Opening a Coffee shop in Ho Chi Minh City

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1. Introduction

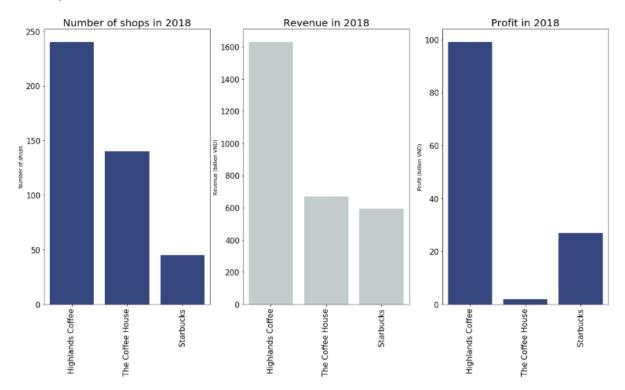
1.1. Background

Ho Chi Minh City, also known as Saigon, is the largest city in Vietnam. According to the 2019 census, Ho Chi Minh City has a population of over 8.9 million within city proper and over 21 million within the metropolitan area.

The catering services, therefore, has shown strong growth in the last decade, especially the coffee shop market. Thus, for many entrepreneurs, there has never been a better time to start their own coffee shops, one of the best business ideas in Vietnam.

According to VIRAC, a market analysis firm, Highlands Coffee led the market in 2018 in number of shops as 240 shops in Vietnam. The second position belonged to The Coffee House with 140 shops followed by Starbucks with 45 shops.

Regarding revenue and profit, Highlands Coffee made turnover of VND473 billion and post-tax profit of VND99 billion, The Coffee House VND669 billion and VND2 billion, Starbucks VND593 billion and VND27 billion.



Firstly, we should clarify the differences between a coffee shop and a café. Coffee shop and cafe are two different phrases that tend to be confused by many.

In simple terms, the line between cafe and coffee shop is actually coffee itself. Generally in a coffee shop, coffee is the main focus. In cafes, the main focus is on food rather than coffee, though most cafes will offer coffee pairings on their menus. On the other hand, because a coffee shop mostly deals with coffee, it does not have the qualities – like the main focus on food – that make it possible to be called a restaurant.

In this project, we suppose to work only on the coffee shops. Although there are already a lot of coffee shops in Ho Chi Minh City, their density between districts is not uniform. There are some districts containing too many coffee shops while there are less in some others.

1.2. Interests

If we have some knowledge about the population density, the housing price in each district and an overview of the number of coffee shops, we can have a better idea to set up a new business there.

If we think of it by an investor, we expect to choose a place where the population density is high but less competitors. If the housing price in that place is low, it is more attractive to us.

By using Data Science and some geometric factors about the relation between districts in HCMC, we can give good answers of following questions to the investors so that they can have a better vision about not only the coffee shops but also about other venues in HCMC.

- i. *How many venues in each district?*Answering this question gives us a better understanding about the dynamic level of a district.
- ii. *How many categories in each district?*Answering this question helps us know about the diversity in business of a district.
- iii. *How many venues in each category?*This question shows the magnitude of a category in a district.
- iv. What are the most popular categories in each district?

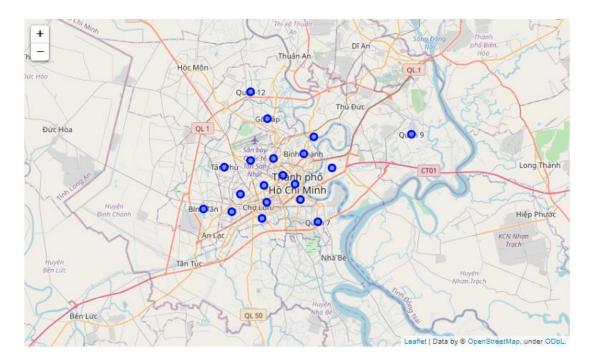
 If investors change their mind to focus on other commercial fields instead of opening a coffee shop.
- v. How many clusters we can use to categorize the districts based on the popularity of coffee shops?

