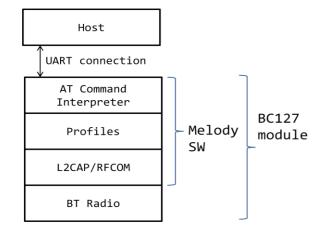


# **Key Specifications**

- Best-in-Class Configurable Bluetooth 4.0 + BLE and Wireless Audio
- Embedded Software and Stack that provides an abstraction layer of the Bluetooth Link
- Controlled via UART, USB, BLE or SPP interfaces
- BR/EDR Profiles: HFP (AG and HF), A2DP (Sink and Source), AVRCP, PBAP, MAP, HID, SPP
- BLE Profiles: BC Smart, BC Proximity, DIS, PXP
- Multipoint Support
- True Wireless Stereo (TWS) support
- Supports data transfer over BLE, SPP, iAP1, and iAP2<sup>1</sup> protocols
- Supports SBC, AAC, aptX and MP3(optional) codecs
- Supports digital audio input and output I2S, PCM, SPDIF
- Supports analogue audio input and output from module ADC and DAC
- GPIO control, LED indications, capacitive touch sensor
- Future proof uses the latest hardware and supports firmware upgrade (DFU)

# Description

Melody is an embedded firmware running on the BC127 module. It offers both Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy functionality. It provides all functions needed for designing a wireless Audio device that can connect seamlessly to Smartphone's applications and deliver the best audio quality and user experience



# **Applications**

- Wireless Speakers, Docks and Headsets
- SmartPhone Controlled Audio Systems
- Automotive Infotainment Systems
- Medical Devices
- High Quality Audio Streaming
- Gaming Accessories and MP3 Players



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Only on MFI builds. iAP1 and iAP2 protocols are available to Apple MFI Licensees. Please, contact BlueCreation for more information.



# **Table of Contents**

Key S	Specifications	
Desc	cription	1
Appli	ications	1
Introd	duction	5
Gettir	ng started	
1.	Setting up - Equipment	
2.	Default behavior	6
Link I	ID management	
Opera	rating Modes	
Melo	dy Commands	(
Melo	dy Configuration	21
Powe	er management	29
1.	Battery configuration	29
PIO f	functionalities	30
1.	GPIO control enabled	30
2.	GPIO control disabled	31
3.	Audio Enable PIO	31
4.	Restoring the default configuration	3′
5.	Capacitive touch sensors	3′
6.	Class 1 device	31
LED I	Indications	32
Pairir	ng and connection	33
1.	Secure Simple Pairing capabilities	33
2.	Pairing commands	33
3.	Connection	33
4.	Link Loss	34
Audio	o configuration	35
1.	Analog interface	35
2.	Digital interface	35
Bluet	tooth profiles	39
1.	A2DP / AVRCP	39



2.	True Wireless Stereo	39
2.	HFP	40
3.	BLE	41
3.	General BLE functionalities	41
4.	Connection parameters	42
5.	BC Smart service	42
4.	HID	43
5.	iAP	44
6.	MAP	44
7.	PBAP	45
8.	SPP	47
Featur	es	48
1.	Speech Recognition	48
2.	Device Firmware Upgrade	48
Appen	dix A: Event Notifications	49
Appen	dix B: Tone parameters and flags	52
Appen	dix C: Examples	55
1.	Pairing and connection with Melody	56
2.	SPP	57
3.	HFP	61
1.	Incoming call	61
2.	Outgoing call	61
3.	Call answer/reject	61
4.	Call transfer	62
5.	End call	62
6.	Three way calling	62
4.	PBAP	64
5.	MAP	65
6.	Music source (A2DP & AVRCP)	66
7.	HID	67
8.	Multi-connection and audio routing	70
9.	True Wireless Stereo (TWS)	71
10.	BLE (BC Smart Service)	72



11.	BLE central (Generic commands)	.73
12.	Beacons	.74
13.	Tones	.75
14.	Link Policy	.76
Appendix	x D: Error codes	.77
Terms a	nd definitions	.78
General	Notes	.79
Change	Log	.80



# Introduction

Melody is an embedded firmware solution running on the BC127 module. It includes an application, the Bluetooth profiles and the Bluetooth protocol stack both for Classic Bluetooth and Bluetooth Low Energy. It therefore allows using the BC127 module to develop a Bluetooth device without detailed knowledge of the Bluetooth standard. Melody provides a simple high level UART-based command interface. So the Bluetooth module can be controlled from a host processor.

