

NANYANG TECHNOLOGICAL UNIVERSITY

SEMESTER II EXAMINATION 2023-2024

**MH1820 Introduction to Probability and
Statistical Methods**

April/May 2024

Time allowed: 2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

1. This examination paper contains **FOUR (4)** questions and comprises **SEVEN (7)** printed pages, including the Appendix.
2. Answer **ALL** questions. The marks for each question are indicated at the beginning of each question.
3. Answer each question beginning on a **FRESH** page of the answer book.
4. This is a **RESTRICTED OPEN BOOK** exam. You are only allowed to bring into the examination hall **ONE DOUBLE-SIDED A4-SIZE REFERENCE SHEET WITH TEXTS HANDWRITTEN OR TYPED ON THE A4 PAPER WITHOUT ANY ATTACHMENTS** (e.g. sticky notes, post-it notes, gluing or stapling of additional papers).
5. Tables of some probability distributions are provided in the Appendix on Page 4-7.
6. Candidates may use calculators. However, they should write down systematically the steps in the workings.

QUESTION 1.**(30 Marks)**

- (a) Let X be a continuous random variable with PDF given by

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} Cx^4, & \text{for } 0 \leq x \leq 2, \\ 0, & \text{otherwise.} \end{cases}$$

- (i) What is the value of C ?
- (ii) Compute $\mathbb{E}[X]$ and $\text{Var}[X]$.

- (b) If X has a normal distribution with mean $\mu = 2$ and variance $\sigma^2 = 4$, find $\mathbb{P}(|X - 2| > 4)$ in terms of $\Phi(z)$, the CDF of the standard normal random variable Z .

- (c) Two fair dice, A and B, are rolled independently. Suppose that possible outcomes are denoted by (a, b) , where a and b are the values on dice A and B respectively. Let X be the largest value obtained, and Y be the sum of the values on the two dice. For example, if the outcome is $(2, 5)$, then $X = 5$ and $Y = 7$; if the outcome is $(3, 3)$, then $X = 3$ and $Y = 6$, etc.

- (i) Compute the moment generating function (MGF) of X .
- (ii) Find the joint probability mass function (PMF) of X and Y .

QUESTION 2.**(20 Marks)**

- (a) Suppose that the monthly income of an investment plan is normally distributed with mean μ and variance σ^2 . A financial advisor claims that $\mu = \$50$. A sample of $n = 12$ monthly incomes of the investment plan yielded an average of $\$52$ and standard deviation of $\$5$.

- (i) Suppose σ is unknown. Test the null hypothesis $H_0: \mu = \$50$ against the alternative hypothesis $H_1: \mu > \$50$, with a significance level of $\alpha = 0.05$.
- (ii) Suppose $\sigma = 10$. Let X_1, X_2, \dots, X_{12} be a random sample from the normal distribution $N(\mu, \sigma^2 = 10^2)$. Consider a test for $H_0 : \mu = \$50$ against the alternative hypothesis $H_1 : \mu = \$60$ based on the statistic $T = \sum_{i=1}^{12} X_i$, where the test rejects H_0 if and only if $T \geq \$660$. What is the power of the test?

- (b) You suspect that the probability of rolling a ‘1’ on a die is smaller than $\frac{1}{6}$. You continually roll the die until you get a ‘1’, and this happens after you have rolled 11 times, i.e. you see ‘1’ for the first time on the 11th roll. Based on this observation, is your suspicion correct? Justify your answer with a hypothesis testing with a significance level of $\alpha = 0.05$. (Hint: If T is the number of rolls until the first ‘1’ is observed, then $T \sim \text{Geom}(p)$, where p is the probability of rolling a ‘1’ on the die.)

QUESTION 3.**(25 Marks)**(a) The joint PDF of two random variables X and Y is given by

$$f(x, y) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{4} (3x^2 + 2xy), & 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2; \\ 0, & \text{elsewhere.} \end{cases}$$

- (i) Find the marginal PDFs of X .
- (ii) Compute $\mathbb{E}[Y|X=1]$.
- (iii) Compute $\mathbb{P}(Y+X>2)$.

(b) You and two other people are to place bids for an object, with the highest bid winning (assume that no one wins if there are more than one person with the highest bid). If you win, you plan to sell the object immediately for \$23. How much should you bid to maximize your expected profit if you believe that the bids of the other two people can be regarded as being independent of each other, and are uniformly distributed between \$20 and \$24?

