

ASSIGNMENT 2 -REPORT

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Unit code : COS10004 – Computer System

AIM

- This project asks to create a game called Mastermind for 2 players, in which codemakers are the ones who write secret codes using 4 wall letters corresponding to 4 different colors in 6 characters corresponding to 6 different colors and the codebreaker has to decode that secret.

Stage 1 :

- Function codeinput : I use it to print out the question string about name breaker and name maker and ask user to enter name of codebreaker and codemaker.
- Function printname : I use it to print the string 'Codemaker is ' and print the name of codemaker to the output .
- Function printname1 : I use it to print the string 'Codebreaker is ' and print the name of codebreaker to the output .
- Function nbinput : I use it to print out string to require the user enter the maximum number of guesses and ask user to a number.
- Function nboutput : I use it to print the string 'Maximum number of guesses ' and print out the number which is you enter.
- **.WriteString** : I use to print a string of characters to the output. For example, in the code I use to print out 5 sentences 'What is codebreaker name' , 'What is codebreaker name' , 'Codebreaker is' , 'codemaker is' and 'Maximum number of guesses'
- **.ReadString** : I use it to ask the user to enter a string of characters from input
- **.InputNum** : I use it to ask the user to enter a number.

Program

```

1  mov R0, #0
2  mov R1, #0
3  MOV R3, #1
4  PUSH { R0, R1, R3 }
5  MOV R0, #namemaker
6  MOV R1, #codemaker
7  BL codeinout
8  BL printname
9  PUSH { R0, R1, R3 }
10 MOV R0, #namebreaker
11 MOV R1, #codebreaker
12 BL codeinout
13 BL printname2
14 PUSH {R0}
15 MOV R0, #number
16 BL nbinput
17 BL nboutput
18 B end
19 codeinout:
20 STR R0, .WriteString
21 STR R1, .ReadString
22 RET
23 printname:
24 MOV R3, #readnamemaker
25 STR R3, .WriteString
26 STR R1, .WriteString
27 POP { R0, R1, R3 }
28 RET
29 printname2:
30 MOV R3, #readnamebreaker
31 STR R3, .WriteString
32 STR R1, .WriteString
33 POP { R0, R1, R3 }
34 RET
35 nbinput:
36 STR R0, .WriteString
37 LDR R0, .InputNum
38 RET
39 nboutput:

```

Processor

PC: 0x000000a0
 LR: 0x000000a4
 SP: 0x00100000
 R12: 0x00000000
 R11: 0x00000000
 R10: 0x00000000
 R9: 0x00000000
 R8: 0x00000000
 R7: 0x00000000
 R6: 0x00000000
 R5: 0x00000000
 R4: 0x00000000
 R3: 0x0000011d
 R2: 0x00000000
 R1: 0x00000000
 R0: 0x00000000

Count: 43
 Current Instruction:
 Status bits: NZCV 0000

Input/Output

Maximum number of guesses: 12
 Breakpoint removed at line 25 address 0x00058
 12

Memory

Hex:
 Clear

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Program

```

40 MOV R3, #readnumber
41 STR R3, .WriteString
42 STR R0, .WriteUnsignedNum
43 POP { R0 }
44 RET
45 end:
46 HALT
47 namebreaker: .ASCIIZ "\n What is codebreaker name\n"
48 namemaker: .ASCIIZ "\n What is codemaker name\n"
49 number: .ASCIIZ "\n What number you want to enter\n"
50 readnamebreaker: .ASCIIZ "\n Codebreaker is:\n "
51 readnamemaker: .ASCIIZ "\n Codemaker is: \n"
52 readnumber: .ASCIIZ "\n Maximum number of guesses:\n "
53 codemaker: .BLOCK 128
54 codebreaker: .BLOCK 128

```

Processor

PC: 0x000000a0
 LR: 0x000000a4
 SP: 0x00100000
 R12: 0x00000000
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 R9: 0x00000000
 R8: 0x00000000
 R7: 0x00000000
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 R5: 0x00000000
 R4: 0x00000000
 R3: 0x0000011d
 R2: 0x00000000
 R1: 0x00000000
 R0: 0x00000000

