The SAGA C++ Reference Implementation

Lessons Learnt from Juggling with Seemingly Contradictory Goals

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Roadmap

- What is SAGA, why do we think, we need it?
 - Why another Grid API
 - Realities of Grids
 - Simple API for grid Applications
- Requirements
- Architecture
- Lessons learnt
- Code examples



Simple API for Grid Applications

- OGF standardization effort
 - Intends to simplify the development of gridenabled applications by standardizing syntax and semantics of a Grid API
 - Even for scientists with no background in computer science, or grid computing
 - Interesting, challenging problem due to dynamic environment of today's Grids
 - 80/20 rule: maximal abstraction for minimal programming effort for the user
- Simple and Standard are the keywords

The situation today:

- Grids: everywhere
 - » Well, supposedly. At least many projects J
- Grid applications: nowhere
 - » Almost. At least our in experience that this is difficult

Why is this?

- Application programmers accept the Grid as a computing paradigm only very slowly.
- Problems: (multifold and often cited amongst others)
 - Interfaces are not simple (see next slides. . .)
 - » Typical Globus code... ahem... J
 - Different and evolving interfaces to the 'Grid'
 - » Versions, new services, new implementations, WSDL or WSRF do not solve all problems at all
 - Environment changes in many ways
 - » Globus, grid members, services, network, applications, ...



Copy a File: Globus GASS

```
int copy_file (char const* source, char const* target)
                                                                         if (source_url.scheme_type == GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_GSIFTP ||
                                                                             source_url.scheme_type == GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_FTP
globus_url_t
                                   source url;
                                                                           globus_ftp_client_operationattr_init (&source_ftp_attr);
globus io handle t
                                   dest io handle;
                                                                           globus_gass_copy_attr_set_ftp (&source_gass_copy_attr,
globus_ftp_client_operationattr_t source_ftp_attr;
                                                                                                          &source ftp attr);
globus_result_t
globus_gass_transfer_requestattr_t source_gass_attr;
                                                                         else {
globus_gass_copy_attr_t
                                   source_gass_copy_attr;
                                                                           globus_gass_transfer_requestattr_init (&source_gass_attr,
globus_gass_copy_handle_t
                                   gass_copy_handle;
                                                                                                           source_url.scheme);
globus_gass_copy_handleattr_t
                                   gass_copy_handleattr;
                                                                           globus_gass_copy_attr_set_gass(&source_gass_copy_attr,
globus_ftp_client_handleattr_t
                                   ftp_handleattr;
                                                                                       &source_gass_attr);
globus_io_attr_t
                                   io attr;
int
                                   output_file = -1;
                                                                         output file = globus libc open ((char*) target,
if ( globus url parse (source URL, &source url) != GLOBUS SUCCESS )
                                                                                       O WRONLY | O TRUNC | O CREAT,
                                                                                       S_IRUSR | S_IWUSR | S_IRGRP |
 printf ("can not parse source_URL \"%s\"\n", source_URL);
                                                                                       S IWGRP);
                                                                         if ( output_file == -1 ) {
                                                                           printf ("could not open the file \"%s\"\n", target);
                                                                           return (-1);
if ( source_url.scheme_type != GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_GSIFTP &&
     source_url.scheme_type != GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_FTP
                                                                         /* convert stdout to be a globus_io_handle */
     source_url.scheme_type != GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_HTTP
                                                                         if (globus_io_file_posix_convert (output_file, 0,
     source_url.scheme_type != GLOBUS_URL_SCHEME_HTTPS ) {
                                                                                                           &dest io handle)
  printf ("can not copy from %s - wrong prot\n", source_URL);
                                                                              ! = GLOBUS_SUCCESS) {
  return (-1);
                                                                           printf ("Error converting the file handle\n");
                                                                           return (-1);
globus_gass_copy_handleattr_init (&gass_copy_handleattr);
globus gass copy attr init
                                  (&source gass copy attr);
                                                                         result = globus_gass_copy_register_url_to_handle (
globus_ftp_client_handleattr_init (&ftp_handleattr);
                                                                                  &gass_copy_handle, (char*)source_URL,
globus io fileattr init
                                  (&io attr);
                                                                                  &source_gass_copy_attr, &dest_io_handle,
                                                                                  my callback, NULL);
globus_gass_copy_attr_set_io
                                  (&source_gass_copy_attr,
                                                                         if ( result != GLOBUS_SUCCESS ) {
&io_attr);
                                                                           printf ("error: %s\n", globus_object_printable_to_string
                                   &io attr);
                                                                                   (globus_error_get (result)));
globus gass copy handleattr set ftp attr
                                                                           return (-1);
                                   (&gass_copy_handleattr,
                                   &ftp handleattr);
                                                                         globus_url_destroy (&source_url);
globus_gass_copy_handle_init
                                   (&gass_copy_handle,
                                                                         return (0);
                                   &gass_copy_handleattr);
```