# Getting started

#### 1. Setting up - Equipment

To start you need to have:

- a) A Bluetooth Development board such as BC127-DEVKIT. Please contact <u>sales@bluecreation.com</u> for more information.
- b) A computer with a serial port running a serial terminal, such as HyperTerminal or PuTTY for Windows or an equivalent program, to communicate over the COM interface.

Connect your PC to your Bluetooth module using the serial port. By default, Melody uses the following UART settings:

Baud rate : 9600bps
Data bits : 8
Stop bits : 1
Parity bit : No parity

Parity bit : No parityHW Flow Control : Disabled

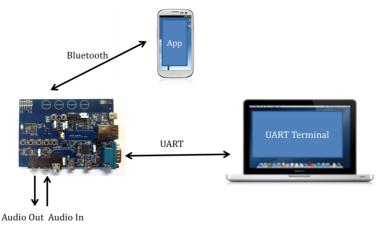


Figure 1: Example configuration



Once you have configured your serial terminal and opened the COM port, power up the development kit. You should see a prompt appear on the screen of the terminal. If you see a prompt and a "Ready", the module is ready to operate. Note that end of line character expected by Melody is a Carriage Return ('\r' or 0x0D).

You are now ready to control the module!

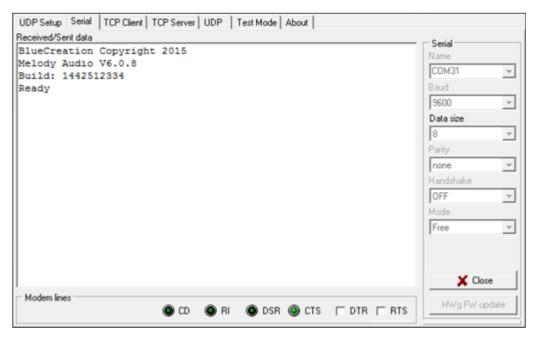


Figure 2: Melody initial load

If you do not see the prompt and "Ready" appear, please check that:

- The module is powered ON and receiving power
- The UART settings on your serial terminal are the same as above
- The module is preloaded with Melody firmware

#### 2. Default behavior

When Melody boots with factory default settings, it is discoverable. Any Bluetooth enabled phone or other Bluetooth device can see it when scanning (discovering) Bluetooth devices.

Melody will appear as 'BC-XXXXXX'<sup>2</sup> and once connected, it will transparently transfer any audio stream to the audio interface (DAC, I2S, PCM, SPDIF or USB).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> XXXXXX will be six hexadecimal digits that correspond to the last four hexadecimal digits of the device Bluetooth address. If you are using the BC127-DEVKIT, the LED will be flashing alternatively to indicate It is Discoverable.

# Link ID management

Melody provides an easy way for the user to interact with devices, profiles and other interfaces through Link IDs. A Link ID is an 8-bit hexadecimal value **0xAB**. In most cases, the first digit identifies a device and the second digit refers to a profile as described in the tables bellow:

Device (A)	Description
0	Reserved Values
1	Device 1
2	Device 2
3	Device 3

**Table 1: Device Field values** 

Profile (B)	Description
0	Advanced Audio Distribution Profile (A2DP)
1	Audio\Video Remote Control Profile (AVRCP)
2	Hands-Free Profile (AGHFP), audio gateway
3	Hands-Free Profile (HFP), hand-free device
4	Bluetooth Low Energy (BLE)
5	Serial Port Profile (SPP)
6	Phone Book Access Profile (PBAP)
7	Human Interface Device Profile (HID)
8	Manage Access Profile (MAP)
9	iPod Accessory Protocol (IAP)
A	True Wireless Stereo (TWS)
B-F	Reserved for Future Use

**Table 2: Profile Field values** 

For example the link '24' refers to the BLE connection with the second device.

In case the device field has a value of zero, the value of the profile field indicates any of the following interfaces:

Profile (B)	Description
1	Analog Interface
2-F	Reserved for Future Use

**Table 3: Reserved values for Profile Field** 



# **Operating Modes**

Melody has two operating mode which define the way the data coming from UART (or USB) is processed.

By default Melody is in Command mode.

