

AutoChecker, Specification

Ricky Fan, HaoWei Chen

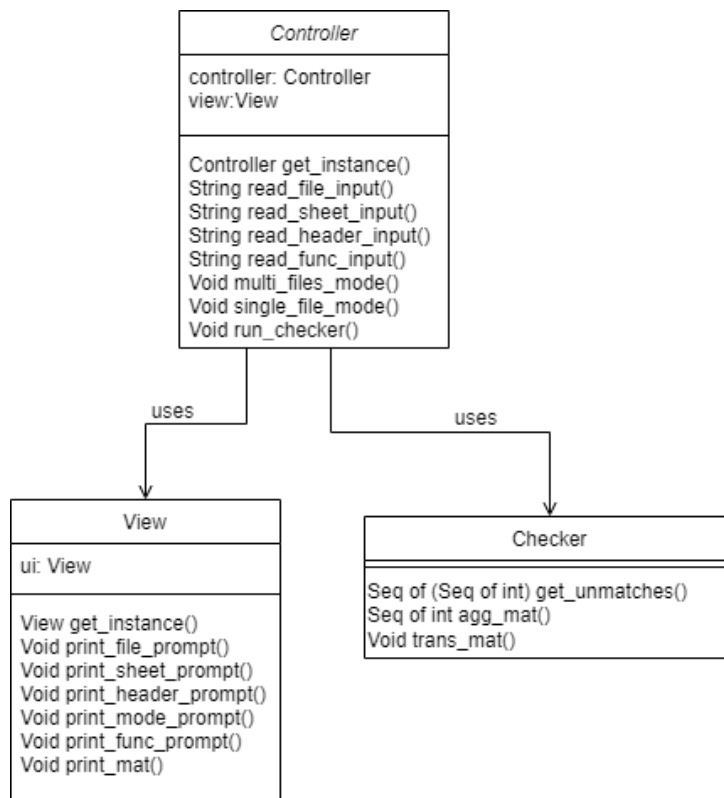
January 28, 2022

This Module Interface Specification (MIS) document contains modules, types and methods used to support the AutoChecker. The AutoChecker start by prompting the user to select a checker mode (single file vs multi-files). If the single file mode is selected, the user will be prompted to enter two file directories, their corresponding sheets and column headers. Then the checker will output a list of rows with different values. If the multi-files mode is selected, then user will be prompted to enter multiple (default 5) file directories, their corresponding sheets and column headers. Later, the user will be prompted to enter another file directory and its corresponding sheet and column header. Then, the checker will use the data from these files to output a list of rows with different values `make demo` in terminal.

1 Overview of the design

This design applies Module View Specification (MVC) design pattern and Singleton design pattern. The MVC components are *Checker* (model module), *View* (view module), and *Controller* (controller module). Singleton pattern is specified and implemented for *View* and *Controller*

An UML diagram is provided below for visualizing the structure of this software architecture



The MVC design pattern are specified and implemented in the following way: the abstract object *Checker* compare, aggregate and transform the data gather from external (excel) files. A view module *View* displays prompt messages and rows with different values. The controller *Controller* is responsible for handling input actions and the control flow of the automation

For *View* and *Controller*, use the `get_instance()` method to obtain the abstract object.

Checker Module (Abstract Object)

Module

Checker

Uses

pandas

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

Checker = ?

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
filter_unmatches	DataFrame, String, String	DataFrame	
join_df	DataFrame, DataFrame, String	DataFrame	
sum_df_cols	DataFrame, \mathbb{N} , \mathbb{N} , String		
avg_df_cols	DataFrame, \mathbb{N} , \mathbb{N} , String		

Semantics

State Variables

None

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

None

Access Routine Semantics

`filter_unmatches(df, col1, col2):`

- output: filter out every row in the DataFrame that has different values in the two specified columns
- exception: none

`join_df(df1, df2, key):`

- output: inner join two DataFrames on the specified key
- exception: none

`sum_df_cols(df, start_idx, end_idx, col_name):`

- transition: add an additional column with the input name to the DataFrame that stores the sum of every row from the specified starting index to the ending index
- exception: none

`avg_df_cols(df, start_idx, end_idx, col_name):`

- transition: add an additional column with the input name to the DataFrame that stores the average of every row from the specified starting index to the ending index
- exception: none

View Module

Module

View

Uses

None

Syntax

Exported Constants

None

Exported Types

None

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
get_instance		View	
print_file_prompt			
print_sheet_prompt			
print_header_prompt			
print_mode_prompt			
print_func_prompt			
print_df	DataFrame		

Semantics

Environment Variables

window: A portion of computer screen to display the messages (i.e. the terminal)

State Variables

ui: View

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

- The View constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object.
- The constructor can only be called once.

