SolvingMazes: Q-Learning Agent

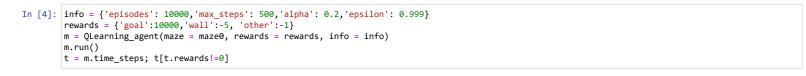
Achi's Projects (https://github.com/QuantumNano-Al/PROJECTS)

The difference between SARSA and Q-Learning is in the selection of action in the next state. While SARSA follows the current policy, Q-Learning selects the next state's action in a way that maximizes utility.

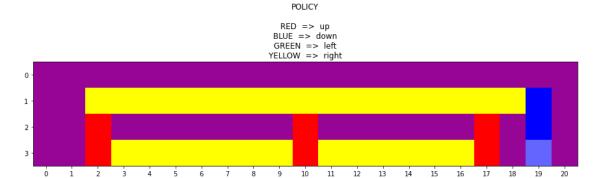
```
In [1]: import numpy as np
        import sklearn.preprocessing as sc
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import cv2
        import pandas as pd
        import operator
        class Maze:
            def __init__(self, maze, rewards = {'goal':1000000,'wall':-15, 'other':-1}):
                 """# Read file and set height and width of maze
                with open(filename) as f:
    maze = f.read()"""
                 self.rewards=rewards
                 # Validate start and goal
                 if maze.count("A") != 1:
                     raise Exception("maze must have exactly one start point")
                 if maze.count("B") != 1:
                     raise Exception("maze must have exactly one goal")
                 self.actions = ["up", "down", "left", "right"]
                 # Determine height and width of maze
                 maze = maze.splitlines()
                 self.height = len(maze)
                 self.width = max(len(line) for line in maze)
                 self.states = []
                 self.gamma = .9 # This is the discount factor
                 self.theta = .00001 # Small number threshold to signal convergence of the value function
                 self.probs = [round(1/len(self.actions),2)] * len(self.actions)
                 self.policy = list(zip(self.actions,self.probs))
                 # Keep track of walls
                 self.walls = []
                 self.wall_cords = []
                 for i in range(self.height):
                     row = []
                     for j in range(self.width):
                         try:
                             if maze[i][j] == "A":
                                 self.start = (i, j)
                                 row.append(False)
                                 self.states.append((i,j))
                             elif maze[i][j] == "B":
                                 self.goal = (i, j)
                                 row.append(False)
                                 self.states.append((i,j))
                             elif maze[i][j] == " '
                                 row.append(False)
                                 self.states.append((i,j))
                                 row.append(True)
                                 self.wall_cords.append((i,j))
                         except IndexError:
                             row.append(False)
                             self.states.append((i,j))
                     self.walls.append(row)
                 self.state_count = len(self.states)
                 self.solution = None
                 self.V = dict(zip(self.states, self.state_count*[0]))
                 self.pi = dict(zip(self.states, self.state_count*[0]))
                 for s in self.states:
                     avail_actions = self.actions
                     self.pi[s] = avail_actions[0]
                 self.pi1 = dict(zip(self.states, self.state_count*[0]))
            def print(self):
                 solution = self.solution[1] if self.solution is not None else None
                 print()
                 for i, row in enumerate(self.walls):
                     for j, col in enumerate(row):
                         if col:
                             print("#", end="")
                         elif (i, j) == self.start:
                             print("A", end="")
                         elif (i, j) == self.goal:
                             print("B", end="")
                         elif solution is not None and (i, j) in solution:
                             print("*", end="")
                         else:
                            print(" ", end="")
                     print()
                 print()
             def neighbors(self, state, a = None):
                  """This function takes in a state and returns all available actions for that state the next state
                    and reward if each action is take, with a specific transition probability"
                 row, col = state
                 candidates = [
                     ("up", (row - 1, col)),
                     ("down", (row + 1, col)),
("left", (row, col - 1)),
```

