



## Topics

- Discussion of scientific computing
- Overview of Python libraries
- Computing equilibria
- Google JAX
- Option pricing with Python
- High dimensional problems

## Assumptions:

- basic econ/computer/maths/stats
- some programming?

## Aims:

- Discuss options
- Review trends
- Learn techniques

## Resources

- [https://github.com/QuantEcon/nagoya\\_comp\\_econ\\_2023](https://github.com/QuantEcon/nagoya_comp_econ_2023)

# Trends

What are the major trends in scientific computing?

- what's driving them?
- how can we benefit?

## Trend 1: Proprietary → Open Source

### Proprietary

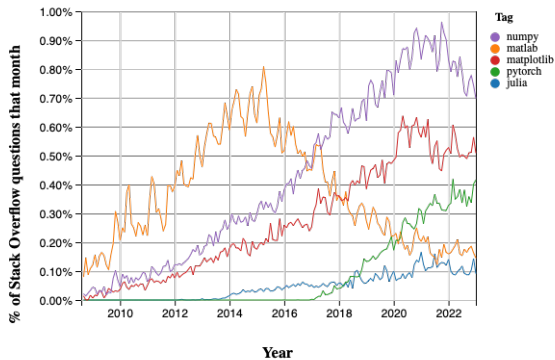
- Excel
- MATLAB
- Eviews, etc.

### Open Source / Open Standard

- Python
- Julia
- R, etc.

closed and stable vs open and fast moving

## Popularity:



## Trend 2: Low Level → High Level

### Low level

- C
- Fortran
- Assembly

### High level

- Python
- Javascript
- Ruby





## Example. 1 + 1 in assembly

---

```
pushq    %rbp
movq     %rsp, %rbp
movl     $1, -12(%rbp)
movl     $1, -8(%rbp)
movl     -12(%rbp), %edx
movl     -8(%rbp), %eax
addl     %edx, %eax
movl     %eax, -4(%rbp)
movl     -4(%rbp), %eax
popq     %rbp
```

---

## Example. 1 + 1 in C

---

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main() {
    int x = 1 + 1;
    printf("1 + 1 = %d\n", x);
    return 0;
}
```

---

## Example. $1 + 1$ in Fortran

---

```
PROGRAM ONE_PLUS_ONE
INTEGER :: X = 1 + 1
PRINT *, '1 + 1 = ', X
END PROGRAM ONE_PLUS_ONE
```

---

## Example. 1 + 1 in Python

---

```
x = 1 + 1  
print("1 + 1 = ", x)
```

---



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**Example.** What platforms/languages does OpenAI use?

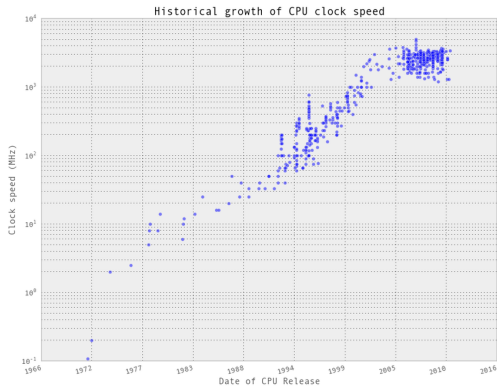
In order (according to [repo stats](#)):

1. Python
2. C++
3. Javascript
4. Jupyter notebooks
5. Ruby

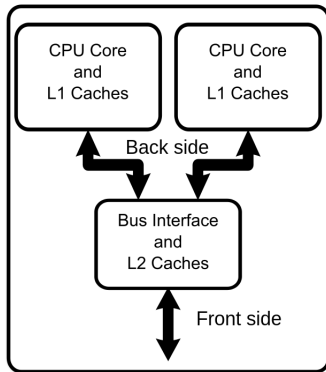


## Trend 3: Parallelization

CPU frequency (clock speed) growth is slowing



Chip makers have responded by developing multi-core processors



Source: Wikipedia

**GPUs** are becoming increasingly important



Applications: machine learning, deep learning, etc.

## Support for Parallelization

While scientific computing environments best support parallelization?

- Most have some support
- but which make it easy to harness its power?

Current winner:

- Google JAX (Python library)

# Which Language

How about R?

- Specialized to statistics
- Huge range of estimation routines
- Popular in academia
- Loosing some ground to Python (AI, machine learning)











# Jupyter Notebooks

A browser based interface to Python / Julia / R / etc.

- Search for jupyter notebook

Useful for:

- getting started
- exploring ideas