Access Routine Semantics

`get_instance()`:

- transition: `ui := (ui = null \Rightarrow new View())`
- output: *self*
- exception: none

`print_file_prompt()`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays a prompt message asking the user to enter a file directory

`print_sheet_prompt()`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays a prompt message asking the user to enter a sheet name

`print_header_prompt()`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays a prompt message asking the user to enter a header name

`print_mode_prompt()`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays a prompt message asking the user to select a checker mode

`print_func_prompt()`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays a prompt message asking the user to select a function

`print_df(df)`:

- transition: `window :=` Displays the DataFrame

Local Function:

`__init__`: `void` \rightarrow `View`
`__init__()` \equiv `new View()`

Controller Module

Controller Module

Uses

Checker, View, pandas

Syntax

Exported Types

None

Exported Constants

None

Exported Access Programs

Routine name	In	Out	Exceptions
get_instance	View	Controller	
read_file_input		String	
read_sheet_input		String	
read_header_input		String	
read_func_input		String	
multi_file_mode	Map of String and String Pair of String and Map		
single_file_mode	Pair of String and Map Pair of String and Map		
run_checker			

Semantics

Environment Variables

None

State Variables

view: View

controller: Controller

State Invariant

None

Assumptions

- The Controller constructor is called for each object instance before any other access routine is called for that object.
- The constructor can only be called once.
- Assume that the view instances are already initialized before calling Controller constructor

Access Routine Semantics

`get_instance(v):`

- transition: `controller := (controller = null \Rightarrow new Controller (v))`
- output: *self*
- exception: None

`read_file_input():`

- output: *input* : String, file directory entered by the User
- exception: none

`read_sheet_input():`

- output: *input* : String, sheet name entered by the User
- exception: none

`read_header_input():`

- output: *input* : String, column header entered by the User
- exception: none

`read_mode_input():`

- output: *input* : String, mode selected by the User

- exception: none

read_func_input():

- output: *input* : String, function selected by the User
- exception: none

single_file_mode(file1, file2):

- transition: operational method

```
df1 := get_df_col(file1[0], file1[1])
df2 := get_df_col(file2[0], file2[1])
dfj := Checker.join_df(df1, df2, 'prefix')
df_unmatches := Checker.filter_unmatches(dfj, file1[1]['header'], file2[1]['header'])
view.print_df(df_unmatches)
```

- output: none

multi_files_mode(f_map, file2):

- transition: operational method

```
f_arr := [f:String | f ∈ f_map.keys() : get_df_col(f, f_map[f]) ]
df_mult := f_arr[0]
df_mult := (Checker.join_df(df_join, f_arr[i]) DataFrame, i : ℕ | i ∈ {1..|f_arr| - 1} :
f_arr[i])
view.print_func_prompt()
input_func := read_func_input()
input_func = 'sum' ⇒ sum_df_cols(df_mult, 1, |f_arr| - 1, input_func) | input_func
= 'avg' ⇒ av_df_cols(df_mult, 1, |f_arr| - 1, input_func)
df2 := get_df_col(file2[0], file2[1])
df_join := Checker.join_df(df_mult, df2, 'prefix')
df_unmatches := Checker.filter_unmatches(df_join, input_func, file2[1]['header'])
view.print_df(df_unmatches)
```

- output: none

run_checker():

- transition: operational method for running the game.
Start by prompting the user to select the checker mode (single file vs multi files)
 - If single file mode is selected:
 $f1 := ()$
 $f2 := ()$
populate_pair($f1$)
populate_pair($f2$)
single_file_mode($f1, f2$)
 - If multi files mode is selected:
 $f_map := \{\}$
 $f1 := ()$
populate_pair($f1$)
inputs := get_inputs()
 $f_map[\text{inputs}[0]] = \{\text{'sheet':inputs}[1], \text{'header':inputs}[2]\}$
populate f_map by repeating step 3 - 4 five times
multi_files_mode($f_map, f1$)
- output: None

Local Function:

__init__: View \rightarrow Controller

__init__(*view*) \equiv new Controller(*view*)

get_df_col: String \times Map of String and String \rightarrow DataFrame

get_df_col(file_dir, info_map):

df := load_xlsx(file_dir, info_map['sheet'])

out := df[[prefix, info_map['header']]]

get_inputs: seq of String

get_inputs(p):

view.print_file_prompt()

file_dir := read_file_input()

```

view.print_sheet_input()
sheet := read_sheet_input()
view.print_header_input()
header := read_header_input()
out := [file_dir, sheet, header]

populate_pair: Pair → void
populate_pair(p):
    inputs := get_inputs()
    p[0] := inputs[0]
    p[1] := {'sheet':inputs[1], 'header':inputs[2]}

load_xlsx: String × String → DataFrame
load_xlsx(file_dir, sheet_name) ≡ pandas.read_excel(file_dir, sheet_name)

```