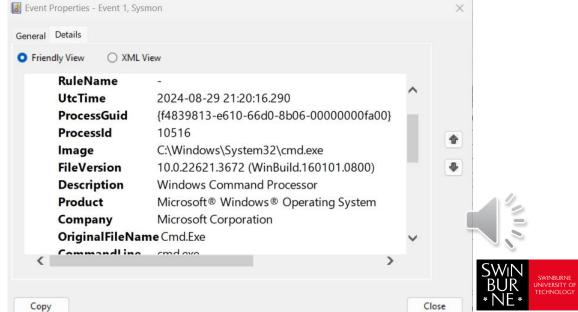
Event ID 1 - Process Creation:

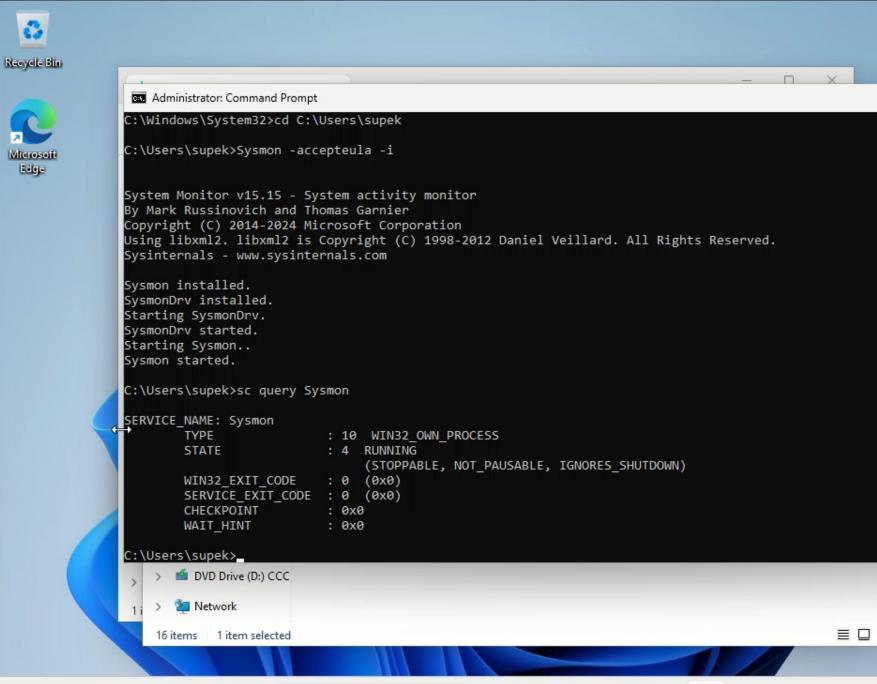
1.On your Windows VM, open a command prompt and run a simple command like notepad.exe.

2.Check Sysmon Logs

- Open the Event Viewer (eventvwr.msc).
- •Navigate to Applications and Services Logs > Microsoft > Windows > Sysmon > Operational.
- Filter for Event ID 1 (Process Creation).
- •Find the event related to the notepad.exe process.





























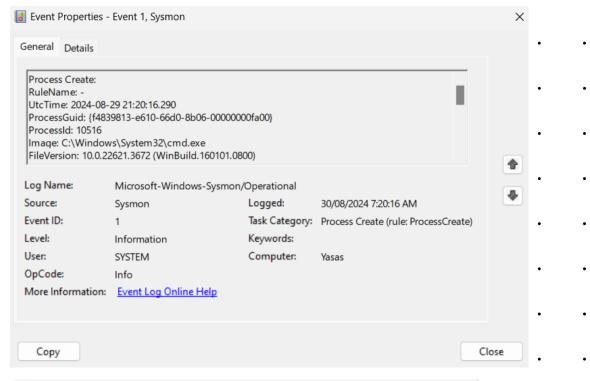
Using SysMon

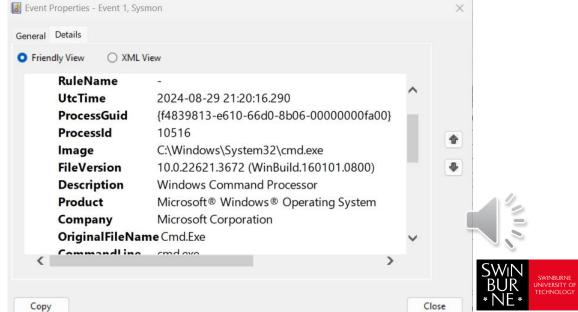
Event ID 1 - Process Creation:

1.On your Windows VM, open a command prompt and run a simple command like notepad.exe.

