



IBM NAN MUDHALVAN –INTERNET OF THINGS
(GROUP-4)



SMART WATER FOUNTAIN

PHASE-I Problem Definition and Design Thinking




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ABSTRACT

- ✓ Water fountains have been a major tourist attraction these days which freeze the attention of tourists with their variety of lights, designs, and heights. And as we all know music holds a major part in our day-to-day lives.
- ✓ And hence our idea is to combine the beautiful water fountain with music which makes an extraordinary tourist attraction when constructively set with a range of frequencies that enables us to operate through various electronic devices.
- ✓ The project aims to enhance public water fountains by implementing IoT sensors to control water flow and detect malfunctions.

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- ✓ The primary objective is to provide real-time information about water fountain status to residents through a public platform
 - ✓ This project includes defining objectives, designing the IoT sensor system, developing the water fountain status platform, and integrating them using IoT technology .
 - ✓ Musical water fountain consists of Arduino UNO, sound sensor with external MC, submersible motors, LCD, relay modules, sound generation using mobile, ARGB LED light strip & adapters

DESIGN THINKING:

- **Sensor Integration**
- **Data Analytics and Processing**
- **User Interaction and Control**
- Water Conservation and Sustainability**
- **Remote Maintenance and Diagnostics**
- **Security and Privacy**



I. Sensor Integration

The Sensor Integration module is the foundation of our Smart Water Fountains system. It involves the installation of various sensors, such as water quality sensors, flow rate sensors, and proximity sensors, in and around the water fountain. These sensors continuously collect data, enabling real-time monitoring and analysis of water quality, usage patterns, and environmental conditions



2. Data Analytics and Processing

In this module, collected sensor data is processed and analyzed in real-time. Advanced data analytics algorithms are employed to detect anomalies in water quality, predict maintenance needs, and optimize water usage. Machine learning models can also be applied to identify usage trends, helping to improve fountain placement and resource allocation.



3. User Interaction and Control

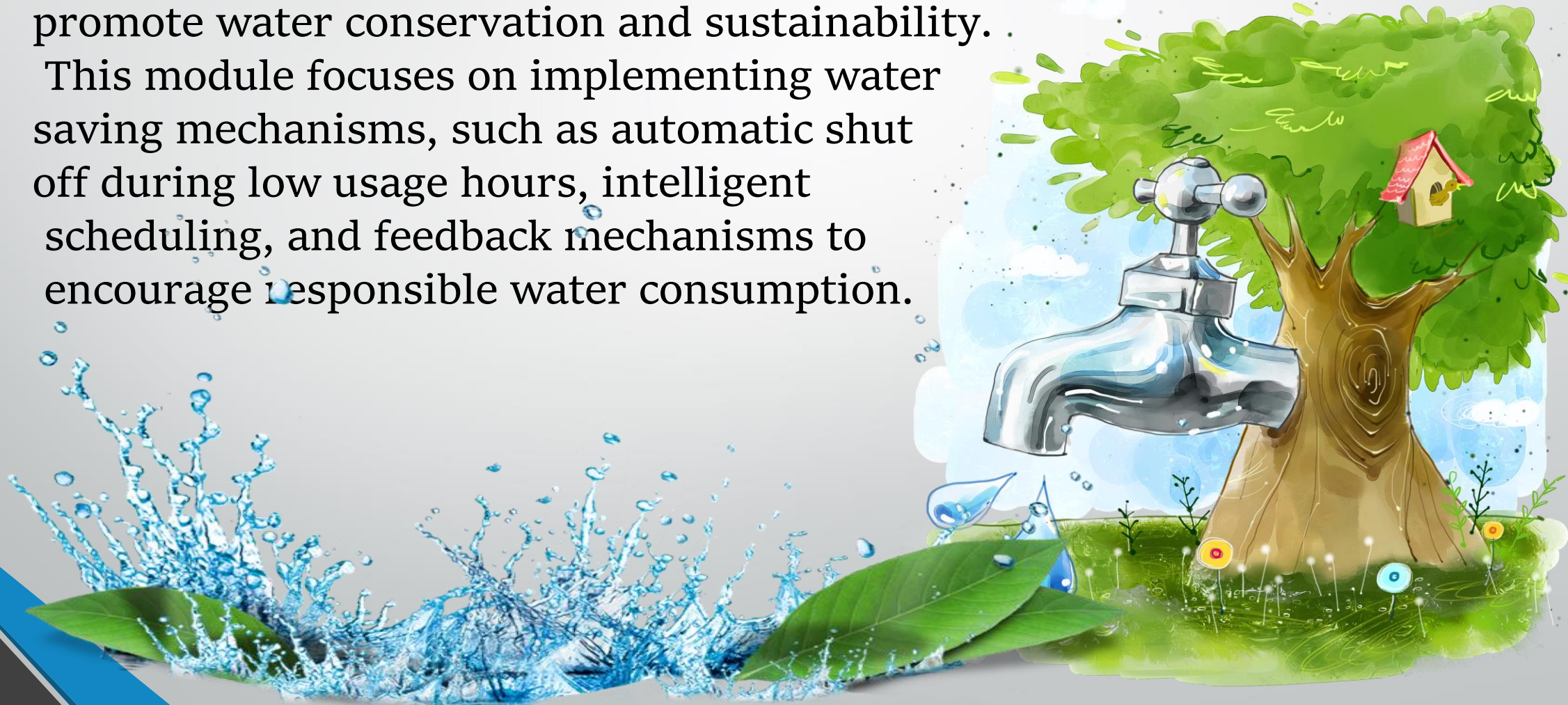
The User Interaction and Control module offer an intuitive and user-friendly interface for both fountain users and administrators. Users can access the system via a dedicated mobile application or web portal to locate nearby fountains, check water quality, and receive real-time availability updates. Administrators gain control over fountain settings, allowing them to adjust water flow, monitor usage, and receive maintenance alerts.



