



ALPHA & OMEGA
SEMICONDUCTOR

AO3423

20V P-Channel MOSFET

General Description

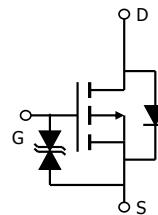
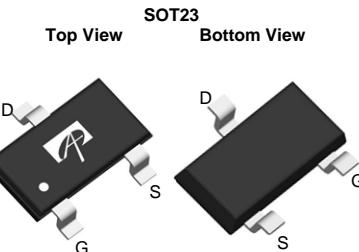
The AO3423 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent $R_{DS(ON)}$, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch applications.

Product Summary

| | |
|-----------------------------------|---------|
| V_{DS} | -20V |
| I_D (at $V_{GS}=-10V$) | -2A |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-10V$) | < 92mΩ |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-4.5V$) | < 118mΩ |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ (at $V_{GS}=-2.5V$) | < 166mΩ |

Typical ESD protection

HBM Class 2



Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

| Parameter | Symbol | Maximum | Units |
|--|----------------|------------|-------|
| Drain-Source Voltage | V_{DS} | -20 | V |
| Gate-Source Voltage | V_{GS} | ± 12 | V |
| Continuous Drain Current | I_D | -2 | A |
| Current | | -2 | |
| Pulsed Drain Current ^C | I_{DM} | -17 | |
| Power Dissipation ^B | P_D | 1.4 | W |
| | | 0.9 | |
| Junction and Storage Temperature Range | T_J, T_{STG} | -55 to 150 | °C |

Thermal Characteristics

| Parameter | Symbol | Typ | Max | Units |
|--|-----------------|-----|-----|-------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^A | $R_{\theta JA}$ | 65 | 90 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient ^{A,D} | | 85 | 125 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Lead | $R_{\theta JL}$ | 43 | 60 | °C/W |

Electrical Characteristics ($T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

| Symbol | Parameter | Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|-------|-------|----------|------------------|
| STATIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| BV_{DSS} | Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage | $I_D=-250\mu\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | -20 | | | V |
| I_{DSS} | Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current | $V_{DS}=-20\text{V}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ $T_J=55^\circ\text{C}$ | | | -1 -5 | μA |
| I_{GSS} | Gate-Body leakage current | $V_{DS}=0\text{V}, V_{GS}= \pm 12\text{V}$ | | | ± 10 | μA |
| $V_{GS(\text{th})}$ | Gate Threshold Voltage | $V_{DS}=V_{GS}, I_D=-250\mu\text{A}$ | -0.5 | -0.85 | -1.2 | V |
| $I_{D(\text{ON})}$ | On state drain current | $V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-5\text{V}$ | -17 | | | A |
| $R_{DS(\text{ON})}$ | Static Drain-Source On-Resistance | $V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$ $T_J=125^\circ\text{C}$ | 76 | 92 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$ | 99 | 119 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| | | $V_{GS}=-2.5\text{V}, I_D=-1\text{A}$ | 94 | 118 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| g_{FS} | Forward Transconductance | $V_{DS}=-5\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$ | 128 | 166 | | $\text{m}\Omega$ |
| V_{SD} | Diode Forward Voltage | $I_S=-1\text{A}, V_{GS}=0\text{V}$ | -0.76 | -1 | | V |
| I_S | Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current | | | | -1.5 | A |
| DYNAMIC PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| C_{iss} | Input Capacitance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | 250 | 325 | 400 | pF |
| C_{oss} | Output Capacitance | | 40 | 63 | 85 | pF |
| C_{rss} | Reverse Transfer Capacitance | | 22 | 37 | 52 | pF |
| R_g | Gate resistance | $V_{GS}=0\text{V}, V_{DS}=0\text{V}, f=1\text{MHz}$ | | 11.2 | 17 | Ω |
| SWITCHING PARAMETERS | | | | | | |
| Q_g | Total Gate Charge | $V_{GS}=-4.5\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, I_D=-2\text{A}$ | | 3.2 | 4.5 | nC |
| Q_{gs} | Gate Source Charge | | | 0.6 | | nC |
| Q_{gd} | Gate Drain Charge | | | 0.9 | | nC |
| $t_{D(\text{on})}$ | Turn-On DelayTime | $V_{GS}=-10\text{V}, V_{DS}=-10\text{V}, R_L=5\Omega, R_{\text{GEN}}=3\Omega$ | | 11 | | ns |
| t_r | Turn-On Rise Time | | | 5.5 | | ns |
| $t_{D(\text{off})}$ | Turn-Off DelayTime | | | 22 | | ns |
| t_f | Turn-Off Fall Time | | | 8 | | ns |
| t_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time | $I_F=-2\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 6.1 | | ns |
| Q_{rr} | Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge | $I_F=-2\text{A}, dI/dt=100\text{A}/\mu\text{s}$ | | 1.4 | | nC |

