

Exercise 1

Suppose $\hat{\rho}_0 = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r\hat{\sigma}_x)$ with $0 \leq r \leq 1$.

a.) $\hat{u} = e^{-i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_x/2} : \hat{\rho} = \hat{u}\hat{\rho}_0\hat{u}^\dagger : \begin{aligned} e^{-i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_x/2} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} - i\hat{\sigma}_x \sin(\alpha/2)) \\ e^{i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_x/2} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\hat{\sigma}_x \sin(\alpha/2)) \end{aligned}$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\rho} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} - i\hat{\sigma}_x \sin(\alpha/2)) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r\hat{\sigma}_x) \cdot (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\hat{\sigma}_x \sin(\alpha/2)) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^2 + r\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x - i\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I}\sin(\alpha/2) - ir\hat{\sigma}_x^2\sin(\alpha/2))(\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\hat{\sigma}_x \sin(\alpha/2)) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^3 + r\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I} - \cancel{\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)i\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I}^2} - \cancel{\sin(\alpha/2)\cos(\alpha/2)ir\hat{\sigma}_x^2\hat{I}} \\ &\quad + \cancel{\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)i\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I}^2} + \cancel{\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)ir\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x^2} + \sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_x^2\hat{I} + \sin^2(\alpha/2)r\hat{\sigma}_x^3) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^2 + r\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x + \sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_x^2\hat{I} + r\sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_x^3) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + \sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + r\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_x + r\sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_x) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}((\cos^2(\alpha/2) + \sin^2(\alpha/2))\hat{I} + r(\cos^2(\alpha/2) + \sin^2(\alpha/2))\hat{\sigma}_x) = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r\hat{\sigma}_x) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + r\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}\right) = \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 1 & r \\ r & 1 \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 1 & r \\ r & 1 \end{pmatrix}}$$

b.) $\hat{u} = e^{-i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_y/2} : \hat{\rho} = \hat{u}\hat{\rho}_0\hat{u}^\dagger : \begin{aligned} e^{-i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_y/2} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} - i\hat{\sigma}_y \sin(\alpha/2)) \quad u \\ e^{i\alpha\hat{\sigma}_y/2} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\hat{\sigma}_y \sin(\alpha/2)) \quad v \end{aligned}$

$$\begin{aligned} \hat{\rho} &= (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} - i\hat{\sigma}_y \sin(\alpha/2)) \cdot \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r\hat{\sigma}_x) \cdot (\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\hat{\sigma}_y \sin(\alpha/2)) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^2 + r\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x - i\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y\hat{I} - ir\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y\hat{\sigma}_x)(\cos(\alpha/2)\hat{I} + i\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}(\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^2 + r\cos^2(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I} - \cancel{i\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y\hat{I}} - \cancel{ir\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{I}} \\ &\quad + \cancel{i\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{I}^2\hat{\sigma}_y} + \cancel{ir\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{I}\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{\sigma}_y} + \sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y^2\hat{\sigma}_y + r\sin^2(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_y\hat{\sigma}_x\hat{\sigma}_y) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}((\cos^2(\alpha/2) + \sin^2(\alpha/2))\hat{I} + r(\cos^2(\alpha/2) - \sin^2(\alpha/2))\hat{\sigma}_x - 2r\cos(\alpha/2)\sin(\alpha/2)\hat{\sigma}_z) \\ &= \frac{1}{2}\left(\hat{I} + r\cos(\alpha)\hat{\sigma}_x - r\sin(\alpha)\hat{\sigma}_z\right) = \frac{1}{2}\left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & r\cos(\alpha) \\ r\cos(\alpha) & 0 \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} r\sin(\alpha) & 0 \\ 0 & -r\sin(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}\right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\boxed{\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}\begin{pmatrix} 1 - r\sin(\alpha) & r\cos(\alpha) \\ r\cos(\alpha) & 1 + r\sin(\alpha) \end{pmatrix}}$$

Exercise 2

a.) For $|1+1\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}(10\rangle + 11\rangle)$ construct density operator $\hat{\rho}$ and show $\hat{\rho}^2 = \hat{\rho}$.

$$\hat{\rho} = |1+1\rangle \langle 1+1| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \therefore \hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \hat{\rho} \quad \checkmark$$

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\rho} \text{ is pure}$$

b.) For $\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r\hat{\sigma}_y)$ find condition on r s.t. $\hat{\rho}$ is pure.