Count: 43
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Input/Output

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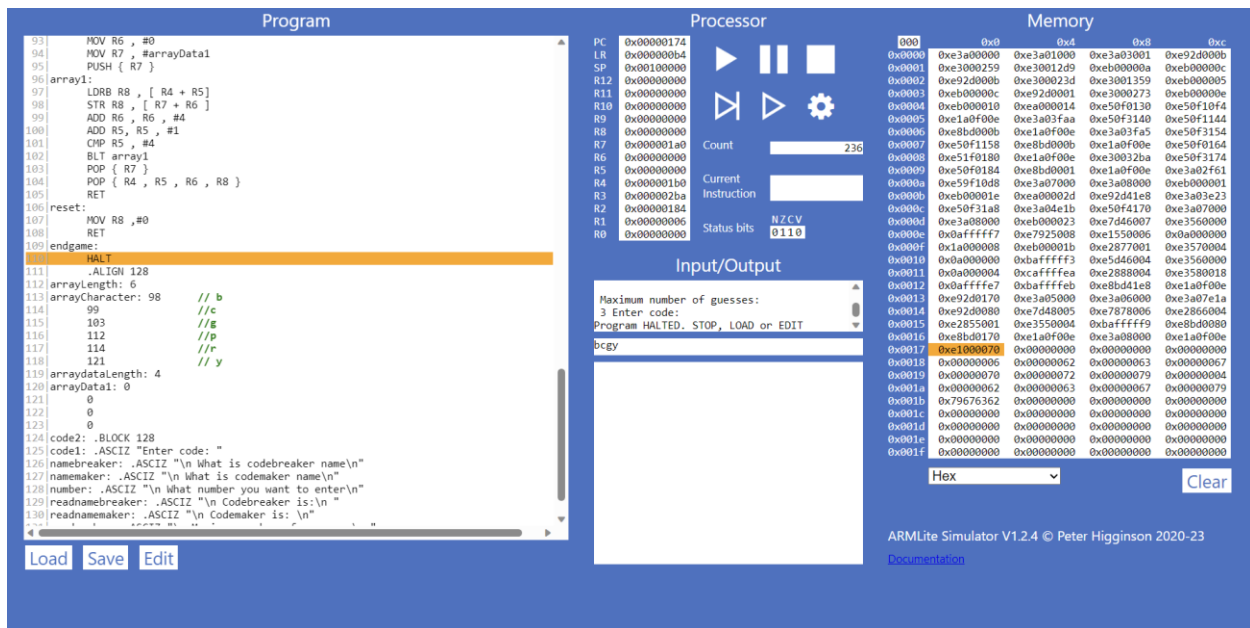
Memory

Hex:
 Clear

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[Documentation](#)

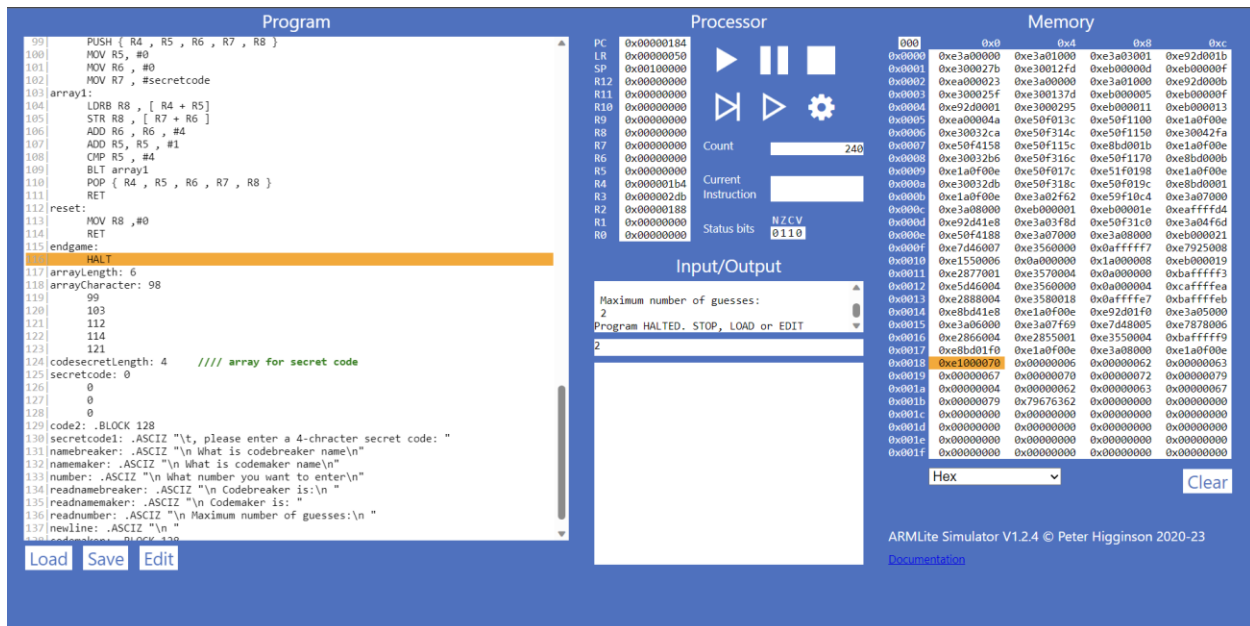
Stage 2 :