- vi. In which districts, the average housing price is low and the number of coffee shops is low also?
- vii. Where has high population but less coffee shop?
- viii. Visualize all information on the map so that we can have a better look on what we want to find answer

2. Data acquisition and cleaning

In order to explore these questions, we need to use following data in the research.

i. List of Ho Chi Minh City administrative units from Wikipedia. It gives us a list of all urban districts of HCMC with their area (in Km2), population (in 2015) and the density of each district (people/Km2). The list is given in https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Ho Chi Minh City



- ii. List of the coordinates (latitude, longitude) of all urban districts in HCMC. This list can be generated based on the name of each district and package geopy.geocoders.Nominatim.
- iii. List of average housing prices per m2 in HCMC. The list is frequently updated in https://mogi.vn/gia-nha-dat
- iv. A .json file contains all coordinates where we use it to create a choropleth map of Housing Sales Price Index of HCMC.

3. Methodology

- i. First, we need to collect the data by scraping the table of HCMC units on the Wikipedia page and the average housing price (AHP) on a website. The BeautifulSoup package is very useful in this case.
- ii. The column Density is calculated later based on columns Population and Area of each district.
- iii. Throughout the project, we use numpy and pandas packages to manipulate dataframes.
- iv. We use geopy.geocoders.Nominatim to get the coordinates of districts and add them to the main data frame.
- v. We use folium package to visualize the HCMC map with its districts. The central coordinate of each district will be represented as a small circle on top of the city map.
- vi. We use Foursquare API to explore the venues in each district and segment the districts based on them.
- vii. For clustering the Coffee Shop venues between districts, we use K-Means Clustering method and the package scikit-learn will help us implement the algorithm on our data. In order to indicate how many K for the method, we try with 10 different values of K from 1 to 10 and use the "elbow" method to choose the most appropriate one.
- viii. In order to visualize the charts, we use package matplotlib.
 - ix. We use again the package folium to visualize the clusters on the main map and the choropleth map of AHP.

4. Results

We will answer all questions in the Section 1.2

4.1. The main data frame

After scraping all information from the internet, we have a table like in Figure 1

	District	Subdistrict	Area (km2)	Population 2015	Density (pop/m2)	Average Housing Price (1M VND/m2)	Latitude	Longitude
0	1	10 wards	7.73	193632	25049.418	427	10.774540	106.699184
1	2	11 wards	49.74	147168	2958.745	71.9	10.791116	106.736729
2	3	14 wards	4.92	196333	39905.081	268	10.783529	106.687098
3	4	15 wards	4.18	186727	44671.531	107	10.759243	106.704890
4	5	15 wards	4.27	178615	41830.211	254	10.756129	106.670376
5	6	14 wards	7.19	258945	36014.604	113	10.746928	106.634495
6	7	10 wards	35.69	310178	8690.894	89.1	10.736573	106.722432
7	8	16 wards	19.18	431969	22521.846	70.9	10.740400	106.665843
8	9	13 wards	114	290620	2549.298	48.5	10.824543	106.818015
9	10	15 wards	5.72	238558	41705.944	211	10.773198	106.667833
10	11	16 wards	5.14	230596	44863.035	167	10.764208	106.643282
11	12	11 wards	52.78	510326	9668.928	46.9	10.867233	106.653930
12	Go Vap	16 wards	19.74	634146	32124.924	97.4	10.840150	106.671083
13	Tan Binh	15 wards	22.38	459029	20510.679	146	10.797979	106.653805
14	Tan Phu	11 wards	16.06	464493	28922.354	104	10.791640	106.627302
15	Binh Thanh	20 wards	20.76	487985	23506.021	133	10.804659	106.707848
16	Phu Nhuan	15 wards	4.88	182477	37392.828	180	10.800118	106.677042
17	Thu Duc	12 wards	49.76	528413	10619.232	64.4	10.822023	106.718302
18	Binh Tan	10 wards	51.89	686474	13229.408	60.8	10.749809	106.605664

Figure 1: The main data frame

4.2. Venues per District

We plot a chart to compare visually the difference of number of venues between districts. This chart is shown in Figure 2.

From this chart, we see that the districts 1, 3, 5, 10, Phu Nhuan are the most dynamic ones. For the districts 1, 3 or 5, they are three center districts of HCMC, thus the high number of venues in these districts are as expected. Besides, districts 6, 9, 12, Binh Tan have poor number of venues due to their far distances from city center.

