## BIRLA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY, MESRA, RANCHI (MID SEMESTER EXAMINATION SP2023)

CLASS:

BTECH

CSE/AI&ML/ECE/EEE BRANCH:

SEMESTER: II

SESSION: SP/2023

SUBJECT: EE101 BASIC OF ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING

TIME:

02 Hours

**FULL MARKS: 25** 

1. The question paper contains 5 questions each of 5 marks and total 25 marks.

2. Attempt all questions.

3. The missing data, if any, may be assumed suitably.

4. Tables/Data handbook/Graph paper etc., if applicable, will be supplied to the candidates

BL CO

A bridge network ABCD is shown as in Fig. 1. Evaluate by star/delta transformation, 2.5 BL3 C01 the network resistance as viewed from the battery terminals. 1.(a)

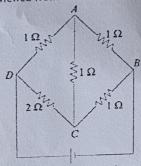


Fig. 1

Evaluate the current i and also the power and voltage of the dependent source in Fig. 2.5 BL3 C01 1.(b) 2. All resistances are in ohms.

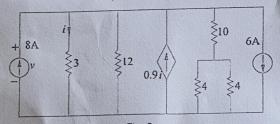
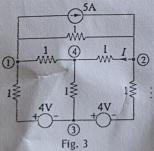
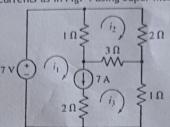


Fig. 2

Evaluate the current I, by altering the two voltage sources to equivalent current 5 CO1 BL3 2. sources and then apply Nodal Analysis for the Fig. 3



3. Analyze the three mesh currents as in Fig. 4 using Super-Mesh Principle.



CO1

BL4

BL3

Fig. 4

- 4.(a) When AC is passed through a pure inductor or capacitor, derive and justify why the 2.5 CO2 average power consumed by a pure inductor or capacitor is zero? Also attain the maximum instantaneous power for any one of the loads.
- 4.(b) For RL Series circuit attain the voltage triangle, impedance triangle and power 2.5 CO2 BL3 triangle. Determine what will be observed in power consumption of the network, if p.f. is varied?

  BL4
- 5.(a) Analyze the RMS Value, Average Value, Form Factor and Peak Factor of the current 2 CO2 BL4 waveform as in Fig. 5.

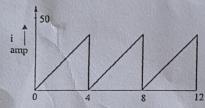


Fig.5

- 5.(b) A tungsten filament bulb rated at 500 W, 100 V is to be connected in series with a 3 CO2 BL: capacitor. The supply being 220 V, 50Hz. Estimate:
  - (i) The value of the capacitor such that the voltage and power consumed by the bulb are according to the rating of the bulb.
  - (ii) The power factor of the current drawn from the supply.
  - (iii) The phasor diagram of the circuit.

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