

$$1.) \int_0^1 \int_{x^2}^x (8+16y) dy dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \left[\int_{x^2}^x (8+16y) dy \right] dx$$

$$\frac{12}{5}$$

$$\int_0^1 \left[(8x + 8(x^2)) - (8(x^2) + 8(x^2)^2) \right] dx$$

$$\int_0^1 [8x + 8x^2 - 8x^2 - 8x^4] dx$$

$$\int_0^1 [8x - 8x^4] dx$$

$$4x^2 - \frac{8x^5}{5} \Big|_0^1 = 4(1)^2 - \frac{8(1)^5}{5} = 4 - \frac{8}{5} = \frac{12}{5}$$

$$2.) \iint_D xy^2 dA, D = \{(x,y) | -1 \leq y \leq 1, -x \leq x \leq y\}$$

$$\int_1^1 \int_{-y^2}^y xy^2 dx dy$$

$$\frac{28}{3}$$

$$7(y)y^2 - 7(-y^2)y^2$$

$$7y^3 - 7(-y^3 - 2y^2)$$

$$7y^3 + 7y^3 + 14y^2$$

$$\int_1^1 14y^3 + 14y^2 dy$$

$$\frac{7}{3}y^4 + \frac{14}{3}y^3 \Big|_1^1$$

$$\frac{7}{3}(1)^4 + \frac{14}{3}(1) - \left(\frac{7}{3}(-1)^4 + \frac{14}{3}(-1)^3 \right)$$

$$\frac{7}{3} + \frac{14}{3} - \frac{7}{3} + \frac{14}{3}$$

$$\frac{28}{3}$$

$$3.) \iint_D \frac{6y}{6x^5+1} dA, D = \{(x,y) | 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq x^2\}$$

$$\int_{x=0}^{x=1} \int_{y=0}^{y=x^2} \frac{6y}{6x^5+1} dy dx = \frac{1}{10} (\ln(7) - \ln(1))$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{6x^5+1} \int_0^{x^2} 6y dy dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{6x^5+1} [3y^2]_0^{x^2} dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{6x^5+1} [3(x^2)^2 - 3(0)^2] dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{1}{6x^5+1} [3x^4] dx$$

$$\int_0^1 \frac{3x^4}{6x^5+1} dx$$

$$\frac{3}{30} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\frac{3}{30} [\ln u]_0^1$$

$$\frac{3}{30} \ln(6x^5+1)$$

$$\frac{3}{30} \ln(6(1)^5+1) - \frac{3}{30} \ln(6(0)+1)$$

$$\frac{3}{30} \ln(7) - \frac{3}{30} \ln(1)$$

$$\frac{3}{30} (\ln(7) - \ln(1))$$

$$3 \int_0^1 \frac{x^4}{6x^5+1}$$

$$u = 6x^5 + 1$$

$$du = 30x^4 dx$$

$$\frac{1}{30} du = x^4 dx$$

4.) $\iint_D y \, dA$ D is bounded by
 $y = x - 56$
 $x = y^2$

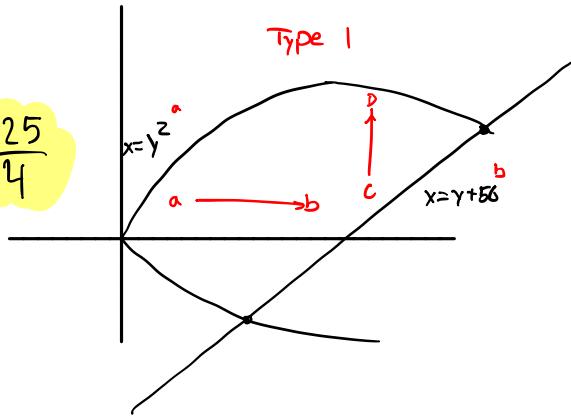
$$\begin{aligned} y &= y^2 - 56 \\ 0 &= y^2 - y - 56 \\ (y-8)(y+7) &= 0 \\ y &= 8, -7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x - 56 \\ y &= -7 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} x &= y^2 \\ x &= 64 \\ x &= 49 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} y &= x - 56 & x &= y + 56 \\ y &= \pm\sqrt{x} & x &= y^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_{-7}^8 \int_{y^2}^{y+56} y \, dx \, dy = \frac{1125}{4}$$



