# Sleep Disturbance in Patients with Liver Transplants and its Relationship to Quality of Life

**BTC 1859H: DATA SCIENCE IN HEALTH I** 

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### **Abstract**

#### The Problem

Decreased HRQQL post-liver transplantation

#### **Prevalence**

Of sleep disturbance

#### **Predictors of Sleep**

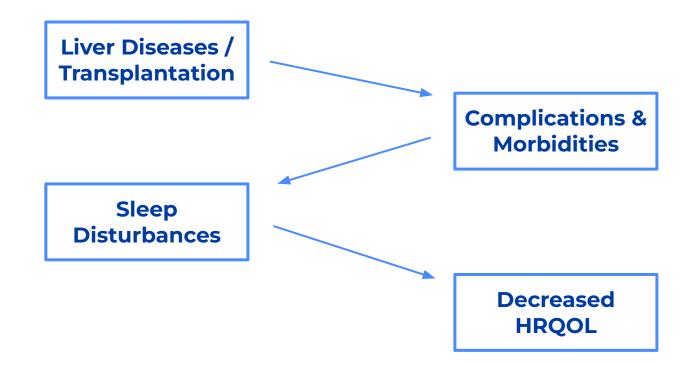
Strongest predictors of sleep disturbance

Effect of sleep

#### **Predictors of QOL**

disturbance on QOL

# **The Problem**

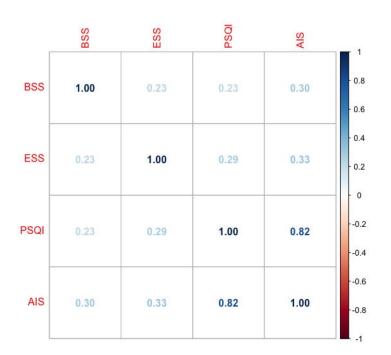


# **Cleaning the Data**

- Check: outliers and invalids
- Removing NA's
- Check: collinearity

$$R^{2} = 0.82$$

$$VIF = \frac{1}{1 - R^{2}} = 5.55$$

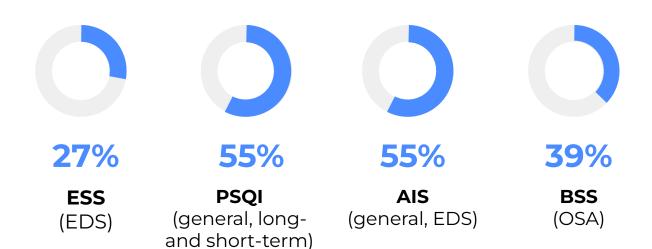


# **Prevalence of Sleep Disturbance**

- Convert scales to binary
- Calculate: prevalence of sleep disturbance

100%

of patients experienced some type of sleep disturbance



# **Methods: Machine Learning Pipeline**

Clinical Data

Sleep Scale
Scores

HRQOL

- Cleaned data goes through pipeline
- Linear and logistic regression models
- Predictors: clinical data
- → Response: sleep scale scores

- Linear regression models
- → Predictors: sleep scale scores
- → Response: SF-36 scores

# **Results - BSS**

Features	AIC	Anova
(1) BMI	274.1265	-
(2) + Renal Failure	272.0417	(1) vs (2), p = 0.04327
(3) + Age	269.7642	(2) vs (3), p = 0.05997
(4) + Others	Increases	Favours (3), p > 0.05

# **Results - AIS**

Features	AIC	Anova
(1) Corticoid	1471.812	-
(2) + Recurrence	1462.772	(1) vs (2), p = 0.00097
(3) + Age	1456.622	(2) vs (3), p = 0.0047
(4) + BMI	1455.562	(3) vs (4), p = 0.08382
(5) + others	Increases	Favours (4), p > 0.05

# **Results - ESS**

Features	AIC	Anova
(1) RGD (Graft Rejection)	1359.122	-
(2) + Depression	1357.192	(1) vs (2), p = 0.04917
(3) + Gender	1354.957	(2) vs (3), p = 0.04159
(4) + Others	Increases	Favours (3), p > 0.05

# **Results - MCS**

Features	AIC	Anova
(1) AIS, ESS, <u>BSS</u>	1752.804	-
(2) AIS, ESS	1750.987	(1) vs (2) p = 0.6721
(3) AIS	1756.541	(2) vs (3) p = 0.006378
(4) ESS	1805.883	(2) vs (4) p = 7.098e-14

# **Results - PCS**

Features	AIC	Anova
(1) BSS, AIS, ESS	1772.192	-
(2) AIS, BSS	1778.566	(1) vs (2) p = 0.004161
(3) ESS, BSS	1793.657	(1) vs (3) p = 1.611e-6
(4) AIS, ESS	1775.888	(1) vs (4) p = 0.01811

# Conclusion



100% Prevalence

of sleep disturbance



**Predictors of Sleep** 

Age and BMI were most commonly used



AIS and ESS in both, BSS in PCS

# Thank You

Are there any questions?