QUESTION 4.**(25 Marks)**

(a) Let X_1, \dots, X_n be i.i.d from the exponential distribution $Exp(\theta)$, where $\theta > 0$ is unknown. Find the maximum likelihood estimator for θ based on the observations $x_1 = 2$, $x_2 = 3$, $x_3 = 4$, $x_4 = 5$ (here $n = 4$). (Recall that the PDF of $Exp(\theta)$ is given by $f(x|\theta) = \frac{1}{\theta}e^{-x/\theta}$ for $x > 0$, and $f(x|\theta) = 0$ otherwise.)

(b) Let D_θ , $0 < \theta < 1$, be the discrete distribution with the following PMF:

x	1	2	3
$p(x)$	$\theta/4$	$1 - 3\theta/4$	$\theta/2$

Let X_1, \dots, X_n be i.i.d drawn from D_θ . Consider an estimator for θ given by

$$\hat{\theta} = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^n X_i^2 - 4.$$

- (i) Compute the bias and standard error for $\hat{\theta}$.
- (ii) Find $\hat{\theta}$ using the observations $x_1 = 1$, $x_2 = 2$, $x_3 = 2$, $x_4 = 3$ (here $n = 4$).
- (iii) Find an estimator of θ which is unbiased, i.e. it has zero bias.

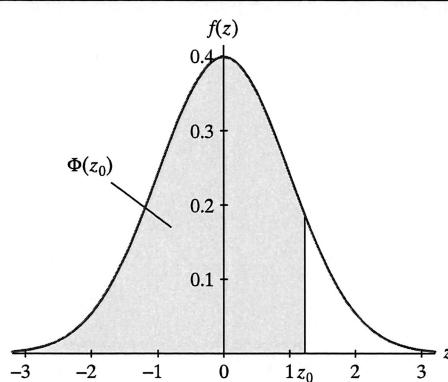
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Appendix

Table IV The Chi-Square Distribution

		$P(X \leq x)$							
		0.010	0.025	0.050	0.100	0.900	0.950	0.975	0.990
r	$\chi^2_{0.99}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.975}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.95}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.90}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.10}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.05}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.025}(r)$	$\chi^2_{0.01}(r)$	
	1	0.000	0.001	0.004	0.016	2.706	3.841	5.024	6.635
2	0.020	0.051	0.103	0.211	4.605	5.991	7.378	9.210	
3	0.115	0.216	0.352	0.584	6.251	7.815	9.348	11.34	
4	0.297	0.484	0.711	1.064	7.779	9.488	11.14	13.28	
5	0.554	0.831	1.145	1.610	9.236	11.07	12.83	15.09	
6	0.872	1.237	1.635	2.204	10.64	12.59	14.45	16.81	
7	1.239	1.690	2.167	2.833	12.02	14.07	16.01	18.48	
8	1.646	2.180	2.733	3.490	13.36	15.51	17.54	20.09	
9	2.088	2.700	3.325	4.168	14.68	16.92	19.02	21.67	
10	2.558	3.247	3.940	4.865	15.99	18.31	20.48	23.21	
11	3.053	3.816	4.575	5.578	17.28	19.68	21.92	24.72	
12	3.571	4.404	5.226	6.304	18.55	21.03	23.34	26.22	
13	4.107	5.009	5.892	7.042	19.81	22.36	24.74	27.69	
14	4.660	5.629	6.571	7.790	21.06	23.68	26.12	29.14	
15	5.229	6.262	7.261	8.547	22.31	25.00	27.49	30.58	
16	5.812	6.908	7.962	9.312	23.54	26.30	28.84	32.00	
17	6.408	7.564	8.672	10.08	24.77	27.59	30.19	33.41	
18	7.015	8.231	9.390	10.86	25.99	28.87	31.53	34.80	
19	7.633	8.907	10.12	11.65	27.20	30.14	32.85	36.19	
20	8.260	9.591	10.85	12.44	28.41	31.41	34.17	37.57	
21	8.897	10.28	11.59	13.24	29.62	32.67	35.48	38.93	
22	9.542	10.98	12.34	14.04	30.81	33.92	36.78	40.29	
23	10.20	11.69	13.09	14.85	32.01	35.17	38.08	41.64	
24	10.86	12.40	13.85	15.66	33.20	36.42	39.36	42.98	
25	11.52	13.12	14.61	16.47	34.38	37.65	40.65	44.31	
26	12.20	13.84	15.38	17.29	35.56	38.88	41.92	45.64	
27	12.88	14.57	16.15	18.11	36.74	40.11	43.19	46.96	
28	13.56	15.31	16.93	18.94	37.92	41.34	44.46	48.28	
29	14.26	16.05	17.71	19.77	39.09	42.56	45.72	49.59	
30	14.95	16.79	18.49	20.60	40.26	43.77	46.98	50.89	
40	22.16	24.43	26.51	29.05	51.80	55.76	59.34	63.69	
50	29.71	32.36	34.76	37.69	63.17	67.50	71.42	76.15	
60	37.48	40.48	43.19	46.46	74.40	79.08	83.30	88.38	
70	45.44	48.76	51.74	55.33	85.53	90.53	95.02	100.4	
80	53.34	57.15	60.39	64.28	96.58	101.9	106.6	112.3	

This table is abridged and adapted from Table III in *Biometrika Tables for Statisticians*, edited by E.S.Pearson and H.O.Hartley.

