For Loop



Problem Statement

A for loop is a programming language statement which allows code to be repeatedly executed.

The syntax for this is

```
for ( <expression_1> ; <expression_2> ; <expression_3> )
     <statement>
```

- expression_1 is used for intializing variables which are generally used for controlling terminating flag for the loop.
- expression_2 is used to check for the terminating condition. If this evaluates to false, then the loop is terminated.
- expression_3 is generally used to update the flags/variables.

A sample loop will be

```
for(int i = 0; i < 10; i++) {
...
}
```

Input Format

You will be given two positive integers, a and b ($a \le b$), separated by a newline.

Output Format

For each integer $n \in [a,b]$ (so all numbers in that range):

- If $1 \le n \le 9$, then print the English representation of it. That is "one" for 1, "two" for 2, and so on.
- Else if n > 9 and it is even, then print "even".
- Else if n>9 and it is odd, then print "odd".

Note: [a,b] represents the interval, i.e., $[a,b]=\{x\in\mathbb{Z}\,|\,\,a\leq x\leq b\}=\{a,\,a+1,\ldots,b\}$

Sample Input

```
8
11
```

Sample Output

```
eight
nine
even
odd
```