

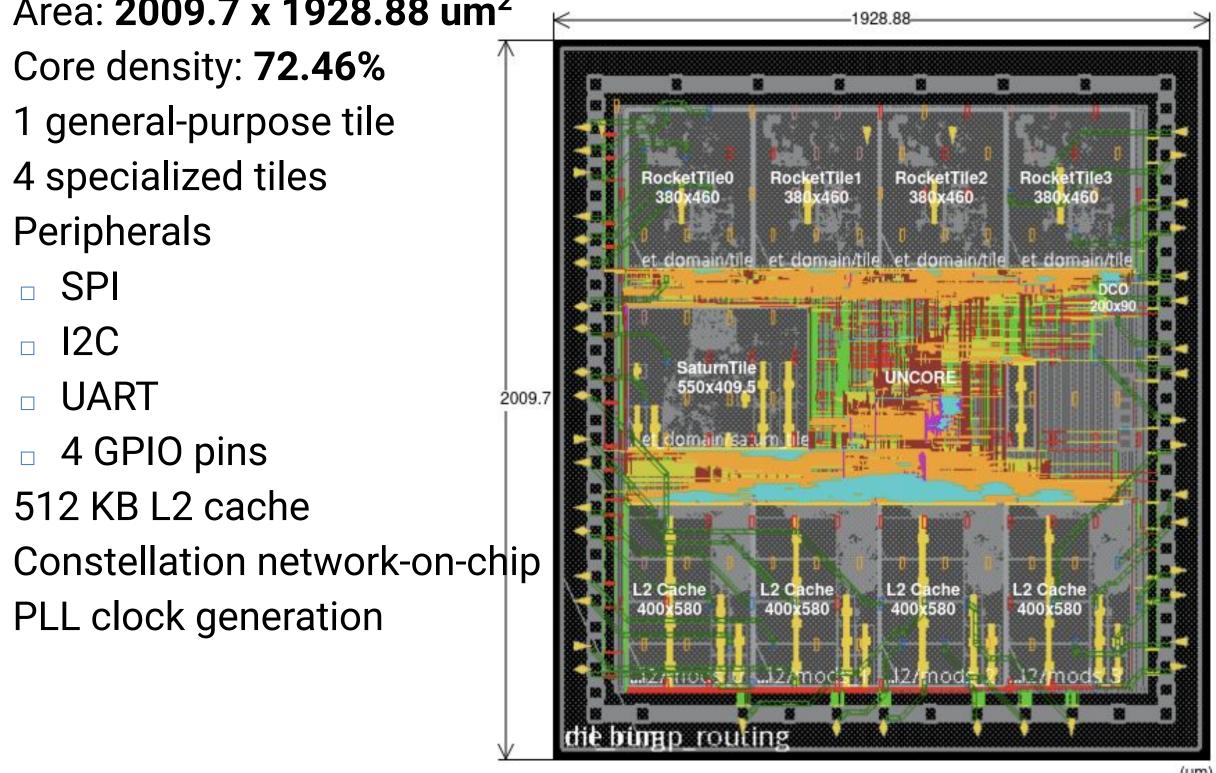
Intel 16 Tapeout - EE194/290C Spring 2022

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Bearly ML: SoC for Machine Learning

