

数据结构与算法 课程实验报告

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实验题目：数组和矩阵		
实验学时：2	实验日期：10.26	
实验目的： 掌握稀疏矩阵结构的描述及操作的实现。		
软件开发工具： Vscode		
<p>1. 实验内容</p> <p>创建稀疏矩阵类(参照课本 MatrixTerm 三元组定义)，采用行主顺序把稀疏矩阵非 0 元素映射到一维数组中，实现操作：两个稀疏矩阵相加、两个稀疏矩阵相乘、稀疏矩阵的转置、输出矩阵。</p> <p>不得使用相关 STL。</p> <p>2. 数据结构与算法描述 (整体思路描述，所需要的数据结构与算法)</p> <p>重置：按行优先遍历矩阵，保存到稀疏矩阵中</p> <p>乘法：矩阵 A*B，先将 B 转置，再将 A 的每一行与 B 相乘，标记 A 的行首元素，A 的一行与 B 的一行乘完之后，A 回到行首，与 B 的下一行继续相乘。行与行相乘的时候，找到对应元素相乘后相加即可。</p> <p>加法：根据 t 中的非零元素，找到被加矩阵的对应位置，两个元素相加即可</p> <p>输出：根据 cols 和 rows 二重循环，若该位置有元素则输出该元素，若无则输出 0</p> <p>转置：一个 colsize 数组记录每一列有多少元素，再根据该数组得到 rownext 数组，标记转置后的矩阵每一行开头的元素放入稀疏矩阵的位置，每行放入一个元素，rownext++为下一个元素该放的位置，最后得到结果矩阵。</p> <p>3. 测试结果 (测试输入，测试输出)</p> <p>输入及输出</p> <pre> 40 1 10 20 -1 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 -1 0 -1 0 0 -1 1 -1 0 0 2 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 -2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 -2 -1 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 -1 -1 -1 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 -1 1 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 1 0 -1 1 2 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 -1 0 1 -1 1 -1 0 -1 0 0 0 -1 0 0 0 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 2 0 0 -1 0 0 -1 -1 -1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 -3 0 0 0 0 -1 -2 1 0 2 0 -1 -1 0 </pre>		

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[illegible]



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```

#### 4. 分析与探讨（结果分析，若存在问题，探讨解决问题的途径）

`myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator` 编译不通过

`myarray<matrixterm>::iterator` 编译通过

原因：编译器不能判断 `myarray<matrixterm<T>>` 是个类名，  
所以改成 `typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>` 即可通过

#### 5. 附录：实现源代码（本实验的全部源程序代码，程序风格清晰易理解，有充分的注释）

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

template<class T>
struct matrixterm{
    int row;
    int col;
    T value;
};

template <class T>
class myarray{
public:
    myarray(int capacity=20);
    void resetsize(int newsize);
    void copy(myarray<T> &b);
    void insert(T& newelement);
    void set(int index, T& newelement);
    void clear();
    int arraysize() {
        return size;
    }
}
```

```

class iterator{
public:
    iterator(T* theposition) { position=theposition; }
    T& operator*() const { return *position; }
    T* operator->() const { return & *position; }
    iterator& operator++() {                                //前++
        ++position;
        return *this;
    }
    iterator operator++(int) {                               //后++
        iterator last = *this;
        ++position;
        return last;
    }
    iterator& operator--() {                                //前--
        --position;
        return *this;
    }
    iterator operator--(int) {                               //后--
        iterator last = *this;
        --position;
        return last;
    }
    bool operator!=(const iterator theiter) const{
        return position!=theiter.position ;
    }
    bool operator==(const iterator theiter) const{
        return position==theiter.position;
    }
private:
    T* position;
};

iterator begin() {
    return iterator(element);
}
iterator end() {
    return iterator(element+size);
}