$$\hat{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix} \therefore \hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -ir \\ ir & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - ir & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - ir & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - ir & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 + r^2 - 2ir & 0 \\ 0 & 1 + r^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 + r^2 & -2ir \\ 2ir & 1 + r^2 \end{pmatrix}, \text{ if } r=1, \hat{\rho}^2 = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & -2i \\ 2i & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - i & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \hat{\rho}$$

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - ir & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, r=1, \hat{\rho} \text{ is pure}$$

c.) For $\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2}(\hat{I} + r_x \hat{\sigma}_x + r_y \hat{\sigma}_y)$ find condition on r_x, r_y s.t. $\hat{\rho}$ is pure.

$$\hat{I} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_x = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}, \hat{\sigma}_y = \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -i \\ i & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \left(\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & r_x \\ r_x & 0 \end{pmatrix} + \begin{pmatrix} 0 & -ir_y \\ ir_y & 0 \end{pmatrix} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 \end{pmatrix} : \hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{\rho}^2 = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \frac{1}{4} \begin{pmatrix} 1 + r_x^2 + r_y^2 & 2r_x - 2ir_y \\ 2r_x + 2ir_y & 1 + r_x^2 + r_y^2 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1 + r_x^2 + r_y^2}{4} = \frac{1}{2} \quad 1 + r_x^2 + r_y^2 = 2 \quad \underbrace{r_x^2 + r_y^2 = 1}_{\text{circled}}$$

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & r_x - ir_y \\ r_x + ir_y & 1 \end{pmatrix}, r_x^2 + r_y^2 = 1, \hat{\rho} \text{ is pure}$$

Exercise 3

$$\hat{U}(\lambda) = e^{-i\lambda \hat{\partial}_z^2/2} = (\cos(\lambda z) \hat{I} - i \hat{\partial}_z \sin(\lambda z)) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda z) \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} i \sin(\lambda z) & 0 \\ 0 & -i \sin(\lambda z) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) - i \sin(\lambda z) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda z) + i \sin(\lambda z) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$H = 4 \left[\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} + \left(\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 \right]$$

a.) Get QFI for $|\psi\rangle = |0\rangle$

$$|\psi(z)\rangle = \hat{U}(\lambda)|\psi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) - i \sin(\lambda z) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda z) + i \sin(\lambda z) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) - i \sin(\lambda z) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \langle \psi(\lambda) | = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) + i \sin(\lambda z) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda z) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda z) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}, \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda z) + \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda z) & 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} &= \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda z) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda z) & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda z) + \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda z) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\lambda z) - \frac{i}{4} \sin(\lambda z) \cancel{\cos(\lambda z)} + \frac{i}{4} \cancel{\sin(\lambda z)} \cos(\lambda z) + \frac{1}{4} \cos^2(\lambda z) \end{aligned}$$

$$= \frac{1}{4} (\sin^2(\lambda z) + \cos^2(\lambda z)) = \frac{1}{4} \quad \therefore \quad \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda z) + i \sin(\lambda z) & 0 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda z) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda z) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{-1}{2} \cancel{\sin(\lambda z) \cos(\lambda z)} - \frac{i}{2} \cos^2(\lambda z) - \frac{i}{2} \sin^2(\lambda z) + \frac{1}{2} \cancel{\sin(\lambda z) \cos(\lambda z)}$$

$$= \frac{-i}{2} (\cos^2(\lambda z) + \sin^2(\lambda z)) = \frac{-i}{2}$$

$$(\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda})^2 = \frac{-i}{2} \cdot \frac{i}{2} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\therefore H = 4 \left[\frac{1}{4} - \frac{1}{4} \right] = 4 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$H = 0$$

