#### 5.1 Matrix Expansions and JPE6 compression

Matrix Expansion and Trunsform

A = MXN matrix due are expansion coefficients

$$A = M \times N \text{ matrix} \qquad \text{dmn are expansion coefficient} \qquad \qquad \text{doo do I doa} \cdots \text{don}$$

$$A = \sum_{m=0}^{N-1} \sum_{n=0}^{N-1} \text{dmn bmn} \qquad \text{dmn} = \frac{\langle A, b_{mn} \rangle}{\langle b_{mn}, b_{mn} \rangle}, \quad n = 0, 1, \dots N-1$$

$$D = \begin{cases} doo do I doa \cdots don \\ dio di I dia -- din \\ dao da I daa -- dan \\ \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \qquad \vdots \\ dmo dm I dma -- dmn \end{cases}$$

$$dmo dm I dma -- dmn$$

## Fourier Matrices and Expansions

<6m,6mn)=MN, OEMEM-1  $A = \sum_{m=1}^{M-1} \sum_{m=1}^{M-1} d_{mn} d_{mn}, \quad d_{mn} = \frac{\langle A, 6nn \rangle}{\langle 6mn, 6mn \rangle}$ 

## Matrix Form for Two-Dimensional DFT

D=Fu AFI

Fun A Fur are DFT Matrices

# The Two-Dimensional DFT and Inverse DFT

$$dmn = \frac{\langle A, bmn \rangle}{\langle bm, 6mn \rangle} = \frac{\langle A, 6mn \rangle}{MN} \quad 0 \leq m \leq M-1$$

$$A = \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=0}^{M-1} dmn \, 6mn$$

$$A = \frac{1}{MN} \sum_{m=0}^{M-1} \sum_{n=0}^{M-1} \langle A, bmn \rangle \, 6mn$$