$$\int_{-7}^8 \left[yx \right]_{y^2}^{y+56} \, dy$$

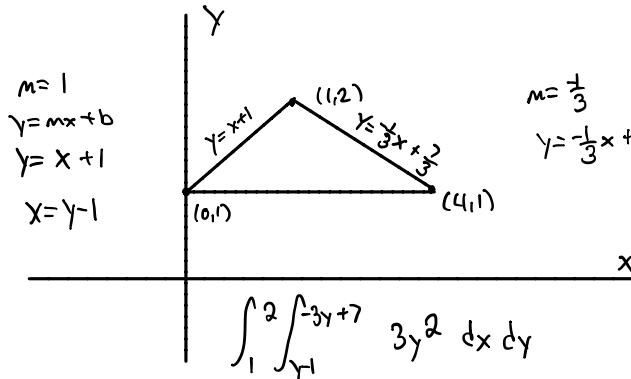
$$\int_{-7}^8 (y(y+56) - y(y^2)) \, dy$$

$$\int_{-7}^8 (y^2 + 56y - y^3) \, dy$$

$$\left[\frac{1}{3}y^3 + 28y^2 - \frac{1}{4}y^4 \right]_{-7}^8$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{3}(8^3) + 28(8) - \frac{1}{4}(8^4) \right) - \left(\frac{1}{3}(-7)^3 + 28(-7) - \frac{1}{4}(-7)^4 \right)$$

5.) $\iint_D 3y^2 \, dA$ (0,1) (1,2) (4,1)



$$\begin{aligned} m &= 1 & 2 &= \frac{1}{3}(1) + b \\ y &= mx + b & 2 &= \frac{-1}{3} + b \\ y &= x + 1 & \frac{7}{3} &= b \\ x &= y - 1 & Y - \frac{7}{3} &= \frac{-1}{3}x \\ && -3y + 7 &= x \end{aligned}$$

$$\int_1^2 \int_{y-1}^{3y+7} 3y^2 \, dx \, dy = 11$$

$$\int_1^2 \left[3y^2 x \right]_{y-1}^{3y+7} \, dy$$

$$\int_1^2 [3y^2(3y+7) - 3y^2(y-1)] \, dy$$

$$\int_1^2 [-9y^3 + 21y^2 - 3y^3 + 3y^2] \, dy$$

$$\int_1^2 [-12y^3 + 24y^2] \, dy$$

$$-3y^4 + 8y^3 \Big|_1^2$$

$$-3(2)^4 + 8(2)^3 - (-3(1)^4 + 8(1)^3)$$

$$-48 + 64 + 3 - 8$$

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7.) $x - 2y + z = 3$ bounded by $x+y=1$, $x^2+y=1$

$x = -y + 1$
 $(-y + 1)^2 + y = 1$
 $y^2 - 2y + 1 + y = 1$
 $y^2 - y = 0$
 $y(y-1) = 0$
 $y=0 \quad y=1$
 $\text{so } x=1 \quad x=0$
 $(1,0) \quad (0,1)$

$0 \leq x \leq 1$
 $0 \leq y \leq 1$

$x - 2y + 2 = 3$
 $x - 2y - 3 + z = 0$
 $x - 2y - 3 = -z$
 $-x + 2y + 3 = z$

$\int_0^1 \int_{1-x}^{1-x^2} 3 - x + 2y \, dy \, dx$

$\int_0^1 \left[3y - xy + y^2 \right]_{1-x}^{1-x^2} \, dx$

$\int_0^1 (3(1-x^2) - x(1-x^2) + (1-x^2)^2 - (3(1-x) - x(1-x) + (1-x)^2) \, dx$

$\int_0^1 (3 - 3x^2 - x + x^3 + x^4 - 2x^2 + 1) - (3 - 3x - x + x^2 + x^2 - 2x + 1) \, dx$

$\int_0^1 (x^4 + x^3 - 5x^2 - x + 4) - (3x^2 - 6x + 4) \, dx$

$\frac{37}{60} \quad \int_0^1 x^4 + x^3 - 7x^2 + 5x \, dx$

$\frac{1}{5}x^5 + \frac{1}{4}x^4 - \frac{7}{3}x^3 + \frac{5}{2}x^2$

$\frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{4} - \frac{7}{3} + \frac{5}{2}$

