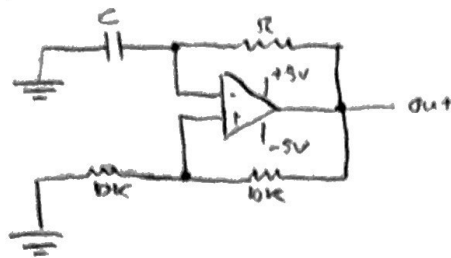


HW 9

7.1



Switching @  $\frac{1}{2}$  Supply voltage

Fires @  $\pm 2.5V$

$$V_C(t) = \frac{V_0}{2}$$

$$V_C(t) = 1.5 V_0 e^{-t/RC}$$

$$0.5 V_0 = 1.5 V_0 e^{-t/RC}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} = e^{-t/RC}$$

$$t = 1.1 RC$$

$$t = 1.1 RC$$

7.2

when @ 10V, discharges through ground and  $R_B$

$$V_C(t) = V_0 e^{-t/RC}$$

$$5 = 10 e^{-t/RC}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = e^{-t/RC}$$

$$T = 0.693 RC$$

charging 5V to 15V

$$V_C(t) = V_0 (1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

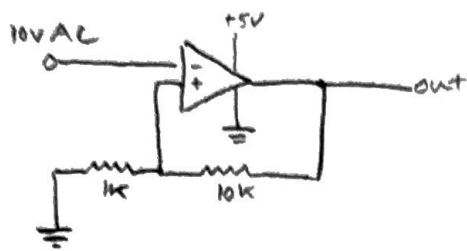
$$5 = 10 (1 - e^{-t/(R_A + R_B)})$$

$$\frac{1}{2} = 1 - e^{-t/(R_A + R_B)}$$

$$T = 0.693 (R_A + R_B) C$$

$$T = 0.693 (R_A + R_B) C$$

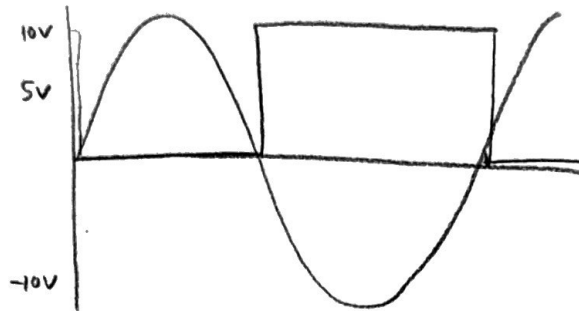
### Comparator handout no. 3



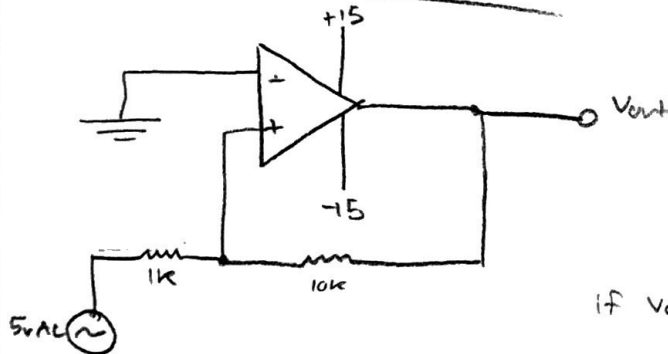
When  $V_{out} = 5V$

$$V_+ = \frac{1k}{11k} V_{in} = \frac{1}{11} V_{in}$$

$$V_+ = \frac{1}{11} (10V) = 0.45V$$



### Comparator handout no. 4



If  $V_{out} = 15V$ , Then  $V_+ = 0$

$$15 - I(10k) = 0$$

$$V_{out} = 15V$$

$$I = \frac{15}{10k} \Rightarrow$$

$$0 - 1000I = V_{AC}$$

$$\frac{-15(1000)}{10,000} = \frac{-15}{10} = -1.5V = V_{AC}$$

$$V_{out} = -15V$$

$$V_{AC} - 1000I = 0$$

$$V_{AC} = \frac{+1000(15)}{10000} = \frac{15}{10} = 1.5V$$

Flips between

$$-1.5V = V = 1.5V$$