SolvingMazes-BFS_vs_DFS

Breath-first Search (BFS) - Queue frontier is used Depth-first Search (DFS) - Stack frontier is used

maze1.txt

This is a maze made from hash marks. A is the starting position and B is the goal or ending position

#####B# ##### # #### ## A######

maze.py

```
import sys
class Node():
    def __init__(self, state, parent, action):
        self.state = state
        self.parent = parent
        self.action = action
class StackFrontier():
    def __init__(self):
        self.frontier = []
    def add(self, node):
        self.frontier.append(node)
    def contains_state(self, state):
        return any(node.state == state for node in self.frontier)
    def empty(self):
        return len(self.frontier) == 0
    def remove(self):
        if self.empty():
            raise Exception("empty frontier")
            node = self.frontier[-1]
            self.frontier = self.frontier[:-1]
            return node
class QueueFrontier(StackFrontier):
    def remove(self):
        if self.empty():
            raise Exception("empty frontier")
        else:
            node = self.frontier[0]
            self.frontier = self.frontier[1:]
            return node
class Maze():
    def __init__(self):
       filename = sys.argv[1]
        self.frontierType = sys.argv[2]
        self.frontiers = {'stack': StackFrontier(),
                         'queue': QueueFrontier()
                         }
        # Read file and set height and width of maze
       with open(filename) as f:
            contents = f.read()
        # Validate start and goal
        if contents.count("A") != 1:
            raise Exception("maze must have exactly one start point")
        if contents.count("B") != 1:
            raise Exception("maze must have exactly one goal")
        # Determine height and width of maze
        contents = contents.splitlines()
        self.height = len(contents)
        self.width = max(len(line) for line in contents)
```

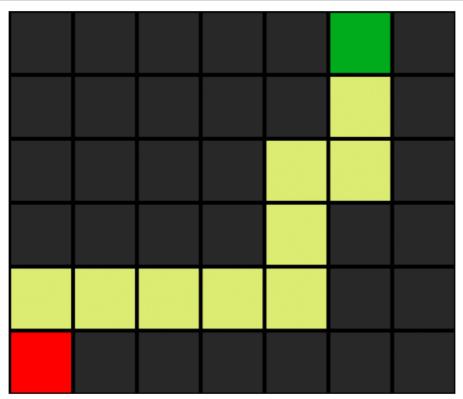
Keen track of walls

```
self.walls = []
    for i in range(self.height):
        row = []
        for j in range(self.width):
            try:
                if contents[i][j] == "A":
                    self.start = (i, j)
                    row.append(False)
                elif contents[i][j] == "B":
                    self.goal = (i, j)
                    row.append(False)
                elif contents[i][j] == " ":
                    row.append(False)
                else:
                    row.append(True)
            except IndexError:
                row.append(False)
        self.walls.append(row)
    self.solution = None
def print(self):
    solution = self.solution[1] if self.solution is not None else None
    print()
    for i, row in enumerate(self.walls):
        for j, col in enumerate(row):
            if col:
                print("#", end="")
            elif (i, j) == self.start:
                print("A", end="")
            elif (i, j) == self.goal:
                print("B", end="")
            elif solution is not None and (i, j) in solution:
                print("*", end="")
            else:
                print(" ", end="")
        print()
    print()
def neighbors(self, state):
    row, col = state
    candidates = [
        ("up", (row - 1, col)),
        ("down", (row + 1, col)),
        ("left", (row, col - 1)),
        ("right", (row, col + 1))
    result = []
    for action, (r, c) in candidates:
        if 0 <= r < self.height and 0 <= c < self.width and not self.walls[r][c]:</pre>
            result.append((action, (r, c)))
    return result
def solve(self):
    """Finds a solution to maze, if one exists."""
    # Keep track of number of states explored
    self.num_explored = 0
    # Initialize frontier to just the starting position
    start = Node(state=self.start, parent=None, action=None)
    frontier = self.frontiers[self.frontierType] #QueueFrontier()
```

```
frontier.add(start)
   # Initialize an empty explored set
   self.explored = set()
   # Keep looping until solution found
   while True:
        # If nothing left in frontier, then no path
        if frontier.empty():
            raise Exception("no solution")
        # Choose a node from the frontier
        node = frontier.remove()
        self.num_explored += 1
        # If node is the goal, then we have a solution
        if node.state == self.goal:
            actions = []
            cells = []
            while node.parent is not None:
                actions.append(node.action)
                cells.append(node.state)
                node = node.parent
            actions.reverse()
            cells.reverse()
            self.solution = (actions, cells)
            return
        # Mark node as explored
        self.explored.add(node.state)
        # Add neighbors to frontier
        for action, state in self.neighbors(node.state):
            if not frontier.contains_state(state) and state not in self.explored:
                child = Node(state=state, parent=node, action=action)
                frontier.add(child)
def output_image(self, filename, show_solution=True, show_explored=False):
   from PIL import Image, ImageDraw
   cell_size = 50
   cell_border = 2
   # Create a blank canvas
   img = Image.new(
       "RGBA",
        (self.width * cell_size, self.height * cell_size),
        "black"
   )
   draw = ImageDraw.Draw(img)
    solution = self.solution[1] if self.solution is not None else None
   for i, row in enumerate(self.walls):
        for j, col in enumerate(row):
            # Walls
            if col:
                fill = (40, 40, 40)
            # Start
            elif (i, j) == self.start:
                fill = (255, 0, 0)
            # Goal
            elif (i, i) == self.goal:
```

```
fill = (0, 171, 28)
                            # Solution
                            elif solution is not None and show_solution and (i, j) in solution:
                                fill = (220, 235, 113)
                            # Explored
                            elif solution is not None and show_explored and (i, j) in self.explored:
                                fill = (212, 97, 85)
                            # Empty cell
                            else:
                                fill = (237, 240, 252)
                            # Draw cell
                            draw.rectangle(
                                ([(j * cell_size + cell_border, i * cell_size + cell_border),
                                  ((j + 1) * cell_size - cell_border, (i + 1) * cell_size - cell_border)]),
                                fill=fill
                            )
                    img.save(filename)
            if len(sys.argv) != 3:
                sys.exit("Usage: python maze.py maze.txt frontierType(e.g stack, queue)")
            m = Maze()
            print("Maze:")
            m.print()
            print("Solving...")
            m.solve()
            print("States Explored:", m.num_explored)
            print("Solution:")
            m.print()
            m.output_image("maze.png", show_explored=True)
In [1]: | %%bash
        python -i maze.py maze1.txt 'stack'
        Maze:
        ####B#
        ##### #
        #### #
        #### ##
        A######
        Solving...
        States Explored: 11
        Solution:
        ####B#
        #####*#
        ####**#
        ####*##
        ****##
        A######
        >>>
```