Table Va The Standard Normal Distribution Function

$$P(Z \leq z) = \Phi(z) = \int_{-\infty}^z \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-w^2/2} dw$$

$$\Phi(-z) = 1 - \Phi(z)$$

z	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.5000	0.5040	0.5080	0.5120	0.5160	0.5199	0.5239	0.5279	0.5319	0.5359
0.1	0.5398	0.5438	0.5478	0.5517	0.5557	0.5596	0.5636	0.5675	0.5714	0.5753
0.2	0.5793	0.5832	0.5871	0.5910	0.5948	0.5987	0.6026	0.6064	0.6103	0.6141
0.3	0.6179	0.6217	0.6255	0.6293	0.6331	0.6368	0.6406	0.6443	0.6480	0.6517
0.4	0.6554	0.6591	0.6628	0.6664	0.6700	0.6736	0.6772	0.6808	0.6844	0.6879
0.5	0.6915	0.6950	0.6985	0.7019	0.7054	0.7088	0.7123	0.7157	0.7190	0.7224
0.6	0.7257	0.7291	0.7324	0.7357	0.7389	0.7422	0.7454	0.7486	0.7517	0.7549
0.7	0.7580	0.7611	0.7642	0.7673	0.7703	0.7734	0.7764	0.7794	0.7823	0.7852
0.8	0.7881	0.7910	0.7939	0.7967	0.7995	0.8023	0.8051	0.8078	0.8106	0.8133
0.9	0.8159	0.8186	0.8212	0.8238	0.8264	0.8289	0.8315	0.8340	0.8365	0.8389
1.0	0.8413	0.8438	0.8461	0.8485	0.8508	0.8531	0.8554	0.8577	0.8599	0.8621
1.1	0.8643	0.8665	0.8686	0.8708	0.8729	0.8749	0.8770	0.8790	0.8810	0.8830
1.2	0.8849	0.8869	0.8888	0.8907	0.8925	0.8944	0.8962	0.8980	0.8997	0.9015
1.3	0.9032	0.9049	0.9066	0.9082	0.9099	0.9115	0.9131	0.9147	0.9162	0.9177
1.4	0.9192	0.9207	0.9222	0.9236	0.9251	0.9265	0.9279	0.9292	0.9306	0.9319
1.5	0.9332	0.9345	0.9357	0.9370	0.9382	0.9394	0.9406	0.9418	0.9429	0.9441
1.6	0.9452	0.9463	0.9474	0.9484	0.9495	0.9505	0.9515	0.9525	0.9535	0.9545
1.7	0.9554	0.9564	0.9573	0.9582	0.9591	0.9599	0.9608	0.9616	0.9625	0.9633
1.8	0.9641	0.9649	0.9656	0.9664	0.9671	0.9678	0.9686	0.9693	0.9699	0.9706
1.9	0.9713	0.9719	0.9726	0.9732	0.9738	0.9744	0.9750	0.9756	0.9761	0.9767
2.0	0.9772	0.9778	0.9783	0.9788	0.9793	0.9798	0.9803	0.9808	0.9812	0.9817
2.1	0.9821	0.9826	0.9830	0.9834	0.9838	0.9842	0.9846	0.9850	0.9854	0.9857
2.2	0.9861	0.9864	0.9868	0.9871	0.9875	0.9878	0.9881	0.9884	0.9887	0.9890
2.3	0.9893	0.9896	0.9898	0.9901	0.9904	0.9906	0.9909	0.9911	0.9913	0.9916
2.4	0.9918	0.9920	0.9922	0.9925	0.9927	0.9929	0.9931	0.9932	0.9934	0.9936
2.5	0.9938	0.9940	0.9941	0.9943	0.9945	0.9946	0.9948	0.9949	0.9951	0.9952
2.6	0.9953	0.9955	0.9956	0.9957	0.9959	0.9960	0.9961	0.9962	0.9963	0.9964
2.7	0.9965	0.9966	0.9967	0.9968	0.9969	0.9970	0.9971	0.9972	0.9973	0.9974
2.8	0.9974	0.9975	0.9976	0.9977	0.9977	0.9978	0.9979	0.9979	0.9980	0.9981
2.9	0.9981	0.9982	0.9982	0.9983	0.9984	0.9984	0.9985	0.9985	0.9986	0.9986
3.0	0.9987	0.9987	0.9987	0.9988	0.9988	0.9989	0.9989	0.9989	0.9990	0.9990
α	0.400	0.300	0.200	0.100	0.050	0.025	0.020	0.010	0.005	0.001
z_α	0.253	0.524	0.842	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.054	2.326	2.576	3.090
$z_{\alpha/2}$	0.842	1.036	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.240	2.326	2.576	2.807	3.291