Exercise 3 Continued

b.) Get GFI for $|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle)$

$$|\Psi(\lambda)\rangle = \hat{u}(\lambda)|+\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\Psi(\lambda)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) \\ \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}, |\langle \Psi(\lambda) | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) & \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial |\Psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \\ \frac{1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}, \frac{\partial \langle + |}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) & \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \Psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\Psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) & \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \\ \frac{1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(\frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) \left(\frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) + \left(\frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) \left(\frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{4}\sin^2(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{4}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} - \cancel{\frac{i}{4}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{1}{4}\cos^2(\lambda/2)} \right. \\ \left. + \cancel{\frac{1}{4}\sin^2(\lambda/2)} - \cancel{\frac{i}{4}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{i}{4}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{1}{4}\cos^2(\lambda/2)} \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\cancel{\frac{1}{2}(\sin^2(\lambda/2) + \cos^2(\lambda/2))} \right) = \frac{1}{4} \quad \therefore \quad \frac{\partial \langle \Psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\Psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\langle \Psi | \frac{\partial |\Psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) & \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \\ \frac{1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left((\cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2)) \left(\frac{-1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) - \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) + (\cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2)) \left(\frac{1}{2}\sin(\lambda/2) + \frac{i}{2}\cos(\lambda/2) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\cancel{-\frac{1}{2}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} - \cancel{\frac{i}{2}\cos^2(\lambda/2)} - \cancel{\frac{i}{2}\sin^2(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{1}{2}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} \right. \\ \left. - \cancel{\frac{1}{2}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{i}{2}\cos^2(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{i}{2}\sin^2(\lambda/2)} + \cancel{\frac{1}{2}\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)} \right) = 0$$

$$(\langle \Psi | \frac{\partial |\Psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda})^2 = 0 \quad \therefore \quad H = 4 \left[\frac{1}{4} + 0 \right] = 1$$

$H = 1$

Exercise 3 Continued

c.) Get QFI for $| \psi \rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| 0 \rangle + i | 1 \rangle)$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \hat{U}(\lambda) |\psi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - i \sin(\lambda\omega_2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda\omega_2) + i \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (| 1 \rangle)$$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - i \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \\ i \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}, \langle \psi(\lambda) | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) + i \sin(\lambda\omega_2) & -i \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \\ -\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}, \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) & \frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) & \frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \\ -\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) + \left(\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) \left(-\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{4} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{4} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) \right. \\ \left. + \frac{1}{4} \sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{4} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{4} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{1}{4} \cos^2(\lambda\omega_2) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} (\sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) + \cos^2(\lambda\omega_2)) \right) = \frac{1}{4} \quad \therefore \quad \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{4}$$

$$\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) + i \sin(\lambda\omega_2) & -i \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \\ -\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left((\cos(\lambda\omega_2) + i \sin(\lambda\omega_2)) \left(-\frac{1}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) + (-i \cos(\lambda\omega_2) - \sin(\lambda\omega_2)) \left(-\frac{i}{2} \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \right) \right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \cos^2(\lambda\omega_2) - \frac{i}{2} \sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \right. \\ \left. - \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{2} \cos^2(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{i}{2} \sin^2(\lambda\omega_2) + \frac{1}{2} \cos(\lambda\omega_2) \sin(\lambda\omega_2) \right) = 0$$

$$\left(\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 = 0 \quad \therefore \quad H = 4 \left[\frac{1}{4} + 0 \right] = 1$$

H = 1

Exercise 3 continued

d.)

$$H = 4 \left[\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} + \left(\langle \psi | \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \hat{u}(\lambda) |\psi\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda r_2) - i \sin(\lambda r_2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_0 \\ a_1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 (\cos(\lambda r_2) - i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1 (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix} : \langle \psi(\lambda) | = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2)) + a_1 (\cos(\lambda r_2) - i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1 (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} a_0/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix} : \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a_0}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) + \frac{a_1}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \\ \frac{a_1}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{a_0}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) + \frac{a_1}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \\ \frac{a_1}{2} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_0/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{a_0^2}{4} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2))(-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) + \frac{a_1^2}{4} (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2))(-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2))$$

$$= \frac{a_0^2}{4} \cancel{(\sin^2(\lambda r_2) + \cos^2(\lambda r_2))} + \frac{a_1^2}{4} \cancel{(\sin^2(\lambda r_2) + \cos^2(\lambda r_2))} = \frac{a_0^2}{4} + \frac{a_1^2}{4} = \frac{1}{4} (a_0^2 + a_1^2)$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \psi | \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda}}{\partial \lambda} = \begin{pmatrix} a_0 (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2)) + a_1 (\cos(\lambda r_2) - i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1 (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a_0/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \\ a_1/2 (-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2)) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \frac{a_0^2}{2} (\cos(\lambda r_2) + i \sin(\lambda r_2))(-\sin(\lambda r_2) - i \cos(\lambda r_2)) + \frac{a_1^2}{2} (\cos(\lambda r_2) - i \sin(\lambda r_2))(-\sin(\lambda r_2) + i \cos(\lambda r_2))$$

