UDP Header

Bit Number

1111111111222222222233

01234567890123456789012345678901

Source Port	Destination Port
Length	Checksum

UDP Header Information

Common UDP Well-Known Server Ports

7 echo 138 netbios-dgm 19 chargen 161 snmp 37 time 162 snmp-trap 53 domain 500 isakmp 67 bootps (DHCP) 514 syslog 68 bootpc (DHCP) 520 rip 69 tftp 33434 traceroute 137 netbios-ns

Length

(Number of bytes in entire datagram including header; minimum value = 8)

Checksum

(Covers pseudo-header and entire UDP datagram)

Bit Number

111111111122222222233 01234567890123456789012345678901

01204007030120400703012040070301					
Hardware Address Type		Protocol Address Type			
H/w Addr Len Prot. Addr Len		Operation			
	Source Hardware Address				
Source Hardware Addr (cont.)		Source Protocol Address			
Source Protocol Addr (cont.)		Target Hardware Address			
Target Hardware Address (cont.)					
Target Protocol Address					

ARP Parameters (for Ethernet and IPv4)

Hardware Address Type

1 Ethernet

6 IEEE 802 LAN

Protocol Address Type

2048 IPv4 (0x0800)

Hardware Address Length

6 for Ethernet/IEEE 802

Protocol Address Length

4 for IPv4

Operation

- 1 Request
- 2 Reply



The SANS Technology Institute (STI)

offers two degree programs:

MS in Information Security Management and

MS in Information Security Engineering.

If you have a bachelor's degree and 12 months of experience in information security, follow these easy steps to get started:

- Complete an application downloadable at www.sans.edu/admissions/procedure.php
- Submit the employer recommendation form is provided
- Have your college send sealed transcripts to STI
- Submit an application fee

Learn more at www.sans.edu Contact us at info@sans.edu or (720) 941-4932





TCP/IP and tcpdump

POCKET REFERENCE GUIDE

ISC@sans.org • www.sans.org • http://isc.sans.org

COURSES & GIAC CERTIFICATIONS

FOR558

Network Forensics

MGT512

SANS Security Leadership Essentials For Managers with Knowledge Compression™ GSLC

SEC401

SANS Security Essentials Bootcamp Style GSEC

SEC502

Perimeter Protection In-Depth GCFW

SEC503

Intrusion Detection In-Depth GCIA

SEC556

Comprehensive Packet Analysis

SEC560

Network Penetration Testing & Ethical Hacking GPEN

tcpdump Usage

tcpdump [-aenStvx] [-F file] [-i int] [-r file] [-s snaplen] [-w file] ['filter_expression']

- -e Display data link header.
- -F Filter expression in file.
- -i Listen on int interface.
- -n Don't resolve IP addresses.
- -r Read packets from file.
- -s Get snaplen bytes from each packet.
- -S Use absolute TCP sequence numbers.
- -t Don't print timestamp.
- -v Verbose mode.
- -w Write packets to file.
- -x Display in hex.
- -X Display in hex and ASCII.

	Acronyms
AH ARP BGP CWR	Authentication Header (RFC 2402) Address Resolution Protocol (RFC 826) Border Gateway Protocol (RFC 1771) Congestion Window Reduced (RFC 2481)
DF	Don't Fragment bit (IP)
DHCP	Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol (RFC 2131
DNS	Domain Name System (RFC 1035)
ECN	Explicit Congestion Notification (RFC 3168)
EIGRP	Extended IGRP (Cisco)
ESP	Encapsulating Security Payload (RFC 2406)
FTP	File Transfer Protocol (RFC 959)
GRE	Generic Routing Encapsulation (RFC 2784)
HTTP	Hypertext Transfer Protocol (RFC 1945)
ICMP	Internet Control Message Protocol (RFC 792)
IGMP	Internet Group Management Protocol (RFC 2236
IGRP	Interior Gateway Routing Protocol (Cisco)
IMAP	Internet Message Access Protocol (RFC 2060)
IP	Internet Protocol (RFC 791)
IC A IZ A ID	Internat Convitor Association O Vov. Management

Internet Security Association & Key Management Protocol

L2TP Layer 2 Tunneling Protocol (RFC 2661) NNTP Network News Transfer Protocol (RFC 977) **OSPF** Open Shortest Path First (RFC 1583) POP3 Post Office Protocol v3 (RFC 1460)

RFC Request for Comments

Routing Information Protocol (RFC 2453)

LDAP Lightweight Directory Access Protocol (RFC 2251) Simple Key-Management for Internet Protocols

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol (RFC 821)

SNMP Simple Network Management Protocol (RFC 1157) SSH

Secure Shell

RIP

UDP

SSL Secure Sockets Layer (Netscape)

TCP Transmission Control Protocol (RFC 793) TFTP Trivial File Transfer Protocol (RFC 1350)

TOS Type of Service field (IP)

User Datagram Protocol (RFC 768)

All RFCs can be found at http://www.rfc-editor.org

DNS

Bit Number

1 1 1 1 1 1 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 1 2 3 4 5

LENGTH (TCP ONLY)								
ID.								
QR	R Opcode AA TC RD RA Z RCODE					RCODE		
			(QDCC	UNT			
	ANCOUNT							
NSCOUNT								
ARCOUNT								
Question Section								
Answer Section								
Authority Section								
Additional Information Section								

DNS Parameters

Query/Response

- 0 Query
- 1 Response

- 0 Standard query (QUERY)
- 1 Inverse query (IQUERY)
- 2 Server status request (STATUS)

(1 = Authoritative Answer)

TC

(1 = TrunCation)

(1 = Recursion Desired)

(1 = Recursion Available)

(Reserved; set to 0)

Response code

- 0 No error
- 1 Format error 2 Server failure
- 3 Non-existant domain (NXDOMAIN)
- 4 Ouery type not implemented
- 5 Query refused

ODCOUNT

(No. of entries in Ouestion section)

(No. of resource records in Answer section)

(No. of name server resource records in Authority section)

ARCOUNT

(No. of resource records in Additional Information section.

