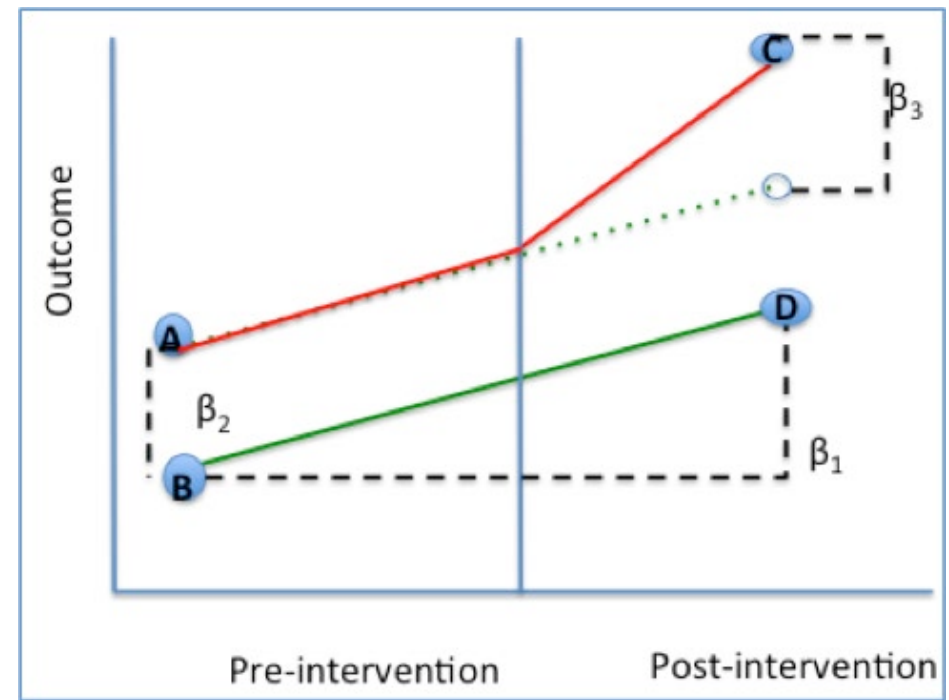
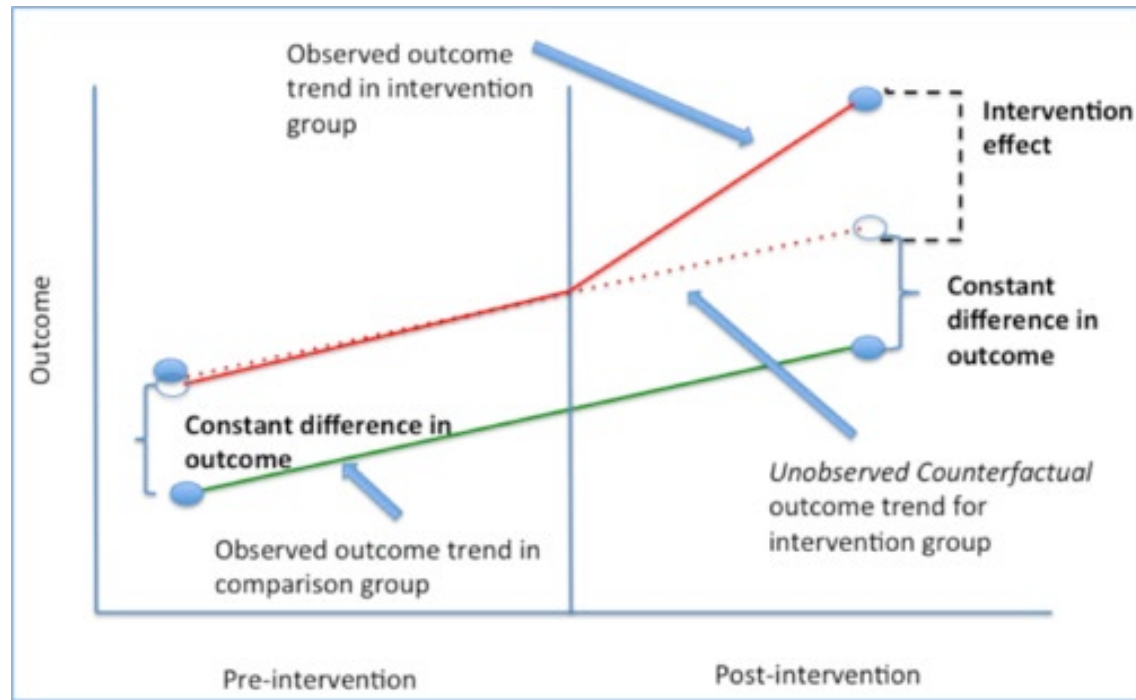