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("right", (row, col + 1))
    terminal = False
    result = []
    for action, (r, c) in candidates:
        if (r,c) == self.goal: terminal = True
        if 0 \leftarrow r \leftarrow self.height and 0 \leftarrow c \leftarrow self.width and not self.walls[r][c]:
            if (row, col) == self.goal:
                 (r, c) = self.goal; terminal = True
             reward = self.rewards['goal'] if ((r,c) == self.goal) or (state == self.goal) else self.rewards['other']
             trans_prob = 1
             result.append((action, (r, c), reward, trans_prob, terminal))
    actions = [tup[0] for tup in result]
    if a:
        R = []
        if a in actions:
             inx = actions.index(a)
             R.append((result[inx]))
            return R
        else:
            R.append((a, (row,col), self.rewards['wall'], 1, terminal))
            return R
    return result
def plot_state_values(self):
    val = np.array(list(self.V.values())).reshape(-1,1)
    va = sc.MinMaxScaler(feature_range=(0, 255)).fit_transform(val).flatten()
    V = \{\}
    for i in range(len(va)):
        V[list(self.V.keys())[i]] = va[i]
    # create a black image
    img = np.ones((self.height,self.width,3), np.uint8)
    for item in V.items():
        (r,c),vx = item
        img[r,c] = [0,vx,0]
    for r,c in self.wall_cords:
        img[r,c] = [150,5,150]
    img[self.start[0],self.start[1]] = [255,0,0]
    img[self.goal[0], self.goal[1]] = [100,100,255]
    def showimg(img):
        plt.figure(figsize = (15,15))
        plt.imshow(img, cmap='viridis')
        plt.xticks([])
        plt.yticks([])
        #plt.colorbar()
        plt.show()
    showimg(img)
    def policy_(s):
        row, col = s
        candidates = [
            ("up", (row - 1, col)),
("down", (row + 1, col)),
("left", (row, col - 1)),
("right", (row, col + 1))
        ]
        if s in self.wall_cords:
            return ('WALL!!!')
            values = \{a: self. V[r,c] \text{ for a,(r,c) in candidates if } 0 <= r < self. height and } 0 <= c < self. width and not self. walls[r][c]\}
            values = {v:k for k,v in values.items()}
            best = values[max(values)]
        return best
    pi = np.zeros((self.height, self.width)).astype('str')
    pi = np.where(pi=='0.0', 'wall', pi)
    candidates = {
                 "up": [255,0,0],
                 "down": [0,0,255],
"left": [0,255,0],
                 "right": [255,255,0]
    for item in self.pi.keys():
        action = policy_(item)
        r,c = item
        pi[r,c] = action
        img[r,c] = candidates[action]
    img[self.start[0],self.start[1]] = [255,0,0]
    img[self.goal[0],self.goal[1]] = [100,100,255]
    def showimg(img):
        plt.figure(figsize = (15,15))
        plt.imshow(img, cmap='viridis', )
        plt.yticks(list(range(self.height)))
        plt.xticks(list(range(self.width)))
        plt.title("POLICY\n\nRED => up\nBLUE => down\nGREEN => left\nYELLOW => right")
        #plt.colorbar()
```

