

### Exercise 1

$$\hat{u}|0\rangle = e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle, \hat{u}|1\rangle = e^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle$$

a.) Determine how the following evolve under  $\hat{u}$

$$i.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{u}|0\rangle + \hat{u}|1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle + e^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle + e^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle)}$$

$$ii.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|0\rangle + i|1\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{u}|0\rangle + \hat{u}i|1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle + ie^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|0\rangle + i|1\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle + ie^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle)}$$

b.) Determine the matrix for  $\hat{u}$ : Show that  $\hat{u}$  is unitary

$$\hat{u} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} : \hat{u}^\dagger \hat{u} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{-i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix}, \hat{u} \text{ is unitary}}$$

## Exercise 2

$$\hat{u}|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle), \quad \hat{u}|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|-10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

a.) Determine how the following evolve under  $\hat{u}$ :

$$i.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle + \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|-10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|11\rangle\right) = |11\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) = |11\rangle}$$

$$ii.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle - \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|-10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}|10\rangle\right) = |10\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) = |10\rangle}$$

$$iii.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle + i \cdot \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) + \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(|-10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1-i)|10\rangle + (1+i)|11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1-i)|10\rangle + (1+i)|11\rangle)}$$

$$iv.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - i|11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle - i \cdot \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) - \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}}(|-10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - i|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1+i)|10\rangle + (1-i)|11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - i|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1+i)|10\rangle + (1-i)|11\rangle)}$$

Exercise 2 Continued

b.) Determine the matrix for  $\hat{u}$  : Show that  $\hat{u}$  is unitary

$$\hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{u}^\dagger \hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{u} \text{ is unitary}}$$

### Exercise 3

$$\hat{u}|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle), \quad \hat{u}|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

a.) Determine how the following evolve under  $\hat{u}$ :

$$i.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle + \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i|10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1+i)|10\rangle + (1-i)|11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle + |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1+i)|10\rangle + (1-i)|11\rangle)}$$

$$ii.) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) \longrightarrow \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(\hat{u}|10\rangle + \hat{u}|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}\left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(i|10\rangle + |11\rangle)\right)$$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1-i)|10\rangle + (i-1)|11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cdot \hat{u}(|10\rangle - |11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}((1-i)|10\rangle + (i-1)|11\rangle)}$$

b.) Determine the matrix for  $\hat{u}$ : Show that  $\hat{u}$  is unitary

$$\hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ i & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \quad \hat{u}^\dagger \hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -i \\ -i & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ i & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ i & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{u} \text{ is unitary}}$$

### Exercise 4

$$u_A = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix}, u_B = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

a.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $|0\rangle|0\rangle, |0\rangle|1\rangle, |1\rangle|0\rangle, |1\rangle|1\rangle$

i.)  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |0\rangle|0\rangle = \hat{u}_A|0\rangle \hat{u}_B|0\rangle$

$$\hat{u}_A|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle : \hat{u}_B|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\beta/2}|0\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = e^{\frac{i}{2}(\alpha+\beta)}|0\rangle|0\rangle}$$

ii.)  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |0\rangle|1\rangle = \hat{u}_A|0\rangle \hat{u}_B|1\rangle$

$$\hat{u}_A|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = e^{-i\alpha/2}|0\rangle : \hat{u}_B|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\beta/2}|1\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = e^{\frac{i}{2}(\beta-\alpha)}|0\rangle|1\rangle}$$

iii.)  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |1\rangle|0\rangle = \hat{u}_A|1\rangle \hat{u}_B|0\rangle$

$$\hat{u}_A|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle : \hat{u}_B|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\beta/2}|0\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = e^{\frac{i}{2}(\alpha-\beta)}|1\rangle|0\rangle}$$

iv.)  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |1\rangle|1\rangle = \hat{u}_A|1\rangle \hat{u}_B|1\rangle$

$$\hat{u}_A|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\alpha/2}|1\rangle : \hat{u}_B|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = e^{i\beta/2}|1\rangle$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = e^{\frac{i}{2}(\alpha+\beta)}|1\rangle|1\rangle}$$

b.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) = \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

