CSPB 2820 - Truong - Linear Algebra with Computer Science Applications

<u>Dashboard</u> / My courses / <u>2237:CSPB 2820</u> / <u>9 October - 15 October</u> / <u>Chapter 6 Quiz</u>

Started on	Wednesday, 11 October 2023, 3:57 PM
State	Finished
Completed on	Wednesday, 11 October 2023, 4:29 PM
Time taken	32 mins 39 secs
Marks	9.00/9.00
Grade	10.00 out of 10.00 (100 %)

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

$$Let A = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 6 \\ 9 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad and \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Calculate A + B, 4B and AB.



Your last answer was interpreted as follows: 13 8 12

$$4B = \begin{bmatrix} 32 & 28 & 20 \\ 16 & 4 & 28 \\ 12 & 8 & 24 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: 16 4

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 82 & 63 & 85 \\ 115 & 80 & 124 \\ 60 & 30 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: 115 80 124

Your answer is correct!

Your answer is correct!

The matrix sum is correct. A + B.

Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Your answer is correct!

Your answer to 4B is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Your answer is correct!

Your answer to AB is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Worked solution:
$$A + B = \begin{bmatrix} 8+7 & 7+2 & 6+5 \\ 9+4 & 7+1 & 7+5 \\ 3+2 & 8+2 & 6+4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 15 & 9 & 11 \\ 13 & 8 & 12 \\ 5 & 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix} \cdot 4B = 4 \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \cdot 8 & 4 \cdot 7 & 4 \cdot 5 \\ 4 \cdot 4 & 4 \cdot 1 & 4 \cdot 7 \\ 4 \cdot 3 & 4 \cdot 2 & 4 \cdot 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 32 & 28 & 20 \\ 16 & 4 & 28 \\ 12 & 8 & 24 \end{bmatrix}.$$

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 7 & 2 & 6 \\ 9 & 7 & 5 \\ 2 & 8 & 4 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 8 & 7 & 5 \\ 4 & 1 & 7 \\ 3 & 2 & 6 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 7 \cdot (8) + 2 \cdot (4) + 6 \cdot (3) & 7 \cdot (7) + 2 \cdot (1) + 6 \cdot (2) & 7 \cdot (5) + 2 \cdot (7) + 6 \cdot (6) \\ 9 \cdot (8) + 7 \cdot (4) + 5 \cdot (3) & 9 \cdot (7) + 7 \cdot (1) + 5 \cdot (2) & 9 \cdot (5) + 7 \cdot (7) + 5 \cdot (6) \\ 2 \cdot (8) + 8 \cdot (4) + 4 \cdot (3) & 2 \cdot (7) + 8 \cdot (1) + 4 \cdot (2) & 2 \cdot (5) + 8 \cdot (7) + 4 \cdot (6) \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 82 & 63 \\ 115 & 80 \\ 60 & 30 \end{bmatrix}$$

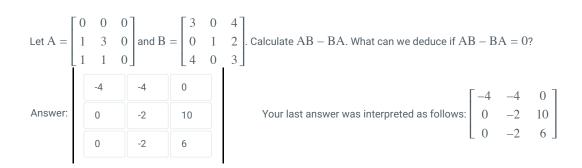
A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} 15 & 9 & 11 \\ 13 & 8 & 12 \\ 5 & 10 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$
A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} 32 & 28 & 20 \\ 16 & 4 & 28 \\ 12 & 8 & 24 \end{bmatrix}$$

A correct answer is $\begin{bmatrix} 82 & 63 & 85 \\ 115 & 80 & 124 \\ 60 & 30 & 90 \end{bmatrix}$

Question 2

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00



Your answer is correct!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Worked solution:

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 \cdot 3 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 4 & 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 & 0 \cdot 4 + 0 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 3 \\ 1 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 4 & 1 \cdot 0 + 3 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 & 1 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 3 \\ 1 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 4 & 1 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 & 1 \cdot 4 + 1 \cdot 2 + 0 \cdot 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 10 \\ 3 & 1 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 4 & 0 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 3 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 & 3 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 1 & 3 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot 0 \\ 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 1 & 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 \\ 4 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 1 & 4 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 1 & 4 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 + 3 \cdot 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 0 \\ 3 & 5 & 0 \\ 3 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} -4 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 10 \\ 0 & -2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Matrix AB - BA is called the commutator of A and B. If the commutator equals zero the product of the matrices commutes and if it is nonzero the matrices do not commute. In other words AB = BA iff AB - BA = 0.

A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 & -4 & 0 \\ 0 & -2 & 10 \\ 0 & -2 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculate the products $C_1 = AB$ and $C_2 = BA$.

