

esp32 — functionality specific to the ESP32

The `esp32` module contains functions and classes specifically aimed at controlling ESP32 modules.

Functions

`esp32.wake_on_touch(wake)`

Configure whether or not a touch will wake the device from sleep. *wake* should be a boolean value.

`esp32.wake_on_ext0(pin, level)`

Configure how EXT0 wakes the device from sleep. *pin* can be `None` or a valid Pin object. *level* should be `esp32.WAKEUP_ALL_LOW` or `esp32.WAKEUP_ANY_HIGH`.

`esp32.wake_on_ext1(pins, level)`

Configure how EXT1 wakes the device from sleep. *pins* can be `None` or a tuple/list of valid Pin objects. *level* should be `esp32.WAKEUP_ALL_LOW` or `esp32.WAKEUP_ANY_HIGH`.

`esp32.raw_temperature()`

Read the raw value of the internal temperature sensor, returning an integer.

`esp32.hall_sensor()`

Read the raw value of the internal Hall sensor, returning an integer.

The Ultra-Low-Power co-processor

`class esp32.ULP`

This class provides access to the Ultra-Low-Power co-processor.

`ULP.set_wakeup_period(period_index, period_us)`

Set the wake-up period.

`ULP.load_binary(load_addr, program_binary)`

Load a *program_binary* into the ULP at the given *load_addr*.

ULP.run(*entry_point*)

Start the ULP running at the given *entry_point*.

Constants

esp32.WAKEUP_ALL_LOW

esp32.WAKEUP_ANY_HIGH

Selects the wake level for pins.