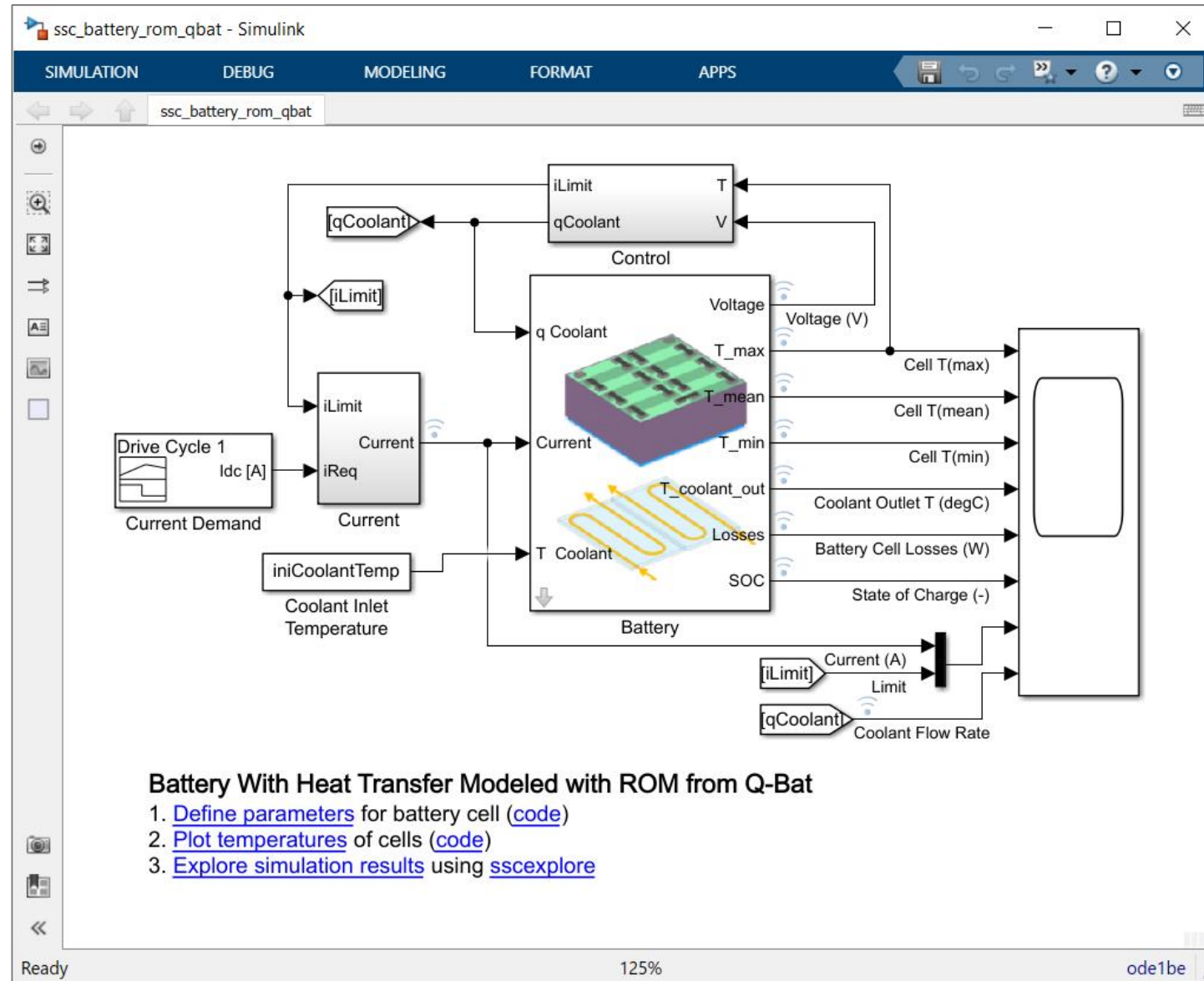
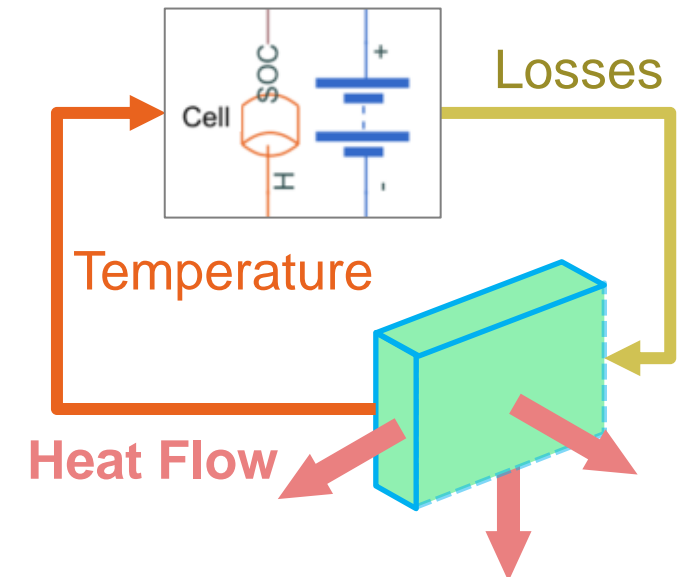