A. The value of R_{IJL} is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.

B. The power dissipation P_D is based on $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$, using $\leq 10\text{s}$ junction-to-ambient thermal resistance.

C. Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. Ratings are based on low frequency and duty cycles to keep initial $T_J=25^\circ\text{C}$.

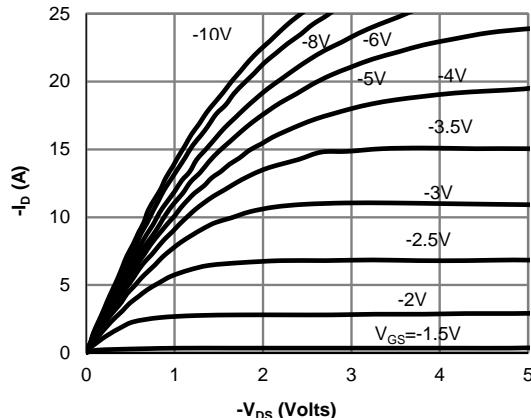
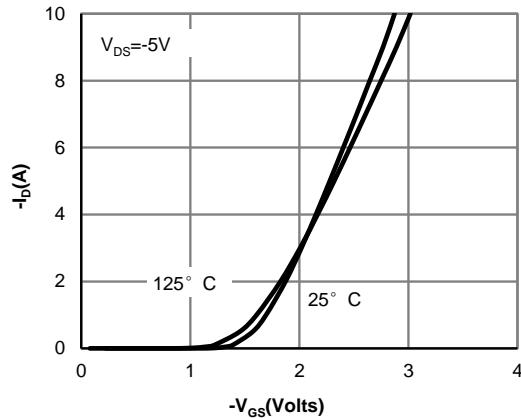
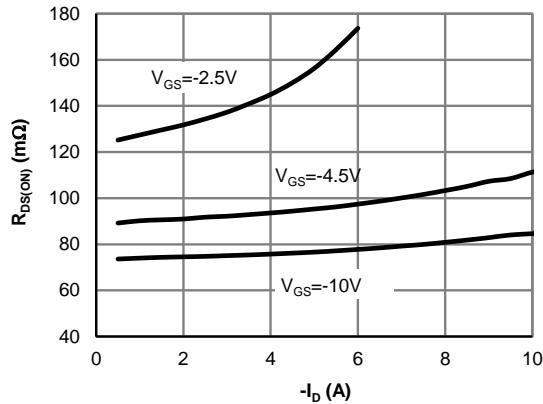
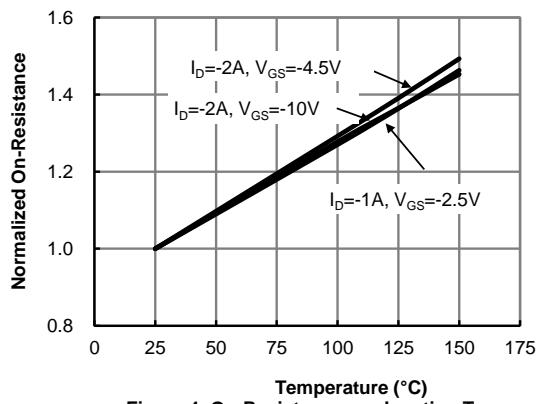
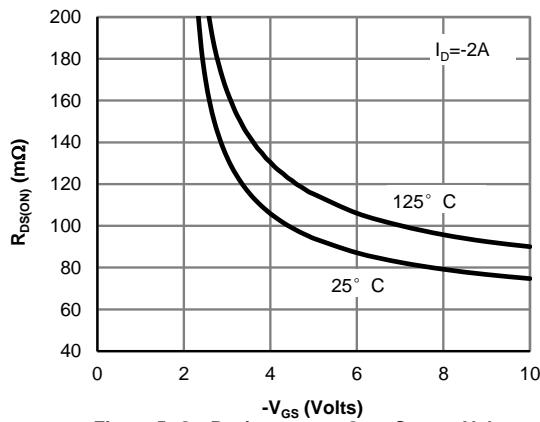
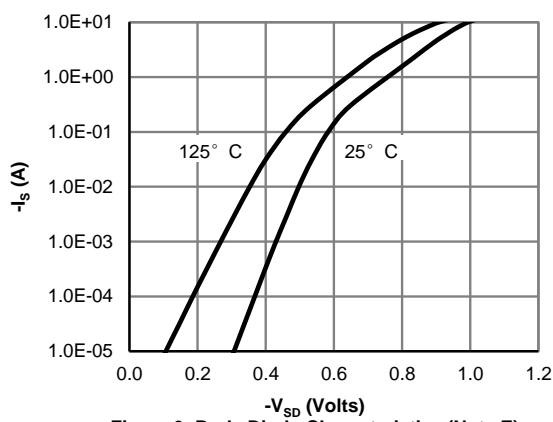
D. The R_{IJL} is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to lead R_{IJL} and lead to ambient.