#### **Command Mode:**

In this mode, Melody parses the commands received over UART and executes them. This allows controlling and configuring Melody.

#### **Data Mode:**

If one or more BLE, IAP or SPP link are established, the user can enter Data Mode for any of these links to be able to transfer data without having to use a command. The raw data received through the connection is seamlessly transferred to the UART interface and vice versa.

The UART interface is hence exclusively dedicated to this mode and Melody won't parse any command expect the special sequence "\$\$\$\$" to exit Data mode. Note that it is still possible to interact with Melody by using another link (BLE or SPP) to send commands.

Data transfer can be speeded up with the high speed feature for SPP (~700kbps) or iAP(~500kbps). For BLE connections, the MTU size negotiated between Melody and the remote device has an influence on the rate (~75kpbs from a peripheral to a central device with a MTU of 100).

To switch between Melody operating modes the following commands can used. PIO\_5 can also be used if GPIO control is disabled (see PIO functionalities).

Command	Switch from:	Switch to:
\$\$\$\$	Data Mode	Command Mode
ENTER_DATA_MODE [link_id]	Command Mode	Data Mode

**Table 4: Operating mode commands** 





When in Command mode, the module accepts commands from the host via the UART interface. The generic syntax for commands is:

COMMAND (parameter\_1) (parameter\_2) ... (parameter\_n)\r

with a space between each parameter and a Carriage Return ('\r' or 0x0D) at the end of each command.

The different commands to control the Bluetooth link are listed in alphabetical order below. Mandatory parameters are listed in " ( ) " optional parameters are listed in " [ ]".

The maximum length for a command is 150 characters, if a command larger than this is provided, Melody will return an error.

UART Command	Description
\$\$\$\$	Exit Data mode. Must be sent through the UART interface.
ADVERTISING (mode)	ON starts BLE advertising and OFF stops BLE advertising.
	Please note that this command is only available when the device
	is configured as peripheral.
AT (link_ID) (command to send)	Send a command over the HFP link to the remote device.
AVRCP_META_DATA (link_ID)	Request the AVRCP Meta Data specified in a remote device.
AVRCP_META_DATA (link_ID)[(type)(data)]	This command can be used to get or set the AVRCP Meta Data:
	If 'type' and 'data' are not provided, Melody will request the AVRCP Meta Data specified in the remote device and reply OK. The attributes received are notified with the AVRCP_MEDIA events. Note that AVRCP Meta Data must be enabled.
	If 'type' and 'data' are provided, Melody will send a notification (track changed) to inform that the AVRCP Meta Data has changed. The result will be PENDING until the remote device sends a request to get the new attribute. Melody will respond with the data provided and reply OK.
	link_id: AVRCP link
	type: attribute type  1 – Title  2 – Artist  3 – Album  4 – Number  5 – Total number  6 – Genre  7 – Playing time
	data: attribute data (string)



BATTERY_STATUS	Returns the battery status of the battery attached to the
	module by detecting the voltage level
BC_SMART_COMMAND (link) (command)	Send a command over BLE.
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	opened and Melody role is in central.
BC_SMART_NOTIF (link) (data) (cmd)	Enable/disable notifications on the Data and Command
	characteristics of the BC Smart service.
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	opened and Melody role is in central.
BLE_GET_SERV (link)	List all the primary services in the following format: BLE LINK TYPE UUID [HANDLE_START HANDLE_END]
	TYPE: U16(16bits UUID) or U128(128bits UUID) HANDLE: value in hex between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection opened and Melody role is in central.
BLE_GET_CHAR	List the characteristics between handle_start and handle_end in
(link) [handle_start] [handle_end]	the following format:
	BLE LINK TYPE UUID [HANDLE]
	TYPE: U16(16bits UUID) or U128(128bits UUID)
	HANDLE: value in hex between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF
	If there is no parameter, lists all the characteristics.
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	and Melody is in central mode.
BLE_NOTIF (link) (handle) (value)	Enable notifications of the characteristic associated to the
	handle when value=ON. Disable notifications when value=OFF.
	Melody will return OK in case of success or an error code if the
	operation fails (invalid handle).
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	and Melody is in central mode.
BLE_READ (link) (handle)	Return the value of the characteristic associated to the handle
	in the following format: BLE LINK [HANDLE] SIZE DATA
	HANDLE: value in hex between 0x0001 and 0xFFFF
	SIZE: nb bytes of data DATA: in hex
	Melody will return an error if the operation fails (invalid handle, read no permitted).
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	The state of the s