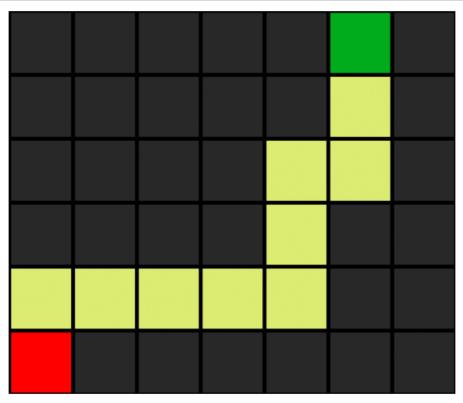
```
In [2]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```



>>>

####*## ####*## ****###

```
In [4]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
plt.axis('off')
plt.show()
```

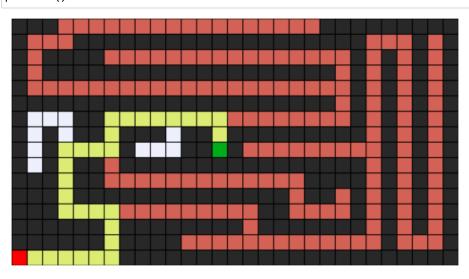


```
In [5]: | %%bash
    python -i maze.py maze2.txt 'stack'
    Maze:
    ###
              ########
     ######################
    # ####
               # # # #
    # # # #
    # # ## ### ## ####### # # #
    # # ##B#
            # # #
    #### # # #
    ### ##
    ## # # #
    ###### ####### ###### # # #
    ###### ####
           # #
       {\tt Solving...}
    States Explored: 194
    Solution:
    ###
              #########
     # ####
               ####
    # # # #
    ##***** # # # #
    # # ##*### ##*###### # # #
    # #***# ##B#
    ###*##
            #### # # #
    ###**** ## # # # #
    #####*###
```

A*****##########################

>>>

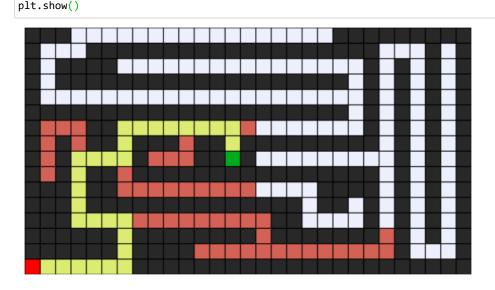
```
In [6]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
   plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
   plt.axis('off')
   plt.show()
```