Copy a File: SAGA

```
#include <string>
#include <saga/saga.hpp>

void copy_file(std::string source_url, std::string target_url)
{
    try {
        saga::file f(source_url);
        f.copy(target_url);
    }
    catch (saga::exception const &e) {
        std::cerr << e.what() << std::endl;
    }
}</pre>
```

- Provides a standardized high level abstraction layer
- Uses well known paradigms
- Shields programmers from idiocynchracies of Grids
- Blends well with existing language features and libraries



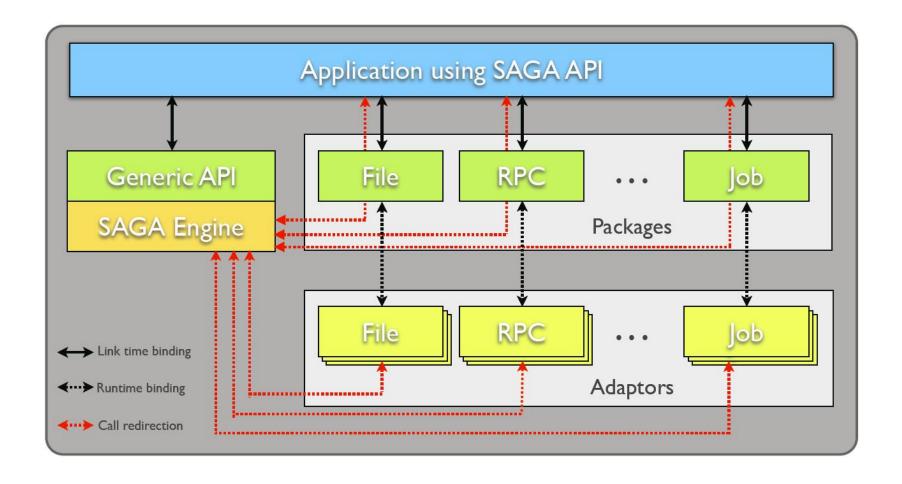
- Different hardware
 - Chipset
 - Architecture (desktops, beowulf clusters, SMP, etc.)
- Different software
 - Operating system, compilers
 - Libraries, software stack
 - Middleware service versions
- Different administrative policies
 - Access policies, quotas, upgrade policies
- Highly dynamic at all levels
 - without notifying you as the user

Requirements

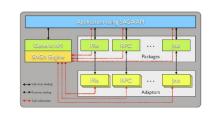
- Provide 'Simple' and 'Easy-to-Use' API
- Cope with evolving Standards landscape and future extensions
 - » OGF Standards are emerging, 5-10 years timeframe until stabilized
- Shield from middleware evolution
 - » Research projects, bad backwards compatibility
- Provide fail safety and hide dynamics
 - » Heterogenious Grid environments
- Portability, platform independence
 - » Distributed applications
- Easy to deploy, configure, and maintain
 - » No. 1 end user requirements
- Provide consistent language bindings
 - » No templates, as close to the spec as possible



Architecture Overview







- Horizontal Extensibility API Packages
 - Current packages:
 - file management, job management, remote procedure calls, replica management, data streaming, etc.
- Vertical Extensibility Middleware Bindings
 - Different adaptors for different middleware
 - Set of 'local' adaptors
- Extensibility for Optimization and Features
 - Bulk optimization, modular design



