1.) 
$$y' = y^{2} + 4$$
 It  $1 < \frac{\pi}{4}$ 
 $y = 2 \tan 2t$ 
 $y' = 4 \sec^{2} 2t$ 

Sec<sup>2</sup>  $x = Tan^{2} x + 1$ 
 $4 \sec^{2} 2t = 4 \tan^{2} 2t + 4$ 
 $5 e^{2} 2t = \tan^{2} 2t + 1$ 
 $5 e^{2} 2t = \tan^{2} 2t + 1$ 

7.) 
$$y = ce^{t^{2}}$$

$$y' = 2ty \qquad y(0) = 2$$

$$y' = 2t \cdot ce^{t^{2}}$$

$$2t \cdot ce^{t^{2}} = 2t \cdot ce^{t^{2}}$$

$$2 = ce^{0^{2}}$$

$$2 = ce^{0^{2}}$$

$$2 = ce^{0}$$

C=2

 $\gamma'' = 4Ae^{at} + Be^{-t}$   $d\gamma = 2Ae^{at} + 20e^{-t}$  $\gamma = Ae^{at} + Be^{-t}$ 

 $t + 2t lnt = \frac{2y}{t} + t$ 

t+2tlnt=2tlnt+t

53.) 
$$y''-y'-2y=0$$

a.)  $y=e^{2t}$   $y=e^{-t}$ 
 $y'=3e^{3t}$   $y=e^{3t}$   $y=e^{3t}$ 
 $y''=4e^{3t}$   $y=e^{3t}$ 
 $y''=-e^{-t}$   $y=e^{-t}$ 

b.)  $y=Ae^{3t}$ 
 $y''=Ae^{3t}$ 
 $y''=4Ae^{3t}$ 
 $y''=4$ 

D.) y(0) = 2 y'(0) = -5  $2 = Ae^{0} + Be^{0}$   $-5 = 2Ae^{0} - Be^{0}$  A = -1 2 = A + B -5 = 2A - B B = 3 2 = A + B 2 = -1 + B -6 = 2A - B 3 = B -3 = 3A A = -1B = 3