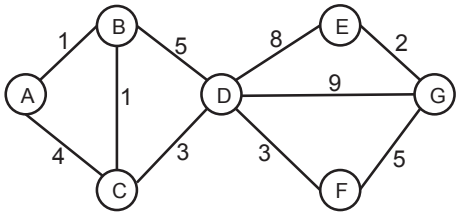
Name: _____
Collaborators: _____

Informed Search



Node	h_1	h_2
A	9.5	10
B	9	12
C	8	10
D	7	8
E	1.5	1
F	4	4.5
G	0	0

Consider the state space graph shown above. A is the start state and G is the goal state. The costs for each edge are shown on the graph. Each edge can be traversed in both directions. Note that the heuristic h_1 is consistent but the heuristic h_2 is not consistent.

(a) Possible paths returned

For each of the following graph search strategies (*do not answer for tree search*), mark which, if any, of the listed paths it could return. Note that for some search strategies the specific path returned might depend on tie-breaking behavior. In any such cases, make sure to mark *all* paths that could be returned under some tie-breaking scheme.

Search Algorithm	**A-B-D-G**	**A-C-D-G**	**A-B-C-D-F-G**
Depth first search			
Breadth first search			
Uniform cost search			
A* search with heuristic h_1			
A* search with heuristic h_2			

(b) Heuristic function properties

Suppose you are completing the new heuristic function h_3 shown below. All the values are fixed except $h_3(B)$.

Node	A	B	C	D	E	F	G
h_3	10	?	9	7	1.5	4.5	0

For each of the following conditions, write the set of values that are possible for $h_3(B)$. For example, to denote all non-negative numbers, write $[0, \infty]$, to denote the empty set, write $\varnothing$, and so on.

(i) What values of $h_3(B)$ make h_3 admissible?

(ii) What values of $h_3(B)$ make h_3 consistent?

(iii) What values of $h_3(B)$ will cause A* graph search to expand node A, then node C, then node B, then node D in order?