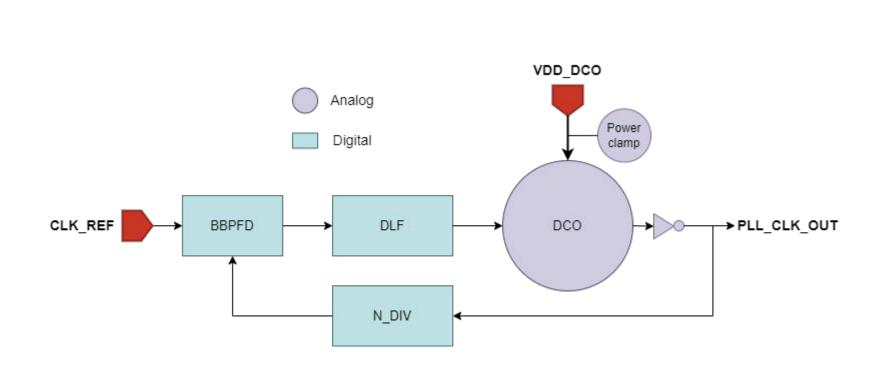
Chip Overview

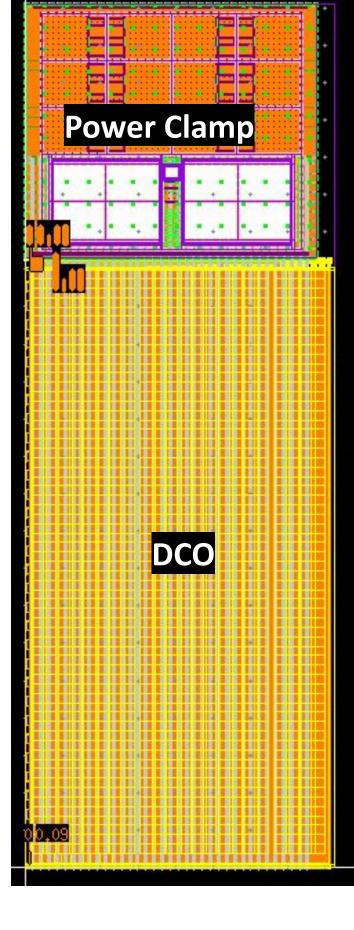
- RISC-V SoC for machine learning (ML) applications with ML/DSP accelerators in Intel 16 technology
- Custom RTL, integrated into Chipyard template
- Area: **2009.7 x 1928.88 um**²
- Core density: **72.46**%
- 1 general-purpose tile
- 4 specialized tiles
- Peripherals
 - SPI
 - I2C
 - UART 4 GPIO pins
- 512 KB L2 cache
- PLL clock generation



Clocking

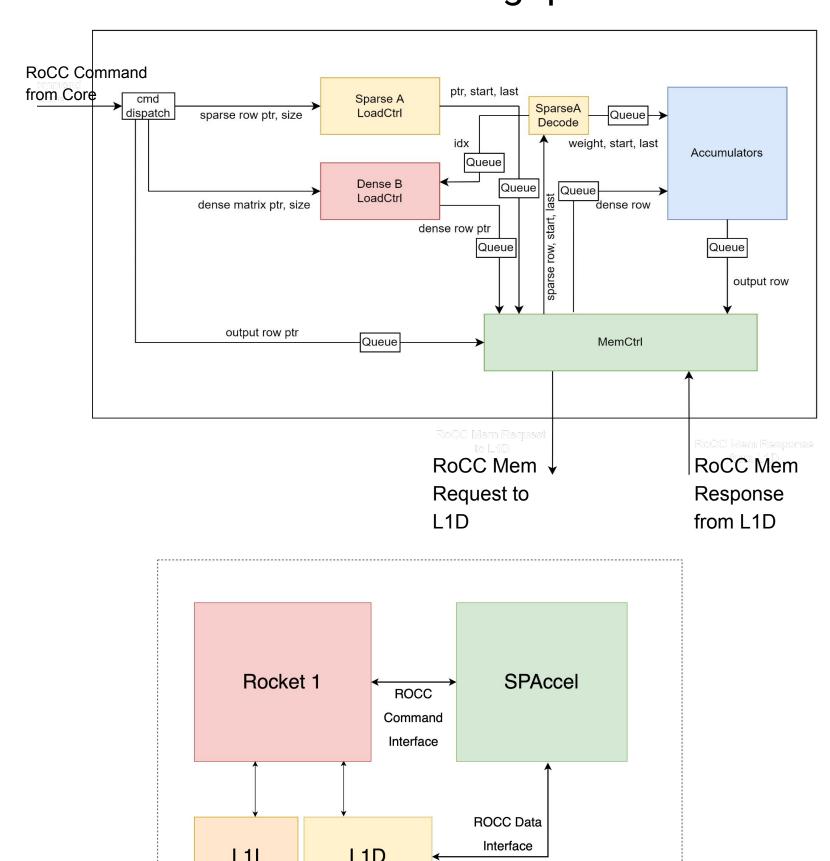
- Off-chip slow clock (< 100 MHz)
- On-chip fast clock generation with PLL (100 MHz 1.2 GHz)
- Chip clock selected through MMIO
- Clock pinout to debug system clock
- Frequency of tile can be individually specified
- DCO generated using the Berkeley Analog Generator (BAG) designed by Sean Huang
- Digital logic is imported as black box verilog modules into Chipyard and placed close to the DCO to reduce parasitics