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 37 & 34 & 38 \\ 38 & 29 & 30 \\ 20 & 16 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$

$$C_2 = \begin{bmatrix} 37 & 36 & 22 \\ 26 & 25 & 16 \\ 42 & 44 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 37 & 36 & 22 \\ 26 & 25 & 16 \\ 42 & 44 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$

Your answer is correct!

Your answer is correct!

 C_1 is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.50/0.50.

Your answer is correct!

 C_2 is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.50/0.50.

$$C_1 = AB$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 4 \\ 5 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & 3 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 3 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 2 \\ 3 & 4 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 3 & 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 4 & 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 5 \\ 5 \cdot 4 + 5 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 3 & 5 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 4 & 5 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 5 \\ 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 3 + 1 \cdot 3 & 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 4 & 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 16 + 9 + 12 & 12 + 6 + 16 & 12 + 6 + 20 \\ 20 + 15 + 3 & 15 + 10 + 4 & 15 + 10 + 5 \\ 8 + 9 + 3 & 6 + 6 + 4 & 6 + 6 + 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 37 & 34 & 38 \\ 38 & 29 & 30 \\ 20 & 16 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$C_2 = \overline{BA}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 2 & 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 5 + 3 \cdot 3 & 4 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 1 \\ 3 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 2 & 3 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 3 & 3 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 1 + 2 \cdot 1 \\ 3 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 2 & 3 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 5 + 5 \cdot 3 & 3 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 16 + 15 + 6 & 12 + 15 + 9 & 16 + 3 + 3 \\ 12 + 10 + 4 & 9 + 10 + 6 & 12 + 2 + 2 \\ 12 + 20 + 10 & 9 + 20 + 15 & 12 + 4 + 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 37 & 36 & 22 \\ 26 & 25 & 16 \\ 42 & 44 & 21 \end{bmatrix}$$
A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} 37 & 34 & 38 \\ 38 & 29 & 30 \\ 20 & 16 & 17 \end{bmatrix}$$

22

16

21_

A correct answer is 26 25

42 44

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Calculate the matrix products AB, BA and the difference AB-BA.

$$AB = \begin{array}{|c|c|c|c|c|c|}\hline 18 & 34 & 39 \\ \hline 14 & 23 & 29 \\ \hline 16 & 31 & 37 \\ \hline \end{array}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 14 & 23 & 29 \\ 16 & 31 & 37 \end{bmatrix}$

$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} 28 & 28 & 27 \\ 22 & 23 & 21 \\ 32 & 29 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 28 & 28 & 27 \\ 22 & 23 & 21 \\ 32 & 29 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$

$$AB - BA = \begin{bmatrix} -10 & 6 & 12 \\ -8 & 0 & 8 \\ -16 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} -10 & 6 & 12 \\ -8 & 0 & 8 \\ -16 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$

Your answer is correct!

Your answer is correct!

AB is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Your answer is correct!

BA is correct.

Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Your answer is correct!

The difference AB-BA is correct. Marks for this submission: 0.33/0.33.

Chapter 6 Quiz: Attempt review

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \\ 4 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \\ 2 & 2 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 2 & 4 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 & 4 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 5 \\ 2 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 2 & 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 2 & 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 14 & 23 & 29 \\ 16 & 31 & 37 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 2 + 3 \cdot 4 & 3 \\ 2 & 3 & 2 \cdot 2 \cdot 5 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 2 + 4 \cdot 4 & 1 \cdot 4 + 4 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 3 & 1 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot 3 \\ 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 2 + 2 \cdot 4 & 2 \cdot 4 + 3 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3 & 2 \cdot 3 + 3 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3 \\ 2 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 2 + 5 \cdot 4 & 2 \cdot 4 + 2 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 3 & 2 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 28 & 28 & 27 \\ 22 & 23 & 21 \\ 32 & 29 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 16 & 32 & 31 - 29 & 37 - 27 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 28 & 28 & 27 \\ 22 & 23 & 21 \\ 32 & 29 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 14 & 23 & 29 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 14 & 23 & 29 \end{bmatrix}$$

A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} 18 & 34 & 39 \\ 14 & 23 & 29 \\ 16 & 31 & 37 \end{bmatrix}$$
A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} 28 & 28 & 27 \\ 22 & 23 & 21 \\ 32 & 29 & 27 \end{bmatrix}$$
A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} -10 & 6 & 12 \\ -8 & 0 & 8 \\ -16 & 2 & 10 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Calculate the products AB and BA when the matrices are $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$, $B = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 8 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

$$AB = 28$$



Your last answer was interpreted as follows: 28

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 \\ 8 & 16 & 24 & 32 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Your answer is correct!

Your answer is correct!