Exercise 4 Continued

$$\begin{aligned}
 \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B & \text{ on } \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 11| + |11\rangle\langle 10| + |11\rangle\langle 11|) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} (\hat{u}_A|10\rangle\hat{u}_B|10\rangle + \hat{u}_A|10\rangle\hat{u}_B|11\rangle + \hat{u}_A|11\rangle\hat{u}_B|10\rangle + \hat{u}_A|11\rangle\hat{u}_B|11\rangle) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|10\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\beta-\alpha)}|10\rangle\langle 11| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha-\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 11| \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|10\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\beta-\alpha)}|10\rangle\langle 11| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha-\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 11| \right)}$$

C.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $\frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle\langle 10| + |10\rangle\langle 11| + |11\rangle\langle 10| - |11\rangle\langle 11|)$

$$\begin{aligned}
 &= \frac{1}{2} (\hat{u}_A|10\rangle\hat{u}_B|10\rangle + \hat{u}_A|10\rangle\hat{u}_B|11\rangle + \hat{u}_A|11\rangle\hat{u}_B|10\rangle - \hat{u}_A|11\rangle\hat{u}_B|11\rangle) \\
 &= \frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|10\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\beta-\alpha)}|10\rangle\langle 11| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha-\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 10| - e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 11| \right)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{2} \left( e^{-\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|10\rangle\langle 10| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\beta-\alpha)}|10\rangle\langle 11| + e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha-\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 10| - e^{\frac{i}{\hbar}(\alpha+\beta)}|11\rangle\langle 11| \right)}$$

### Exercise 5

$$\hat{u}_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \hat{u}_B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

a.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $|10\rangle|10\rangle, |10\rangle|11\rangle, |11\rangle|10\rangle, |11\rangle|11\rangle$

$$i.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle|10\rangle = \hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle|10\rangle + |10\rangle|11\rangle + |11\rangle|10\rangle + |11\rangle|11\rangle)}$$

$$ii.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle|11\rangle = \hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle|10\rangle + |10\rangle|11\rangle - |11\rangle|10\rangle + |11\rangle|11\rangle)}$$

$$iii.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |11\rangle|10\rangle = \hat{u}_A|11\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A|11\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle|10\rangle - |10\rangle|11\rangle + |11\rangle|10\rangle + |11\rangle|11\rangle)}$$

$$iv.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |11\rangle|11\rangle = \hat{u}_A|11\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\boxed{\hat{u}_A|11\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle|10\rangle - |10\rangle|11\rangle - |11\rangle|10\rangle + |11\rangle|11\rangle)}$$

b.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle), \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle - i|11\rangle)$

$$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle + i|11\rangle) \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|10\rangle - i|11\rangle) = \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle|10\rangle + i|10\rangle|11\rangle + i|11\rangle|10\rangle - |11\rangle|11\rangle)$$

### Exercise 5 Continued

$$i.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle|10\rangle = \hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle|10\rangle + |10\rangle|11\rangle + |11\rangle|10\rangle + |11\rangle|11\rangle)$$

$$ii.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle|11\rangle = \hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A|10\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-i|10\rangle|10\rangle + i|10\rangle|11\rangle - i|11\rangle|10\rangle + i|11\rangle|11\rangle)$$

$$iii.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |11\rangle|10\rangle = \hat{u}_A|i1\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A|i1\rangle = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A|i1\rangle \hat{u}_B|10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-i|10\rangle|10\rangle - i|10\rangle|11\rangle + i|11\rangle|10\rangle + i|11\rangle|11\rangle)$$

$$iv.) \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |-11\rangle|11\rangle = -\hat{u}_A|i1\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle$$

$$-\hat{u}_A|i1\rangle = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle - |11\rangle) : \quad \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$-\hat{u}_A|i1\rangle \hat{u}_B|11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle|10\rangle + |10\rangle|11\rangle + |11\rangle|10\rangle - |11\rangle|11\rangle)$$

V.) Add them together

$$-i|10\rangle|10\rangle + |10\rangle|11\rangle + |11\rangle|10\rangle + i|11\rangle|11\rangle$$