In stage 2, I use the `getcode` function to input a code and check whether the entered code is correct or not. I use the `WriteString` function to prompt the user to enter the code. I use the `reset` function to reset R8 to 0 each time the condition is checked again from the beginning. I assign 6 values corresponding to 6 characters of colors into an array named `arrayData1`. I use the **loop2** label to compare each element in the array with each byte stored in the memory address that holds it. If they are not equal, it will jump to the jump label to increase 1 byte, and then it continues to compare. When they match, it will increase 4 bytes to get the next value of the array. After checking all 4 characters, it moves to the **character5** label to check the 5th character. If there is no 5th character and the entered code matches, it will return to the instruction after the `getcode` function, which is the `pusharray` function to save the code into the array.



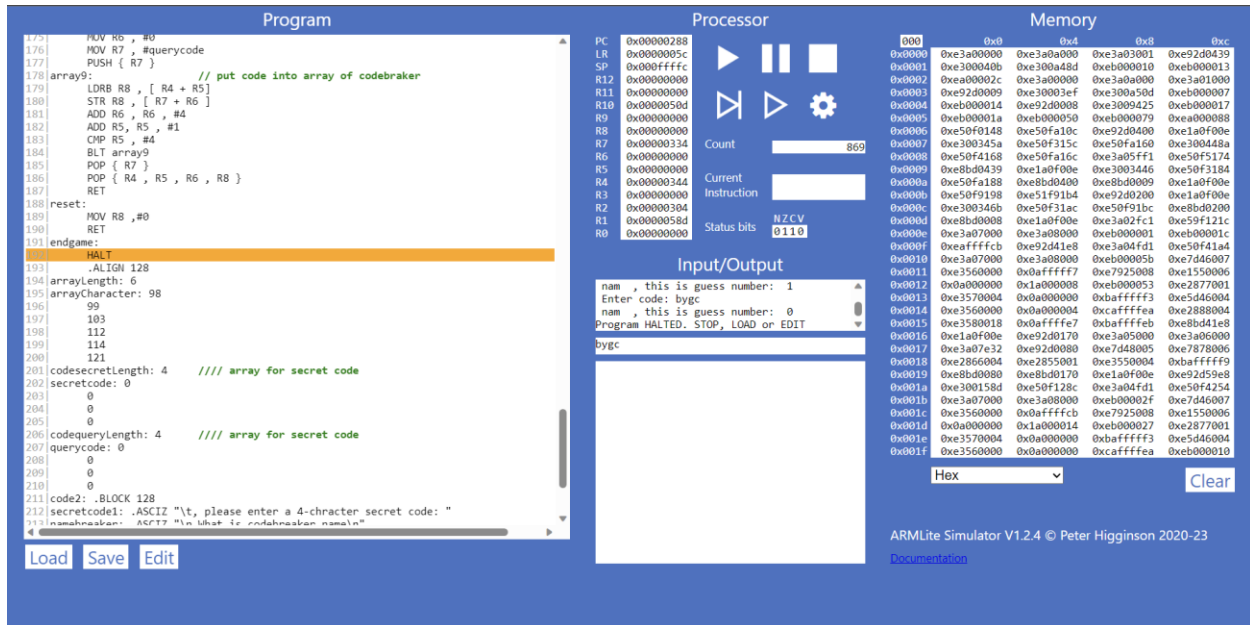
Stage 3:

