

Key points of 02/09 lecture

- $A = U - TS$ (A establishes connection betw. canonical ensemble and SM)
 $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{internal energy} \\ U = \langle \mathcal{H} \rangle \end{array} \right.$

- Energy fluctuations: $\frac{\sqrt{\langle \mathcal{H}^2 \rangle - \langle \mathcal{H} \rangle^2}}{\langle \mathcal{H} \rangle} = \frac{\sqrt{kT^2 C_V}}{\langle \mathcal{H} \rangle}$

$\xrightarrow{\text{"typically"}} 0$ as $N \rightarrow \infty$

- For two-level system with N particles:

$$\underbrace{\langle \mathcal{H} \rangle}_{\text{canonical ensemble}} = U = \underbrace{E(T, N)}_{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{we showed} \\ \text{this}}} \quad \text{energy (macrovariable in microcanonical ensemble)}$$

- Isolated system: $\Delta S(E, V, N) \geq 0$. The entropy of an isolated system can never decrease.
- System in contact with heat reservoir: $\Delta A(T, V, N) \leq 0$. The Helmholtz free energy of a system in contact with a heat reservoir can never increase.