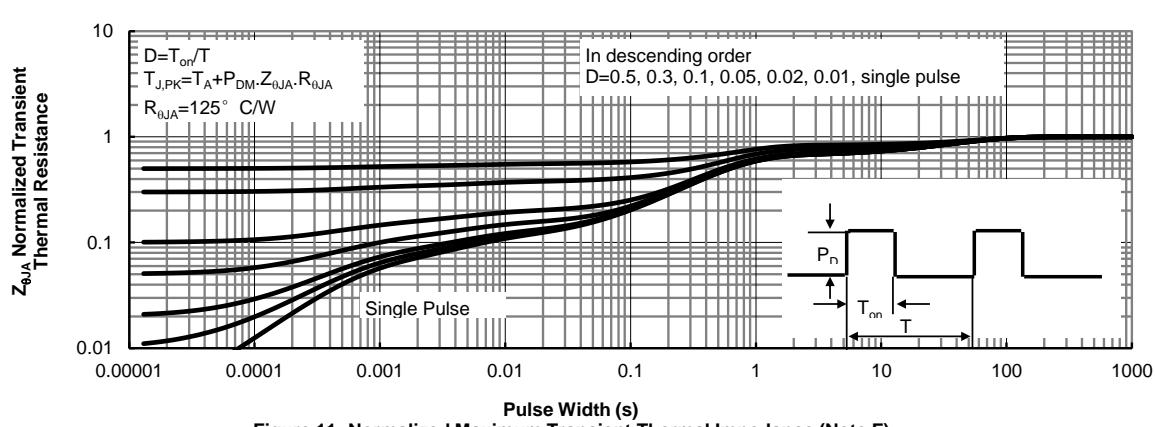
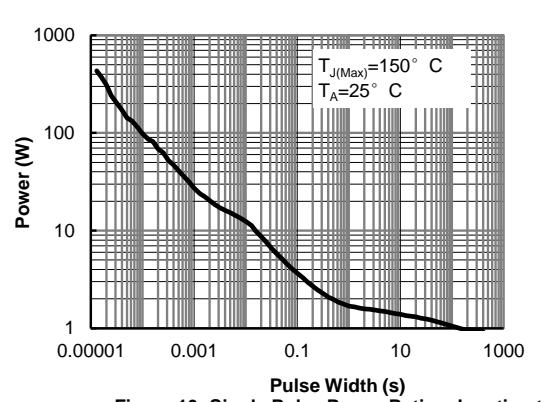
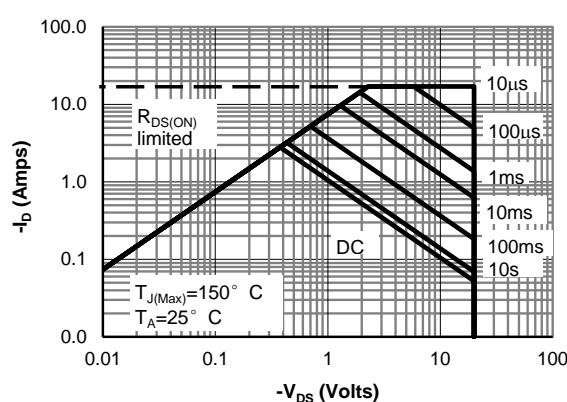
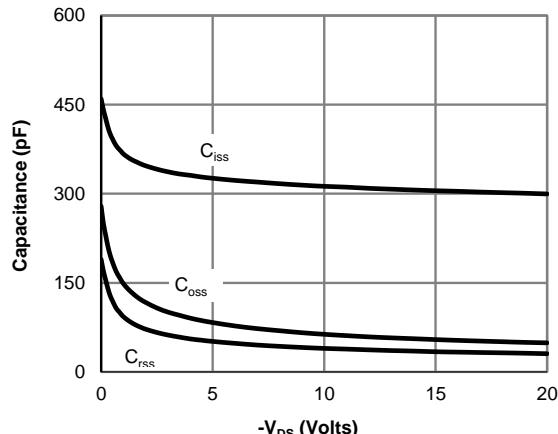
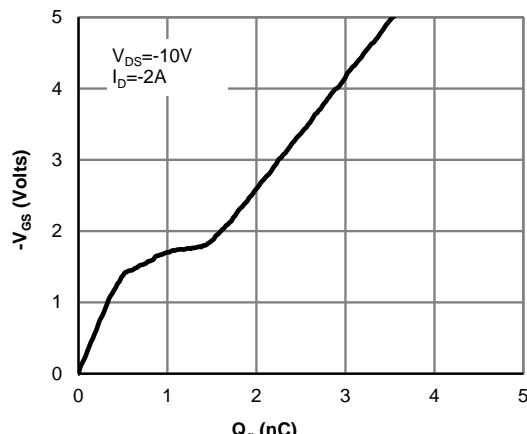
E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

