

$$1.) F(x,y) = (2x-6y)\hat{i} + (-6x+10y-7)\hat{j}$$

$$P = (2x-6y) \quad \int_x P = (x^2 - 6xy + g(y)) \Rightarrow P_y = -6x + g'(y)$$

$$Q = (-6x+10y-7) \quad g(y) = 10y-7 \quad G(y) = 5y^2 - 7y + K$$

$$x^2 - 6xy + 5y^2 - 7y + K$$

$$P = (2x-6y) \quad \int P dx = x^2 - 6xy + g(y) \Rightarrow P_y = -6x + g'(y)$$

$$Q = (-6x+10y-7) \quad -6x+10y-7 = -6x + g'(y)$$

$$g'(y) = 10y-7$$

$$G(y) = 5y^2 - 7y + K$$

$$x^2 - 6xy + 5y^2 - 7y + K$$

$$2.) F(x,y) = e^x \sin y \hat{i} + e^x \cos y \hat{j}$$

$$P = e^x \sin y \quad Q = e^x \cos y$$

$$e^x \sin y + K$$

$$\frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = e^x \cos y \quad P_y (e^x \sin y + g(y)) = e^x \cos y + g'(y)$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = e^x \cos y \quad f e^x \sin y + 0 \quad g'(y) = 0$$

$$P = e^x \sin y \quad \int P dx = e^x \sin y + g(y) \quad P_y = e^x \cos y + g'(y)$$

$$Q = e^x \cos y \quad e^x \cos y = e^x \cos y + g'(y)$$

$$g'(y) = 0$$

$$g(y) = K \quad e^x \sin y + K$$

$$3.) F(x,y) = e^x \cos y \hat{i} + e^x \sin y \hat{j}$$

$$P = e^x \cos y \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = -e^x \sin y$$

$$Q = e^x \sin y \quad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = e^x \sin y$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} \neq \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} \therefore \text{None}$$

$$4.) F(x,y) = (\ln y + 16xy^3)\hat{i} + (24x^2y^2 + \frac{x}{y})\hat{j}$$

$$P = \ln y + 16xy^3 \quad \frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = \frac{1}{y} + 48xy^2$$

$$Q = 24x^2y^2 + \frac{x}{y} \quad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = 48xy^2 + \frac{1}{y}$$

$$P = (\ln y + 16xy^3) \quad \int P dx = x \ln y + 8x^2y^3 + g(y) \quad P_y = \frac{x}{y} + 24x^2y^2 + g'(y)$$

$$Q = (24x^2y^2 + \frac{x}{y}) \quad 24x^2y^2 + \frac{x}{y} = \frac{x}{y} + 24x^2y^2 + g'(y)$$

$$g'(y) = 0$$

$$g(y) = K$$

$$x \ln y + 8x^2y^3 + K$$

$$P^x = x \ln y + 8x^2y^3 + g(y)$$

$$P_y^x = \frac{x}{y} + 24x^2y^2 + g'(y)$$

$$24x^2y^2 + \frac{x}{y} = \frac{x}{y} + 24x^2y^2 + g'(y)$$

$$\downarrow$$

$$0$$

$$g(y) = K$$

$$x \ln y + 8x^2y^3 + K$$

$$5.) F(x,y) = \langle 2xy, x^2 \rangle \quad \text{Start } (1,2)$$

$$\quad \quad \quad \text{End } (3,2)$$

$$P = 2xy \quad P_y = 2x \quad P^x = x^2y + g(y)$$

$$Q = x^2 \quad Q_x = 2x \quad P_y^x = x^2 + g'(y)$$

$$Q \quad P_y^x$$

$$x^2 = x^2 + g'(y) \quad g'(y) = 0$$

$$\text{Common value} = 0$$

$$\int_C \nabla f \cdot d\vec{r} = f(\text{End}) - f(\text{Initial})$$

$$f(3,2) - f(1,2)$$

$$P^x (f(3,2) - f(1,2))$$

$$9(2) - 1(2)$$

$$18 - 2 + K - K$$

$$16$$

6.) $F(x, y) = x^2 \uparrow + y^2 \downarrow$
 C is $y = 4x^2$ from $(-1, 4)$ to $(2, 16)$

a.) $P = x^2$ $Q = y^2$
 $P_x = \frac{1}{3}x^3$ $Q_y = \frac{1}{3}y^3$

$$\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{3}y^3 + C$$

$$F = (\frac{1}{3}x^3 + \frac{1}{3}y^3)$$

$$F(2, 16) - F(-1, 4)$$

$$(\frac{8}{3} + \frac{4096}{3}) - (-\frac{1}{3} + \frac{64}{3})$$

$$(\frac{4104}{3}) - (-\frac{63}{3}) = \frac{4041}{3}$$

$$\frac{x^3 + y^3}{3} + K$$

$$\frac{4041}{3}$$

$$P = x^2 \quad \int P dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 + g(y) \quad P_y = g'(y)$$

$$Q = y^2 \quad y^2 = g'(y)$$

$$\frac{1}{3}y^3 = g(y)$$

$$\frac{x^3 + y^3}{3} + K$$

7.) $F(x, y, z) = yze^{xz} \uparrow + e^{xz} \downarrow + xy e^{xz} \downarrow$
 $C: r(t) = (t^2+3)\uparrow + (t^2-3)\downarrow + (t^2-5t)k \quad 0 \leq t \leq 5$

$$f_x = yze^{xz}$$

$$f_y = e^{xz}$$

$$f_z = xy e^{xz}$$

$$F_x = ye^{xz} + p(y, z)$$

$$C^{xz} + p_y(y, z)$$

$$p_y(y, z) = 0$$

$$f_y = e^{xz} + p_y(y, z)$$

$$f_{xz} = xy e^{xz} + p_z$$

$$F(x, y, z) = ye^{xz} + K$$

$$P = yze^{xz}$$

$$Q = e^{xz}$$

$$R = xy e^{xz}$$

$$\int P dx = ye^{xz} + h(y, z)$$

$$e^{xz} = e^{xz} + h_y(y, z)$$

$$h_y(y, z) = 0$$

$$h(y, z) = K$$

$$ye^{xz} + K$$

$$(t^2-3)e^{(t^2+3)(t^2-5t)} \Big|_0^5$$

$$(25-3)e^{(25)(0)} - (-3)e^{(3)(0)}$$

$$22e^0 - (-3e^0)$$

$$22+3 = 25$$

$$25$$

8.) $F(x, y) = 2y^{\frac{3}{2}} \uparrow + 3x\sqrt{y} \downarrow$

A(1,1) B(2,4)

$$P = 2y^{\frac{3}{2}} \quad Q = 3x\sqrt{y}$$

$$\frac{\partial P}{\partial y} = 3y^{\frac{1}{2}} \quad \frac{\partial Q}{\partial x} = 3\sqrt{y}$$

$$P_x = 2x\sqrt{y}$$

$$P_y = 3x\sqrt{y} + g'(y)$$

$$3x\sqrt{y} = 3x\sqrt{y} + g'(y)$$

$$g'(y) = 0$$

$$g(y) = K$$

$$f(x, y) = 2x\sqrt{y} + K$$

$$2x\sqrt{y} \Big|_{(1,1)}^{(2,4)}$$

$$2(2)(2) - 2(1)(1)$$

$$32 - 2 = 30$$

$$30$$