4. Water Conservation and Sustainability

One of the primary goals of our Smart Water Fountains system is to promote water conservation and sustainability.

This module focuses on implementing water saving mechanisms, such as automatic shut off during low usage hours, intelligent scheduling, and feedback mechanisms to encourage responsible water consumption.



5. Remote Maintenance and Diagnostics

Ensure the continuous operation of the Smart Water Fountains, remote maintenance and diagnostics capabilities are integrated. Through IoT connectivity, administrators can remotely monitor fountain health, detect malfunctions, and schedule maintenance tasks. This proactive approach reduces downtime and enhances overall system reliability.



6. Security and Privacy

The Security and Privacy module is a critical aspect of our system. Robust security measures, including encryption, authentication, and access control, are implemented to protect user data and prevent unauthorized access. Privacy concerns are addressed through transparent data handling practices and compliance with relevant regulations.



BASIC ARDUINO CODE FOR SMART WATER FOUNTAIN

```
#include <Adafruit_Sensor.h>
#include <DHT.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>

#define DHTPIN 2 // Pin for DHT sensor
#define DHTTYPE DHT11 // Type of DHT sensor
#define PUMP_PIN 7 // Pin for water pump
#define MOISTURE_PIN A0 // Pin for soil moisture sensor
#define LCD_ADDRESS 0x27 // I2C address for LCD

DHT dht(DHTPIN, DHTTYPE);
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(LCD_ADDRESS, 16, 2);

void setup() {
  pinMode(PUMP_PIN, OUTPUT);
  pinMode(MOISTURE_PIN, INPUT);
  dht.begin();
  lcd.init();
  lcd.backlight();
  lcd.setCursor(0, 0);
  lcd.print("Smart Fountain");
}
```

```
void loop() {
  float humidity = dht.readHumidity();
  float temperature = dht.readTemperature();

  lcd.setCursor(0, 1);
  lcd.print("Temp: ");
  lcd.print(temperature);
  lcd.print("C ");
  lcd.print("Humidity: ");
  lcd.print(humidity);
  lcd.print("%");

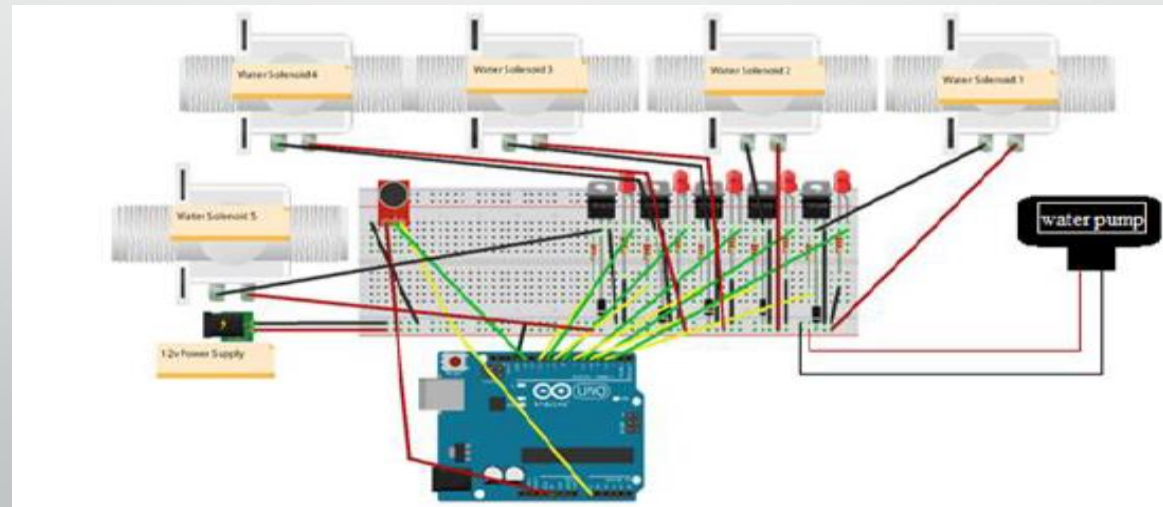
  int moistureValue = analogRead(MOISTURE_PIN);

  if (moistureValue < 500) {
    digitalWrite(PUMP_PIN, HIGH); // Turn on the pump
    delay(5000); // Run the pump for 5 seconds
    digitalWrite(PUMP_PIN, LOW); // Turn off the pump
  }

  delay(5000); // Delay for 5 seconds before the next reading
}
```

BASIC CIRCUIT

This code assumes you have a DHT temperature and humidity sensor, a soil moisture sensor, and an LCD screen connected to your Arduino. It measures temperature, humidity, and soil moisture. If the soil moisture falls below a certain threshold (500 in this example), it activates the water pump for 5 seconds to water the plants. Please note that this is a basic example, and you can enhance it with additional features like Wi-Fi connectivity for remote monitoring and control, scheduling, and more, depending on your project requirements. Also, ensure you have the necessary libraries installed in your Arduino IDE for the sensors and LCD display.





Conclusion:

The Smart Water Fountains Using IoT project represents a promising solution for improving water fountain efficiency and sustainability in public spaces. By integrating sensor technology, data analytics, user interaction, and water conservation mechanisms, this system offers numerous benefits, including reduced water waste, enhanced user experience, and simplified maintenance. With a focus on security and privacy, it aligns with the growing demand for responsible and data-driven water management in urban environments.