

Homework 1

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1 Confusion matrix

The results of a binary classification model are shown below:

	Actual Positive	Actual Negative	Total
Predicted Positive	50	10	60
Predicted Negative	5	35	40
Toatal	55	45	100

Table 1: Table 1: Confusion Matrix

True position(TP) = 50 True Negative(TN) = 35 False Positive(FP) = 10 False Negative(FN) = 5

1. Calculate the accuracy.

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{\text{TP} + \text{TN}}{\text{Total}} = \frac{50 + 35}{100} = 0.85$$

2. Calculate the precision.

$$\text{precision} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FP}} = \frac{50}{50 + 10} = 0.8333$$

3. Calculate the recall.

$$\text{recall} = \frac{\text{TP}}{\text{TP} + \text{FN}} = \frac{50}{50 + 5} = 0.9091$$

4. Calculate the F1 score.

$$\text{F1score} = 2 \times \frac{\text{precision} \times \text{recall}}{\text{precision} + \text{recall}} = \frac{0.8333 \times 0.9091}{0.8333 + 0.9091} = 0.8696$$

2 Linear Regression

MSE(mean squared error) Data Sample $D = (x_1, y_1), (x_2, y_2), \dots, (x_m, y_m)$ y_i is answer data of

$$E(f; D) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m (f(x_i) - y_i)^2$$

$$E(f; D) = \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \Pi(f(x_u) \neq y_i)$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{acc}(f; D) &= \frac{1}{m} \sum_{i=1}^m \Pi(f(x_u) = y_i) \\ &= 1 - E(f; D) \end{aligned}$$

Linear Regression Solution

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Linear Regression Solution

Given the dataset:

x	y
1	2
2	3
3	5
4	4
5	6

We need to derive the closed-form solutions for the parameters w (slope) and b (intercept) using mean square error (MSE).

Detailed Calculation Steps

(a) Derive the closed-form solutions: The linear regression model is given by:

$$y = wx + b$$

The formulas for w and b are:

$$w = \frac{n(\sum xy) - (\sum x)(\sum y)}{n(\sum x^2) - (\sum x)^2}$$

$$b = \frac{\sum y - w(\sum x)}{n}$$

Where: - $n = 5$ - $\sum x = 1 + 2 + 3 + 4 + 5 = 15$ - $\sum y = 2 + 3 + 5 + 4 + 6 = 20$ - $\sum xy = (1)(2) + (2)(3) + (3)(5) + (4)(4) + (5)(6) = 69$ - $\sum x^2 = 1^2 + 2^2 + 3^2 + 4^2 + 5^2 = 55$

(b) Use the solution derived above:

1. Calculate w :

$$w = \frac{5(69) - (15)(20)}{5(55) - (15)^2} = \frac{345 - 300}{275 - 225} = \frac{45}{50} = 0.9$$

2. Calculate b :

$$b = \frac{20 - 0.9(15)}{5} = \frac{20 - 13.5}{5} = \frac{6.5}{5} = 1.3$$

Result Verification

(a) Clearly state the final values of w and b : - Slope (w): 0.9 - Intercept (b): 1.3

Thus, the linear regression model is:

$$y = 0.9x + 1.3$$