

Prak.: P4 Semester: WS20/21 Wochentag: Mo Gruppennr.: 22

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Versuch: Comptoneffekt (P4-) Fehlerrech.: Ja

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Wird vom Betreuer ausgefüllt.

1. Abgabe am: _____

Rückgabe am: _____ Begründung:

2. Abgabe am: _____

Ergebnis: + / 0 / - Fehlerrechnung: Ja / Nein

Datum: _____ Handzeichen: _____

Bemerkungen:

Contents

2. Theory & Preparation

2.1 Compton scattering

Consider the scenario of a high-energy photon interacting with an unbound electron as shown in ???. To describe this process we choose a coordinate frame where the electron is at rest with respect to us. In the experiments to be presented in this report such a coordinate frame conveniently is the lab frame anyways.

From the conservation of energy and impulse we can construct a theoretical description of this process based on the initial and final energies of both particles.

$$\begin{aligned} E_{\gamma,i} + \underbrace{E_{e,i}}_{=0} &= E_{\gamma,f} + E_{e,f} \\ p_{\gamma,i} + \underbrace{p_{e,i}}_{=0} &= p_{\gamma,f} + p_{e,f} \end{aligned}$$

From the above relations an expression for the energy of the photon after interacting with the electron can be obtained and reads

$$E_{\gamma,f} = \frac{E_{\gamma,i}}{1 + \frac{E_{\gamma,i}}{m_e c^2} (1 - \cos \theta)}, \quad (2.1)$$

where θ defines the angle spanned between the incident photon and its path post scattering. It follows that the electron gains energy from the interaction.

$$E_{e,f} = E_{\gamma,i} - E_{\gamma,f} = E_{\gamma,f} \cdot \frac{E_{\gamma,i}}{m_e c^2} \cdot (1 - \cos \theta). \quad (2.2)$$

The measureable change in the photons wavelength $\lambda = \frac{hc}{E_{\gamma}}$ due to the interaction is called the **Compton effect**. The underlying elastic scattering of photons and unbound electrons is consequently labelled **Compton scattering**.

3. Experiment & Evaluation