Table Vb The Standard Normal Right-Tail Probabilities

z_α	$P(Z > z_\alpha) = \alpha$									
	0.00	0.01	0.02	0.03	0.04	0.05	0.06	0.07	0.08	0.09
0.0	0.5000	0.4960	0.4920	0.4880	0.4840	0.4801	0.4761	0.4721	0.4681	0.4641
0.1	0.4602	0.4562	0.4522	0.4483	0.4443	0.4404	0.4364	0.4325	0.4286	0.4247
0.2	0.4207	0.4168	0.4129	0.4090	0.4052	0.4013	0.3974	0.3936	0.3897	0.3859
0.3	0.3821	0.3783	0.3745	0.3707	0.3669	0.3632	0.3594	0.3557	0.3520	0.3483
0.4	0.3446	0.3409	0.3372	0.3336	0.3300	0.3264	0.3228	0.3192	0.3156	0.3121
0.5	0.3085	0.3050	0.3015	0.2981	0.2946	0.2912	0.2877	0.2843	0.2810	0.2776
0.6	0.2743	0.2709	0.2676	0.2643	0.2611	0.2578	0.2546	0.2514	0.2483	0.2451
0.7	0.2420	0.2389	0.2358	0.2327	0.2296	0.2266	0.2236	0.2206	0.2177	0.2148
0.8	0.2119	0.2090	0.2061	0.2033	0.2005	0.1977	0.1949	0.1922	0.1894	0.1867
0.9	0.1841	0.1814	0.1788	0.1762	0.1736	0.1711	0.1685	0.1660	0.1635	0.1611
1.0	0.1587	0.1562	0.1539	0.1515	0.1492	0.1469	0.1446	0.1423	0.1401	0.1379
1.1	0.1357	0.1335	0.1314	0.1292	0.1271	0.1251	0.1230	0.1210	0.1190	0.1170
1.2	0.1151	0.1131	0.1112	0.1093	0.1075	0.1056	0.1038	0.1020	0.1003	0.0985
1.3	0.0968	0.0951	0.0934	0.0918	0.0901	0.0885	0.0869	0.0853	0.0838	0.0823
1.4	0.0808	0.0793	0.0778	0.0764	0.0749	0.0735	0.0721	0.0708	0.0694	0.0681
1.5	0.0668	0.0655	0.0643	0.0630	0.0618	0.0606	0.0594	0.0582	0.0571	0.0559
1.6	0.0548	0.0537	0.0526	0.0516	0.0505	0.0495	0.0485	0.0475	0.0465	0.0455
1.7	0.0446	0.0436	0.0427	0.0418	0.0409	0.0401	0.0392	0.0384	0.0375	0.0367
1.8	0.0359	0.0351	0.0344	0.0336	0.0329	0.0322	0.0314	0.0307	0.0301	0.0294
1.9	0.0287	0.0281	0.0274	0.0268	0.0262	0.0256	0.0250	0.0244	0.0239	0.0233
2.0	0.0228	0.0222	0.0217	0.0212	0.0207	0.0202	0.0197	0.0192	0.0188	0.0183
2.1	0.0179	0.0174	0.0170	0.0166	0.0162	0.0158	0.0154	0.0150	0.0146	0.0143
2.2	0.0139	0.0136	0.0132	0.0129	0.0125	0.0122	0.0119	0.0116	0.0113	0.0110
2.3	0.0107	0.0104	0.0102	0.0099	0.0096	0.0094	0.0091	0.0089	0.0087	0.0084
2.4	0.0082	0.0080	0.0078	0.0075	0.0073	0.0071	0.0069	0.0068	0.0066	0.0064
2.5	0.0062	0.0060	0.0059	0.0057	0.0055	0.0054	0.0052	0.0051	0.0049	0.0048
2.6	0.0047	0.0045	0.0044	0.0043	0.0041	0.0040	0.0039	0.0038	0.0037	0.0036
2.7	0.0035	0.0034	0.0033	0.0032	0.0031	0.0030	0.0029	0.0028	0.0027	0.0026
2.8	0.0026	0.0025	0.0024	0.0023	0.0023	0.0022	0.0021	0.0021	0.0020	0.0019
2.9	0.0019	0.0018	0.0018	0.0017	0.0016	0.0016	0.0015	0.0015	0.0014	0.0014
3.0	0.0013	0.0013	0.0013	0.0012	0.0012	0.0011	0.0011	0.0011	0.0010	0.0010
3.1	0.0010	0.0009	0.0009	0.0009	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0008	0.0007	0.0007
3.2	0.0007	0.0007	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0006	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005
3.3	0.0005	0.0005	0.0005	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0004	0.0003
3.4	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0003	0.0002