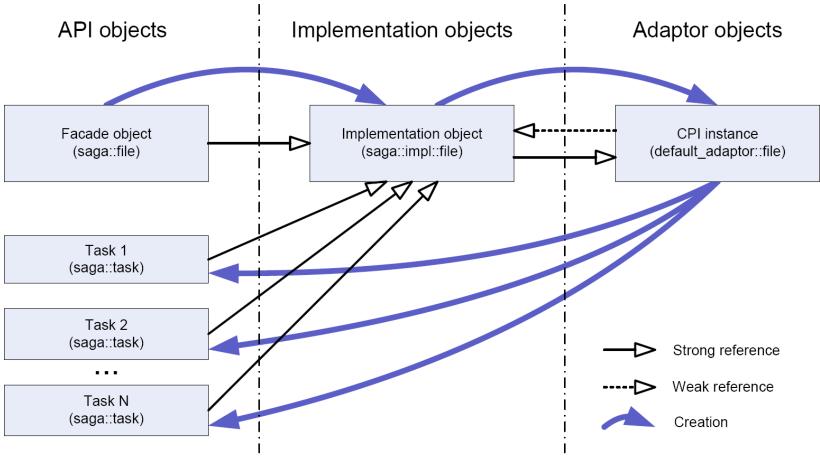
- Macros are not (always) evil
- PImpl idiom useful even in complex object hierarchies
- Futures/tasks make it easy to implement asynchronous API's
- Polymorphism is your friend
- Grid environments allow for fancy implementations



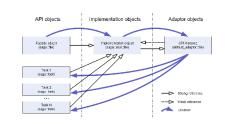
Macros are not (always) evil

- Every API function in 4 different flavors:
 2 synchronous, 2 asynchronous
 - » Error prone, boring, makes writing new packages a nightmare
- Macros expand to set of functions
 - Type safety not sacrificed
- Partial macro expansion (Boost.Wave)
 - Well, generating partial output
 - No debug problems
- Simplifies writing of new packages









- Simple not only the API but usage as well
 - Lightweight objects, well blending with existing libraries (STL, Boost, etc.)
 - Avoid object slicing while providing required object hierarchy
 - No need to worry about object lifetimes or memory management
- Decouple API and implementation
- Allow straightforward implementation of asynchronous operations (tasks)
- Tasks are implemented on top of futures
 - Very nice concept, enables simple implementation of fully concurrent and asynchronous API, ensures correct exception handling



- Combination of run time and compile time polymorphism
 - I.e. virtual functions (abstract base classes) and templates (code reuse, metaprogramming)
 - Run time polymorphism is used to abstract different implementations
 - Compile time polymorphism is used to avoid same code over and over again



cat Fancy implementations

- Latencies are major contributor to wall time needed to execute Grid related operations
- Fancy implementations, providing
 - Fallback solutions
 - Sophisticated error handling and fail proof implementations
- These are not only necessary in Grid related scenarios, but also possible

```
file f ("any://host.net//data/src.dat");
// normal sync version of the copy method
f.copy ("any://host.net//data/dest1.dat");
// the three task versions of the same method
task t1 = f.copy <task::Sync> ("any://host.net//data/dest2.dat");
task t2 = f.copy <task::ASync> ("any://host.net//data/dest3.dat");
task t3 = f.copy <task::Task> ("any://host.net//data/dest4.dat");
// task states of the returned saga::task
// t1 is in 'Finished' or 'Failed' state
// t2 is in 'Running' state
// t3 is in 'New' state
t3.run ();
t2.wait ();
t3.wait ();
```

Example: Bulk optimization

```
std::vector<std::string> files = ...initialize with list of url's...;
saga::task_container tc;

// create file copy tasks
for (std::vector<std::string>::size_type i = 0; i < files.size(); ++i)
{
    saga::file f (files[i]);
    tc.add (f.copy<saga::Task>(...destination url...));
}

// run all tasks, then wait for all
saga::run_wait(tc); // bulk optimization is applied here.
```



- SAGA is a very high abstraction level of Grids using well known programming paradigms
- Libraries are a means of securing investment into the future
- Presented a generic framework for building libraries allowing runtime dispatching to different implementations of similar functionalities