~myarray();
private:
    int length;
    T* element;
    int size;

```

```

};

template <class T>
myarray<T>::myarray(int capacity) {    //构造函数
    element = new T[capacity];
    length=capacity;
    size=0;
}

template<class T>
void myarray<T>::resetsize(int nowsize) {
    if(nowsize > length) {                //若空间不够，重新进行动态分配
        length=nowsize;
        T* temp = new T [length];
        for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
            temp[i]=element[i];
        }
        T* p = element;
        element = temp;
        delete [] p;
    }
    size=nowsize;
}

template<class T>
void myarray<T>::copy(myarray<T> &b) {
    length=b.length;
    size=b.size;
    T* p = element;
    element = new T [length];
    for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
        element[i]=b.element[i];
    }
    delete [] p;
}

template <class T>
void myarray<T>::insert(T& newelement) {    //在数组最后插入新元素
    if(size>=length) {                    //若空间不够，重新进行动态分配
        length*=2;
        T* temp = new T [length];
        for(int i=0; i<size; i++) {
            temp[i]=element[i];
        }
        T* p = element;
        element = temp;
    }
}

```

```

        delete [] p;
    }
    element[size++]=newelement;    //队尾插入
}

template<class T>
void myarray<T>::set(int index, T& newelement) {
    element[index]=newelement;
}

template<class T>
void myarray<T>::clear() {
    T* p = element;
    element = new T [length];
    delete [] p;
    size=0;
}

template <class T>
myarray<T>::~myarray() {
    size=0, length=0;
    T* p = element;
    element = NULL;
    delete [] p;
}

template<class T>
class mysparsematrix{
public:
    myarray<matrixterm<T>>>terms;    //terms 是公有成员，方便使用
    mysparsematrix() {}
    void set();
    void reset();
    void copy(mysparsematrix<T> &b);
    void add(mysparsematrix<T> &b);
    void transpose();
    void multipul(mysparsematrix<T> &b);
    void output();
    ~mysparsematrix() { terms.~myarray(); rows=0; cols=0; }
private:
    int rows;
    int cols;
};

```

```

template<class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::set() { //稀疏矩阵输入
    terms.clear();
    cin>>rows>>cols;
    int t;
    cin>>t;
    for(int i=0;i<t;i++){
        matrixterm<T> temp;
        cin>>temp.row>>temp.col>>temp.value;
        terms.insert(temp);
    }
}

template<class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::reset() { //普通矩阵输入
    terms.clear();
    cin>>rows>>cols;
    for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++){
        for(int j=1;j<=cols;j++){
            int t;
            cin>>t;
            if(t!=0){
                matrixterm<T> temp;
                temp.row=i;
                temp.col=j;
                temp.value=t;
                terms.insert(temp);
            }
        }
    }
}

template <class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::copy(mysparsematrix<T> &b) { //复制矩阵
    rows=b.rows;
    cols=b.cols;
    terms.copy(b.terms);
}

template <class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::transpose() {
    mysparsematrix<T>b;
    b.cols=rows;
    b.rows=cols;
    b.terms.resize(terms.arraysize());
    int* colsize = new int [cols+1]; //每一列有多少个元素

```

```

    int* rownext = new int [cols+1]; //每一行第一个元素在第几个位子
    for(int i=0;i<=cols;i++) colsize[i]=0;
    for(typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator
i=terms.begin();i!=terms.end();i++) colsize[(*i).col]++;
    rownext[1]=0;
    for(int i=2;i<=cols;i++) rownext[i]=colsize[i-1]+rownext[i-1];
    matrixterm<T> temp;
    for(typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator
i=terms.begin();i!=terms.end();i++) {
        int j = rownext[(*i).col]++; //找到对应的位子, rownext++表示下一次这
一排的元素该放的位子
        temp.col=(*i).row;
        temp.row=(*i).col;
        temp.value=(*i).value;
        b.terms.set(j, temp);
    }
    this->copy(b);
}