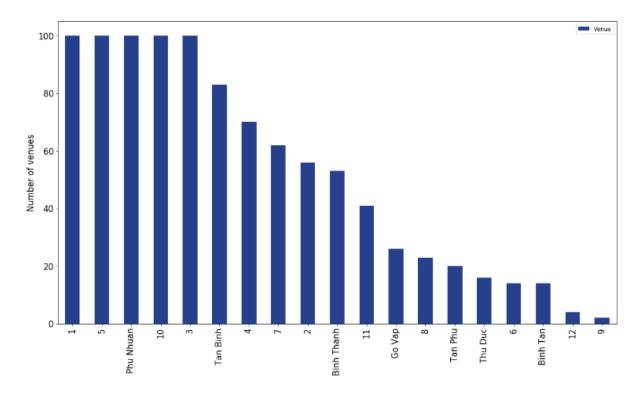


Figure 2: Venues per district

4.3. Categories per District

The chart in Figure 3 gives us an overview of the number of categories in each district.

Again, the district 1 wins the top. However, in this time, Binh Thanh district runs the second instead of district 3 or 5 like in Figure 2. The District 4 is still very diversity. The reason for that there are many venues but les categories in some districts is maybe there are some principle categories in these districts. Those principle categories play the major role in the commercial activities of these districts.

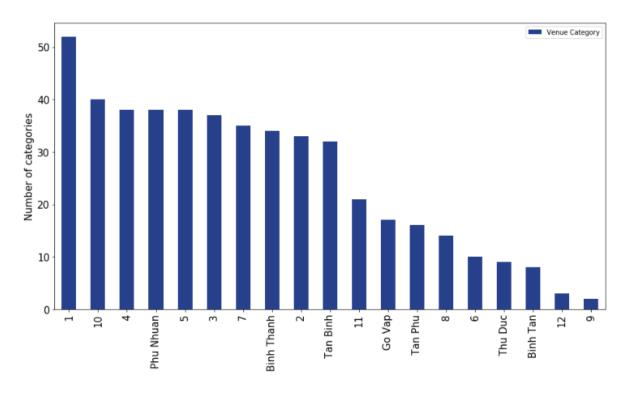


Figure 3: Venue Categories per district

 Venue Category

 Vietnamese Restaurant
 137

 Café
 129

 Coffee Shop
 73

 Seafood Restaurant
 40

 Hotel
 30

4.4. Venues per Category

Look at the most 5 categories, we have Vietnamese Restaurant (137), Café (129), Coffee Shop (73), Seafood Restaurant (40), Hotel (30). The cafe and coffee shop are the main category in the beverage business with total 202 different venues.

4.5. Top 10 venue categories in each district

Venue

Figure 4 shows us the most 10 categories in each district. For less competition, we can choose districts whose fits most common venue is not coffee shop. For examples, districts 1, 10, 2, 3, 4, 5.