Specialized Tile

- Rocket Core: 5 stage, in-order
 - configured with 16KB L1D\$, 4KB L1I\$
- Custom Sparse-Dense Matrix Mult. Accelerator (pictured below)
 - Uses Rocket Custom Coprocessor Interface (RoCC)
- Max operating frequency: **500 MHz**
- Peak Theoretical/Achievable Throughput: 4/2.6 GOPS

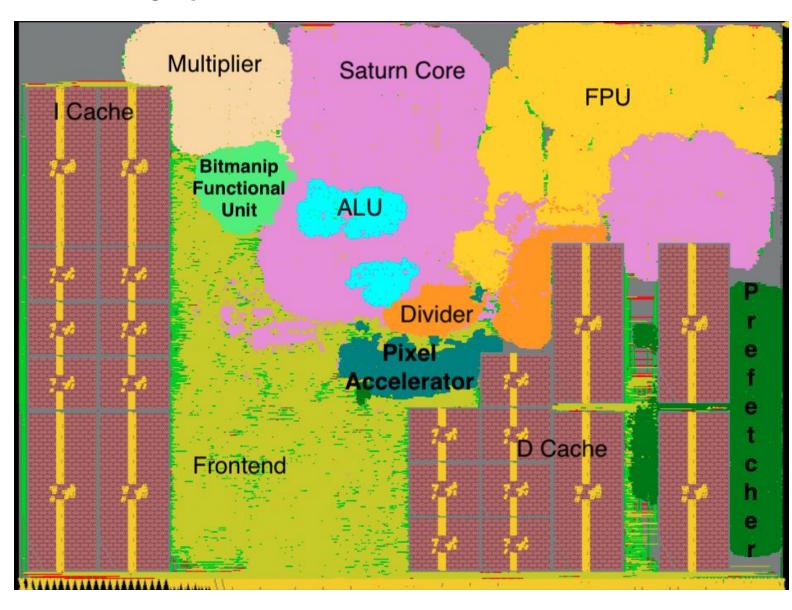


Memory Subsystem

- Network-On-Chip
 - First tapeout of Chipyard's Constellation
 - Rocket cores, Saturn and L2 banks attached to NoC
 - Unidirectional Torus Topology
- Scheduler tiles (L2 \$)
- 8-way set associative
- 512 KB total L2 capacity divided into 4 scheduler blocks
- Max operating frequency: 400 MHz
- Backing scratchpad
 - 16 KB storage space for booting processes
 - Max operating frequency: 400 MHz

General Purpose Tile

- Saturn Core: 6-stage, dual-issue in-order core
- 16KB I\$ & D\$; 4 sets & 4 ways, non blocking
- **Additional Units**
 - Prefetcher
 - Bit-manipulation Functional Unit
 - Pixel Accelerator
- Max operating frequency: 500 MHz
- Peak throughput: **0.6 GOPS**



Bringup & Next Steps

- PCB Design next semester
- TSI:
 - Configure FPGA and FESVR to work with Bearly ML
- Involves understanding TSI well to debug
- JTAG:
 - Try connecting with clocks synced
 - Bit bang script that debugs with exposed state machine
 - Involves understanding DTM
- Write software to run neural net with matmul and drivers

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