```
plt.show()
                showimg(img)
                return img
        class QLearning_agent(Maze):
            def __init__(self, maze, rewards = {'goal':1000000,
                                                     'wall':-15.
                                                     'other':-1},
                                         info = {'episodes': 200,
                                                 'max_steps': 1500,
                                                 'alpha': 0.4,
                                                 'epsilon': 0.9} ):
                Maze.__init__(self, maze, rewards)
                self.epsilon = info['epsilon']
                self.r = np.random.RandomState(seed=12345)
                self.episodes =info['episodes']
                self.max_steps =info['max_steps']
                self.alpha = info['alpha']
                self.epsilon = info['epsilon']
            def func_q(self, states,n_states,n_actions,kind = 'random'):
                if kind=='ones'
                    return dict(zip(states,np.ones((n_states,n_actions)).tolist()))
                elif kind == 'zeros':
                    return dict(zip(states,np.zeros((n_states,n_actions)).tolist()))
                elif kind =='random':
                    return dict(zip(states,np.round(self.r.randn(n_states,n_actions),2).tolist()))
                else : raise NameError("Wrong input: please use ['ones', 'zeros', 'random']")
            def argmax(self, test_array):
                return self.r.choice(np.flatnonzero(np.array(test_array)==np.array(test_array).max()))
            def epsilon_greedy(self, Q, epsilon, actions, state, train=False):
                current q = Q[state]
                if self.r.rand() < epsilon:</pre>
                    action = self.r.choice(actions)
                    return action
                else:
                   action = self.argmax(current_q)
                return actions[action]
            def run(self):
                self.Q = self.func_q(self.states,self.state_count,len(self.actions),kind = 'random')
                self.time_steps = pd.DataFrame()
                for episode in range(self.episodes):
                    total reward = 0 # This sets the total reward obtained during this episode
                    s = self.states[self.r.randint(len(self.states))]
                    a = self.epsilon_greedy(Q=self.Q, epsilon=self.epsilon, actions=self.actions, state=s,train=False)
                    t = 0
                    terminal = False
                    while t < self.max_steps:</pre>
                        t+=1
                        _,s_, reward, p,terminal = self.neighbors(s,a)[0]
                        total reward += reward
                        q_ = self.Q[s_] # Action values in the next state
                           = self.actions[self.argmax(q_)] # Action in the next state does not follow policy. It is rather selected to maximise utility.
                        if terminal:
                            self.Q[s][self.actions.index(a)] += self.alpha * (reward - self.Q[s][self.actions.index(a)])
                            self.Q[s][self.actions.index(a)] += self.alpha * (reward + self.Q[s_][self.actions.index(a_)] - \
                                                                              self.0[s][self.actions.index(a)])
                        s, a = s_, a_
                        if terminal:
                            self.time_steps = self.time_steps.append(pd.Series({
                                 'episode':int(episode), 'steps':t, 'rewards':total_reward
                                                                                }), ignore_index=True)
                            break
                    if terminal and t%10==0:
                        print(f'.',end='')
                self.pi = {}
                self.V = {}
                for k,v in self.Q.items():
                    self.pi[(k)] = self.actions[self.argmax(v)]
                    self.V[(k)] = max(v)
                max_r = max([v for k,v in self.V.items()])
                self.V[self.goal] = max_r
                img = self.plot_state_values()
                #return V,pi
## ###### ###### # #
        ##A
                          #B#"""
In [3]: print(maze0)
```







Out[4]:

	episode	rewards	steps
0	0.0	9999.0	2.0
1	1.0	-5.0	1.0
2	4.0	9683.0	186.0
3	5.0	9885.0	68.0
4	6.0	9571.0	278.0
9993	9995.0	9983.0	18.0
9994	9996.0	9998.0	3.0
9995	9997.0	9994.0	7.0
9996	9998.0	9989.0	12.0
9997	9999.0	9988.0	9.0

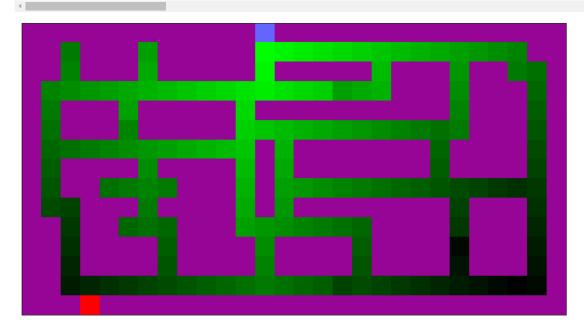
9998 rows × 3 columns

In []:

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## ### #####
      ## ### ##### ##### ### ##
                    ### ### #
      # ### ##### ########## ### #
      # ### #####
                        ### #
               # ####### #### #
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      # ##
           ### #
      # ### #### # ####### ### #
                    #### ### #
      ## ## ###
      ## #### #### #### #### ### #
      ## #### #### #### #### ### #
      ###A########################
```