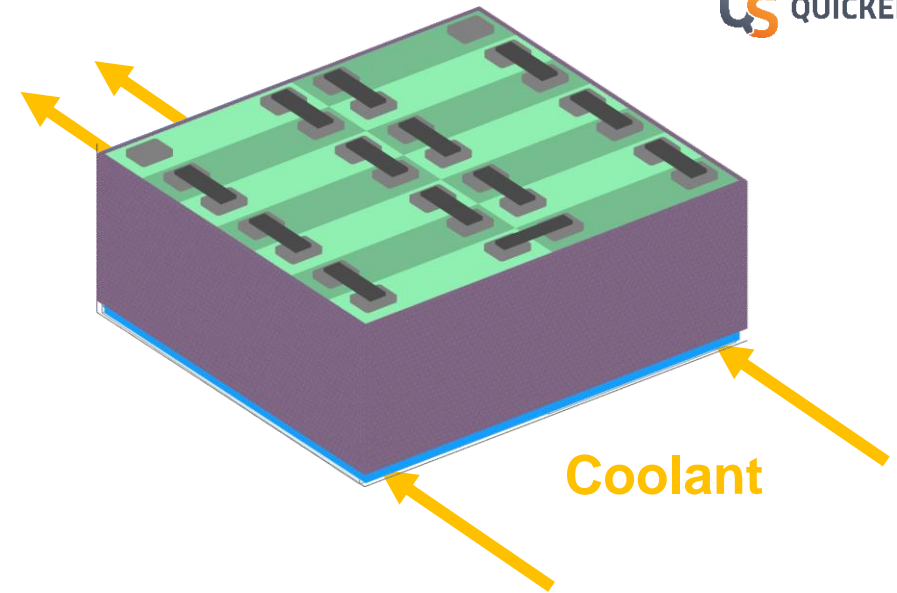


