

Taylor Larrechea

Dr. Gustafson

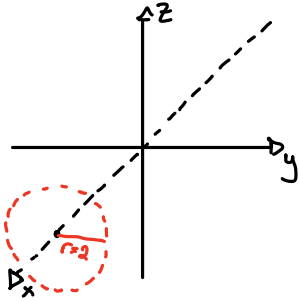
MATH 360

9.5 - 1, 3, 7, 14, 25, 28, 29 ✓

HW 9.5

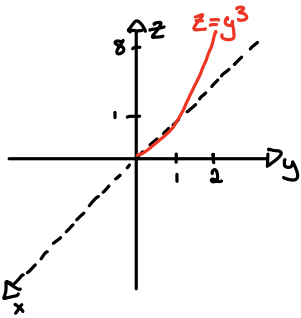
9.5 #1 $[3+2\cos(t), 2\sin(t), 0] : (3+2\cos(t))\hat{i} + 2\sin(t)\hat{j} + 0\hat{k}$

The above vectors represents a circle centered at $[3, 0, 0]$ with radius 2.



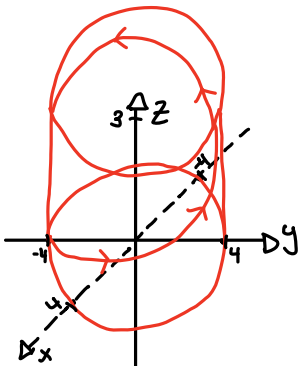
9.5 #3 $[0, t, t^3] : 0\hat{i} + t\hat{j} + t^3\hat{k}$

The above vectors represent a curved parabola in the yz plane. More specifically, a cubic parabola.



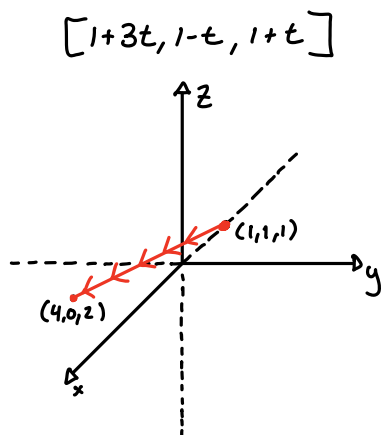
9.5 #7 $[4\cos(t), 4\sin(t), 3t] : 4\cos(t)\hat{i} + 4\sin(t)\hat{j} + 3t\hat{k}$

The above vectors represent a circular helix of height 3 with a radius of 4.



9.5] #14

Strait line through $(1,1,1)$ to $(4,0,2)$
 $0 \leq t \leq 1$



9.5] #25 $r(t) = [10\cos(t), 1, 10\sin(t)] : P(6,1,8)$

$$r'(t) = [-10\sin(t), 0, 10\cos(t)]$$

$$u'(t) : |r'(t)| = \sqrt{(-10\sin(t))^2 + 0^2 + (10\cos(t))^2} = \sqrt{100\sin^2(t) + 100\cos^2(t)} = \sqrt{100(\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t))} = \sqrt{100} = 10$$

$$u'(t) = [-\sin(t), 0, \cos(t)]$$

Tangent of C at P :

$$\dot{q}(w) = \dot{r}(t) + w \dot{r}'(t)$$

$$\dot{q}(w) = [10\cos(t), 1, 10\sin(t)] + w[-10\sin(t), 0, 10\cos(t)]$$

$$\begin{aligned} 10\cos(t) &= 6 & 1 &= 1 & 10\sin(t) &= 8 \\ \cos(t) &= \frac{3}{5} & \sin(t) &= \frac{4}{5} \\ t &= 0.927 & t &= 0.927 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} q(w) &= [6, 1, 8] + w[-8, 0, 6] \\ \dot{q}(w) &= [6-8w, 1, 8+6w] \end{aligned}$$

I can't Figure out how to sketch these.

$$\begin{aligned} r'(t) &= [-10\sin(t), 0, 10\cos(t)] \\ u'(t) &= [-\sin(t), 0, \cos(t)] \\ q(w) &= [6-8w, 1, 8+6w] \end{aligned}$$

9.5] #28 $r(t) = [t, t^2, t^3] : P(1,1,1)$

$$r'(t) = [1, 2t, 3t^2]$$

$$u'(t) : |r'(t)| = \sqrt{1^2 + 4t^2 + 9t^4}$$

$$u'(t) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{9t^4 + 4t^2 + 1}} \cdot [1, 2t, 3t^2]$$

$$\dot{q}(w) = \dot{r}(t) + w \dot{r}'(t)$$

$$\dot{q}(w) = [t, t^2, t^3] + w[1, 2t, 3t^2]$$

$$\begin{aligned} t=1 & & t^2=1 & & t^3=1 \\ & \searrow & t=1 & \nearrow & \\ & t=1 & & & \end{aligned}$$

$$\dot{q}(w) = [1, 1, 1] + w[1, 2, 3]$$

$$\dot{q}(w) = [1+w, 1+2w, 1+3w]$$

I can't Figure out how to sketch these.

$$\begin{aligned} r'(t) &= [1, 2t, 3t^2] \\ u'(t) &= \frac{1}{\sqrt{9t^4 + 4t^2 + 1}} \cdot [1, 2t, 3t^2] \\ \dot{q}(w) &= [1+w, 1+2w, 1+3w] \end{aligned}$$

9.5] # 29 $r(t) = [t, \cosh(t)]$ $0 \leq t \leq 1$

$$L = \int_0^1 \sqrt{r' \cdot r'} \, d\tilde{t}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\cos^2(t) + \sin^2(t) &= 1 \\ \cosh^2(t) - \sinh^2(t) &= 1\end{aligned}$$

$$r'(t) = [1, \sinh(t)]$$

$$r'(t)^2 = 1 + \sinh^2(t)$$

$$L = \int_0^1 \sqrt{\cosh^2(t)} \, dt$$

$$L = \int_0^1 \cosh(t) \, dt$$

$$\sinh(t) \Big|_0^1 = \sinh(1) - \sinh(0) = 1.175 - 0 = 1.175$$

$$L = 1.175$$