2.Check Sysmon Logs

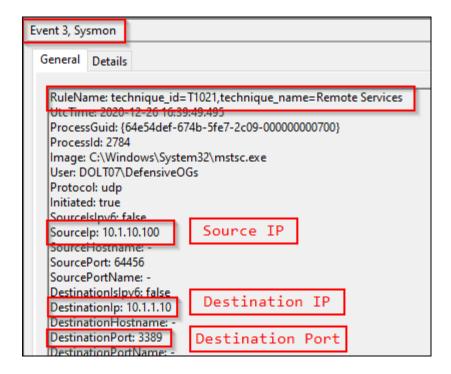
- Open the Event Viewer (eventvwr.msc).
- •Navigate to Applications and Services Logs > Microsoft > Windows > Sysmon > Operational.
- Filter for Event ID 1 (Process Creation).
- •Find the event related to the notepad.exe process.





Event ID 3 - Network Connection

Event ID 3s are for documenting network connections. The established image names and connection types from the modular configuration then result in mapped techniques. In the following screenshot, we can see an RDP connection from a workstation to another IP offsubnet. While this is a benign connection, we do see the MITRE ATT&CK technique mapped to T1021 (remote services).





Event ID 11 - File Creation

Sysmon Event ID 11 - FileCreate is an event generated by Sysmon to log file creation activities on a monitored system. This event is crucial for detecting suspicious file activities, such as the creation of executable files or other files that might indicate malicious actions like malware installation, persistence mechanisms, or unauthorized data exfiltration.

Level	Date and Time	Source	Event ID	Task Category			
Information	12/27/2020 4:52:43 PM	Sysmon	11	File created (rule: FileCreate)			
(i) Information	12/27/2020 4:52:43 PM	Sysmon	11	File created (rule: FileCreate)			
Event 11, Sysmon General Details							
File created: RuleName: - UtcTime: 2020-12-27 23:52:43.392 ProcessGuid: {64e54def-1e39-5fe9-a003-00000000800} ProcessId: 5148 Image: C:\Windows\system32\NOTEPAD.EXE TargetFilename: C:\Users\DefensiveOGs\Desktop\file.bat CreationUtcTime: 2020-12-27 23:52:43.333							



Event ID 15 - File Create Stream Hash

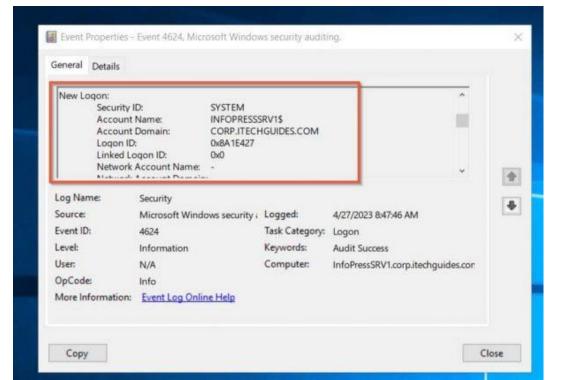
Sysmon Event ID 15 - FileCreateStreamHash is an event generated by Sysmon to log the creation of alternate data streams (ADS) when a file is created or modified on a monitored system. Alternate data streams are a feature of the NTFS file system that allows multiple data streams to be associated with a single file, potentially allowing hidden or malicious data to be stored alongside legitimate files without raising immediate suspicion

Filtered: Log: Microsoft-Windows-Sysmon/Operational; Source: ; Event ID: 15. Number of events: 6								
Level	Date and Time	Source	Event ID	Task Category				
Information	12/27/2020 5:13:33 PM	Sysmon	15	File stream created (rule: FileCreateStreamHash)				
1 Information	12/27/2020 5:13:33 PM	Sysmon	15	File stream created (rule: FileCreateStreamHash)				
Event 15, Sysmon								
General Details								
File stream created: RuleName: - UtcTime: 2020-12-28 00:13:33.324 ProcessGuid: {64e54def-232b-5fe9-cc03-00000000800} ProcessId: 4752								
Image: C:\Program Files\Google\Chrome\Application\chrome.exe TargetFilename: C:\Users\DefensiveOGs\Downloads\build_collector.py:Zone.ldentifier								
CreationUtc lime: 2020-12-28 00:13:31.181 Hash: SHA1=C918594B4AB0D48BE5A5AE54DE54FB9E623177E7,MD5=F819FC82764AA2E481C59440548A3221,SHA256= 4D130463E71D135AF0A1D3D423D88FB5D4357ED4B424ED0074F140D5A8D14289,IMPHASH=00000000000000000000000000000000000								



Event ID 4624 - An Account was Successfully Logged On Event ID 4625 - An Account Failed to Log On

This event is logged when a user successfully logs on to the system. It captures details like the logon type, which indicates how the logon was performed (e.g., interactively, over a network), and the security ID of the account that was logged on. Monitoring this event helps in identifying unauthorized access, especially when combined with other logon-related events.



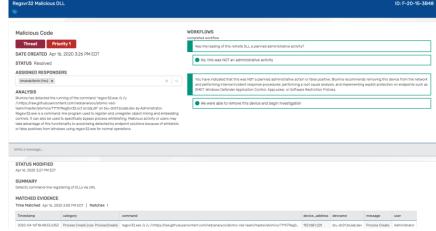


Combining Events for Detection















Thank you!