The product AB is correct!

Marks for this submission: 0.50/0.50.

Your answer is correct!

The product BA is correct!

Marks for this submission: 0.50/0.50.

Worked solution:

$$AB = 1 \cdot 5 + 2 \cdot 8 + 3 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 = 28. BA = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \cdot 1 & 5 \cdot 2 & 5 \cdot 3 & 5 \cdot 4 \\ 8 \cdot 1 & 8 \cdot 2 & 8 \cdot 3 & 8 \cdot 4 \\ 1 \cdot 1 & 1 \cdot 2 & 1 \cdot 3 & 1 \cdot 4 \\ 1 \cdot 1 & 1 \cdot 2 & 1 \cdot 3 & 1 \cdot 4 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 \\ 8 & 16 & 24 & 32 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

A correct answer is 28, which can be typed in as follows: 28

A correct answer is $\begin{bmatrix} 5 & 10 & 15 & 20 \\ 8 & 16 & 24 & 32 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \\ 1 & 2 & 3 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 3 & k \end{bmatrix} \quad \text{and} \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Determine the parameter k such that AB = BA.

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: -6

Your answer is correct!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Worked solution:

Let's begin by computing the products AB and BA.

$$AB = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 3 & k \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 6 & -7 \\ 3 \cdot k - 3 & 3 - 4 \cdot k \end{bmatrix},$$
$$BA = \begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 \\ 3 & -4 \end{bmatrix} \cdot \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 3 & k \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 6 & k - 1 \\ -21 & 3 - 4 \cdot k \end{bmatrix}.$$

For the matrices to be equal their corresponding elements must be equal.

We note that two elements in the products are identical. Let's therefore use for example the elements $(AB)_{21}$ and $(BA)_{21}$ to calculate k.

$$(AB)_{21} = (BA)_{21}$$

 $3 \cdot k - 3 = -21$
 $3 \cdot k = -18$
 $k = -6$.

Finally let's check that equality holds for the element in the first row and last column.

$$(BA)_{12} = k - 1$$
 || $k = -6$
= -7

A correct answer is -6, which can be typed in as follows: -6

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Calculate the product Ax when

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -4 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \text{ and } x = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & -3 \end{bmatrix}^T.$$

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} -13 & -23 & \end{bmatrix}^T.$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: -13

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: -2

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: -23

Your answer is correct!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Worked solution:

$$Ax = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -4 & 2 \\ 1 & 3 & 4 \\ -2 & -2 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ -3 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 5 \cdot 1 + (-4) \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot (-3) \\ 1 \cdot 1 + 3 \cdot 3 + 4 \cdot (-3) \\ (-2) \cdot 1 + (-2) \cdot 3 + 5 \cdot (-3) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -13 \\ -2 \\ -23 \end{bmatrix}.$$

A correct answer is -13, which can be typed in as follows: -13

A correct answer is -2, which can be typed in as follows: -2

A correct answer is -23, which can be typed in as follows: -23

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Calculate the product $A\mathbf{x}$ when $A = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -4 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$ and $\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 & -2 \end{bmatrix}^{\mathsf{T}}$.

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$

Your answer is correct!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

$$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{x} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 & -4 & 5 \\ 2 & 4 & 4 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} 4 \cdot 1 + (-4) \cdot 1 + 5 \cdot (-2) \\ 2 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot (-2) \\ (2) \cdot 1 + (1) \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot (-2) \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}.$$

A correct answer is
$$\begin{bmatrix} -10 \\ -2 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Correct

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Let

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 7 \\ 6 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}.$$

The transpose of A is:

2	6	7
5	6	4
7	4	6

Your last answer was interpreted as follows: $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$

Your answer is correct! Vastauksesi on oikein!

Marks for this submission: 1.00/1.00.

Worked solution:

The transpose of \boldsymbol{M} , denoted $\boldsymbol{M}^{\text{T}}$, is defined by the following equation.

$$\mathbf{M}_{ij}^{\mathsf{T}} = \mathbf{M}_{ji}$$
.

Therefore the transpose of

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 7 \\ 6 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

is

$$\mathbf{A}^{\mathsf{T}} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

Mallivastaus:

 $\text{Matriisin } M \text{ transpoosi } M^{\text{T}} \text{ määritellään seuraavasti.}$

$$\mathbf{M}_{ij}^{\mathsf{T}} = \mathbf{M}_{ji}$$
.

Näin ollen matriisin

$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & 7 \\ 6 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

transpoosiksi saadaan

$$A^{T} = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$$

A correct answer is $\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 6 & 7 \\ 5 & 6 & 4 \\ 7 & 4 & 6 \end{bmatrix}$