Macroeconomic Modeling with Julia

 ${\sf QuantEcon-RBNZ\ Workshop}$

March 2017





Thanks

- Fang Yao and the RBNZ
- Marco del Negro and the FRBNY
- Julia Computing
- Sponsors of QuantEcon







NumFOCUS





Team

Pearl Li

Research Analyst at the FRBNY

Erica Moszkowski

Research Analyst at the FRBNY

John Stachurski

Academic, interests in computation, stochastic modeling

Pablo Winant

• Bank of England, macroeconomist, lead author of dolo





Schedule

Lecture 1

• Introduction and overview (John)

Lecture 2

The Julia language (Pearl)

Lecture 3

Julia for economists – libraries and features (Pablo)

Lecture 4

• DSGE modeling with Julia (Erica)



Aims and Assumptions

Assumptions

- Participants are programmers but new to Julia
- Interested in macroeconomics

Aims

- Background, overview and comparisons
- Lower fixed costs to getting started
- Provide resources for further study





Resources

Workshop homepage:

• https://github.com/QuantEcon/RBA_RBNZ_Workshops

Further resources listed there...





Software Options

Install

- 1. Julia
- 2. Packages such as IJulia, QuantEcon.jl
- 3. IDE (if you like) such as Juno

Or

1. JuliaPro



Overview of Scientific Computing

Tasks

- Solve numerical problems
- Produce figures and graphs
- Manipulate data
- Explore (simulate, plot, visualize, etc.)

And sometimes we need speed





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The Need for Speed

Maximum speed:

- Optimal use of hardware
- High level of control over calculations / logic

First best = assembly / machine code

Individual instructions at the CPU level

For example, let's add 1 + 2



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```
.cfi_startproc
              %rbp
pushq
.cfi_def_cfa_offset 16
.cfi_offset 6, -16
            %rsp, %rbp
movq
.cfi_def_cfa_register 6
movl
             1, -12(\%rbp)
movl
             $2, -8(\%rbp)
movl
            -12(\%rbp), %edx
            -8(\%rbp), \%eax
movl
addl
            %edx, %eax
            \%eax, -4(\%rbp)
movl
movl
             -4(\%rbp), \%eax
             %rbp
popq
.cfi_def_cfa 7, 8
ret
.cfi_endproc
```



Now imagine a heterogeneous agent model with 5 state variables...

And then optimizing for specific hardware

- pipelining
- cache hierarchies
- branch prediction
- coprocessors
- etc.

And then Intel brings out a new processor...



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Conclusion: There's a trade off

Low level languages give us

- speedfine grained control
- High level languages give us
 - abstraction
 - automation of some tasks
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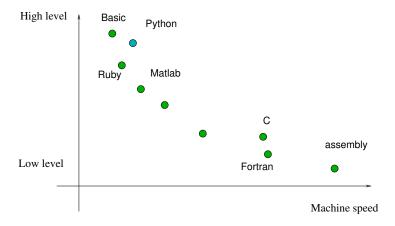


There is no faster way for a trading firm to destroy itself than to deploy a piece of trading software that makes a bad decision over and over in a tight loop. Part of Jane Street's reaction to these technological risks was to put a very strong focus on building software that was easily understood—software that was readable.

- Yaron Minsky, Jane Street



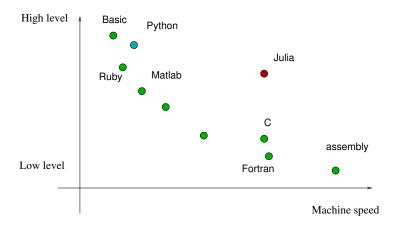






That said, the curve is starting to **shift**...









A Horse Race

Task:

- 1. compute X_1, X_2, \ldots, X_n via $X_{t+1} = \beta + \alpha X_t + W_{t+1}$ $W_t \sim N(0,1)$
- 2. calculate and return $\frac{1}{n} \sum_{t=1}^{n} X_t$

Set
$$n = 10^7$$

• RBA_RBNZ_Workshops/john/fast_loop_examples



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Modern, high level, open source, scientific programming language

Strengths

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- and high performance!

Negatives

- Still under development
- The "rabbit hole" of advanced features (plus or minus?)





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Why Open Source?

Let's be clear: the work of science has nothing whatever to do with consensus. Consensus is the business of politics. Science, on the contrary, requires only one investigator who happens to be right, which means that he or she has results that are verifiable by reference to the real world. In science consensus is irrelevant. What is relevant is reproducible results.

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Interacting with Julia

Options

- 1. The REPL + a text editor (e.g., Atom or Sublime)
- 2. IDEs like Juno
- 3. Jupyter notebooks





Jupyter Notebooks

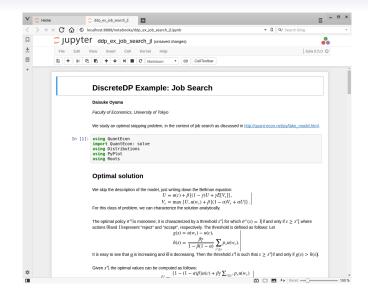
A browser based front end to Python, Julia, R, etc.

- Allows for rich text, graphics, etc.
- Easy to run remotely on servers / in cloud

Examples: http://notebooks.quantecon.org/











Let's try it out

• RBA_RBNZ_Workshops/john/ar1_plots_julia.ipynb