### Exercise 5 Continued

C.) Determine  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  on  $\frac{1}{2}(10\rangle 10\rangle + 10\rangle 11\rangle + 11\rangle 10\rangle - 11\rangle 11\rangle)$

$$\text{i.) } \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle 10\rangle = \hat{u}_A |10\rangle \hat{u}_B |10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A |10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \hat{u}_B |10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A |10\rangle \hat{u}_B |10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (|10\rangle 10\rangle + |10\rangle 11\rangle + |11\rangle 10\rangle + |11\rangle 11\rangle)$$

$$\text{ii.) } \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |10\rangle 11\rangle = \hat{u}_A |10\rangle \hat{u}_B |11\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A |10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \hat{u}_B |11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A |10\rangle \hat{u}_B |11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle 10\rangle + |10\rangle 11\rangle - |11\rangle 10\rangle + |11\rangle 11\rangle)$$

$$\text{iii.) } \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B |11\rangle 10\rangle = \hat{u}_A |11\rangle \hat{u}_B |10\rangle$$

$$\hat{u}_A |11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle) : \hat{u}_B |10\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}_A |11\rangle \hat{u}_B |10\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle 10\rangle - |10\rangle 11\rangle + |11\rangle 10\rangle + |11\rangle 11\rangle)$$

$$\text{iv.) } \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B -11\rangle 11\rangle = -\hat{u}_A |11\rangle \hat{u}_B |11\rangle$$

$$-\hat{u}_A |11\rangle = \frac{-1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|10\rangle - |11\rangle) : \hat{u}_B |11\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-|10\rangle + |11\rangle)$$

$$-\hat{u}_A |11\rangle \hat{u}_B |11\rangle = \frac{1}{2} (-|10\rangle 10\rangle + |10\rangle 11\rangle + |11\rangle 10\rangle - |11\rangle 11\rangle)$$

V.) Add them together

$$-|10\rangle 10\rangle + |10\rangle 11\rangle + |11\rangle 10\rangle + |11\rangle 11\rangle$$

### Exercise 6

a.) Determine matrix for  $\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B$  for previous examples

$$\text{i.) } \hat{u}_A = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \hat{u}_B = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha-\beta)/2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ e^{i(\alpha-\beta)/2} \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha-\beta)/2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha+\beta)/2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ e^{i(\alpha+\beta)/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

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$$\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha-\beta)/2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha+\beta)/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\text{ii.) } \hat{u}_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \quad \hat{u}_B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}, \quad \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ -\frac{1}{2} \\ \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore \hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercise 6 Continued

b.) Show that we can construct  $\hat{U}_A \otimes \hat{U}_B$  via

$$\hat{A} \otimes \hat{B} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 & a_2 \\ a_3 & a_4 \end{pmatrix} \otimes \begin{pmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \\ b_3 & b_4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} a_1 b_1 & a_1 b_2 & a_2 b_1 & a_2 b_2 \\ a_1 b_3 & a_1 b_4 & a_2 b_3 & a_2 b_4 \\ a_3 b_1 & a_3 b_2 & a_4 b_1 & a_4 b_2 \\ a_3 b_3 & a_3 b_4 & a_4 b_3 & a_4 b_4 \end{pmatrix}$$

i.)  $U_A = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix}, U_B = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\beta/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\beta/2} \end{pmatrix}$

$$\hat{U}_A \otimes \hat{U}_B = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i(\alpha+\beta)/2} & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i(\beta-\alpha)/2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha-\beta)/2} & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & e^{i(\alpha+\beta)/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

ii.)  $\hat{u}_A = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{u}_B = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

$$\hat{u}_A \otimes \hat{u}_B = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 & -1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 & 1 & -1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

### Exercise 7

$$\hat{u}(\alpha) = \begin{pmatrix} e^{-i\alpha/2} & 0 \\ 0 & e^{i\alpha/2} \end{pmatrix}$$