Table VI The t Distribution

$P(T \leq t) = \int_{-\infty}^t \frac{\Gamma[(r+1)/2]}{\sqrt{\pi r} \Gamma(r/2)(1+w^2/r)^{(r+1)/2}} dw$ $P(T \leq -t) = 1 - P(T \leq t)$							
	P($T \leq t$)						
	0.60	0.75	0.90	0.95	0.975	0.99	0.995
r	$t_{0.40}(r)$	$t_{0.25}(r)$	$t_{0.10}(r)$	$t_{0.05}(r)$	$t_{0.025}(r)$	$t_{0.01}(r)$	$t_{0.005}(r)$
1	0.325	1.000	3.078	6.314	12.706	31.821	63.657
2	0.289	0.816	1.886	2.920	4.303	6.965	9.925
3	0.277	0.765	1.638	2.353	3.182	4.541	5.841
4	0.271	0.741	1.533	2.132	2.776	3.747	4.604
5	0.267	0.727	1.476	2.015	2.571	3.365	4.032
6	0.265	0.718	1.440	1.943	2.447	3.143	3.707
7	0.263	0.711	1.415	1.895	2.365	2.998	3.499
8	0.262	0.706	1.397	1.860	2.306	2.896	3.355
9	0.261	0.703	1.383	1.833	2.262	2.821	3.250
10	0.260	0.700	1.372	1.812	2.228	2.764	3.169
11	0.260	0.697	1.363	1.796	2.201	2.718	3.106
12	0.259	0.695	1.356	1.782	2.179	2.681	3.055
13	0.259	0.694	1.350	1.771	2.160	2.650	3.012
14	0.258	0.692	1.345	1.761	2.145	2.624	2.997
15	0.258	0.691	1.341	1.753	2.131	2.602	2.947
16	0.258	0.690	1.337	1.746	2.120	2.583	2.921
17	0.257	0.689	1.333	1.740	2.110	2.567	2.898
18	0.257	0.688	1.330	1.734	2.101	2.552	2.878
19	0.257	0.688	1.328	1.729	2.093	2.539	2.861
20	0.257	0.687	1.325	1.725	2.086	2.528	2.845
21	0.257	0.686	1.323	1.721	2.080	2.518	2.831
22	0.256	0.686	1.321	1.717	2.074	2.508	2.819
23	0.256	0.685	1.319	1.714	2.069	2.500	2.807
24	0.256	0.685	1.318	1.711	2.064	2.492	2.797
25	0.256	0.684	1.316	1.708	2.060	2.485	2.787
26	0.256	0.684	1.315	1.706	2.056	2.479	2.779
27	0.256	0.684	1.314	1.703	2.052	2.473	2.771
28	0.256	0.683	1.313	1.701	2.048	2.467	2.763
29	0.256	0.683	1.311	1.699	2.045	2.462	2.756
30	0.256	0.683	1.310	1.697	2.042	2.457	2.750
∞	0.253	0.674	1.282	1.645	1.960	2.326	2.576

This table is taken from Table III of Fisher and Yates: *Statistical Tables for Biological, Agricultural, and Medical Research*, published by Longman Group Ltd., London (previously published by Oliver and Boyd, Edinburgh).

MH1820 INTRODUCTION TO PROBABILITY & STATISTICAL METHODS

Please read the following instructions carefully:

- 1. Please do not turn over the question paper until you are told to do so. Disciplinary action may be taken against you if you do so.**
2. You are not allowed to leave the examination hall unless accompanied by an invigilator. You may raise your hand if you need to communicate with the invigilator.
3. Please write your Matriculation Number on the front of the answer book.
4. Please indicate clearly in the answer book (at the appropriate place) if you are continuing the answer to a question elsewhere in the book.