# Overview of Model

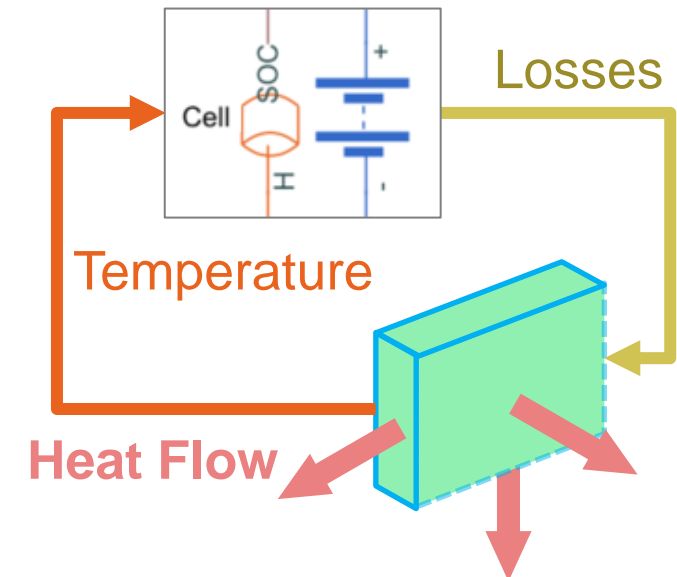


# Electrothermal Integration

- Electrical model
  - Calculates losses per cell in electrical model
  - Losses determine heat generation in thermal model
- Thermal model
  - Heat generated uniformly across cell volume
  - Mean cell temperature determines electrical behavior
- Boundary conditions
  - Battery is surrounded by perfect insulator
  - Heat leaves system only via coolant in coolant channel