$$= \frac{a_0^2}{2} \cancel{(-i(\cos^2(\lambda r_2) + \sin^2(\lambda r_2)))} + \frac{a_1^2}{2} \cancel{i(\cos^2(\lambda r_2) + \sin^2(\lambda r_2))} = -\frac{i}{2} a_0^2 + \frac{i}{2} a_1^2 = \frac{i}{2} (a_1^2 - a_0^2)$$

$$\left(\langle \psi | \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi\rangle}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 = -\frac{1}{4} (a_1^2 - a_0^2)^2$$

$$\therefore H = 4 \left(\frac{1}{4} (a_0^2 + a_1^2) - \frac{1}{4} (a_1^2 - a_0^2)^2 \right) = \left(a_0^2 + a_1^2 - (a_1^2 - a_0^2)^2 \right) = a_0^2 + a_1^2 - (a_1^4 + a_0^4 - 2a_0^2 a_1^2)$$

$|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle + |1\rangle), H = a_0^2 + a_1^2 - (a_1^2 - a_0^2)^2$

Exercise 4

a.) Get QFI for $|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle + |1\rangle|1\rangle)$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|+\rangle = \hat{U}(\lambda)|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle + \hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle + \hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle + \hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = (\cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2))(\cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2)) = \cos^2(\lambda/2) - \sin^2(\lambda/2) - 2i\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = \cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} = \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = (\cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2))(\cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2)) = \cos^2(\lambda/2) + \sin^2(\lambda/2) = 1$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = 1$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = (\cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2))(\cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2)) = \cos^2(\lambda/2) + \sin^2(\lambda/2) = 1$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = 1$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = (\cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2))(\cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2)) = \cos^2(\lambda/2) - \sin^2(\lambda/2) + 2i\cos(\lambda/2)\sin(\lambda/2)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = \cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda)$$

$$|+\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((\cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda))|0\rangle|0\rangle + |0\rangle|1\rangle + |1\rangle|0\rangle + (\cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda))|1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

$$\langle +|\lambda| = \frac{1}{2} ((\cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda))\langle 0|0| + \langle 0|1| + \langle 1|0| + (\cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda))\langle 1|1|)$$

$$H = -4 \left[\frac{\partial \langle +|}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |+\rangle}{\partial \lambda} + \left(\langle +| \frac{\partial |+\rangle}{\partial \lambda} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle +|}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{2} \left((-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda))\langle 0|0| + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda))\langle 1|1| \right)$$

$$\frac{\partial |+\rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{2} \left((-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda))|0\rangle|0\rangle + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda))|1\rangle|1\rangle \right)$$

Exercise 4 Continued

$$\begin{aligned}
 \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} &= \frac{1}{4} \left((-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11|11| \right) \\
 &\quad \cdot \left((-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11|11| \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left((-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| \cancel{\langle 01|01|} + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01| \cancel{\langle 01|11|} \cancel{\langle 11|} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 11|01|} + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 11|11|} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left(\cancel{\sin^2(\lambda)} + \cancel{i\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} - \cancel{i\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} + \sin^2(\lambda) + \cancel{\sin^2(\lambda)} - \cancel{i\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} + \cancel{i\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} + \cos^2(\lambda) \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left(2(\sin^2(\lambda) + \cos^2(\lambda)) \right) = \frac{1}{2} \quad \therefore \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial \lambda} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} = \frac{1}{2}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 \langle \psi | \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial \lambda} &= \frac{1}{4} \left((\cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| + \langle 01|11| + \langle 11|01| + (\cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda)) \langle 11|11| \right) \\
 &\quad \cdot \left((-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11|11| \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left((\cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01|01| \cancel{\langle 01|01|} + (\cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01| \cancel{\langle 01|11|} \cancel{\langle 11|} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01| \cancel{\langle 01|01|} + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 01| \cancel{\langle 11|11|} + (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 01|01|} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 01|11|} + (\cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) - i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 11|01|} \right. \\
 &\quad \left. + (\cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda)) (-\sin(\lambda) + i\cos(\lambda)) \langle 11| \cancel{\langle 11|11|} \right) \\
 &= \frac{1}{4} \left(-\cancel{\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} - \cancel{i\cos^2(\lambda)} - \cancel{i\sin^2(\lambda)} + \cancel{\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} - \cancel{\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} + \cancel{i\cos^2(\lambda)} + \cancel{i\sin^2(\lambda)} + \cancel{\sin(\lambda)\cos(\lambda)} \right) = 0 \\
 &\quad \therefore H = 4 \left(\frac{1}{2} + 0 \right) = 2
 \end{aligned}$$

