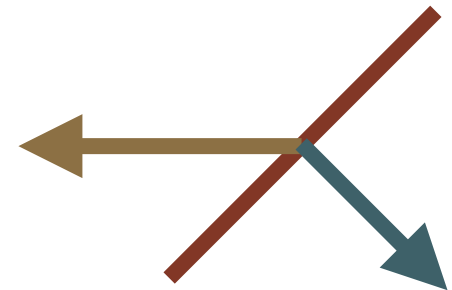


$(1^2, 2)$ -direction



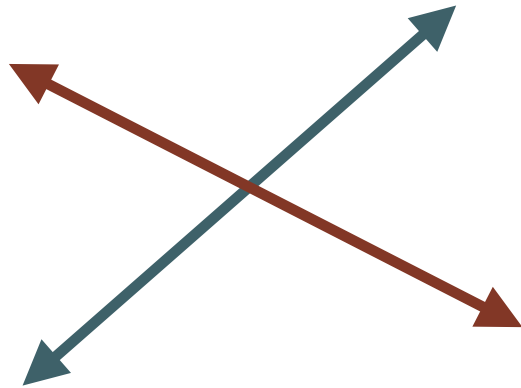
TAXONOMY

Amir Vaxman

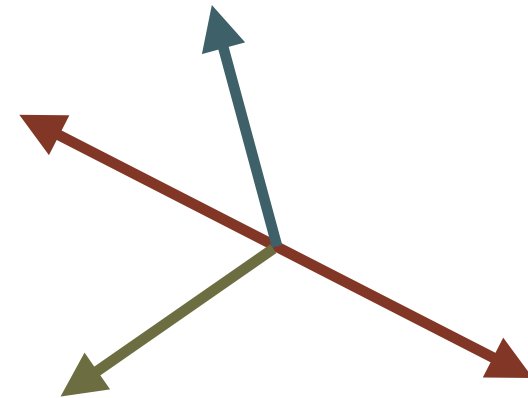
Department of Information and Computing Sciences

Utrecht University

NAMING NAMES



frame field? [Panozzo et al. 2014]
non-orth cross field? [Liu et al. 2011]
vector or direction?

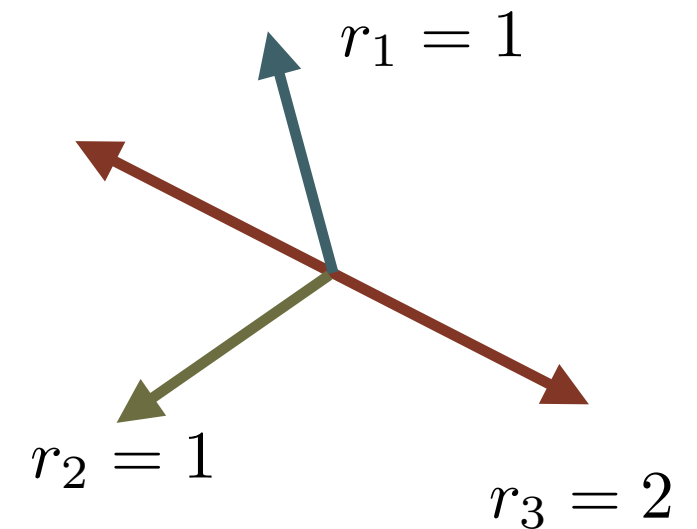


“4-PolyVector including a 2-RoSy”
[Diamanti et al. 2014]

*A consistent **taxonomy** of directional fields is required.*

TAXONOMY

- **Idea:** consistent way to describe directionals
- **Assumption:** total degree N is constant.



$$(r_1, r_2, \dots, r_k) \in \mathbb{N}^k$$

$$\sum_k r_k = N$$

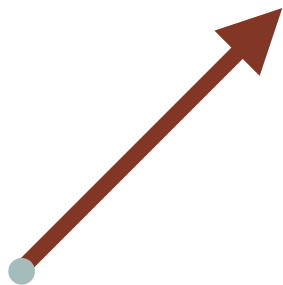
Short form:

$$r_i = r_{i+1} = \dots = r_{i+m-1} \rightarrow (r_i)^m$$

- Directional has:
 - N elements in total
 - k subsets
 - each subset: r_k RoSy
 - “vector”/“direction”: w/o magnitude

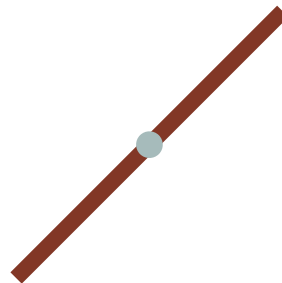
TAXONOMY

1-vector



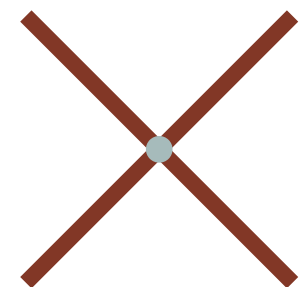
“classical vector”

2-direction



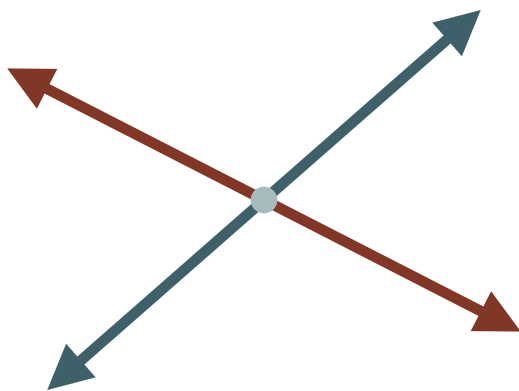
“line”, “2-RoSy”

4-direction



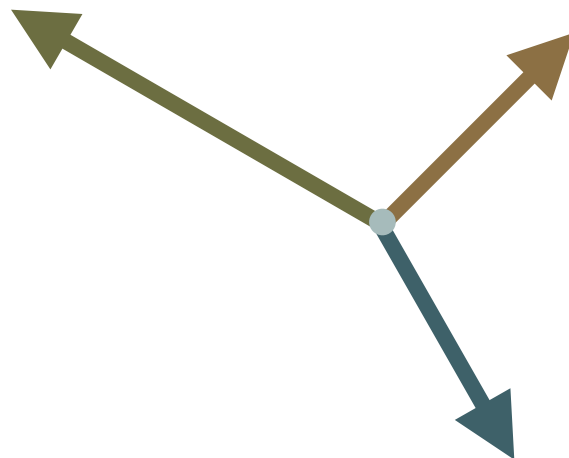
“unit cross”, “4-RoSy”

2^2 -vector



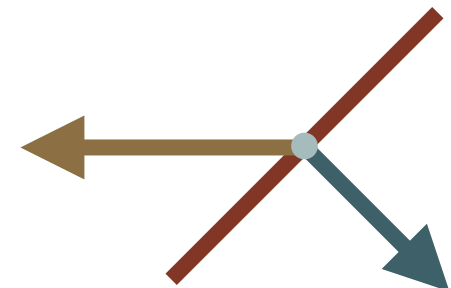
“Frame field”

1^3 -vector



“3-PolyVector”

$(1^2, 2)$ -direction



“4-PolyDirection
including a line”