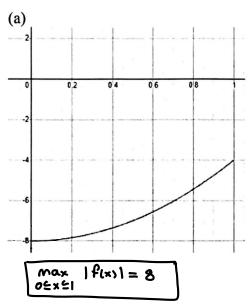
Math 361

Numerical Analysis

8/29/19 Quiz 2

Answer the following questions in the space provided. Show all work. (35 pts. total.)

1. Use the graphs of the functions f below to find $\max_{0 \le x \le 1} |f(x)|$ for each. (3 pts. each)



(b) max 1f(x) 1 = 2 OLXCI

2. Circle the symbolically correct version of the remainder term $R_n(x)$ for the n-th Taylor polynomial $P_n(x)$. (5 pts)

(a)
$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n)}(\xi(x))}{n!} (x - x_0)^n$$

$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n)}(\xi(x))}{n!} (x - x_0)^n \qquad \text{(b)} R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi(x))}{(n+1)!} (x - x_0)^{n+1}$$

$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} (x - x_0)^{n+1} \qquad \text{(d)} R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n)}(\xi(x))}{n!} x^n$$

(c)
$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n+1)}(\xi)}{(n+1)!} (x - x_0)^{n+1}$$

(d)
$$R_n(x) = \frac{f^{(n)}(\xi(x))}{n!} x^n$$

3. For the remainder term $R_n(x)$ for the *n*-th Taylor polynomial $P_n(x)$, answer the following. (2 pts. each)

True or False (Circle one): It is generally the case that $f^{(n+1)}(\xi(x)) = f^{(n+1)}(x)$. False (a)

<u>True or False</u>(Circle one): $\xi(x)$ is a number between x_0 and x. True (b)

5. Let $f(x) = 6\cos(x)$.

(a) Find the second Taylor polynomial
$$P_2(x)$$
 about $x_0 = 0$. (10 pts.)
$$P_n(x) = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} \frac{f^{(n)}(x_0)}{n!} (x-x_0)^n$$

$$\int_{u}^{u}(x) = \sum_{\alpha=0}^{u=0} \frac{U_{i}}{\int_{u}^{u}(x^{\alpha})} (x-x^{\alpha})_{u}$$

$$f^{11}(x) = 6.5 in(x) : f^{11}(0) = 6.5 in(0) = 0$$

$$f'(x) = -6.5in(x)$$
: $f'(0) = -6.5in(0) = 0$

$$f''(x) = -6 \cdot \cos(x)$$
: $f''(0) = -6 \cdot \cos(0) = -6$

$$P_2(x) = 6 - \frac{6x^2}{2} = 6 - 3x^2$$
 $P_2(x) = 6 - 3x^2$

(b) Using the methods covered in class, find an upper bound for $|R_2(0.3)|$. Be sure to show your steps in deriving your upper bound. (10 pts.)