$$H = 2$$

b.) Get QFI for $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|0\rangle\langle 0| + |1\rangle\langle 1|)$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda) = \begin{pmatrix} \cos(\lambda/2) - i\sin(\lambda/2) & 0 \\ 0 & \cos(\lambda/2) + i\sin(\lambda/2) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|\psi(\lambda)\rangle = \hat{U}(\lambda)|\psi\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} (|\psi(\lambda)\rangle \hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle + |\psi(\lambda)\rangle \hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle \hat{U}(\lambda)|0\rangle = \cos(\lambda) - i\sin(\lambda)$$

$$\hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle \hat{U}(\lambda)|1\rangle = \cos(\lambda) + i\sin(\lambda)$$

Exercise 4 continued

$$|\psi(x)\rangle = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((\cos(x) - i\sin(x))|0\rangle|0\rangle + (\cos(x) + i\sin(x))|1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

$$\langle \psi(x) | = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((\cos(x) + i\sin(x))\langle 0| \langle 0| + (\cos(x) - i\sin(x))\langle 1| \langle 1|)$$

$$H = 4 \left[\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} + \left(\langle \psi | \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} \right)^2 \right]$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))\langle 0| \langle 0| + (-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))\langle 1| \langle 1|)$$

$$\frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} ((-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))|0\rangle|0\rangle + (-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))|1\rangle|1\rangle)$$

$$\frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} \left((-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))\langle 0| \langle 0| + (-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))\langle 1| \langle 1| \right) \cdot \left((-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))|0\rangle|0\rangle + (-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))|1\rangle|1\rangle \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \left((-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))(-\sin(x) - i\cos(x)) \langle 0| \cancel{\langle 0|} \cancel{|0\rangle} + (-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))(-\sin(x) + i\cos(x)) \langle 0| \cancel{\langle 1|} \cancel{|1\rangle} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + (-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))(-\sin(x) - i\cos(x)) \langle 1| \cancel{\langle 0|} \cancel{|0\rangle} + (-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))(-\sin(x) + i\cos(x)) \langle 1| \cancel{\langle 1|} \cancel{|1\rangle} \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(\cancel{\sin^2(x)} + i\cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} - i\cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} + \cos^2(x) + \cancel{\sin^2(x)} - i\cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} + i\cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} + \cos^2(x) \right) \\ &= \frac{1}{2} \left(2(\cancel{\sin^2(x)} + \cos^2(x)) \right) = 1 \quad \therefore \frac{\partial \langle \psi |}{\partial x} \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} = 1 \end{aligned}$$

$$\langle \psi | \cdot \frac{\partial |\psi \rangle}{\partial x} = \frac{1}{2} \left((\cos(x) + i\sin(x))\langle 0| \langle 0| + (\cos(x) - i\sin(x))\langle 1| \langle 1| \right) \cdot \left((-\sin(x) - i\cos(x))|0\rangle|0\rangle + (-\sin(x) + i\cos(x))|1\rangle|1\rangle \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \left((\cos(x) + i\sin(x))(-\sin(x) - i\cos(x)) \langle 0| \cancel{\langle 0|} \cancel{|0\rangle} + (\cos(x) + i\sin(x))(-\sin(x) + i\cos(x)) \langle 0| \cancel{\langle 1|} \cancel{|1\rangle} \right. \\ &\quad \left. + (\cos(x) - i\sin(x))(-\sin(x) - i\cos(x)) \langle 1| \cancel{\langle 0|} \cancel{|0\rangle} + (\cos(x) - i\sin(x))(-\sin(x) + i\cos(x)) \langle 1| \cancel{\langle 1|} \cancel{|1\rangle} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} &= \frac{1}{2} \left(-\cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} - i\cancel{\cos^2(x)} - i\cancel{\sin^2(x)} + \cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} - \cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} + i\cancel{\cos^2(x)} + i\cancel{\sin^2(x)} + \cancel{\sin(x)\cos(x)} \right) = 0 \\ &\therefore H = 4(1 + 0) = 4 \end{aligned}$$

$$H = 4$$