General Project Instructions

Objective:

Develop a project that leverages geospatial data, machine learning techniques, and visualization tools to solve a real-world problem. Use **Geopandas** for geospatial data processing and **Folium** for creating interactive visualizations.

1. Project Scope

- Choose a topic that involves geospatial data and machine learning. Examples include:
 - Predicting flood-prone areas
 - Analyzing traffic congestion patterns
 - o Identifying optimal locations for renewable energy sites
 - Mapping crime hotspots
 - Analyzing urban growth or deforestation
 - o Assessing the impact of climate change on a specific region
- Clearly define the problem you want to address.

2. Tools and Technologies

- Programming Language: Python
- Libraries:
 - Geopandas: Geospatial data handling and analysis
 - Folium: Interactive maps and visualizations
 - Scikit-learn: Machine learning models
 - o Pandas & Numpy: Data analysis and manipulation
 - Matplotlib & Seaborn: Data visualization

• Optional Tools:

o Google Earth Engine or QGIS for additional geospatial data.

3. Steps to Follow

Step 1: Topic Selection and Research

- Research potential topics and select a specific problem to solve.
- Identify key geospatial datasets relevant to your topic. For example:
 - Environmental data (e.g., terrain, vegetation, rainfall)
 - Socioeconomic data (e.g., population, infrastructure)

Satellite imagery or shapefiles

Deliverable: A 1-paragraph problem statement explaining the selected topic.

Step 2: Data Collection

- Search for reliable geospatial datasets from sources like:
 - OpenStreetMap
 - NASA EarthData
 - World Bank Data
 - Local or regional government open-data portals
- Save datasets.

Deliverable: A list of datasets used with brief descriptions and links.

Step 3: Data Preprocessing

- Load the datasets using Geopandas and Pandas.
- Perform cleaning steps:
 - Handle missing values.
 - Standardize coordinate reference systems (CRS).
 - o Remove irrelevant features or outliers.
- Merge or join datasets as needed.

Deliverable: Cleaned and merged dataset ready for analysis.

Step 4: Exploratory Data Analysis (EDA)

- Use visualizations to understand the data:
 - o Plot geospatial features using Geopandas.
 - o Create heatmaps, choropleth maps, or other relevant plots.
- Identify patterns, trends, or correlations.

Deliverable: Graphs, charts, and maps summarizing your findings.

Step 5: Feature Engineering

- Generate features from geospatial data, such as:
 - Distances to specific landmarks (e.g., roads, rivers, schools).
 - o Area sizes, population density, or terrain attributes.
- Use these features for machine learning.

Deliverable: Final dataset with engineered features.

Step 6: Machine Learning Model

- Choose a suitable machine learning approach:
- Split the data into training and testing sets.
- Train the model and evaluate its performance using appropriate metrics (e.g., accuracy, RMSE, etc.).

Deliverable: Trained machine learning model and evaluation results.

Step 7: Visualization Using Folium

- Visualize your results on an interactive map:
 - Use Folium to plot predictions or clusters.
 - o Add relevant layers (e.g., roads, rivers, buildings).

Deliverable: An interactive map in HTML format.

Step 8: Documentation and Presentation

- Prepare a final report that includes:
 - o Problem statement
 - Data sources and preprocessing steps
 - Machine learning methodology and results
 - Visualizations and insights
- Present your findings using slides and your interactive map.

Deliverable: Final report and presentation slides.

4. Deliverables

- 1. **Problem Statement:** A clear explanation of the chosen topic.
- 2. **Processed Data:** Cleaned and ready-to-use dataset.
- 3. **Machine Learning Model:** Trained model with performance evaluation.
- 4. **Interactive Map:** A Folium map showing key insights.
- 5. **Report and Presentation:** A detailed summary of the project.

5. Evaluation Criteria

- 1. Relevance and Originality of Topic: Is the topic well-defined and impactful?
- 2. **Data Handling:** Quality of data collection, preprocessing, and feature engineering.
- 3. **Model Implementation:** Accuracy and appropriateness of the machine learning model.
- 4. **Visualization:** Effectiveness and clarity of the interactive map.
- 5. **Documentation and Presentation:** Clarity and depth of the report and slides.