	District	1st Most Common Venue	2nd Most Common Venue	3rd Most Common Venue	4th Most Common Venue	5th Most Common Venue	6th Most Common Venue	7th Most Common Venue	8th Most Common Venue	9th Most Common Venue	10th Most Common Venue
0	1	Hotel	Vietnamese Restaurant	Café	Coffee Shop	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Pizza Place	Hotel Bar	Massage Studio	Brewery	Hotpot Restaurant
1	10	Vietnamese Restaurant	Café	Coffee Shop	Dessert Shop	Hotpot Restaurant	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Seafood Restaurant	Spa	Hotel	Market
2	11	Café	Chinese Restaurant	Seafood Restaurant	Vietnamese Restaurant	Cantonese Restaurant	Fast Food Restaurant	Mobile Phone Shop	Theme Park	Dessert Shop	Shopping Mall
3	12	Café	Department Store	Vietnamese Restaurant	Film Studio	Food Truck	Food Court	Food	Flower Shop	Flea Market	Fast Food Restaurant
4	2	Vietnamese Restaurant	Restaurant	BBQ Joint	Café	Coffee Shop	Tea Room	Multiplex	Burger Joint	Bakery	Sandwich Place
5	3	Vietnamese Restaurant	Café	Coffee Shop	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Hotel	Asian Restaurant	Pizza Place	Noodle House	Spa	Breakfast Spot
6	4	Vietnamese Restaurant	Seafood Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Café	Snack Place	Food	Diner	Mexican Restaurant	Asian Restaurant	Hostel
7	5	Vietnamese Restaurant	Chinese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Dim Sum Restaurant	Café	Dessert Shop	Noodle House	Asian Restaurant	Seafood Restaurant	BBQ Joint
8	6	Café	Supermarket	Dessert Shop	Fast Food Restaurant	Movie Theater	Breakfast Spot	Pizza Place	Bagel Shop	Vietnamese Restaurant	Department Store
9	7	Café	Vietnamese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Seafood Restaurant	Gym / Fitness Center	Sushi Restaurant	Flea Market	Hotel	Multiplex	Pizza Place
10	8	Vietnamese Restaurant	Dim Sum Restaurant	Dessert Shop	Chinese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Food Truck	Grocery Store	Café	Badminton Court	Plaza
11	9	Seafood Restaurant	Racetrack	Yoga Studio	Fast Food Restaurant	Food Court	Food	Flower Shop	Flea Market	Film Studio	Eastern European Restaurant
12	Binh Tan	Café	Coffee Shop	Shopping Mall	Multiplex	Pizza Place	Fast Food Restaurant	Japanese Restaurant	Asian Restaurant	Electronics Store	French Restaurant
13	Binh Thanh	Café	Coffee Shop	Soup Place	Vietnamese Restaurant	Asian Restaurant	Seafood Restaurant	Multiplex	Fast Food Restaurant	Comfort Food Restaurant	Residential Building (Apartment / Condo)
14	Go Vap	Café	Vietnamese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Shopping Mall	Food Truck	Bookstore	Market	Pizza Place	Park	Electronics Store
15	Phu Nhuan	Café	Vietnamese Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Hotel	Vegetarian / Vegan Restaurant	Snack Place	Park	Spa	Gym / Fitness Center	Diner
16	Tan Binh	Vietnamese Restaurant	Café	Coffee Shop	Noodle House	Seafood Restaurant	Flea Market	Korean Restaurant	Karaoke Bar	Multiplex	Pizza Place
17	Tan Phu	Japanese Restaurant	Vietnamese Restaurant	Fast Food Restaurant	BBQ Joint	Supermarket	Ramen Restaurant	Diner	Coffee Shop	Shopping Mall	Shopping Plaza
18	Thu Duc	Vietnamese Restaurant	Café	Seafood Restaurant	Supermarket	Asian Restaurant	Venezuelan Restaurant	Coffee Shop	Public Art	Multiplex	Diner

Figure 4: Top 10 venue categories for each district

4.6. How many clusters?

We consider the data relating to category "coffee shop" only. We want to cluster them into several groups. First, we need to determine the number of groups (or K for the K-means method). Using the elbow method with different values of K, Figure 5 shows that 4 is the best choice.

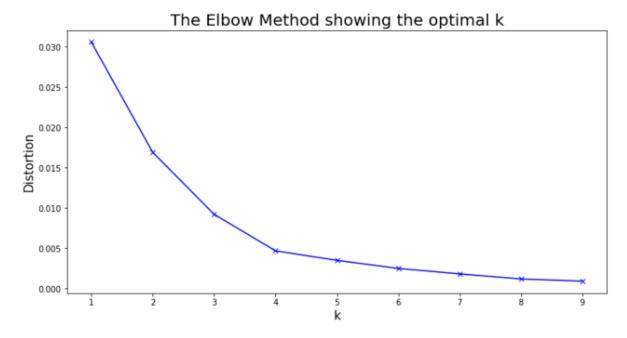


Figure 5: The optimum number of groups/clusters

We can define the clusters as below

- Cluster 0: There are a lot of coffee shops in these districts.
- Cluster 1: The number of coffee shops in these districts is medium..
- Cluster 2: There are no coffee shops in these districts
- Cluster 3: There are a few coffee shops in these districts

Figure 6 illustrates the clusters of all urban districts in HCMC. With this map, we can easily distinguish the clusters between districts.

