Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service Guide

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How the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service Works

This section gives an overview of deploying the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service; lists the Azure regions and compliance postures that the service supports; and explains the differences between this service, Qumulo on AWS as an AMI, and Qumulo on premises.

This fully managed service deploys and manages resources on your behalf, runs Qumulo Core, and provides the same interfaces and functionality as Qumulo on premises.

☑ Tip

In this guide, we refer to the collective features and functionality of Qumulo Core as *Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service* or the service.

The Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service lets you configure file protocols, quotas, replication, and other features regardless of underlying infrastructure or storage and without requiring the tracking of resource quotas and costs. It receives the latest updates and features continuously and, when issues occur, replaces compute and storage resources automatically.

For instructions on deploying the service in Azure, see Getting Started with Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service (page 8).

Note

For help with expanding the capacity of your Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service, email azure@qumulo.com.

Deploying the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service

This section outlines the process of configuring and deploying the service.

- 1. You specify the following configuration.
 - Regional Settings: The availability zone and region; for more information, see Supported Azure Regions (page 3)
 - Networking Settings: A virtual network in the same region; for more information, see
 Configuring Virtual Networking (page 5)
 - Usable Capacity: Actual required capacity; on this platform, this value isn't restricted by architecture
- 2. Qumulo deploys and configures the following resources in an environment that it manages.
 - Managed Resource Group: This group contains the networking resources that the service.

- Delegated Subnet: The delegated subnet that the service uses to provision endpoints for your virtual network.
- Qumulo Service Resource: The Azure resource that represents one instance of the service. You can use this resource to manage the service and view configuration details.
- Marketplace SaaS Resource: The SaaS resource from the Qumulo Marketplace offer that you choose. Azure uses this resource for billing purposes.

☑ Tip

Automated deployments let you create Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service instances for long-term use cases and for short-term components of automated storage workflows.

Known Limitations

- · IPv6 Addresses: Currently, Azure Networking features don't support IPv6 addresses.
- Initial Authentication over SMB: When you deploy the service initially, all users can use the SMB protocol. However, the admin user can authenticate over all protocols except for SMB. To allow the admin user to authenticate over the SMB protocol, change the admin user's password. When the password change is complete, the admin user can authenticate over the SMB protocol.

O Note

An incompatibility in data formats between the SMB protocol and Qumulo's integration with Azure causes this limitation.

 Namespaces Larger than 1 PB: To deploy namespaces larger than 1 PB through the Azure Portal, email azure@qumulo.com.

Supported Azure Regions

Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service supports all public U.S. regions. For more information, see Azure Geographies.

Feature Comparison with Qumulo on Other Platforms

The following table compares Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service features with those of Qumulo on other platforms.

O Note

Although Qumulo manages the service fully, direct access to hosts with SSH is unavailable. You can configure the service by using the qq CLI from a remote machine or by using any of the IP addresses of the service to log in to the Web UI.

Feature	Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service	Qumulo on AWS as an AMI	Qumulo on Premises
Automatic Deployment	✓		
Automatic Updates	/		
Available in Cloud Market- place	✓	✓	
Customer Support	/	✓	1
Automatic Infrastructure Replacement	✓	✓	
Incremental Sizing	/		
Pay as You Go	✓	✓	
Portal Integration	/		
Qumulo Core Features	/	✓	1
Simple, Fast Deployment Under 15 Minutes	✓		

Qumulo Compliance Posture

For more information about third-party attestations that Qumulo has achieved, including SOC 2 Type II and FIPS 140-2 Level 1, see Qumulo Compliance Posture in the Qumulo Core Administrator Guide.

Configuring Virtual Networking for the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service

This section lists the prerequisites for the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service, describes the components of virtual networking for the service, explains how to configure them, and provides virtual networking best practices.

The underlying storage of the service resides in Qumulo's Azure tenant. This storage system connects to your Azure subscription by using *VNet injection*, a process that establishes a direct connection between your resources and the servie resources without using VNet peering. You can use VNet injection to apply routing and security policies to your service endpoints.

To create endpoints for accessing the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service, Qumulo creates network interfaces (NICs) and inserts them into your subnet. To allow VNet injection to operate correctly, you must create and configure a new subnet within your virtual network.

Prerequisites for Configuring Virtual Networking

This section explains the prerequisites for configuring virtual networking for the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service.

Owner and Contributor Roles

The service requires an Owner or Contributor role with access to your Azure subscription.

▲ Important

A custom role must have write permissions to the resource groups in which you create your delegated subnet and service.

A Dedicated Subnet

The service requires a dedicated subnet.