For the following initial states determine FI

$$a.) |+\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle) \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$$

$$|\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(|0\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}(\alpha)|\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{u}(\alpha)|0\rangle\hat{u}(\alpha)|0\rangle + \hat{u}(\alpha)|0\rangle\hat{u}(\alpha)|1\rangle + \hat{u}(\alpha)|1\rangle\hat{u}(\alpha)|0\rangle + \hat{u}(\alpha)|1\rangle\hat{u}(\alpha)|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{u}(\alpha)|\psi_0\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(e^{-i\alpha}|0\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle + e^{i\alpha}|1\rangle|1\rangle) = |+\rangle$$

SG X (A)	SG X (B)	State	$\langle \hat{x}_1   \hat{x}_1 \rangle$
+	+	$\frac{ 0\rangle+ 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle+ 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\langle 01 01 + \langle 01 11 + \langle 11 01 + \langle 11 11)$
+	-	$\frac{ 0\rangle+ 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle- 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\langle 01 01 - \langle 01 11 + \langle 11 01 - \langle 11 11)$
-	+	$\frac{ 0\rangle- 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle+ 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\langle 01 01 + \langle 01 11 - \langle 11 01 - \langle 11 11)$
-	-	$\frac{ 0\rangle- 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle- 1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2}(\langle 01 01 - \langle 01 11 - \langle 11 01 + \langle 11 11)$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | +\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|01|0\rangle} + e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|11|0\rangle} + e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|01|0\rangle} + e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|11|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|01|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|11|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|11|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|01|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|11|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|11|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|1\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|11|1\rangle})$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | +\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(e^{-i\alpha} + 2 + e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{4}(\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) + 2 + \cos(\alpha) + i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{4}(2 + 2\cos(2\alpha))$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | -\rangle = \frac{1}{2}(1 + \cos(\alpha)) : |\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | -\rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{4}(1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) \longrightarrow P_a$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | +\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|01|0\rangle} - e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|11|0\rangle} + e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|01|0\rangle} - e^{-i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|11|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|01|11\rangle} - \cancel{\langle 01|11|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|11\rangle} - \cancel{\langle 11|11|11\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 01|01|0\rangle} - \cancel{\langle 01|11|0\rangle} + \cancel{\langle 11|01|0\rangle} - \cancel{\langle 11|11|0\rangle} - \cancel{\langle 11|01|1\rangle} + e^{i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|01|1\rangle} - e^{i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 01|11|1\rangle} + e^{i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|01|1\rangle} - e^{i\alpha}\cancel{\langle 11|11|1\rangle})$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | -\rangle = \frac{1}{4}(e^{-i\alpha} - e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{4}(\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) - \cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{4}(-2i\sin(\alpha)) = -\frac{1}{2}(i\sin(2\alpha))$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | -\rangle = -\frac{1}{2}(i\sin(\alpha)) : |\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | -\rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{4}\sin^2(\alpha) \longrightarrow P_b$$

### Exercise 7 Continued

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = \frac{1}{4} (e^{-i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle + e^{-i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle + \\ \langle 01 \langle 0|0\rangle 11 \rangle + \langle 01 \langle 1|0\rangle 11 \rangle - \langle 11 \langle 0|0\rangle 11 \rangle - \langle 11 \langle 1|0\rangle 11 \rangle + \langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle + \langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle - \\ \langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle - \langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle )$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = \frac{1}{4} (e^{-i\alpha} - e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{4} (\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) - \cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{4} (-2i\sin(\alpha)) = -\frac{1}{2} (i\sin(\alpha))$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = -\frac{1}{2} (i\sin(\alpha)) : |\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) \longrightarrow P_c$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = \frac{1}{4} (e^{-i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle + \\ \langle 01 \langle 0|0\rangle 11 \rangle - \langle 01 \langle 1|0\rangle 11 \rangle - \langle 11 \langle 0|0\rangle 11 \rangle + \langle 11 \langle 1|0\rangle 11 \rangle + \langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle - \langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle - \\ - \langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 10 \rangle + \langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 10 \rangle + e^{i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle - e^{i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle + e^{i\alpha} \langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle )$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = \frac{1}{4} (e^{-i\alpha} - 1 - 1 + e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{4} (-2 + \cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) + \cos(\alpha) + i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{4} (-2 + 2\cos(\alpha))$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle = \frac{1}{2} (1 - \cos(\alpha)) : |\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \uparrow \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{4} (1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) \longrightarrow P_d$$

