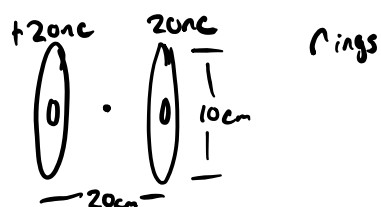


P: 12 & 14
CQ: 7 & 8

26.P.12



a.) $E_{mid}: E_{ring} = \frac{kzQ}{(z^2 + R^2)^{3/2}} \quad E_{mid} = 0 \text{ N/C}$

$z = 10 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$R = 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$Q = 20 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}$

$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2}$

$E_r = 12,865.4 \text{ N/C}$

$E_r = -12,865.4 \text{ N/C}$

$E_1 + E_2 = 0 \text{ N/C}$

$E_m = 0 \text{ N/C}$

$E_L = 4.1 \times 10^3 \text{ N/C}$

b.) $E_L: \bar{E}_L = 4.1 \times 10^3 \text{ N/C}$

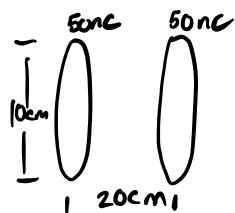
$z = 20 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$R = 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$Q = 20 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}$

$k = 8.99 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{Nm}^2}{\text{C}^2}$

26.P.14



a.) $\bar{E} = 0$ due to symmetry

b.) $E_5: E_D = \frac{\mu}{2\epsilon_0} \left[1 - \frac{z}{\sqrt{z^2 + R^2}} \right]$

$E_N = 8.7 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$

$E_{mid} = 0 \text{ N/C}$

$E_{15}:$

$\mu = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{50 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}}{\pi (5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})^2}$

$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$

$z = 15 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$R = 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$E_{15} = 1.34 \times 10^3 \text{ N/C}$

$E_5 = 1.1 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$

$E_N = E_5 - E_{15} = 86888.4 \text{ N/C}$

$E_5:$

$\mu = \frac{Q}{A} = \frac{50 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}}{\pi (5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})^2}$

$\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2/\text{Nm}^2$

$z = 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

$R = 5.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$

26.CQ.12

$$E_{\text{cap}} = \frac{\eta}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{\frac{Q}{A}}{\epsilon_0} = \frac{Q}{A\epsilon_0} = \frac{Q}{L^2\epsilon_0}$$

a.) Q doubled, E is doubled

b.) L doubled, E is $\frac{1}{4}$ 'd

c.) no dependence on d $E=E$

26.CQ.14

$$F = qE$$

a.) $E = \frac{\eta}{\epsilon_0}$

$$\eta = \frac{Q}{A}$$

$F_p = F_e$ due to charge of the particle not having an effect on the magnitude of the force

b.) $F = ma$
 $a = \frac{F}{m}$

$F_p < F_e$ due to a proton being more massive