In stage 3 I keep some order number same as in stage 2 but i enter secret code right after enter code maker name then i still check condition of entered secretcode, when it is correct i saved it in a secretcod array , then I just enter the codebreaker' name and the maximum number.



Stage 4 :

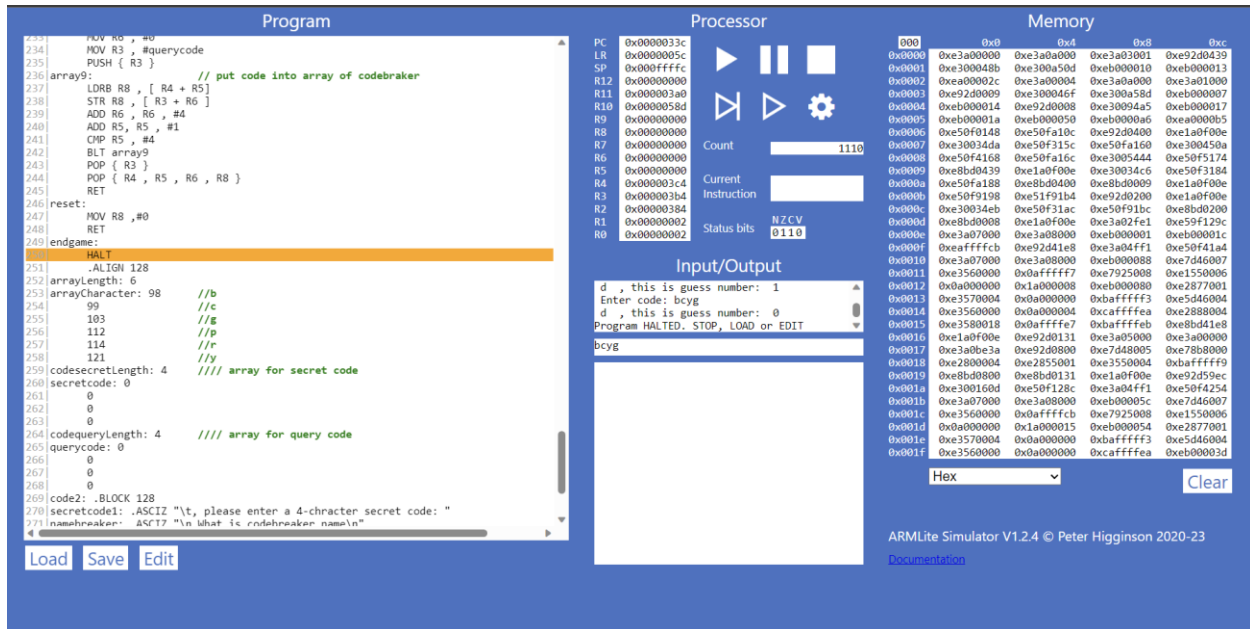
In stage 4 I use getcode1 function to do codebreaker code filling process and calculate the number of guesses left after I finish filling in ' Maximum number of guesses ', codebreaker will be asked to entercode , after filling code the paragraph that code will also be checked according to the condition of the problem if the code is correct it will be stored querycode array that is done by the query function then the number of guesses will be subtracted by 1 if the input code is valid , label loopsub does that task until it is zero then it will terminate the program.