Standard DD: treatment and control groups have parallel trends in the pre-treatment period



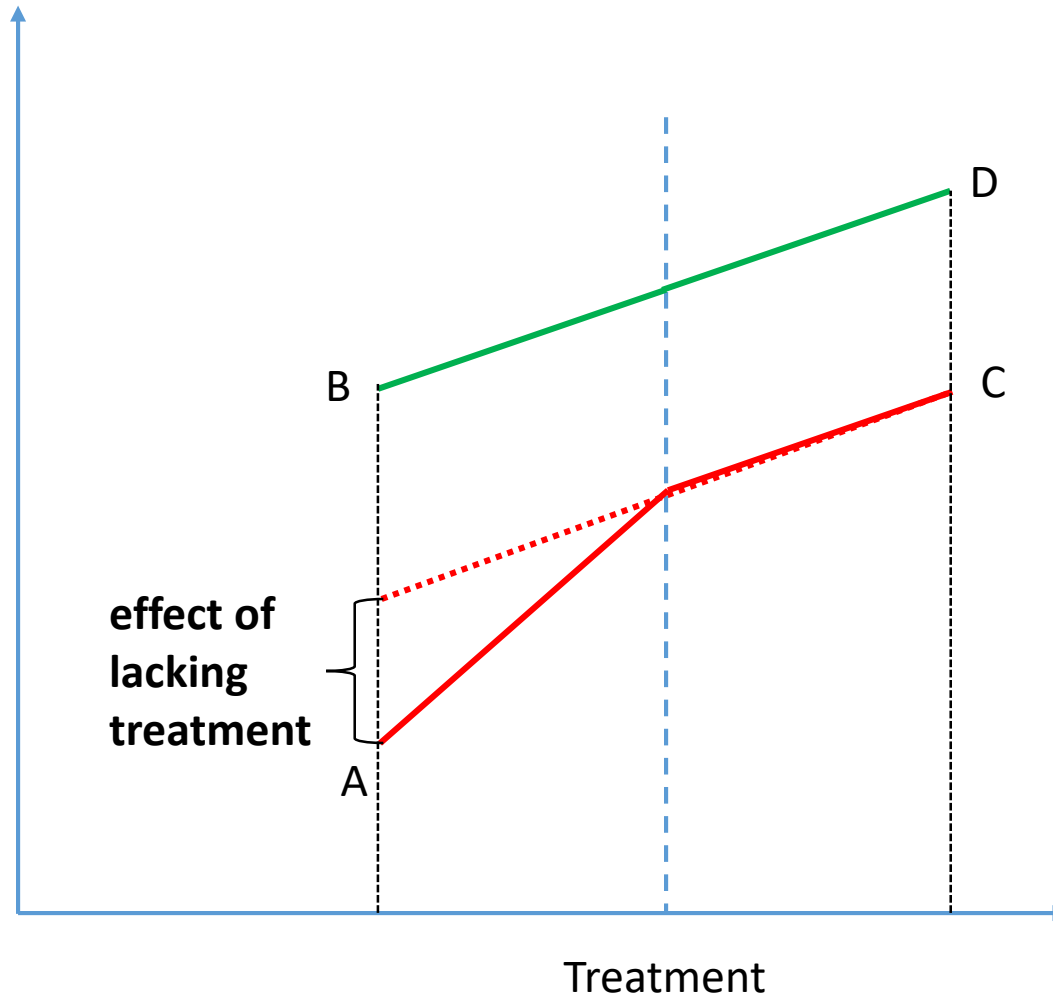
$$DD\ estimate = (C - A) - (D - B).$$

Interpretation: effect of treatment

Source: Columbia University, school of public health.