O Note

- Your subnet address range should be at least /24 (it should contain at least 256 IP addresses, including 251 free IP addresses and 5 IP addresses reserved for Azure.)
- · Your subnet must be in the same region as the service.

To Create a Dedicated Subnet

- 1. Identify the region in which you want to subscribe to the service.
- 2. In the region, create a new virtual network or select an existing virtual network.

- 3. In your virtual network, create a new subnet. Use the default configuration or update the subnet network configuration based on your network policy.
- 4. Delegate the newly created subnet to Qumulo.Storage/fileSystems.

Load-Balanced Endpoints

Every endpoint created for the service appears as a NIC, with an IP address that you can use to access the service. To hold these endpoints, Qumulo creates a manage resource group under your Azure subscription. To view links to your managed resource group and NICs, see the Portal view of your Qumulo.Storage/fileSystems resource.

Qumulo provisions multiple endpoints to allow access to the service. To avoid the bandwidth limits of individual endpoints, use round-robin DNS to distribute your workload traffic across the endpoints available to you.

Configuring Virtual Networking

This section explains how to configure virtual networking for the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service.

A Important

To enforce network policies for traffic to and from the service, you can apply network security groups and route tables to a delegated subnet.

Configuring Network Security Groups

Network security groups let administrators enforce networking traffic rules. You can assign network security groups to individual NICs or to entire subnets. Because it is posible to create or remove NICs from the, we recommend assigning security groups to a delegated subnet.

To ensure that your configuration doesn't block a specific protocol, see Required Networking Ports for Qumulo Core.

Configuring Route Tables

To configure explicit traffic routing to and from the service, use an Azure route table. Before you can configure your route table, you must attach it to a delegated subnet.

Common configuration scenarios for a route table include routing service traffic:

- · Through a firewall
- · Through a gateway appliance
- Across multiple virtual network peering configurations

Configuring Back-End and Front-End Networking

The platform uses a *split-networking configuration* in which different NICs handle back-end and front-end traffic. Changes that impact one traffic type have no impact on the other traffic type. In this way, split networking lets you configure firewalls and security groups without having to consider back-end connectivity requirements.

Getting Started with the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service

This section explains how to deploy Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service, view information about your service, and connect to the Web UI.

To Deploy the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service

This section explains how to deploy the service in Azure.

- 1. Log in to the Azure Portal and search for Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service.
- 2. On the Create a Qumulo resource in Azure page, on the Basics tab, in the Project details section:
 - a. Select a Subscription that you can access as an owner.
 - b. Select a Resource group or click Create new.

Note

A resource group is a container that holds related Azure resources. We recommend creating resource groups exclusive to your Qumulo infrastructure.

- 3. In the Azure resource details section:
 - a. Enter a Resource name. This is the name of your service.
 - b. Select a Region. For more information, see Supported Azure Regions (page 3).
 - c. Select an **Availability zone**. Azure pins the service resources in a region to this availability zone.

O Note

By creating all your Qumulo resources within the same availability zone, Azure can reduce latency.

- 4. In the Administrator account section, enter a Password and then re-enter it.
- 5. In the Qumulo file system details section:
 - a. Select the Standard or Performance storage type.
 - b. Specify the size of the service to create, in TB.
- 6. In the Pricing plan section, select a pricing plan.

The pay-as-you-go plan is the default plan.

- · For an estimated pay-as-you-go price, see the Pricing and Performance Calculator.
- · For up-front pricing plans and free trials, email azure@qumulo.com.
- 7. On the Networking tab, in the Configure virtual network section:
 - a. Select the Virtual network for hosting your service. For more information, see Configuring Virtual Networking for the Azure Native Qumulo Scalable File Service (page 5).
 - b. Select an existing delegated subnet to associate with your service.

Note

You can associate only one delegated subnet with one service instance.

- 8. On the Tags tab, enter any custom tags as a name-value pair.
- 9. To create a service, click Next: Review + Create >.

Viewing Service Information and Connecting to the Web UI

When Azure finishes creating your service, you can view information about the service and use the Web UI.

Viewing the IP Addresses of Your Service

To view the IP addresses associated with your service, click IP Addresses on the sidebar.

To Log in to the Web UI

To log in to the Web UI, you must identify your service endpoint.

1. Click Overview and then copy the Qumulo Core Web UI Login URL. For example:

https://192.0.0.4/login

- 2. Enter the URL into a browser on the same network.
- 3. When the page prompts you for a Username, enter admin.
- 4. When the page prompts you for a Password, enter the administrator password that you configured (page 8).

For more information about working with Qumulo Core and the Web UI, see the Qumulo Administrator Guide.