1. A feasibility study at the start of a new project is usually commissioned by:

Select one:

a. The contractor

b. The environmental approving agency

c. The investors

d. The project's customer base

2. If in the project charter you read 'The design solution shall meet applicable Australian standard safety regulations', you are most likely reading the section on:

Select one:

a. Requirements

b. Constraints

c. Benefits

d. Deliverables

3. The key benefit of the Collect Requirements process is that provides a basis for defining the:

Select one:

a. project budget

b. project schedule

C. project scope

d. project resource requirements

4. The planned work contained in the lowest level of a WBS is called

Select one:

a. A work task

b. A work item

C. A work coding

d. A work package

5. The project work breakdown structure is foremost a definition of project

Select one:

a. Work

b. Scope

c. Tasks

d. Duration

6. Which of the following is not a benefit of using a logical coding system for a WBS?:

Select one:

a. Easy retrieval of items from past project records

b. Easy search of design information

C. Reduction in design resource requirements

d. Ability to carry out statistical analyses

7.A project should be financially analysed from the perspective of :

Select one:

a. Project investors and wider society

b. Project Investors and the project contractor

c. Different stakeholders

d. The customer

8.A Stakeholder Engagement Assessment Matrix rates a stakeholder as "supportive" when:

Select one: D

a. Unaware of the project

b. Resistant to any changes that may occur as a result of the project

c. Actively engaged in ensuring the project is a success

d. Aware of the project and aware of the work and its outcomes

9. In a project to build a new research facility in a university, 'The facility will provide researchers with unique opportunities' is most likely to be:

a. Project scope

b. A constraint

c. A benefit

d. A requirement

10. Once all stakeholders have been analysed in terms of their requirements and expectations, a next step would be to: 不是D

a. Identify the stakeholders

b. Formulate a plan to communicate with each stakeholder

C. A calculation of how much profit can be derived from each stakeholder

d. A plan to prioritise the needs of the largest number of stakeholders

11. Stakeholder Analysis includes analysing:

Select one:

a. The stakeholder's expectations

b. The communications plan

c. The best way to sideline the stakeholder

d. The stakeholders' identification

12. The Simple Payback method of financial analysis is best suited to projects that :

a. Are shorter in duration and require higher rates of return

b. Are shorter in duration and require lower rates of return

C. Are longer in duration and require higher rates of return

d. Are longer in duration and require lower rates of return

13. Time delay can have which of the following implications on project cost:

a. It can increase the cost of financing

b. It can compromise the performance of the project

C. It can increase the cost of government permits

d. It can increase profit margin for the contractor

14. Which of the following is NOT part of a Project Charter:

a. Project purpose

b. Key Stakeholder List

c. Measurable Project Objectives and related Success criteria

d. Earned value management

15. Which one of the following is used as an input to the project charter:

a. Stakeholder Management Plan

b. Cost Management Plan

C. Business Plan Documents

d. Assumption Log