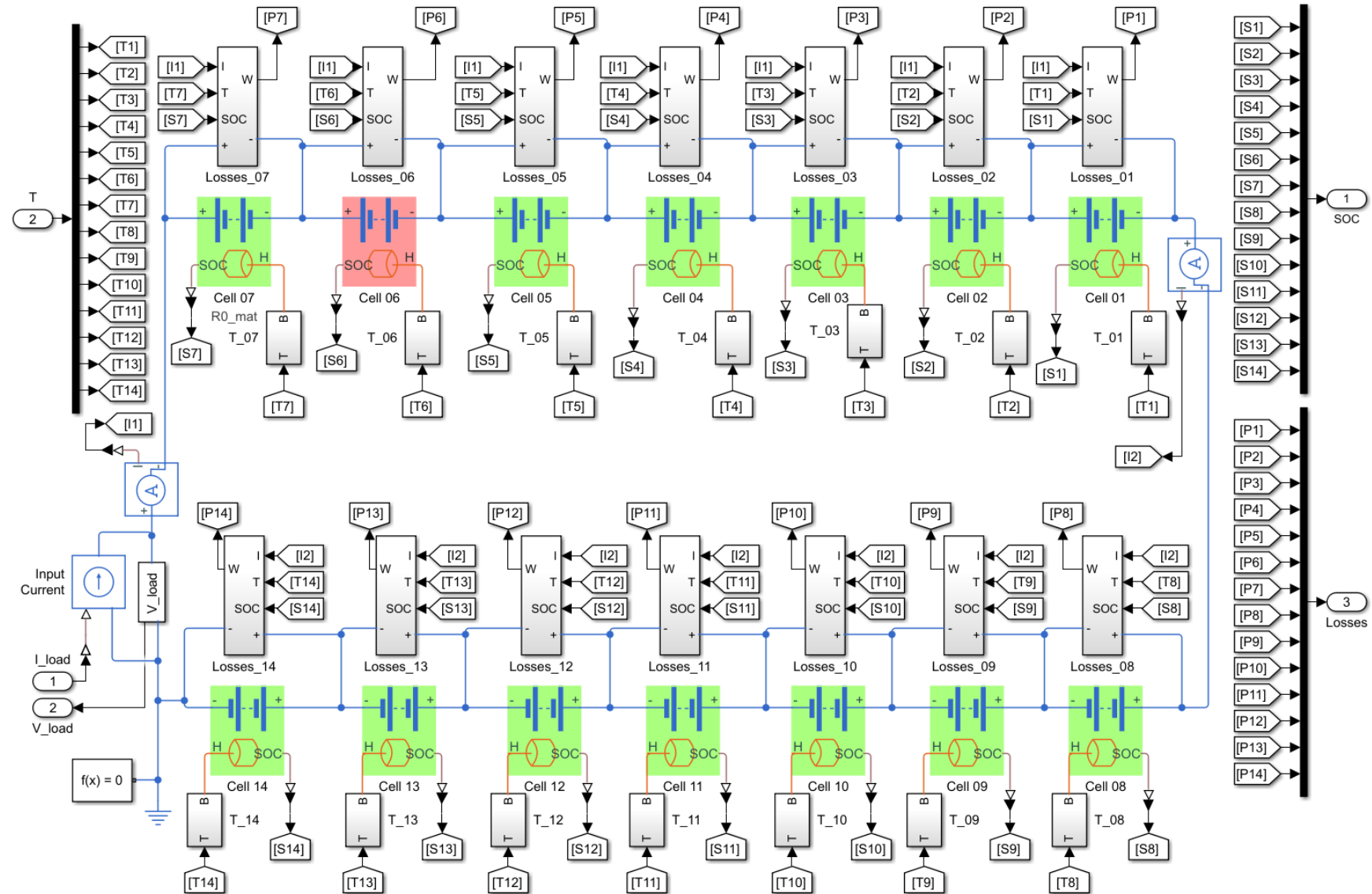


- 
- A 3D schematic of a microfluidic chip. It consists of a thick, dark purple porous substrate and a thin, light blue channel layer on top. The channel layer has a grid of rectangular openings. Yellow arrows indicate the flow of fluid into and out of the chip. The word "Coolant" is written in orange text next to one of the arrows.