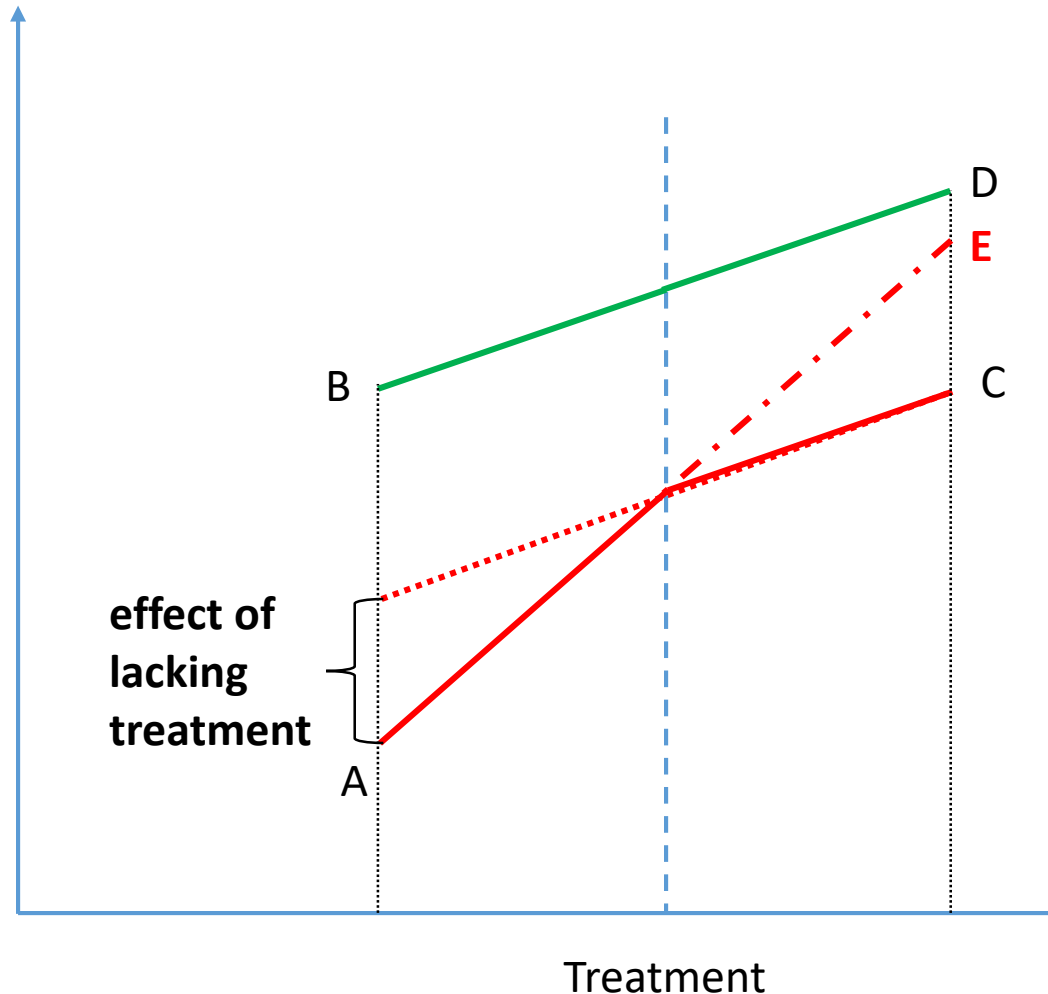
<https://www.publichealth.columbia.edu/research/population-health-methods/difference-difference-estimation>

Variant of DD: treatment and control groups have parallel trends in the post-treatment period



DD estimate = $(C-A)-(D-B)$.
Interpretation: effect of lacking treatment

Variant of DD: treatment and control groups have parallel trends in the post-treatment period



DD estimate = $(C-A)-(D-B)$.

Interpretation: effect of lacking treatment

E: where the treated group would be if there were no treatment

$C - E$ = effect of treatment

= $-[(C-A)-(D-B)]$

= $-DD$ estimate

Chemin and Wasmer (2009) uses such an approach in their study.