8.) $Z = 2x^2 + 2y^2$ bounded by $x=0, y=4$, $y=x, z=0$

$x=0$
 $y=4$
 $y=x$

$\int_0^4 \int_x^4 2x^2 + 2y^2 \, dy \, dx$

$\int_0^4 \int_x^4 2x^2 + 2y^2 \, dy \, dx = \frac{512}{3}$

$\int_0^4 \left[2x^2y + \frac{2}{3}y^3 \right]_x^4 \, dx$

$\int_0^4 2x^2(4) + \frac{2}{3}(4)^3 - (2x^2(x) + \frac{2}{3}(x)^3) \, dx$

$\int_0^4 8x^2 + \frac{128}{3} - 2x^3 - \frac{2}{3}x^3 \, dx$

$\int_0^4 -\frac{8}{3}x^3 + 8x^2 + \frac{128}{3} \, dx$

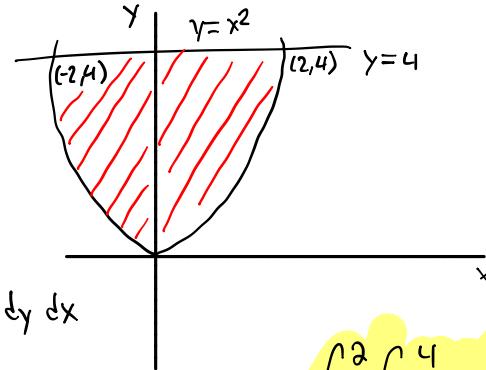
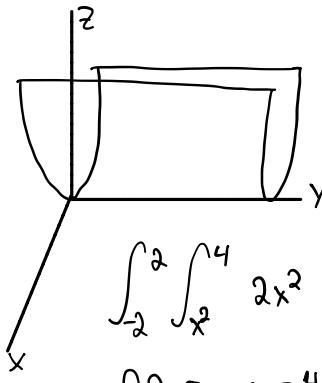
$\left[-\frac{8}{12}x^4 + \frac{8}{3}x^3 + \frac{128}{3}x \right]_0^4$

$-\frac{8}{12}(4)^4 + \frac{8}{3}(4)^3 + \frac{128}{3}(4)$

$-\frac{512}{3} + \frac{512}{3} + \frac{512}{3}$

$\frac{512}{3}$

$$9.) z = 2x^2, y = x^2 \quad z=0, y=4$$



$$\int_{-2}^2 \int_{x^2}^4 2x^2 \, dy \, dx$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 [2x^2 y]_{x^2}^4 \, dx$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 (2(x^2)(4) - 2x^2(x^2)) \, dx$$

$$\int_{-2}^2 (8x^2 - 2x^4) \, dx$$

$$\left. \frac{8}{3}x^3 - \frac{2}{5}x^5 \right|_{-2}^2$$

$$\left(\frac{8}{3}(2)^3 - \frac{2}{5}(2)^5 \right) - \left(\frac{8}{3}(-2)^3 - \frac{2}{5}(-2)^5 \right)$$

$$\left(\frac{64}{3} - \frac{64}{5} \right) - \left(-\frac{64}{3} + \frac{64}{5} \right)$$

$$\frac{128}{3} - \frac{128}{5} = \frac{256}{15}$$

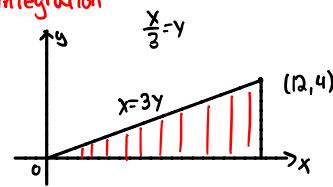
12.) Reverse the order of integration

$$\int_0^4 \int_{3y}^{12} 7e^{x^2} \, dx \, dy$$

$$x = 3y, 12 \\ y = 0, 4$$

$$x = 3y, y = 0 \\ y = \frac{x}{3}$$

$$0 \leq x \leq 12 \\ 0 \leq y \leq \frac{x}{3}$$



$$\int_0^4 \int_{3y}^{12} 7e^{x^2} \, dx \, dy = \frac{7}{6}(e^{144} - 1)$$

$$\int_0^{12} \int_0^{\frac{x}{3}} 7e^{x^2} \, dy \, dx$$

$$\int_0^{12} [7e^{x^2} y]_0^{\frac{x}{3}} \, dx \\ 7e^{x^2} \left(\frac{x}{3} \right) - 7e^{x^2} (0)$$

$$\int_0^{12} 7e^{x^2} \left(\frac{x}{3} \right) \, dx \\ \frac{7}{3} \int_0^{12} x e^{x^2} \, dx$$

