

Exercise 1

$$\hat{\rho}_f = (1-\alpha)\hat{\rho}_i + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z \hat{\rho}_i \hat{\sigma}_z$$

a.)

i.) Initial state is $|0\rangle$

$$\hat{\rho}_i = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = |0\rangle\langle 0| = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{\rho}_i = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_f = (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\rho}_f = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}}$$

ii.) Initial state is $|1\rangle$

$$\hat{\rho}_i = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = |1\rangle\langle 1| = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{\rho}_i = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_f = (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\rho}_f = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}}$$

b.) Initial state is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$

$$\hat{\rho}_i = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = |\hat{x}\rangle\langle\hat{x}| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{\rho}_i = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_f = (1-\alpha) \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 1-\alpha \\ 1-\alpha & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -1 \\ 1 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 1-\alpha \\ 1-\alpha & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & -\alpha \\ -\alpha & \alpha \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1-2\alpha \\ 1-2\alpha & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\rho}_f = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1-2\alpha \\ 1-2\alpha & 1 \end{pmatrix}}$$

Exercise 1 Continued

c.) Initial state is $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(10 - i11)$

$$\hat{\rho}_i = |\psi\rangle\langle\psi| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ -i \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (1+i) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{\rho}_i = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_f = (1-\alpha) \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \alpha \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i \\ -i & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} (1-\alpha) & i(1-\alpha) \\ i(\alpha-1) & (1-\alpha) \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & -i \\ -i & -1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} (1-\alpha) & i(1-\alpha) \\ i(\alpha-1) & (1-\alpha) \end{pmatrix} + \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & -i\alpha \\ i\alpha & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i(1-2\alpha) \\ i(2\alpha-1) & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_f = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i(1-2\alpha) \\ i(2\alpha-1) & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercise 2

$$\frac{1}{2} (\hat{I} + r_x \hat{\sigma}_x + r_y \hat{\sigma}_y + r_z \hat{\sigma}_z) \quad \hat{\sigma}_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

a.)

$$i.) \hat{\rho}_F = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \quad r_x = r_y = 0, \quad r_z = 1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} (\hat{I} + \hat{\sigma}_z)$$

$$ii.) \hat{\rho}_F = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad r_x = r_y = 0, \quad r_z = -1$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} (\hat{I} - \hat{\sigma}_z)$$

b.)

$$\hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1-2\alpha \\ 1-2\alpha & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad r_y = r_z = 0 : \quad r_x = 1-2\alpha$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + (1-2\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-2\alpha \\ 1-2\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1-2\alpha \\ 1-2\alpha & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} (\hat{I} + (1-2\alpha) \hat{\sigma}_x)$$

$$c.) \hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i(1-2\alpha) \\ i(2\alpha-1) & 1 \end{pmatrix} \quad r_x = r_z = 0 : \quad r_y = (2\alpha-1)$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + (2\alpha-1) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & i(1-2\alpha) \\ i(2\alpha-1) & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & i(1-2\alpha) \\ i(2\alpha-1) & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = \frac{1}{2} (\hat{I} + (2\alpha-1) \hat{\sigma}_y)$$

Exercise 3

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)\hat{\rho}_i + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z \hat{\rho}_i \hat{\sigma}_z \quad \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

a.) $\hat{\rho}_i = |0\rangle\langle 0|$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} : \langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = (1 \ 0) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = (1 \ 0)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} (1 \ 0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \alpha \cdot \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|0\rangle\langle 0| = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} (1 \ 0) = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1-\alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} \alpha & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

b.) $\hat{\rho}_i = |0\rangle\langle 1|$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} : \langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = (0 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = (0 \ -1)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} (0 \ -1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|0\rangle\langle 1| = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} (0 \ 1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-2\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|0\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |0\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1-2\alpha \\ 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Exercise 3 continued

c.) $\hat{\rho}_i = |1\rangle\langle 0|$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} : \langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = (1 \ 0) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = (1 \ 0)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} (1 \ 0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|1\rangle\langle 0| = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (1 \ 0) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} : (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1-\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1-\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ -\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1-2\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 0| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 0| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 1-2\alpha & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

d.) $\hat{\rho}_i = |1\rangle\langle 1|$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} : \langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = (0 \ 1) \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \end{pmatrix} = (0 \ -1)$$

$$\hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix} (0 \ -1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|1\rangle\langle 1| = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} (0 \ 1) = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} : (1-\alpha) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\therefore (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1-\alpha \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & \alpha \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}_F = (1-\alpha)|1\rangle\langle 1| + \alpha \hat{\sigma}_z |1\rangle\langle 1| \hat{\sigma}_z = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$