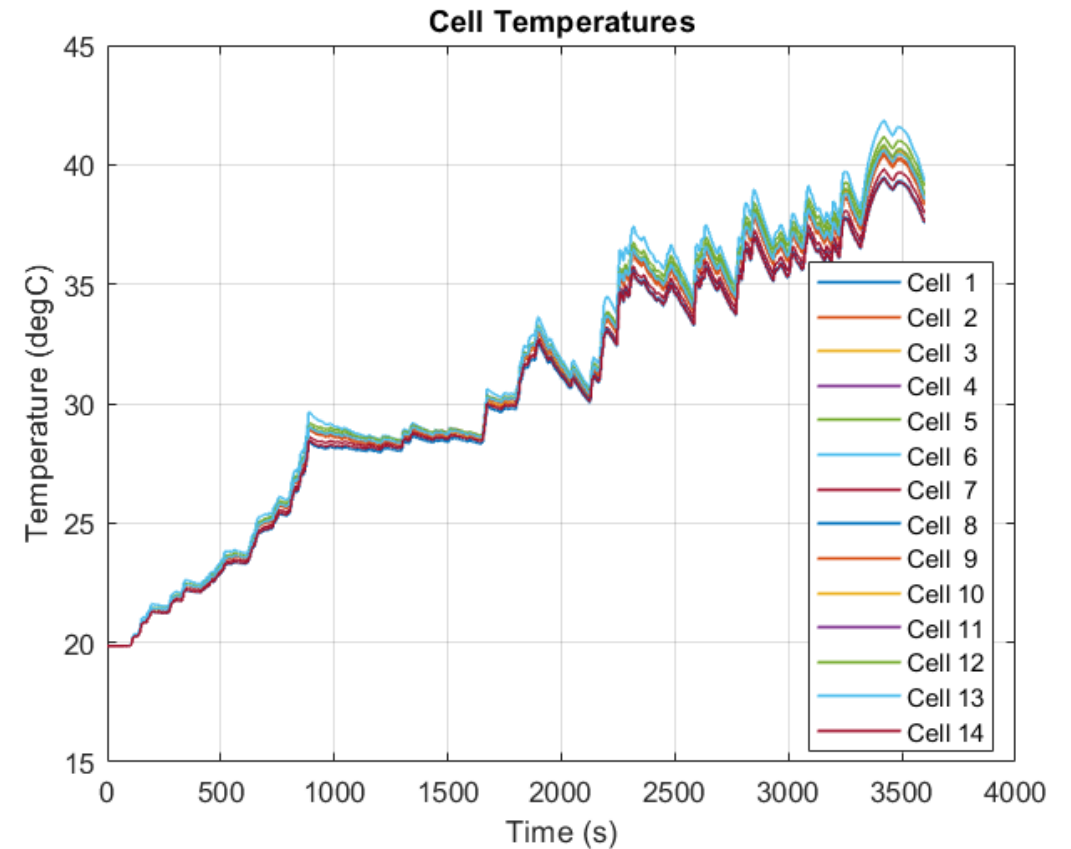
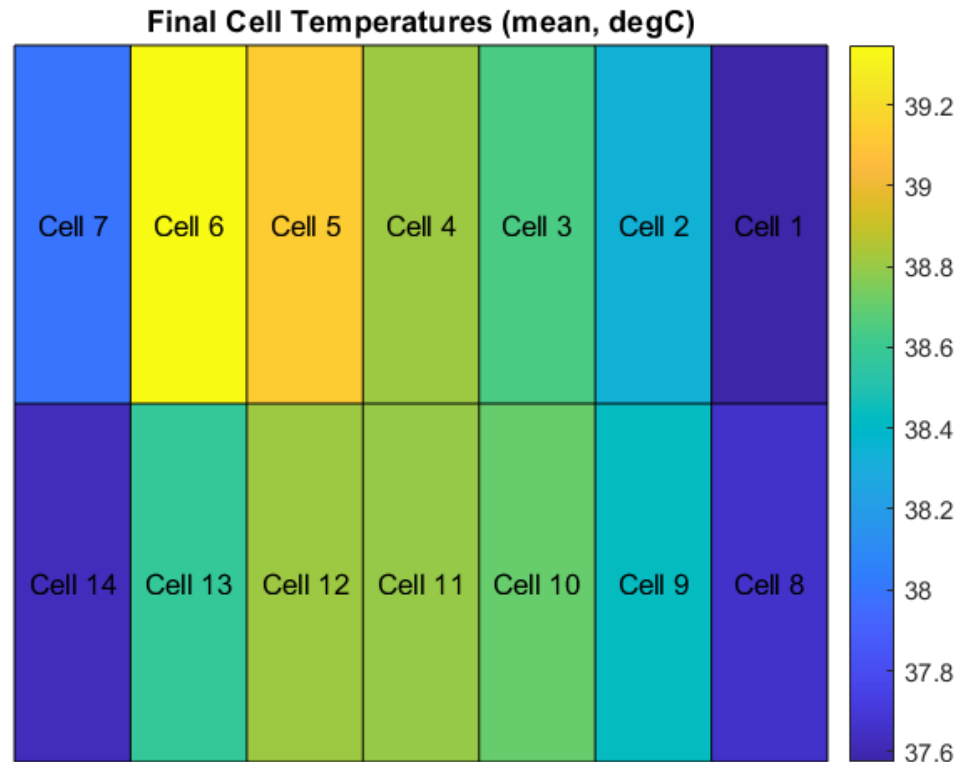
# Electrical Model

