

最小延迟调度  
交换论证exchange argument

- Minimized maximum Lateness Scheduling

A: generated greedy algorithm

O: hypothetical optimal solution.

"greedy algorithm stays ahead"

"exchange argument"

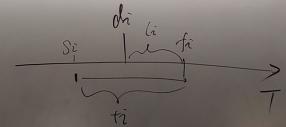
寻找提前任务子集问题

a set of tasks.

for each task  $i$ ,

a run time  $t_i$

deadline  $d_i$



actual finishing time

$$f_i = s_i + t_i$$

late时间

$$l_i = \begin{cases} 0 & \text{if } f_i \leq d_i \\ f_i - d_i & \text{if } f_i > d_i \end{cases}$$

$s_i$  is the start time



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to assign  $S_i$ , where no two tasks are being executed in parallel, and

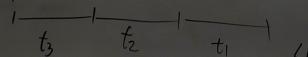
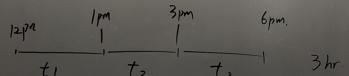
$\max_i$  is minimized.

time

$$t_1 = 1 \quad d_1 = 2 \text{ pm}$$

$$t_2 = 2 \quad d_2 = 3 \text{ pm}$$

$$t_3 = 3 \quad d_3 = 3 \text{ pm}$$



"earliest deadline first"

✓  
shortest time first



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Proposition: any optimal schedule does not have idle time. 最优的选择没有空闲时间

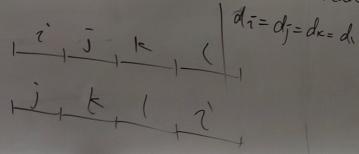
Inversion: for two tasks  $i$  and  $j$ .  
逆序  
if  $d_i < d_j$  and  $s_j < s_i$

开始任务早的截止日期晚

开始任务晚的截止日期早

如果进行交换，开始任务早的截止日期早，不影响结果

Proposition: All schedules that have no inversion have the same maximized lateness.



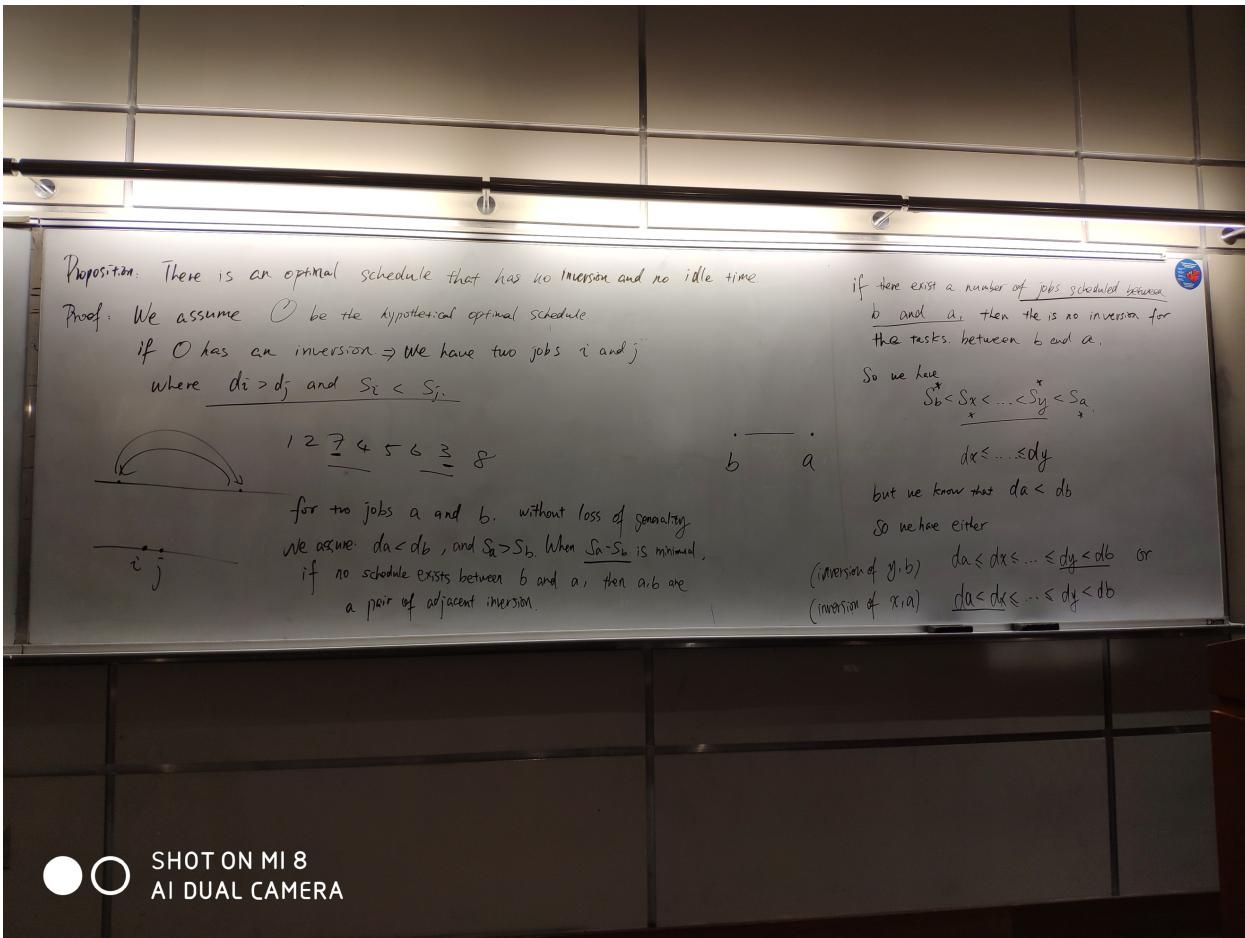
all tasks with the same deadline are sorted and executed consecutively

therefore different execution order will result in the same finishing time of the last task.

also because they have the same deadline, the maximum lateness is the same.

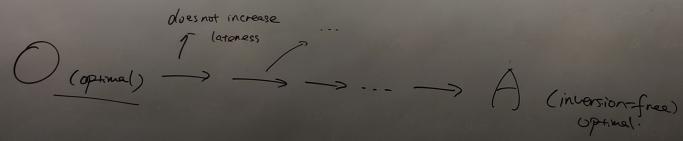


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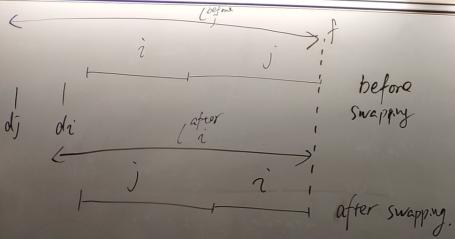


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We can continuously swap adjacent inversions, until  
the schedule is inversion-free. It takes a finite number  
of steps.



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Any swapping of a pair of adjacent inversion  
will not increase maximum lateness.

So there exists an optimal schedule that is  
inversion-free and no idle time.

for the lateness induced by task j

because we will execute j earlier, we do not increase its associated lateness.

for the lateness induced by task i

$$\begin{aligned} l_i^{\text{after}} &= f - d_i \\ l_i^{\text{before}} &= f - d_j \end{aligned}$$

since  $d_j < d_i$ , it follows that  $l_i^{\text{after}} < l_i^{\text{before}}$



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