Electromagnetic Theory II: Homework 18

Due: 16 April 2021

1 Fields and potentials produced by a charge with constant velocity

The term $\mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{u}$, evaluated at the retarded time, appears in both the potentials and fields for moving charges. Consider a particle moving with constant velocity.

a) Show that

$$\mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{u} = \sqrt{(c^2t - \mathbf{r} \cdot \mathbf{v})^2 + (c^2 - v^2)(r^2 - c^2t^2)}.$$

b) Let

$$\mathbf{R} := \mathbf{r} - \mathbf{v}t$$

and show that

$$\mathbf{z} \cdot \mathbf{u} = Rc\sqrt{1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2}\sin^2\theta}$$

where θ is the angle between **R** and **v**.

2 Charged particle in circular orbit

A particle with charge q follows a circular orbit at constant speed in the xy plane. The radius of the orbit is R and it is centered on the origin. Let ω be the angular velocity.

a) Show that the electric field at the center of the orbit is

$$\mathbf{E} = -\frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0 R^2} \left\{ \left[\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right) \cos\left(\omega t_r\right) - \frac{v}{c} \sin\left(\omega t_r\right) \right] \hat{\mathbf{x}} + \left[\left(1 - \frac{v^2}{c^2} \right) \sin\left(\omega t_r\right) + \frac{v}{c} \cos\left(\omega t_r\right) \right] \hat{\mathbf{y}} \right\}$$

- b) Determine an expression for the magnetic field at the center of the orbit.
- c) Show that the magnetic field at the center of the orbit is exactly the same as that obtained from a loop with uniform current I = q/T where T is the period of orbit of the charge.