	and Melody is in central mode.
BLE_WRITE (link) (handle) (size) (data)	Write command on a characteristic.
	Size is the number of bytes of the data; each byte in data is
	separated by a space.
	Please note that the maximum size (MTU-3) depends on the
	MTU value negotiated when establishing the connection with
	the remote device.
	Melody will return OK in case of success or an error code if the
	operation fails (invalid handle, write not permitted, invalid
	length).
	This command is allowed only when there is a BLE connection
	and Melody is in central mode.
CALL (link) (action) [param]	Call interactions with the specified HFP or AGHFP link.
. , , ,	
	For an HFP link, action can be any of the following:
	- REDIAL: Notifies the AG that the HF wants to establish an
	outgoing call with the last number dialled.  - MEMORY: Notifies the AG that the HF wants to establish an
	outgoing call using memory dialling. In this case, <i>param</i> is a
	combination of alphanumeric characters supplied to the
	AG by the HF. The memory string is AG specific.
	- OUTGOING: Notifies the AG that the HF wants to establish
	a call with the number specified in <i>param</i>
	- ANSWER: Answer an incoming call from the HF.
	- REJECT: Reject an incoming call from the HF.
	- TWC: Three way calling. Send a request to the AG to
	perform an action based on param. param can be:
	• 0: Reject
	<ul><li>1: Hold &amp; Accept / Swap</li></ul>
	<ul><li>2: End &amp; Accept</li></ul>
	<ul><li>3: Merge calls (multiparty)</li></ul>
	<ul><li>4: Hang up calls (multiparty)</li></ul>
	- END: Terminate an outgoing or active call from the HF.
	For an AGHFP link, action can be any of the following:
	- ANSWER: For an incoming call, answer the call from the
	AG. For an outgoing call, notify the AG that the remote side
	has answered.
	- END: Terminate an incoming, outgoing or active call.
	- TRANSFER: Performs an audio connection transfer towards
	the HF (when value is ON_HF) or an audio connection
	transfer towards the AG (when value is ON_AG). If param is
	not provided, Melody will decide depending on where the
	not provided, ividiody will decide depending on where the



	audio is currently routed.
	- INCOMING: Setups the AG in incoming call mode for the
	number specified in <i>param</i> . Number can by any
	combination of alphanumeric characters.
	- OUTGOING: Setups the AG in outgoing call mode for the
	number specified in <i>param</i> . Number can be any
	combination of alphanumeric characters.
CLOSE (link/device)	
CLOSE (IIIR/Gevice)	Terminates the Bluetooth Profile connection. link is a
	number that defines the connection ID. all closes all links.
	It is also possible to give the device number as parameter to
	close all the connections for with this device.
CONFIG	Shows all configuration registers
CVC_CFG (type) [(key) (length)]	Read or write the CVC configuration stored on the module.
	type can be WB or NB.
	If only <b>type</b> parameter is supplied all 4 config keys for this type
	will be displayed.
	When I lands I am the
	If <b>key</b> and <b>length</b> parameters are also present, the key
	indicated will be written with a value of size length.
	<b>key</b> can be 0 - 3
	length is in 16 bits word and can be 0 - 64. 0 will delete the
	key.
	The CVC_CFG command will reply with PENDING.
	The value of the pskey is expected, each word in hexadecimal
	space separated. A carriage return has to be supplied at the
	end. OK will be returned if the operation is a success and error
	code otherwise.
	Note that you can send the data into chunks. After each, if
	Melody is still expecting data, it will reply PENDING. When all
	data has been received, it replies OK.
DFU	Causes a reset to make the device boot in DFU <sup>3</sup> mode
DISCOVERABLE (mode)	ON puts the module in discoverable mode, OFF makes the
,	device non discoverable.
ENTER DATA MODE (link)	Configure the behaviour of the specified link to be in Data
	mode.
	mode.
	The parameter <i>link</i> can be any active BLE or SPP link.
	The parameter mix can be any active bee of 511 mix.
	In Data mode, Melody sends the data received through the
	UART interface directly to the remote device and prints the data
	received without handling it.
	Note that to use Data mode, you must enable hardware flow
	control on the UART interface, otherwise Melody will return an
	The second secon