$$\frac{7}{3} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \int_0^{12} e^u \, du$$

$$\frac{7}{6} [e^u]$$

$$\frac{7}{6} e^{x^2} \Big|_0^{12} \quad \frac{7}{6} (e^{144} - 1)$$

$$uv - \int v \, du$$

$$u = x^2$$

$$du = 2x \, dx$$

$$\frac{1}{2} du = x \, dx$$

$$13.) \int_0^{16} \int_{\sqrt{x}}^4 \frac{4}{y^3+1} dy dx$$

$$y = \sqrt{x}, 4 \\ x = 0, 16$$

$$x = y^2 \quad y = 4 \\ x = 0 \quad y = 16$$

$$\int_0^{16} \int_0^{y^2} \frac{4}{y^3+1} dy dx$$

$$0 \leq x \leq y^2 \\ 4 \leq y \leq 16$$

$$\int_0^4 \left[\frac{4x}{y^3+1} \right]_0^{y^2} dy$$

$$\int_0^4 \left[\frac{4y^2}{y^3+1} \right] dy$$

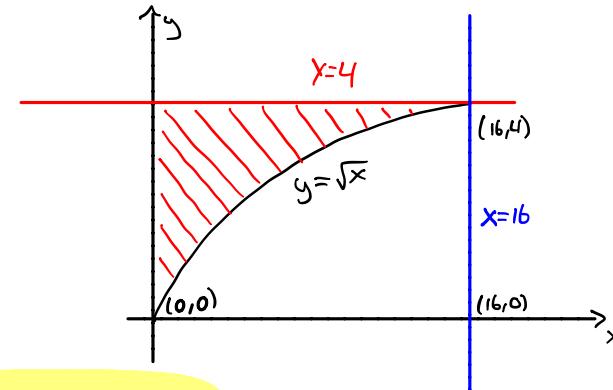
$$4 \int_0^4 \left(\frac{4y^2}{y^3+1} \right) dy$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \int_0^4 \frac{1}{u} du$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \left[\ln(y^3+1) \right]_0^4$$

$$\frac{4}{3} [\ln(65) - \ln(1)]$$

$$\frac{4}{3} \ln(65)$$



$$\int_0^{16} \int_{\sqrt{x}}^4 \frac{4}{y^3+1} dy dx = \frac{4}{3} \ln(65)$$

$$14.) f(x,y) = 6x \sin(y)$$

D is enclosed by the curves;

$$y=0, y=x^2, x=1$$

$$\frac{1}{A} \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} 6x \sin(y) dy dx$$

$$\frac{1}{A} \int_0^1 6x \int_0^{x^2} \sin(y) dy dx$$

$$3 \int_0^1 6x \int_0^{x^2} \sin(y) dy dx$$

$$3 \int_0^1 -6x \cos(y) \Big|_0^{x^2} dx$$

$$3 \int_0^1 -6x \cos(x^2) + 6x \cos(0) dx$$

$$3 \int_0^1 -6x \cos(x^2) + 6x dx$$

$$3 \int_0^1 6x(-\cos(x^2) + 1) dx$$

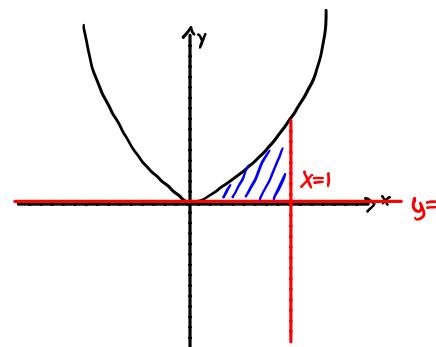
$$3 \int_0^1 6x(1 - \cos(u)) du$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 6(1 - \cos(u)) du$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \int_0^1 6 - 6\cos(u) du$$

$$\frac{3}{2} \left[6u - 6\sin(u) \right]_0^1$$

$$\frac{3(6 - 6\sin(1))}{2}$$



$$A = \iint_D dA$$

$$A = \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} dy dx$$

$$\int_0^1 (y) \Big|_0^{x^2} dx$$

$$\int_0^1 (x^2) dx$$

$$\frac{x^3}{3} \Big|_0^1$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = A$$

$$\frac{1}{A} \int_0^1 \int_0^{x^2} 6x \sin(y) dy dx = \frac{3(6 - 6\sin(1))}{2}$$