ICMP

Rit Number

111111111122222222233 01234567890123456789012345678901

Туре	Code	Checksum		
Other message-specific information				

Type Name/Codes (Code=0 unless otherwise specified)

- 0 Echo Reply
- 3 Destination Unreachable
 - O Net Unreachable
 - 1 Host Unreachable
 - 2 Protocol Unreachable
 - 3 Port Unreachable
 - 4 Fragmentation Needed & DF Set
 - 5 Source Route Failed
 - 6 Destination Network Unknown
 - 7 Destination Host Unknown
 - 8 Source Host Isolated
 - 9 Network Administratively Prohibited
 - 10 Host Administratively Prohibited
 - 11 Network Unreachable for TOS
 - 12 Host Unreachable for TOS
 - 13 Communication Administratively Prohibited
- 4 Source Ouench
- 5 Redirect
- O Redirect Datagram for the Network
- 1 Redirect Datagram for the Host
- 2 Redirect Datagram for the TOS & Network
- 3 Redirect Datagram for the TOS & Host
- 8 Echo
- 9 Router Advertisement
- 10 Router Selection
- 11 Time Exceeded
 - O Time to Live exceeded in Transit
 - 1 Fragment Reassembly Time Exceeded
- 12 Parameter Problem
 - O Pointer indicates the error
 - 1 Missing a Required Option
 - 2 Bad Length
- 13 Timestamp
- 14 Timestamp Reply
- 15 Information Request
- 16 Information Reply
- 17 Address Mask Request
- 18 Address Mask Reply
- 30 Traceroute

PING (Echo/Echo Reply)

Bit Number

1111111111222222222233

01234567890123456789012345678901

Type (8 or 0) Code (0)		Checksum	
Identifier		Sequence Number	
Data			

IP Header

Bit Number

01234567890123456789012345678901

111111111122222222233

Version	IHL	Type of Service	Total Length		
Identification		Flags	Fragment Offset		
Time to Live		Protocol	Header Checksum		
Source Address					
Destination Address					
Options (optional)					

IP Header Contents

Version

4 IP version 4

Internet Header Length

Number of 32-bit words in IP header; minimum value = 5 (20 bytes) & maximum value = 15 (60 bytes)

Type of Service (PreDTRCx) --> Differentiated Services

Precedence (000-111) D (1 = minimize delay) T (1 = maximize throughout) R (1 = maximize reliability) 0 C (1 = minimize cost)

1 = ECN capable x (reserved and set to 0) 1 = congestion experienced

Total Length

Number of bytes in packet; maximum length = 65,535

Flags (xDM)

x (reserved and set to 0) D (1 = Don't Fragment) M (1 = More Fragments)

Fragment Offset

Position of this fragment in the original datagram, in units of 8 bytes

Protocol

1	ICMP	17	UDP	57	SKIP
2	IGMP	47	GRE	88	EIGRP
6	TCP	50	ESP	89	OSPF
9	IGRP	51	AH	115	L2TP

Header Checksum

Covers IP header only

Addressing

ar cooring		
NET_ID		RFC 1918 PRIVATE ADDRESSES
0-127	Class A	10.0.0.0-10.255.255.255
128-191	Class B	172.16.0.0-172.31.255.255
192-223	Class C	192.168.0.0-192.168.255.255
224-239	Class D	(multicast)
240-255	Class E	(experimental)
HOST_ID		
0	Network	value; broadcast (old)
255	Broadcas	t t

Options (0-40 bytes; padded to 4-byte boundary)

0 End of Options list 68 Timestamp

1 No operation (pad) 131 Loose source route 7 Record route 137 Strict source route

TCP Header

Bit Number

1111111111222222222233

01234567890123456789012345678901

Source Port			Destination Port
Sequence Number			
Acknowledgn			nent Number
Offset (Header Length)	Reserved	Flags	Window
	Checksum Urgent Pointer		
Options (optional)			

TCP Header Contents

Common TCP Well-Known Server Ports 7 echo 110 pop3 19 chargen 111 sunrpc 20 ftp-data 119 nntp 21 ftp-control 139 netbios-ssn 22 ssh 143 imap 23 telnet 179 bgp 25 smtp 389 ldap 53 domain 443 https (ssl) 79 finger 445 microsoft-ds 80 http 1080 socks

Offset

Number of 32-bit words in TCP header; minimum value = 5

Reserved

4 bits; set to 0

Flags (CEUAPRSF)

ECN bits (used when ECN employed; else 00) CWR (1 = sender has cut congestion window in half) ECN-Echo (1 = receiver cuts congestion window in half)

U (1 = Consult urgent pointer, notify server application of urgent data)

A (1 = Consult acknowledgement field)

P (1 = Push data)

R (1 = Reset connection)

S (1 = Synchronize sequence numbers)

F (1 = no more data; Finish connection)

Checksum

Covers pseudoheader and entire TCP segment

Urgent Pointer

Offset pointer to urgent data

0 End of Options list 3 Window scale 1 No operation (pad) 4 Selective ACK ok

2 Maximum segment size 8 Timestamp