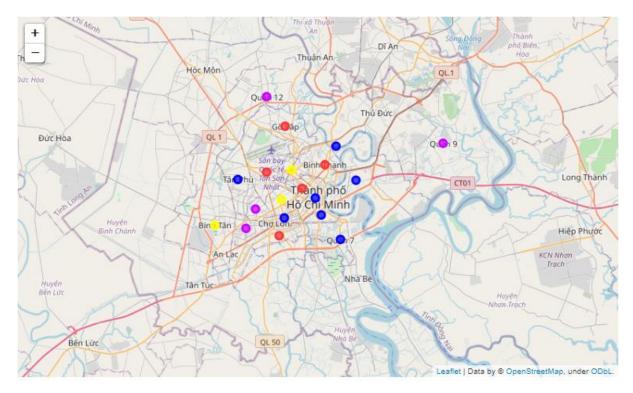


Figure 6: The maps of clusters. Cluster 0 (Yellow), Cluster 1 (Red), Cluster 2 (Purple),

Cluster 3 (Blue)

4.7. AHP vs the number of coffee shops

Look back to the Average Housing Price (AVH) table, we categorize them into 4 groups (unit: million VND). Figure 7 indicates that the low housing price take the majority. We need to focus on the Low and Medium housing price to set up our business.

• Low: $30 < AHP \le 100$.

• Medium: $100 < AHP \le 200$.

• High: $200 < AHP \le 300$.

• Very high: $300 \le AHP$.

Look at Figure 8, we focus on:

- Low AHP & no coffee shops (cluster 2): district 9 and district 12.
- Low AHP & not many coffee shops (cluster 3): district 2, district 7, Tan Phu district and Thu Duc district.

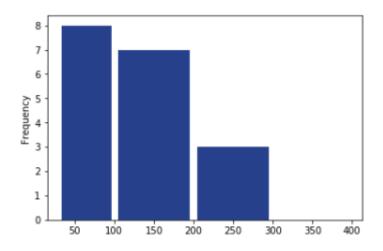


Figure 7: The distribution of AHP

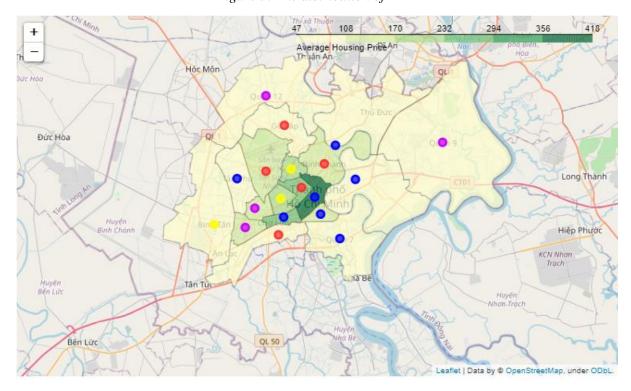


Figure 8: The couple maps of AHP and the clusters given in Section 4.6

4.8. Population density vs the number of coffee shop

We should not rely only on the relationship between AHP and clusters. For example, district 9 has almost no coffee shop and it has also very low AHP but actually this district contains many industry zones and there are not many people living around here. That is why we need to also consider the density of each district. Just think if there are not enough people to come to our coffee shop, how can we make a profit?

Figure 9 gives us a full picture about the relation between population density and the clusters.

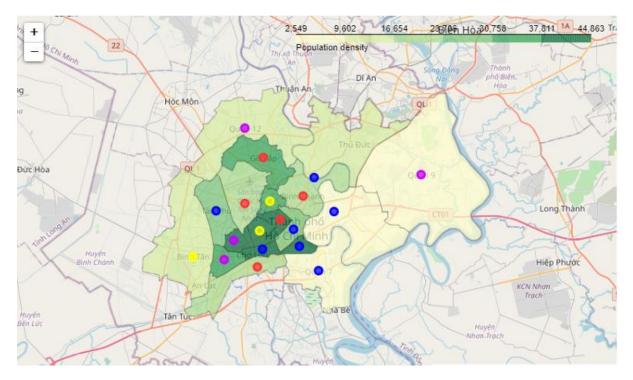


Figure 9: The couple maps of population density and the clusters given in Section 4.6

We focus on:

- High density + no coffee shops (cluster 2): no districts
- High density + not many coffee shops (cluster 3): district 1, district 4, district 5, district 6, district 11 and Tan Phu district

5. Conclusion

From all above results, we conclude that, the best place for us to set up a new coffee shop is in Tan Phu district because there are a lot of people living there (high density as 28,922.35 pop/m2), there are not many already-working coffee shop (cluster 3) and the average housing price is low (as 102 million VND/m2).