- 14 cells in series
- Temperature dependent behavior
- Losses calculated and passed to thermal model
- Degraded cells can be modeled



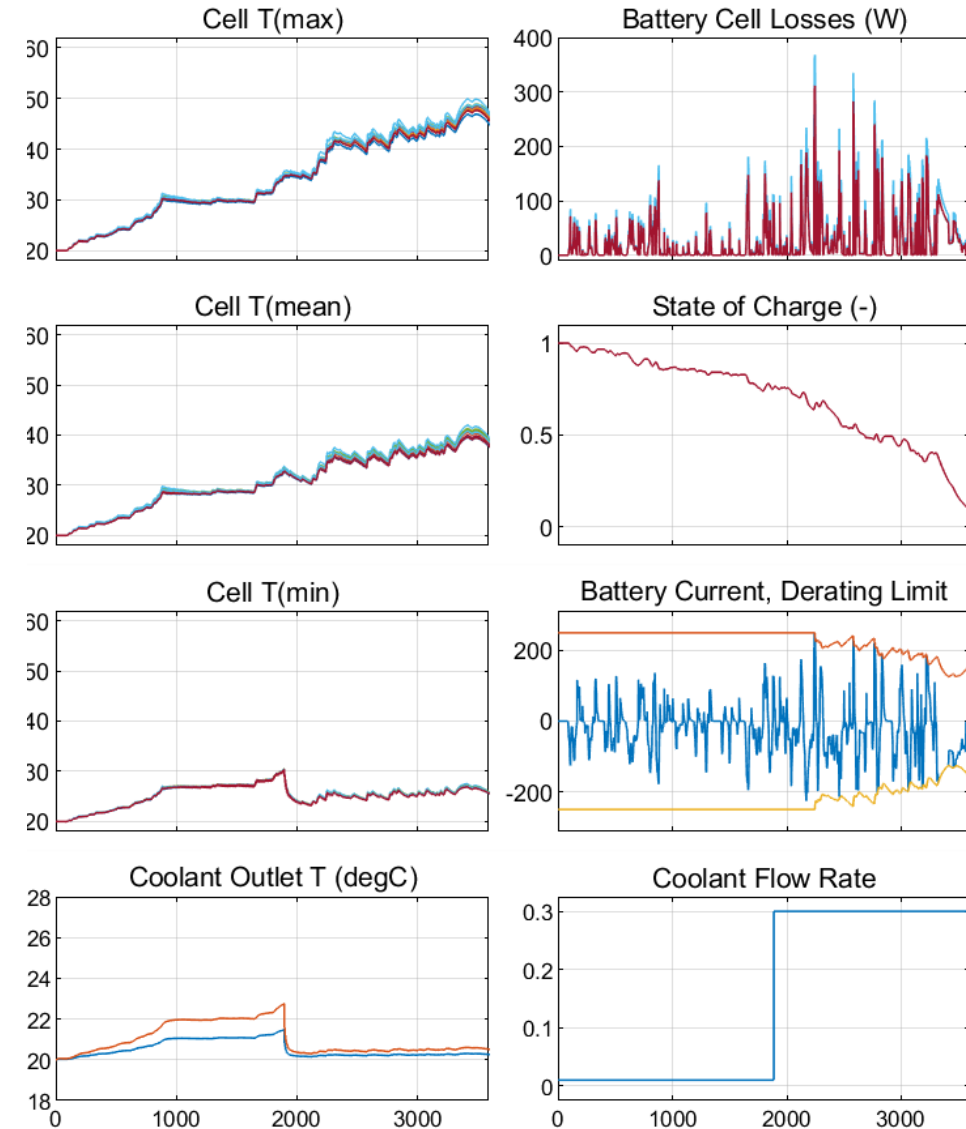
# Simulation Results

- Mean temperature of cells
  - Cell 6 is degraded



# Simulation Results

- Basic control logic
  - Derating: reduces current demand as battery reaches high temperatures
  - Coolant flow rate is increased as battery reaches high temperatures