Fisher information :  $F = \sum_{\text{All possible outcomes}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\text{Prob(outcome)}} \left( \frac{\partial \text{Prob(outcome)}}{\partial \theta} \right)^2 : F = F_a + F_b + F_c + F_d$

$$F_a: P_a = \frac{1}{4} (1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) : \frac{\partial P_a}{\partial \alpha} = -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha) \sin(\alpha) = -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) (1 + \cos(\alpha))$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial P_a}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) (1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) : \frac{1}{P_a} = \frac{4}{(1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha))}$$

$$F_a = \frac{4}{(1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha))} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) (1 + 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) = \sin^2(\alpha) : F_a = \sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$F_b: P_b = \frac{1}{4} (\sin^2(\alpha)) : \frac{\partial P_b}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) \cos(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_b}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) \cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_b} = \frac{4}{\sin^2(\alpha)}$$

$$F_b = \frac{4}{\sin^2(\alpha)} \cdot \frac{\sin^2(\alpha) \cos^2(\alpha)}{4} = \cos^2(\alpha) : F_b = \cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$F_c: P_c = \frac{1}{4} (\sin^2(\alpha)) : \frac{\partial P_c}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) \cos(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_c}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) \cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_c} = \frac{4}{\sin^2(\alpha)}$$

$$F_c = \frac{4}{\sin^2(\alpha)} \cdot \frac{\sin^2(\alpha) \cos^2(\alpha)}{4} = \cos^2(\alpha) : F_c = \cos^2(\alpha)$$

### Exercise 7 Continued

$$F_d: P_d = \frac{1}{4} (1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) : \frac{\partial P_d}{\partial \alpha} = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\alpha) \sin(\alpha) = \frac{1}{2} \sin(\alpha) (1 - \cos(\alpha))$$

$$\left( \frac{\partial P_d}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) (1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) : \frac{1}{P_d} = \frac{4}{(1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha))}$$

$$F_d = \frac{4}{(1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha))} \cdot \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\alpha) (1 - 2\cos(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha)) = \sin^2(\alpha) : F_d = \sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$F = F_a + F_b + F_c + F_d = \sin^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha) + \cos^2(\alpha) + \sin^2(\alpha) = 2\sin^2(\alpha) + 2\cos^2(\alpha) = 2$$

$$F = 2$$

$$b.) |+\rangle_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{U}(\alpha)|+\rangle_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{U}(\alpha)|0\rangle \hat{U}(\alpha)|0\rangle + \hat{U}(\alpha)|1\rangle \hat{U}(\alpha)|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{U}(\alpha)|+\rangle_0 = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha}|0\rangle|0\rangle + e^{i\alpha}|1\rangle|1\rangle) = |+\rangle$$

SG X (A)	SG X (B)	Start e	$\langle \hat{x}_1   \hat{x}_1  $
+	+	$\frac{ 0\rangle +  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle +  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\langle 01 01  + \langle 01 11  + \langle 11 01  + \langle 11 11 )$
+	-	$\frac{ 0\rangle +  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle -  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\langle 01 01  - \langle 01 11  + \langle 11 01  - \langle 11 11 )$
-	+	$\frac{ 0\rangle -  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle +  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\langle 01 01  + \langle 01 11  - \langle 11 01  - \langle 11 11 )$
-	-	$\frac{ 0\rangle -  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}, \frac{ 0\rangle -  1\rangle}{\sqrt{2}}$	$\frac{1}{2} (\langle 01 01  - \langle 01 11  - \langle 11 01  + \langle 11 11 )$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left( e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|01|} |0\rangle + e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|11|} |0\rangle + e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|01|} |0\rangle + e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|11|} |0\rangle \right. \\ \left. + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|01|} |1\rangle + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|11|} |1\rangle + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|01|} |1\rangle + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|11|} |1\rangle \right)$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha} + e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) + \cos(\alpha) + i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (2\cos(\alpha))$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos(\alpha) : |\langle +\hat{x}_1 | +\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\alpha) \rightarrow P_a$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} \left( e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|01|} |0\rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|11|} |0\rangle + e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|01|} |0\rangle - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|11|} |0\rangle \right. \\ \left. + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|01|} |1\rangle - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01|11|} |1\rangle + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|01|} |1\rangle - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11|11|} |1\rangle \right)$$

$$\langle +\hat{x}_1 | -\hat{x}_1 | \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha} - e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) - \cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{-i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\alpha)$$