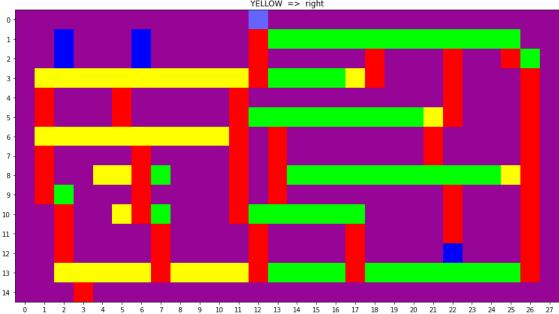
In [6]: print(maze)

```
In [7]: info = {'episodes': 10000,'max_steps': 500,'alpha': 0.4,'epsilon': 0.999}
    rewards = {'goal':10000,'wall':-5, 'other':-1}
    m = QLearning_agent(maze = maze, rewards = rewards, info = info)
    m.run()
    t = m.time_steps; t[t.rewards!=0]
```



POLICY

RED => up BLUE => down GREEN => left YELLOW => right



Out[7]:

	episode	rewards	steps
0	3.0	-926.0	498.0
1	5.0	-166.0	82.0
2	6.0	9735.0	130.0
3	7.0	9883.0	78.0
4	8.0	9881.0	84.0
9991	9995.0	9988.0	13.0
9992	9996.0	9981.0	20.0
9993	9997.0	9968.0	29.0
9994	9998.0	9992.0	5.0
9995	9999.0	10000.0	1.0

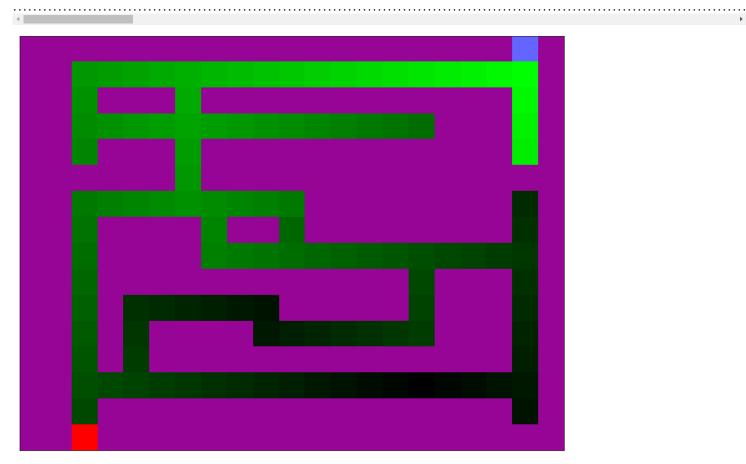
9996 rows × 3 columns

```
In [ ]:
## ### #
   ******* *************
      ##
   ## #### ## ####### #
   ## #### #
   ## ######### ### #
   ##
   ##A##############"""
```

In [9]: print(maze1)

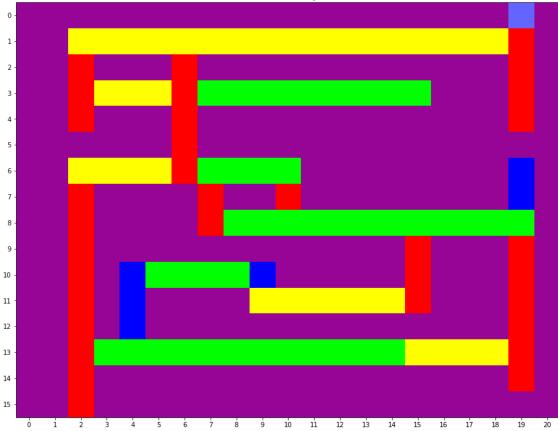
##A##################

```
In [10]:
    info = {'episodes': 10000, 'max_steps': 500, 'alpha': 0.2, 'epsilon': 0.999}
    rewards = {'goal':10000, 'wall':-5, 'other':-1}
    m = QLearning_agent(maze = maze1, rewards = rewards, info = info)
    m.run()
    t = m.time_steps; t[t.rewards!=0]
```



POLICY

RED => up BLUE => down GREEN => left YELLOW => right



	episode	rewards	steps
0	7.0	-268.0	164.0
1	10.0	9685.0	184.0
2	12.0	9341.0	380.0
3	15.0	9903.0	58.0
4	18.0	9362.0	367.0
9974	9995.0	9977.0	24.0
9975	9996.0	9969.0	32.0
9976	9997.0	9982.0	15.0
9977	9998.0	9983.0	18.0
9978	9999.0	9992.0	5.0

0070 -----

In []:	
In []:	