

Formalisation of Pattern 3

Quentin Nivon and Gwen Salaün

Univ. Grenoble Alpes, CNRS, Grenoble INP, Inria, LIG, F-38000 Grenoble France

Pattern 3 can be formally defined using the definition of abstract graphs.

Definition 1. (*Pattern 3*) Let $G = (S_N, S_E)$ be an abstract graph, T the task to move and $n_{new} = (\{T, \emptyset\})$ a new abstract node containing only T . The set of abstract graphs generated by applying Pattern 3 to G and T , written $gen_{P3}(G, T)$, is defined as $gen_{P3}(G, T) = \text{(i)} \cup \text{(ii)} \cup \text{(iii)}$ where

$$\begin{aligned}
 \text{(i)} &= \bigcup_{n \in S_N} \bigcup_{\substack{p_T \in \mathcal{P}(S_{T_n}) \\ p_G \in \mathcal{P}(S_{G_n}) \\ |p_T| + |p_G| > 1}} (S_N \setminus \{n\} \cup \{(S_{T_n} \setminus p_T, S_{G_n} \setminus p_G \cup \{(\{n_{new}, n'\}, \{n_{new} \rightarrow n'\})\})\}, S_E) \\
 &\quad - \text{with } n' = (p_T, p_G) - \text{represents the addition of task } T \text{ before any combination} \\
 &\quad \text{of tasks and sub-graphs of any nodes of } G, \\
 \text{(ii)} &= \bigcup_{n \in S_N} \bigcup_{\substack{p_T \in \mathcal{P}(S_{T_n}) \\ p_G \in \mathcal{P}(S_{G_n}) \\ |p_T| + |p_G| > 1}} (S_N \setminus \{n\} \cup \{(S_{T_n} \setminus p_T, S_{G_n} \setminus p_G \cup \{(\{n', n_{new}\}, \{n' \rightarrow n_{new}\})\})\}, S_E) \\
 &\quad - \text{with } n' = (p_T, p_G) - \text{represents the addition of task } T \text{ after any combination of} \\
 &\quad \text{tasks and sub-graphs of any nodes of } G, \text{ and} \\
 \text{(iii)} &= \bigcup_{n \in S_N} \bigcup_{g \in S_{G_n}} \bigcup_{g' \in gen_{P3}(g, T)} (S_N \setminus \{n\} \cup \{(S_{T_n}, S_{G_n} \setminus \{g\} \cup \{g'\})\}, S_E) \text{ is the result of} \\
 &\quad \text{the recursive call of this function on each abstract sub-graph of each node of } G.
 \end{aligned}$$