HOW 2 DRAW

At the moment, there are 2 functions: drawing every pixel, or every hollow circle.

There are other functions for guns GUI, the player, and the nodes.

We’re going to need much more complicated drawing functions – rockets, full circles, other polygons.

Therefore, it looks like there will need to be a draw function for every class that will have objects drawn.

Generally, this function will allow ALL objects to be put into a ‘draw list’ where the ‘draw’ function for each object will be called. This will be different for every object, of course.

EG: if object in ‘drawlist’ is a bullet: call bullet.draw. This function will need to do the ‘fade’ and ‘draw’ operations. Fade: gets the colour passed in, and makes it dimmer (closer to black). This is generic for every object. The draw function is simply pygame.draw.circle() or whatever. You can do that ez.

At the moment, the game isn’t drawing objects; it’s drawing the fade stuff as well. The object’s ‘draw’ is being put into the appropriate list. How about every object has a list of fadeObjects? For each object, for each thing in that list, do the fade thing, draw the fade thing? Seeing as nothing reacts to the fade stuff, they can be well-embedded.

What needs to be put in the list, and when?

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| **Object** | **Made when?** | **How to add to drawlist** |
| Player | Beginning | On scene creation |
| Nodes | Beginning | Scene creation |
| Bullets | Made by gun objects after pressing button | If bullet is made, pass flag back to the main loop. |
| Monsters | During waves, at intervals when old wave is clear | Pass list into monster creation function, fill it as each monster is made. Pass list back, fill the main list with it. |
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drawObjects are the base class of anything that is drawn. It contains a list of past drawn ‘sprites’. For each sprite, it fades the colour, determines whether or not to be removed from the ‘drawList’, and then draws the object at its position. Therefore, the position of the object is to be defined here, but manipulated further up, of course.

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I’ve looked at pygame’s sprite stuff, you can define the shape and colour etc of an object once, and draw everything with one line. Every object has an update function, which can be used to change the rotation or colour. The ‘draw\_circle’ or draw\_rect’ is used, but the parameters can be changed.

The draw function apparently gets the object’s image and rect variables and blits it to the screen.

Each object can have its own group for fadey objects. These objects must also be sprites, with rects and images. The colour needs to be extracted from the image so that the fade function can be done.

I did it, but when the character moves, it leaves a very bright mark on the node, where the character was. Is this because a lot of sprites are on that spot, adding the alpha to its maximum? You’ll have to remove all fadeSprites on a spot if a new one is made on that spot. You only want the freshest one.

9/7/17

When a sprite is killed, all its fadey bits die as well, and therefore don’t fade away.

If there is a fader manager, with a universal list containing fadeSprites, it will never die and will always deal with fading any object in its list.

Every sprite object (an object that is drawn) must do the do\_fader function, which adds the current image and rect to the master list. The image and rect are part of the sprite class – fadeSprites.

Do we need the fadesprite class anymore?

1. Create bullet
2. In the bullet’s update function, do do\_fader()
3. Do\_fader() creates a copy of the sprite and adds it to the faderManager’s list
4. Each frame the fadermanager fades each of its list’s components, deleting if necessary

This seems very intensive. Hope it’s ok