

## Summary : Ensembles

Ensemble	Macrostate	Probability distribution	Thermodynamics
Microcanonical	$E, V, N$	$P_s = \frac{1}{\Omega(E_s)}$	$S(E, V, N) = k \log(\Omega)$
Canonical	$T, V, N$	$P_s = \frac{e^{-\beta E_s}}{Q_N}$	$A(T, V, N) = -kT \log Q_N$
Grandcanonical	$T, V, \mu$	$P_s = \frac{e^{-\beta(E_s - \mu N_s)}}{\mathcal{Q}}$	$P V = kT \log \mathcal{Q}$

$P_s$ : probability for the system to be in microstates

$E_s$ : energy of system in microstate  $s$

$S$ : entropy

$A$ : Helmholtz free energy

$P$ : Pressure

$$\beta = \frac{1}{kT}$$

- $$T(E) = \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{E < \mathcal{H} < E + \Delta E} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$

$T(E) = T(E, V, N)$

suppressed dependency

$h$ : units of momentum  $\times$  length

- $$Q_N(T, V) = \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{\text{all space}} e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$

- $$\mathcal{Q}(T, V, \mu) = \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} z^N Q_N(T, V)$$

Ensemble average:

- $$\langle f \rangle = \frac{\frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{E < \mathcal{H} < E + \Delta E} f d^{3N} p d^{3N} q}{\frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{E < \mathcal{H} < E + \Delta E} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q} = \frac{1}{T(E)} \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{E < \mathcal{H} < E + \Delta E} f d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$

- $$\langle f \rangle = \frac{\frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int f e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q}{\frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q} = \frac{1}{Q_N} \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int f e^{-\beta \mathcal{H}} d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$

- $$\langle f \rangle = \frac{\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} f z^N Q_N(T, V)}{\sum_{N=0}^{\infty} z^N Q_N(T, V)} = \frac{1}{\mathcal{Q}} \sum_{N=0}^{\infty} f z^N Q_N(T, V)$$



~~7~~  $T(E)$  can be rewritten in a convenient way using the Heaviside step function:

$$T(E) = \Sigma(E + \Delta E) - \Sigma(E)$$

$$= \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{\text{all space}} \Theta(E + \Delta E - \mathcal{H}(\vec{p}, \vec{q})) d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$

$$- \frac{1}{N! h^{3N}} \int_{\text{all space}} \Theta(E - \mathcal{H}(\vec{p}, \vec{q})) d^{3N} p d^{3N} q$$