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Dr. Middleton PHYS 132 HW

3-27-17 Ch.32

Ch.32

P. 10,13,14

Problems

32.P.10

$$B = 0.10 \text{ T}$$

$$d = 3.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m} \quad I ?$$

$$r = 1.5 \times 10^{-2}$$

$$I = 760 \text{ A}$$

$$B = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$$

$$\frac{2\pi B r}{\mu_0} = I$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$I = 760 \text{ A}$$

$$B = 0.10 \text{ T}$$

$$r = 3.0 \times 10^{-3} \text{ m}$$

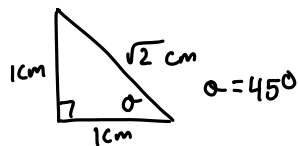
32.P.13

$$I = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$a.) (0 \text{ cm}, 0 \text{ cm})$$

$$b.) (1 \text{ cm}, 0 \text{ cm})$$

$$c.) (2 \text{ cm}, 0 \text{ cm})$$



$$a.) \quad B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d}$$

$a=c$ due to symmetry

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$R = 0.01 \text{ m}$$

$$z = \sqrt{2} \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$I = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d} (\cos\theta + \sin\theta) + \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d} (\cos\theta - \sin\theta)$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi d} (\cos\theta + \sin\theta + \cos\theta - \sin\theta)$$

$$\frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi d} (\cos\theta)$$

$$\frac{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})}{\pi (\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-2})} \cos 45 = 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$a.) \quad B = 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T } \uparrow$$

$$b.) \quad B = 2.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T } \hat{j}$$

$$c.) \quad B = 2.0 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T } \uparrow$$

$$b.) \quad B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d}$$

$$B_B = B_{\text{top}} + B_{\text{bot}}$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$I = 10 \text{ A}$$

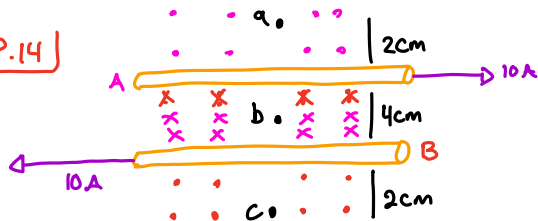
$$d = \sqrt{2} \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$$

$$B_T: \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d} = \frac{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(10 \text{ A})}{2\pi (\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})} = 1.41 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$B_B: \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d} = \frac{(4\pi \times 10^{-7})(10 \text{ A})}{2\pi (\sqrt{2} \times 10^{-2} \text{ m})} = 1.41 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

$$B_T + B_B = 2.83 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$$

32.P.14



$a=c$ due to symmetry

a.) $B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$

$$B_a = B_A + B_B : \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d_1} - \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d_2} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi} \left(\frac{1}{d_1} - \frac{1}{d_2} \right)$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$I = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$d_1 = 0.02 \text{ m}$$

$$d_2 = 0.06 \text{ m}$$

$$\vec{B}_a = 6.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T } \hat{k}$$

$$B_a = 6.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T } \hat{k}$$

$$B_b = -4.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T } \hat{k}$$

$$B_c = 6.67 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T } \hat{k}$$

b.) $B_{\text{wire}} = \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi r}$

$$B_b = B_b + B_c : \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d_c} - \frac{\mu_0 I}{2\pi d_b}$$

$$\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$$

$$I = 10 \text{ A}$$

$$d_b = 0.02 \text{ m}$$

$$d_c = 0.02 \text{ m}$$

$$- \frac{\mu_0 I}{\pi} \left(\frac{1}{d_c} + \frac{1}{d_b} \right) = -4.0 \times 10^{-4} \hat{k} \text{ T}$$

$$\vec{B}_b = 4.0 \times 10^{-4} \hat{k} \text{ T}$$