Stage 5a:

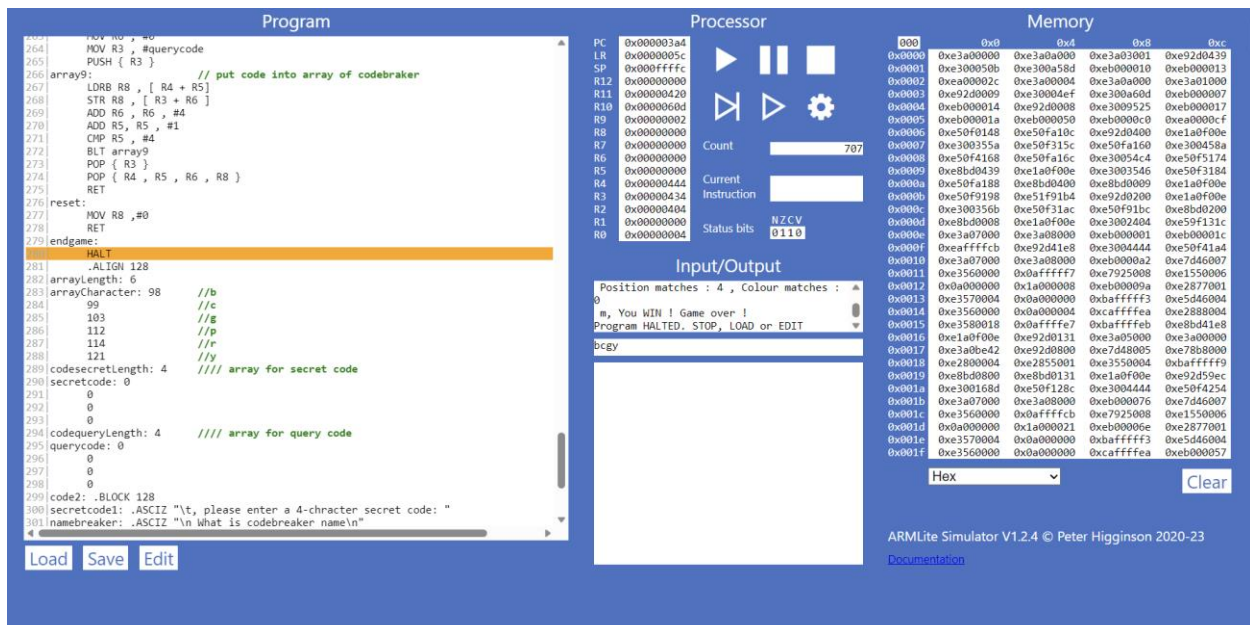
In stage 5a, I use comparecodes funtion to check if the secret code and query code are the same according to each case that the problem provides. I use the compare loop to contain the condition of checking how many peg queries directly match its corresponding peg in the secret code of case 1, in this condition I will first get the position of each element in the querycode array and in the secretcode array to compare if any elements overlap I will +4 at the same time to the addresses of the 2 arrays to move the next element in the array and +1 for R0 (Case 1 count) only to get the next element until it reaches the position of the last element in the array. Then I do a condition check for case 2, I also take the position of each element in the querycode array and in the secretcode array for comparison but here when the two elements are equal I do not add +4 bytes at the same time to get the next address of the 2 arrays but I will +4 for each depending on the condition in the code. This means that I use the loop to compare all the elements in the secretcode array with an element in the querycode array until the end of the loop, then I will +4 to get the next element of the querycode and I start the loop again. That allows me to know how many elements in the querycode array coincide with the parts in the secretcode array including both same and different

locations and save it to R1 then I subtract it from R0 This will allow me to count the number of query handles that match at least one other one in the secret code but are not in the correct location and then save the link input fruit for R1 (Case 2 count).



Stage 5b:

In stage 5B I print out you win and you lose and the game over output. If Case 1 counts 4, it will print ' You win ' and print 'Game over! 'The end of the show and if the number of guesses returns does not mean that there is no case Case 1 count equal 4 then it will print 'You LOSE! ' and print out 'Game Over!' at the end of the show.



Stage 6 :

In stage 6 I printed a horizontal line of 4 pixels each representing a color in the corresponding query code. I use the drawpixel function to check if each character in the querycode is equal to the value of one of the 6 characters corresponding to 6 colors or not, checkpixel will be responsible for doing that if it is assigned a color corresponding to that character and then will switch to drawpixel to print that color to the output screen.