### Exercise 7 Continued

$$\langle +\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\alpha) : |\langle +\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\alpha) \longrightarrow P_b$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle} + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle} - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle} - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle} \right. \\ \left. + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle} + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle} - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle} - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle} \right)$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha} - e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{2}} (\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) - \cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (-2i\sin(\alpha)) = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\alpha)$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = -\frac{i}{\sqrt{2}} \sin(\alpha) : |\langle -\hat{x} | \langle +\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\alpha) \longrightarrow P_c$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \left( e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle} - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle} - e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 0|0\rangle 10 \rangle} + e^{-i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 1|0\rangle 10 \rangle} \right. \\ \left. + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle} - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 01 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle} - e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 0|1\rangle 11 \rangle} + e^{i\alpha} \cancel{\langle 11 \langle 1|1\rangle 11 \rangle} \right)$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (e^{-i\alpha} + e^{i\alpha}) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\cos(\alpha) - i\sin(\alpha) + \cos(\alpha) + i\sin(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (2\cos(\alpha)) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos(\alpha)$$

$$\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \cos(\alpha) : |\langle -\hat{x} | \langle -\hat{x} | \gamma^+ \rangle|^2 = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\alpha) \longrightarrow P_d$$

Fisher information :  $F = \sum_{\text{All possible outcomes}}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\text{Prob(outcome)}} \left( \frac{\partial \text{Prob(outcome)}}{\partial P} \right)^2 : F = F_a + F_b + F_c + F_d$

$$F_a : P_a = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\alpha) : \frac{\partial P_a}{\partial \alpha} = -\cos(\alpha)\sin(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_a}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \cos^2(\alpha)\sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_a} = \frac{2}{\cos^2(\alpha)} : \frac{2}{\cos^2(\alpha)} \cdot \cos^2(\alpha)\sin^2(\alpha) = 2\sin^2(\alpha) : F_a = 2\sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$F_b : P_b = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\alpha) : \frac{\partial P_b}{\partial \alpha} = \sin(\alpha)\cos(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_b}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \sin^2(\alpha)\cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_b} = \frac{2}{\sin^2(\alpha)} : \frac{2}{\sin^2(\alpha)} \cdot \sin^2(\alpha)\cos^2(\alpha) = 2\cos^2(\alpha) : F_b = 2\cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$F_c : P_c = \frac{1}{2} \sin^2(\alpha) : \frac{\partial P_c}{\partial \alpha} = \sin(\alpha)\cos(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_c}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \sin^2(\alpha)\cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_c} = \frac{2}{\sin^2(\alpha)} : \frac{2}{\sin^2(\alpha)} \cdot \sin^2(\alpha)\cos^2(\alpha) = 2\cos^2(\alpha) : F_c = 2\cos^2(\alpha)$$

$$F_d : P_d = \frac{1}{2} \cos^2(\alpha) : \frac{\partial P_d}{\partial \alpha} = -\cos(\alpha)\sin(\alpha) : \left( \frac{\partial P_d}{\partial \alpha} \right)^2 = \cos^2(\alpha)\sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$\frac{1}{P_d} = \frac{2}{\cos^2(\alpha)} : \frac{2}{\cos^2(\alpha)} \cdot \cos^2(\alpha)\sin^2(\alpha) = 2\sin^2(\alpha) : F_d = 2\sin^2(\alpha)$$

$$F = F_a + F_b + F_c + F_d = 2\sin^2(\alpha) + 2\cos^2(\alpha) + 2\cos^2(\alpha) + 2\sin^2(\alpha) = 4\sin^2(\alpha) + 4\cos^2(\alpha) = 4$$

$$F = 4$$