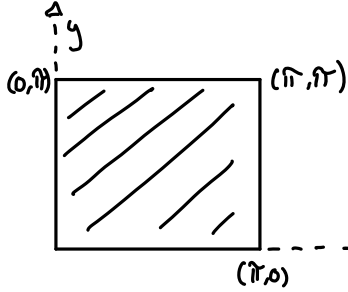


### Problem 12.9.13

$$0.1xy(\pi-x)(\pi-y) \quad c^2=1, \quad V_0=0$$



$$u(x, y, t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (B_{mn} \cos \lambda_{mn} t + B_{mn}^* \sin \lambda_{mn} t) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{a} x\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{b} y\right)$$

$$\lambda_{mn} = c\pi \sqrt{\frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2}}$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^b \int_0^a f(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{b}y\right) dx dy$$

$$B_{mn}^* = \frac{4}{ab\lambda_{mn}} \int_0^b \int_0^a g(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{a}y\right) dx dy$$

$$f(x,y) = xy, \quad g(x,y) = 0, \quad a = \pi, \quad b = \pi, \quad c = 1$$

$$\lambda_{mn} = \pi \sqrt{\frac{m^2}{\pi^2} + \frac{n^2}{\pi^2}} = \sqrt{m^2 + n^2}, \quad \lambda_{m0} = \sqrt{m^2 + 0^2}$$

$$B_{mn}^* = 0 \quad \text{since } g(x, y) = 0$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi xy \sin(mx) \sin(ny) \, dx \, dy \rightarrow \frac{4}{\pi^2} \left[ \int_0^\pi \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ (2)}}{y \sin(ny)} \, dy \int_0^\pi \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ (1)}}{x \sin(mx)} \, dx \right]$$

①  $\int_0^{\pi} x \sin(nx) dx$   $u = x, du = dx$   
 $v' = \sin(nx) dx, v = \frac{-\cos(nx)}{n}$

Parts:  $uv - \int v du$

$$\frac{-x \cos(nx)}{n} \Big|_0^{\pi} + \int_0^{\pi} \cos(nx) dx = \frac{-\pi \cos(n\pi)}{n} + \left[ \frac{\sin(nx)}{n} \right]_0^{\pi} = \frac{-\pi}{n} (-1)^n$$

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^n (-1)^n = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} (-1)^{n+n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 1 = \infty$$

②  $\int_0^{\pi} y \sin(my) dy$        $u=y, da=dy$   
 $v' = \sin(my) dy = \underline{\underline{-\cos(my)}}$

$$\left. \frac{-y \cos(my)}{m} \right|_0^{\pi} + \int_0^{\pi} \cos(my) dy = \frac{-\pi}{m} \cos(m\pi) + \left[ \frac{\sin(my)}{m} \right]_0^{\pi} - \frac{-\pi}{m} (-1)^m$$

$$\prod_{m=1}^{\infty} (-1)^1 (-1)^m = \prod_{m=1}^{\infty} (-1)^{m+1} = 2$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \int_0^\pi \int_0^\pi xy \sin(mx) \sin(ny) \, dx \, dy = \frac{4}{\pi^2} \left[ \frac{\pi^2}{mn} (-1)^{m+1} (-1)^{n+1} \right] = \frac{4}{mn} (-1)^{m+n+2}$$

Problem 12.9.13 Continued

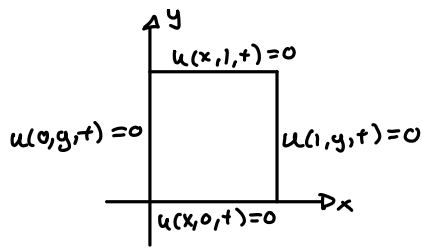
$$u(x, y, t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} (B_{mn} \cos \lambda_{mn} t + B_{mn}^* \sin \lambda_{mn} t) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi}{a}x\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi}{b}y\right)$$

$$u(x, y, t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \frac{4}{mn} (-1)^{m+n+2} \cos(\sqrt{m^2+n^2} t) \sin(mx) \sin(ny)$$

$$u(x, y, t) = 4 \left[ \cos \sqrt{2} t \sin(x) \sin(y) + \frac{1}{4} \cos(2\sqrt{2} t) \sin(2x) \sin(2y) + \frac{1}{9} \cos(3\sqrt{2} t) \sin(3x) \sin(3y) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{16} \cos(4\sqrt{2} t) \sin(4x) \sin(4y) + \frac{1}{25} \cos(5\sqrt{2} t) \sin(5x) \sin(5y) + \frac{1}{36} \cos(6\sqrt{2} t) \sin(6x) \sin(6y) \right]$$

### Example

Find  $u(x,y,t)$  of the figure with  $c^2=1$  and initial velocity is 0.



BVP of the form:  $u_{tt} = u_{xx} + u_{yy}$

$$a=b=1, \quad f(x,y)=y$$

$$c=1,$$

$$\text{Solution: } u(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ B_{mn} \cos(\lambda_{mn} t) + B_{mn}^* \sin(\lambda_{mn} t) \right] \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right), \quad \lambda_{mn} = c\pi \sqrt{\frac{m^2}{a^2} + \frac{n^2}{b^2}}$$

$$u(x,y,t) = \sum_{m=1}^{\infty} \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} \left[ B_{mn} \cos(\lambda_{mn} t) \right] \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right), \quad B_{mn} = \frac{4}{ab} \int_0^b \int_0^a f(x,y) \sin\left(\frac{m\pi x}{a}\right) \sin\left(\frac{n\pi y}{b}\right) dx dy$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{4}{1} \int_0^1 \int_0^1 y \sin(m\pi x) \sin(n\pi y) dx dy = 4 \int_0^1 y \sin(n\pi y) dy \cdot \left[ -\frac{\cos(m\pi x)}{m\pi} \right]_0^1$$

$$= 4 \left[ -\frac{\cos(m\pi)}{m\pi} + \frac{\cos(0)}{m\pi} \right] \int_0^1 y \sin(n\pi y) dy \quad \begin{array}{l} u=y \quad du=dy \\ v' = \sin(n\pi y) dy \quad v = -\frac{\cos(n\pi y)}{(n\pi)} \end{array}$$

$$= \frac{4}{m\pi} [1 - (-1)^m] \cdot \left[ -y \frac{\cos(n\pi y)}{(n\pi)} \Big|_0^1 + \frac{1}{(n\pi)} \int_0^1 \cos(n\pi y) dy \right]$$

$$= \frac{4}{m\pi} [1 - (-1)^m] \cdot \left[ -\frac{\cos(n\pi)}{(n\pi)} + \frac{1}{(n\pi)^2} \sin(n\pi y) \Big|_0^1 \right] = \frac{4}{mn(n\pi)^2} \cdot [1 - (-1)^m] (-1)^n$$

$$B_{mn} = \frac{8 \cdot (-1)^n}{mn(n\pi)^2} \quad \text{iff } m=2k+1$$

$$0 \quad \text{iff } m=2k$$