```
In [7]: | %%bash
    python -i maze.py maze2.txt 'queue'
    Maze:
    ###
               #########
      ######################
    #
                # # # #
    # # # #
    # # ## ### ## ####### # # #
    # # # ##B# # # #
    # # ## ################# # # #
    ### ##
          #### # # #
    ## ####
    ###### ####### ###### # # #
    ###### ####
            # #
        {\tt Solving...}
    States Explored: 77
    Solution:
    ###
               ########
    ####
    # ####
    # # # #
    # ##***** # # # #
    # # ##*### ##*###### # # #
    # #***# ##B#
    ###*## #### # #
    #####*####
    A*****##########################
```

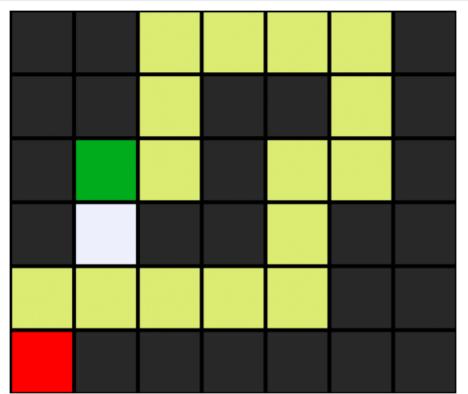
```
In [8]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
   plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
   plt.axis('off')
```

>>>



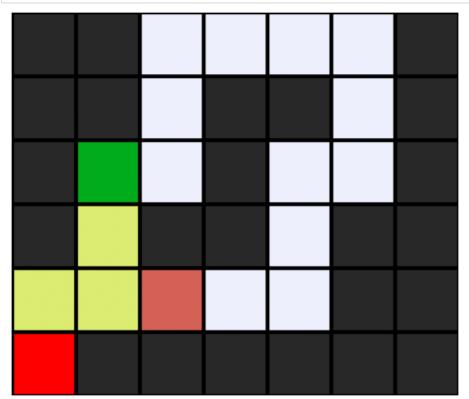
```
In [9]: %%bash
        python -i maze.py maze3.txt 'stack'
        Maze:
        ##
        ## ## #
        #B # #
        # ## ##
             ##
        A######
        Solving...
        States Explored: 17
        Solution:
        ##***#
        ##*##*#
        #B*#**#
        # ##*##
        ****##
        A######
        >>>
```

```
In [10]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [11]: | %%bash
         python -i maze.py maze3.txt 'queue'
         Maze:
         ##
               #
         ## ## #
         #B # #
         # ## ##
              ##
         A######
         Solving...
         States Explored: 6
         Solution:
         ##
         ## ## #
         #B # #
         #*## ##
         ** ##
         A#####
         >>>
```

```
In [12]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]: | %%writefile ./maze0.txt
                 ####
                           #####
       ### ### ## ## #### ####
       ### ### ## ## ####
                      ### ### #
       ## ### ####
       ## ###
                B###### ## ## ## #
       ## #### #### ##### ## ### #
       ## ##
             ### ###
       ## ### #### ##################
       ### ## ###
                   #### ####
       ### #### ####### #### ####
       ###A
              #######
                           ####
       ###
       ##################################
In [14]: %%bash
       python -i maze.py maze0.txt 'stack'
       Maze:
       ###
                   ####
                           #####
       ### ### ## ## #### ####
       ### ### ## ## ####
                        ### ### #
       ##
       ## ### ####
                           ### #
       ## ###
              B###### ## ### #
       ## #### #### ###### ## ### #
       ## ##
             ### ###
       ## ### #### #################
                    #### ####
```

Solving...

###A

###

###

States Explored: 123

####

########

###############################

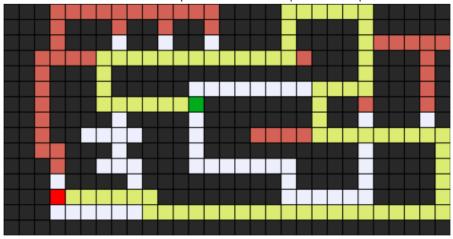
Solution:

####*****##### ### ### ### ## ## ###*### ### ### ## ## ###* ******* ###*### # ****### # ## ###*#### ## #### #### ###### ### ### # ### ### ****** ## ### #### ####### ### ## ### ###* ### #### ####### #### ####* ###A*****####### ####* *********** ###

>>>

```
In [15]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
    plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
    plt.axis('off')
    plt.title('Stack frontier finds a suboptimal solution and requires more exploration')
    plt.show()
```

Stack frontier finds a suboptimal solution and requires more exploration



```
In [16]: %%bash
        python -i maze.py maze0.txt 'queue'
        Maze:
        ###
                    ####
                              #####
        ### ### ## ## #### ####
        ### ### ## ## ####
        ##
                          ### ### #
        ## ### ####
        ## ###
                  B###### ## ### #
        ## #### #### ###### ## ### #
        ## ##
                ### ###
        ## ### #### ######## ####
        ### ##
                ###
                         #### ####
        ### #### ####### #### ####
        ###A
                 ########
                             ####
        ###
        ###############################
        Solving...
        States Explored: 69
        Solution:
        ###
                    ####
                              #####
        ### ### ## ## #### ####
        ### ### ## ## ####
        ##
                          ### ### #
        ## ### ####
                              ### #
        ## ### *****B###### ## ### #
        ## ###**### ###### ## ### #
        ## ## * ### ###
        ## ###*### ######## ####
        ### ## **###
                         #### ####
        ### ###**###### #### ####
        ###A**** #######
                              ####
        ###
        ###############################
        >>>
```

```
In [17]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
         plt.imshow(plt.imread('./maze.png'))
         plt.axis('off')
         plt.title('Queue frontier requires fewer exploration and finds the optimal solution to the maze')
         plt.show()
```