template<class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::add(mysparsematrix<T> &b) {
    if(rows!=b.rows || cols!=b.cols) {
        this->copy(b);
        cout<<-1<<endl;
        return ;
    }
    mysparsematrix<T>c;
    c.rows = rows;
    c.cols = cols;
    c.terms.clear();
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator ithis = terms.begin();
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator ib = b.terms.begin();
    while(ithis!=terms.end() && ib!=b.terms.end()) {
        int thisindex = ((*ithis).row - 1) * cols + (*ithis).col; //行列都是从
1 开始算
        int bindex = ((*ib).row - 1) * cols + (*ib).col;
        if(thisindex < bindex) {
            c.terms.insert(*ithis);
            ithis++;
        }
        else if(thisindex == bindex) { //只有位置相同的
元素才相加, 其他不变
            if((*ithis).value+(*ib).value != 0) {
                matrixterm<T> temp;
                temp.row=(*ithis).row;
                temp.col=(*ithis).col;

```

```

        temp.value=(*ithis).value+(*ib).value;
        c.terms.insert(temp);
    }
    ithis++;
    ib++;
}
else{
    c.terms.insert(*ib);
    ib++;
}
}
while(ithis!=terms.end()){
    c.terms.insert(*ithis);
    ithis++;
}
while(ib!=b.terms.end()){
    c.terms.insert(*ib);
    ib++;
}
this->copy(c);
}

template<class T>
void mysparsematrix<T>::multipul(mysparsematrix<T> &b) {
    if(cols!=b.rows) {
        cout<<-1<<endl;
        this->copy(b);
        return ;
    }
    mysparsematrix<T>c;
    c.rows = rows;
    c.cols = b.cols;
    c.terms.clear();
    b.transpose(); //转置之后方便操作
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator ithis = terms.begin();
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator ib = b.terms.begin();
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator p = terms.begin();
    for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++) {
        p = ithis; //标记每一排的起始元组
        for(int j=1;j<=b.rows;j++) {
            T sum=0;
            while(ithis!=terms.end() && ib!=b.terms.end() && ithis->row==i &&
ib->row==j) {
                if(ithis->col==ib->col) { //列相等的是对应
的位子
                    sum+=ithis->value * ib->value; //乘完加到 sum 里

```

```

        ithis++;
        ib++;
    }
    else if(ithis->col < ib->col) {
        ithis++;
    }
    else {
        ib++;
    }
}
if(sum!=0) {
    matrixterm<T> temp;
    temp.row=i;
    temp.col=j;
    temp.value=sum;
    c.terms.insert(temp);
}
if(j!=b.rows) ithis = p;           //一排乘完, ithis 回到本行行首
}
ib = b.terms.begin();           //i 一轮走完, 要换下一排了, ib 回到 b 矩阵的开头
}
this->copy(c);
}

template<class T>
void myparsematrix<T>::output() {           //输出矩阵
    cout<<rows<< ' '<<cols<<endl;
    typename myarray<matrixterm<T>>::iterator ithis = terms.begin();
    for(int i=1;i<=rows;i++) {
        for(int j=1;j<=cols;j++) {
            if(ithis!=terms.end() && (*ithis).row==i && (*ithis).col==j) {
                cout<<(*ithis).value<<' ';
                ithis++;
            }
            else{
                cout<<0<<' ';
            }
        }
        cout<<endl;
    }
}

int main() {
    int n;
    cin>>n;
    myparsematrix<int>P;

```



```

for (int i=0; i<n; i++) {
    int p;
    cin>>p;
    if (p==1) {
        P.reset();
    }
    else if (p==2) {
        mysparsematrix<int>b;
        b.set();
        P.multipul(b);
    }
    else if (p==3) {
        mysparsematrix<int>b;
        b.set();
        P.add(b);
    }
    else if (p==4) {
        P.output();
    }
    else if (p==5) {
        P.transpose();
    }
}
}

```