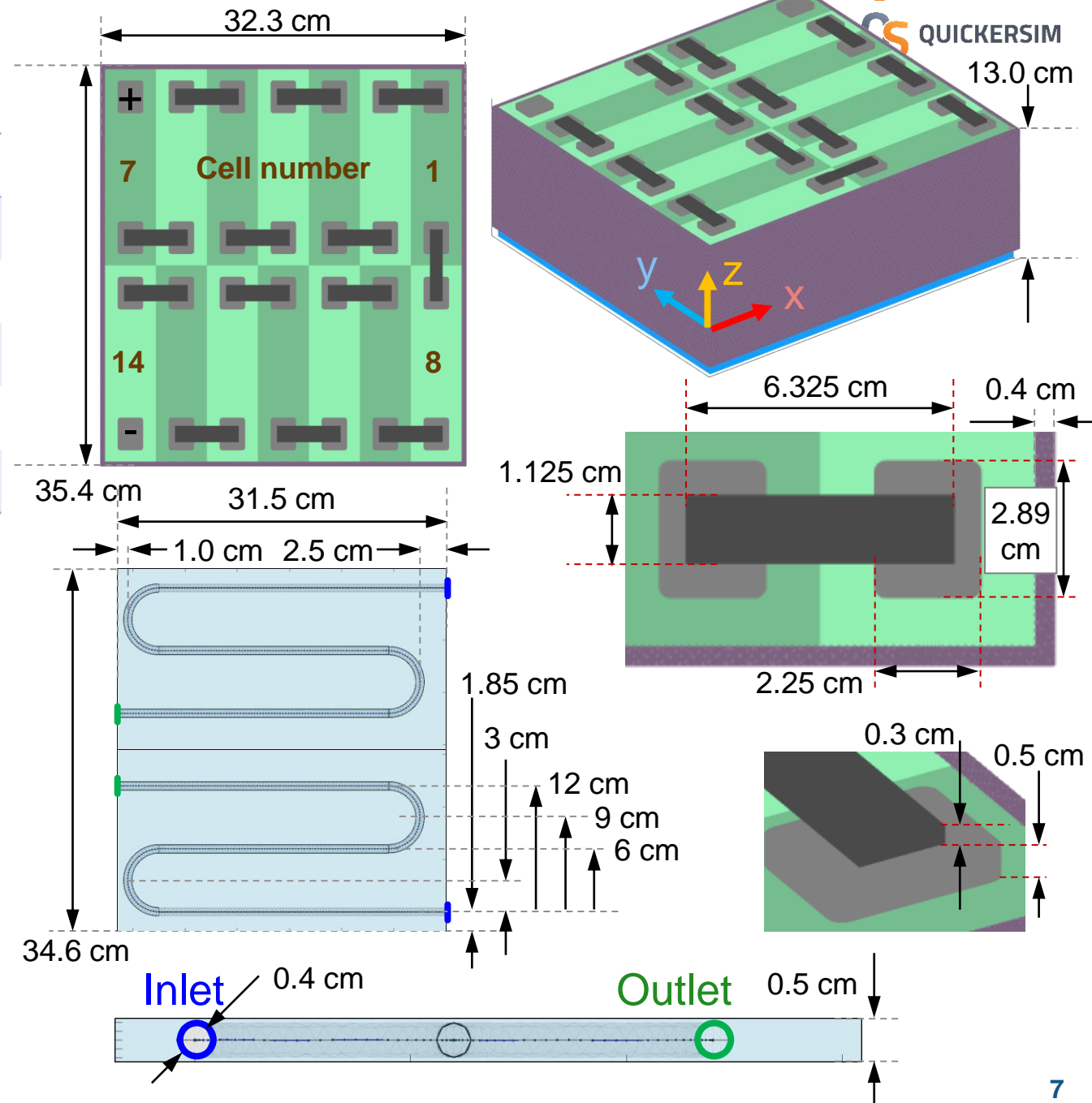


# Battery Dimensions

Part	Material	rho	$\lambda_x$	$\lambda_y$	$\lambda_z$	cp
Casing	Aluminum	2690	238	238	238	901
Cell		2670	12	3	14	500
Plate	Aluminum	2690	238	238	238	901
Tabs	Copper	883	397	397	397	448
Terminal	Copper	883	397	397	397	448

Coolant  
water  
glycol

T	rho	Cp	$\lambda$	nu	mi
-40	1108	3040	0.416	1.00E-04	1.11E-01
-20	1100	3110	0.409	2.50E-05	2.75E-02
0	1092	3190	0.405	9.50E-06	1.04E-02
20	1082	3260	0.402	4.50E-06	4.87E-03
40	1069	3340	0.398	2.40E-06	2.57E-03
60	1057	3410	0.394	1.50E-06	1.59E-03
80	1045	3490	0.390	1.00E-06	1.05E-03
100	1032	3560	0.385	7.00E-07	7.22E-04

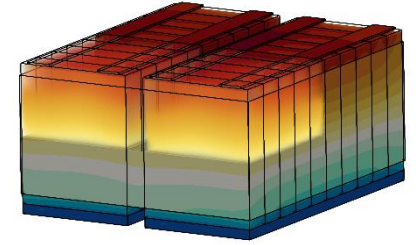




# Learn More



- Simscape™ is used to model the electrical behavior in this example. Simscape enables you to rapidly create models of physical systems within the Simulink® environment and leverages MATLAB® technology.
  - Multidomain Schematics
  - Comprehensive Libraries
  - Intuitive Modeling Language
  - Efficient Simulation
- To learn more:
  - Electrical modelling:  
<https://www.mathworks.com/products/simscape-electrical.html>
- For a free trial license, visit MathWorks website <https://www.mathworks.com/campaigns/products/trials.html>



- Q-Bat is a MATLAB-based product for real-time battery thermal simulation in 3D with CFD-like accuracy. Its main features are:
  - Near real-time execution
  - Accurate 3D data of battery temperature distribution
  - The capability of exporting the model to the Simulink
  - Fast model definition via dedicated GUI and TUI.
- To learn more:
  - QuickerSim <https://emobility.quickersim.com/>
  - Q-Bat product page  
[https://www.mathworks.com/products/connections/product\\_detail/quickersim-q-bat.html](https://www.mathworks.com/products/connections/product_detail/quickersim-q-bat.html)
- For a free Q-Bat lite license, visit QuickerSim licensing website <https://licensing.quickersim.com/>