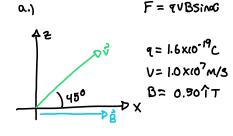
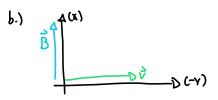
Taylor Larrechea CQ:9 P: 26,28,34 Dr. Middleton PHYS 132 HW 3-29-17 Ch. 32

Problems



F= (1.6x10⁻¹⁹c)(1,0x10⁷~/3)(0.50T)5in45



$$\vec{V} = \langle 0, -1.0 \times 10^{7} \text{M/S}, 0 \rangle$$
 $\vec{B} = \langle 0.50 \text{T}, 0, 0 \rangle$
 $F_{b} = 8.01 \times 10^{13} \text{M/s}$

32.P.28

B = 3.0 T

| u= 1.6605×10-27 Kg

forc = PB

(a) O2+

LY] 9= 1.6x10-19C

f= 9B [4] M= (15.995(1.6608×10²⁷kg))2 [2] B = 3.0T

f= 1.44 x106 Hz

(b) N2+

[Y] 9=1.602 x10-19c [t] M= 2(14.603u) [z] B= 3.0 t

f=1.64×106 Hz

Tai) f= 1.44 ×106 Hz bi) f= 1.64 ×106 Hz C) f= 1.66×106 Hz

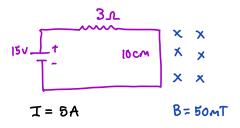
(c) co+ 2=1.602×10-19C M= 124+ 15.9954

B= 2.0T

f=1.65×106 Hz

f= 2B airm





$$F = I \hat{l} \times \hat{\beta}$$

$$\vec{\hat{B}} = \langle 0, 0.1m, 0 \rangle$$

 $\vec{\hat{B}} = \langle 0, 0, 10.05T \rangle$

$$F=0.025N$$
 to the right

Conceptual

32.00.9

- a.) The \vec{B} field would be 90° clockwise of the velocity vector
- b.) The B field would be 90° ccm of the force vector