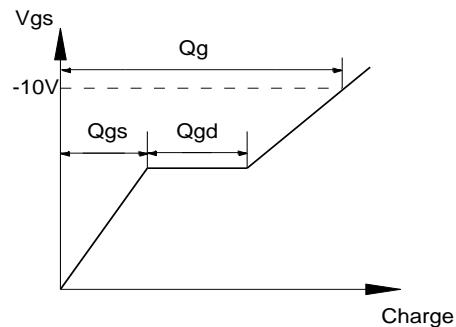
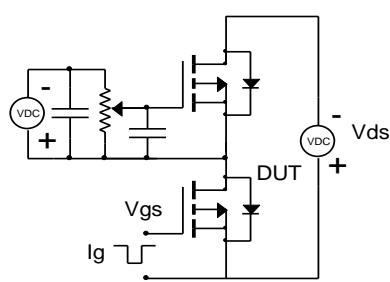
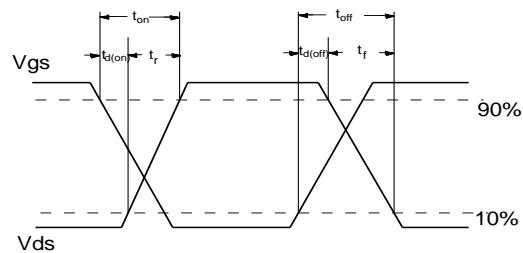
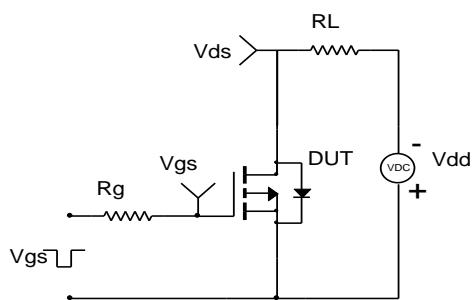
F. These curves are based on the junction-to-ambient thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted on 1in² FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, assuming a maximum junction temperature of $T_{J(\text{MAX})}=150^\circ\text{C}$. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

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TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS


Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform

Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms

Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms