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>DFU allows downloading a new firmware upgrades onto the Bluetooth module via the UART interface and allows users to upgrade melody to new releases.



	error.	
HID DESC (size)	Sets the USB descriptor to use when acting as a hid device. Size	
_ · · ·	is the length of binary data following (similar to Send when	
	using raw data). By default a USB descriptor for a simple	
	keyboard is loaded. When using this command any previously	
	loaded USB descriptor is deleted. Any USB descriptor loaded	
	with this command is not persistent across a reset.	
HID READ (BT addr)	Reads USB descriptor from SDP of the remote HID device with	
,	address BT addr.	
HELP	Returns available list of commands.	
GET (config_name)		
obi (coning_name)	Reads the value of a configuration parameter.	
IAP [Parameter=value]	Set iAP parameters. These are the parameters that identify the	
	device for iOS and iOS application. Maximum sizes of	
	configurations in bytes/chars:	
	ACCESSORY_NAME 48 characters	
	MANUFACTURER_NAME 48 characters	
	MODEL_NAME 48 characters SERIAL NO 16 characters	
	SERIAL_NO 16 characters SEED ID 10 characters	
	_	
	PROTOCOL_STRING 48 characters HARDWARE VER 3 characters	
	FIRMWARE VER 3 characters	
	FINWARE_VER S CHaracters	
	If no parameter is provided, all parameters are displayed.	
	Refer to the Application Note on iAP for more information.	
IAP_APP_REQ [protocol]	This command will send a request to the iOs device to open an	
	application with the specified protocol (works only with iAP2)s.	
	If no protocol is specified, the default protocol set with the IAP	
	command will be used.	
INQUIRY (timeout) [type filter]	Searches Bluetooth devices in the area for maximum period of	
	time (equal to 1.28s * timeout). Timeout takes a value	
	between 1 and 48. If the command succeed, it will return	
	PENDING and a maximum of 16 inquiry results will be displayed	
	as inquiry notifications.	
	as myany normalisms.	
	Results can be filtered by providing the optional parameters	
	type and filter:	
	- type=0	
	Filter the results by name. filter is a string, for example, if	
	the string is "BC-", only devices with a name starting with "BC-" will be shown.	
	- type=1	
	Filter the results by class of device. <b>filter</b> is the COD.	
	- type=2	
	Filter the results with an RSSI value in dB, for example -72.	
	filter is the min value.	



	t2
	- type=3  Show only TWS dovices filter is the ON or OFF
ITCENCE [trool [-realize]	Show only TWS devices. <b>filter</b> is the ON or OFF.
LICENSE [type] [=value]	Sets or returns the APTX or CVC license.
	Type can be any of the following:
	- CVC: Sets or gets the CVC license.
	- APTX: Sets or gets the APTX license.
	- AFTA. Sets of gets the AFTA ficense.
	If parameter value is provided along with parameter type, the
	command updates the specified license to the one provided by
	the user in the value parameter.
	A valid license has the following format:
	XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX
	Where X is any hexadecimal digit.
	If no parameters are provided, the current CVC and APTX
	licenses are returned.
LINK_POLICY (device) (nb_entries)	Sets a link policy power table for a connection.
	By default Melody uses its own default values. But theses can
	be changed with this command.
	The link policy power table allows the device to switch between
	different power modes.
	device: index of the remote device
	<b>nb_entries</b> : Number of entries in the power table (max. 8)
	This command will return PENDING and expect the entries
	separated by <cr>.</cr>
	separated by Chz.
	Each entry shall have the following format in hex:
	(state) (min_interval) (max_interval) (attempt) (timeout) (time)
	state: The power mode
	00 : active mode
	01: sniff mode
	FF : passive mode
	min_interval: Sniff minimum interval
	Time = N x 0.625. Range 0x0002 to 0xFFFE. Only even values
	are valid. Only used if state is sniff mode.
	max_interval: Sniff maximum interval
	Time = N x 0.625. Range 0x0002 to 0xFFFE. Only even values
	are valid. Only used if state is sniff mode.
	a. a tamar anny assault state is shift mode.
	attempt: Number of baseband receive slots for sniff attempt.
	Length = N * 1.25 msec. Range 0x0001 to 0x7FFF. Only used if
	state is sniff mode.



	timeout: Number of baseband receive slots for sniff timeout. Length = N * 1.25 msec. Range 0x0001 to 0x7FFF. Only used if state is sniff mode.
	time: The time spent in this state of the power table, in seconds. This must be 0 for the last entry in the table.
	The command returns OK when all the entries have been successfully retrieved (see <a href="example">example</a> ).
LIST	Lists paired devices in the format LIST (BT addr) (Space separated list of supported profiles).
MM_CFG (key) [(length)]	Read or write the Music Manager configuration stored on the module.
	<b>key</b> is the number of the DSP PSKey. It can be between 24 and 38. If only <b>key</b> is supplied the value of the key is displayed.
	If length is also present, the key indicated will be written with a value of size length.
	length is in 16 bits word and can be 0 - 64. 0 will delete the key.
	The MM_CFG command will reply with PENDING.
	The value of the pskey is expected, each word in hexadecimal space separated. A carriage return has to be supplied at the end. OK will be returned if the operation is a success and error code otherwise.
	Note that you can send the data into chunks. After each, if Melody is still expecting data, it will reply PENDING. When all data has been received, it replies OK.
MUSIC (link_ID) (instruction)	Controls the music stream state and sends AVRCP instructions (PLAY, PAUSE, STOP, FORWARD, BACKWARD)
NAME (BT_addr)	Returns the friendly name of device with the provided Bluetooth address
OPEN (BT_addr) (profile) [type]	Establishes a connection with a given Bluetooth address for a certain profile.
	<b>BT_addr:</b> Bluetooth address formatted as 12 Hexadecimal digits with no separators (e.g.: 3859F9CCB893).
	<b>profile:</b> Bluetooth profile. Can be: HFP, AGHFP, A2DP, AVRCP, BLE, SPP, MAP <sup>4</sup> , HFP, PBAP <sup>5</sup> , HID or IAP. If profile is left blank, SPP will be assumed.
	type (optional): Type of address

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5}$  PBAB requires an active HFP connection.



	0 – public address
	1 – random address
	Note that type is only used for BLE connections. It corresponds
	to the type in the scan results.
PAIR (BT_addr)	Enter discoverable mode and attempt to pair with the device
	that has the Bluetooth address given as parameter (without
	opening any profile).
PASSKEY (type) (key)	This function is used to respond to a SSP request.
	Use type = 1 for a confirmation type and key = 1 to accept or
	key = 0 to reject the pairing.
	Use type = 0 and followed by 6 digit passkey to confirm the
	pairing with your key.
PIO (PIOx) (state)	Sets the specified PIO pin to the specified state.
	- PIO: Output PIO pin index.
	- State: ON to set (level high), OFF to reset (level low).
	Before using this command, GPIO control must be disabled.
POWER (mode)	<b>OFF</b> disconnects all active connections and puts the device in
	limbo mode, where it is not connectable, or discoverable. As a
	consequence, the UART commands that cannot be executed are
	rejected. ON returns the device to a connectable state.
PB_PULL	Downloads the phonebook from the connected device. The
(link_id) < repository > < phonebook > < max	default parameters are:
list> <start index=""></start>	Repository: 1 = local to the device (uint8)
<filter>6</filter>	Phonebook: 1 = phonebook (uint8)
	Max list: 0x1000 entries (uint16)
	Start index: 0x0000 (uint16)
	Filter: 0x0087 = version, name, full name and phone number
	(uint16)
	This command will send the downloaded phonebook in raw
	format to the host. Received data will be surrounded by:
	PB_PULL_START < link_id > and PB_PULL_END < link_id >
	When the download is finished or aborted the event
	PB_PULL_OK <link_id> will be sent.</link_id>
	For the full description of the parameters, look at the PBAP
	section.
PB_ABORT (link_id)	
PB_ABORT (link_id)	section.
PB_ABORT (link_id)	section.  Aborts an active phonebook download.
PB_ABORT (link_id)	section.  Aborts an active phonebook download.  By default, the PBAP profile will not be closed if an active
PB_ABORT (link_id)	section.  Aborts an active phonebook download.  By default, the PBAP profile will not be closed if an active download is in process.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>The phonebook download requires a baud rate of 115200 or above. Lower baud rates can cause the UART to stall and lose phonebook data



RESET	Resets the device
RESTORE	Resets and restores the configuration parameters to default
	factory settings.
ROLE (link_id)[role]	Changes the current role for a particular connection.
	If role is not provided, a notification will be sent with the
	current role of the local device.
	link id: A2DP, AVRCP, HFP, SPP or iAP link.
	role(optional):
	M - Change the role of the local device to be the master of the
	link.
	S - Change the role of the local device to be the slave of the
	link.
	A notification will be sent if the new role is different from the
	current role.
ROUTE (value/link_id)	Select which audio routing to apply. When an audio routing is
	applied, automatic-routing is disabled. You can re-enable the
	automatic-routing using the value 0 as parameter.
	You can use either use a link_id (A2DP or HFP only) or the
	following values to route the audio stream:
	0 – Enable automatic routing
	1 – Analogue input to Analogue output
	2 —Digital interface to Analogue in/out
	3 — Digital Interface to Digital Interface
	4– USB to Analogue in/out
	5 – USB to Digital Interface
	3 – OSB to Digital interface
	Note1: Routing an A2DP link is possible only if music is
	streaming. Routing an HFP link is only possible during a call. If
	the routing is not possible or already done an error is returned.
	Note2: Upscalling/downscaling is not supported when routing
	the Digital interface to the Analogue interface. They both need
	to work at the same frequency.
RSSI (link_id)	Returns the receiver signal Strength of the link70dBm is a
	good link, -80dBm is a poor link
SCAN (timeout) [raw_data	Searches BLE-enabled devices in the area for maximum period
melody_filter]	of time (given in seconds).
	raw_data and melody_filter are optional parameters. They are
	set to OFF if they are not provided.
	raw_data can be used to retrieve the raw advertising packets.
	melody_filter can be used to look only for Melody devices.
	Following this command, a SCAN notification is received when
	an advertising device is found.
	_



	Please note that this command is only available when the device			
CTND (link) (atains)	is configured in central mode.			
SEND (link) (string)	Sends a string to a device through the specified profile.			
	The parameter <i>link</i> can be any active SPP, BLE link or iAP link.			
SEND_RAW (link) (nb_bytes)	Define the number of bytes that will be sent to the device			
	through the specified profile.			
	The parameter <i>link</i> can be any active BLE, SPP, iAP or HID link.			
	After this command, the next nb_bytes received over UART are			
	sent to the remote device.			
SET (config)=value	Sets a new value to a configuration parameter.			
SPEECH_REC (value)	The value can be ON or OFF to respectively activate and			
_	deactivate the Speech Recognition.			
SSRD (size) (raw_data)	Set the scan response data. This is a manufacturer specific data			
	blob. The first 2 bytes need to be Bluetooth SIG manufacturer ID			
	to be SIG compliant.			
	Size — the size of the data in decimal (including company id).			
	Size must be <= 29. Size 0 with no additional arguments deletes			
	the current Scan response data			
	the same countries and			
	Raw_data - SIZE number of space separated ASCII			
	represented unsigned octet values.			
	Structure is: [company_id LSB] [company_ID MSB]			
	[SIZE-2 data bytes in manufacturer			
	determined order]			
	Eg. SSRD 8 01 23 45 67 89 AB CD EF			
	Please note that this function will return error if Melody is not			
	•			
	configured in BLE Peripheral mode; for wrong size, or if the function cannot allocate size number of bytes when called.			
	If function successfully performs internal actions "PENDING"			
	result will be returned, followed by an asynchronous "OK" or			
	"ERROR" status once the scan data registration request			
	completes.			
	Please note that this function may be called at any time, and			
	will overwrite any pre-existing registered scan response data.			
	will over write any pre-existing registered scarr response data.			
STATUS (param)	Lists the device status for Classic and BLE:			
	STATUS (Classic status) (BLE status)			
	Where Classic status can be: OFF, CONNECTABLE			
	DISCOVERABLE, CONNECTABLE or CONNECTED.			
	· ·			
	BLE status can be: OFF, IDLE, ADVERTISING or CONNECTED.			



	And Link status for established links in the format:
	LINK (link_id) (state) (profile) (BT_Addr) (Additional info)
	Where state can be: CONNECTED, DISCONNECTED or LINK_LOSS.
	Additional information depends on the profile: Streaming status, codec and sample rate for A2DP/TWS. Call state and codec for AG/HFP. Playing status for AVRCP. MTU size for BLE.
	Param can be any of the following: - A link.
	<ul><li>A profile identifier. (SPP, HFP, A2DP)</li><li>A device identifier (RES, DEV0, DEV1, DEV2)</li></ul>
	When param is supplied, the status command returns the relevant information associated to the value of param.
TOGGLE VR (link)	Start/Stop Voice call command on the phone.
_	The link provided must be an HFP link.
TONE <sup>7</sup> (flag) (value) (flag) (value)	Plays a tone based on the input.
	A tone <b>must</b> have at least 1 note.
	A note <b>must</b> have a length parameter.
	Please refer to Appendix B for full information regarding, flags, accepted values and descriptions.
	Flags:
	Tempo TE 0 - 4095
	Timbre TI 0 - 7
	Volume V 0 - 255
	Decay D 00 - FF(enter value in hex <sup>8</sup> )
	Note N A - F + octave 0 - 9eg AF7, A7, AS7 Length L 1,2,464 or 3,6,1296triplets
	Length 1 1/2/101 OI 3/0/1230011p1663
	Please note that this command will return an error if you have
	used the ROUTE command to route the analog, digital or USB
	interface (ROUTE 1, 2, 3, 4 or 5).
UNPAIR [addr]	If the Bluetooth address provided currently exists in the paired
	device list it is removed, otherwise the user is notified that the
	Bluetooth address provided could not be found in the PDL.
	If no parameters are provided, clears all of the Bluetooth

 $<sup>^{7}</sup>$  Currently not supported over digital audio output.  $^{8}$  Parsed as fixed point of the following format in binary bbbb.bbbb or hexadecimal X.X



	addresses from the paired devices list.
VOLUME [link] [command]	When the VOLUME command is used with no parameters, it will lists the volumes of the ANALOG and A2DP, HFP and AGHFP profiles currently connected.
	The parameter <i>link</i> can be any ANALOG, A2DP, HFP or AGHFP link that is currently routed. When a <i>link</i> is provided, a <i>command</i> must be provided as well.
	The parameter <i>command</i> can be any of the following:
	<ul> <li>UP, increases the volume on the specified link by one.</li> <li>DOWN, decreases the volume on the specified link by one.</li> <li>An hexadecimal value between 0x00 and 0x0F, sets the volume on the specified link to the value specified.</li> </ul>
	If when increasing the volume the resulting volume is greater than the maximum volume allowed on the channel, the volume is fixed to the maximum level allowed. Similarly, when decreasing the volume, if the resulting volume is lower than the minimum volume allowed for the channel, the volume is fixed to the minimum volume allowed. These same rules apply when
	setting the volume to a specified value.
VERSION	Returns information on the firmware version number and the Bluetooth address of the device.
WRITE	Store configurations.

**Table 5: Command Mode Bluetooth Commands** 



# **Melody Configuration**

The user can configure general parameters for the module. These parameters are stored in the RAM memory. If required, the parameters can be stored to Flash memory. When the module reboots, it will boot with the parameters that are saved to Flash memory.

There are 4 main commands to configure parameters. The commands to modify configuration parameters are described below. Mandatory parameters are listed in "( )" optional parameters are listed in "[ ]".

Command	Description
CONFIG	Shows all parameters.
GET (config_name)	Reads the value of a configuration parameter.
RESTORE	Resets and restores the configuration parameters to default factory settings.
SET (config_name)=param_1 param_2param_n	Sets a new value to a configuration parameter.
WRITE	Write configuration changes to Flash memory. This command writes all the current configuration parameters to non-volatile memory. These are then read at boot-up time.

**Table 6: General Configuration Commands** 

*Note:* If the module boots up with PIO\_0 high, the factory default configurations are reset. This allows reverting to a known and working configuration state if severe problems are encountered.

The different configuration parameters are described in alphabetical order in the table below. Once modified, many configuration parameters will not take effect before a reboot. Therefore they need to be stored to Flash before rebooting.

Configuration Parameter	Description	Default	Require
			S
			Reboot
AUDIO=(input)[output]	Select the audio interface. The first parameter is for the input, second for the output. If only one parameter is provided, it will be applied to both. Values can be:  0 – Analog  1 – Digital  2 – USB	00	Yes
AUDIO_ANALOG=(gain) (de f_vol) (micbias) (preamp	Configuration of the analog audio interface(AUDIO=0): gain: Input gain $(0-31)$	15 10 ON OFF	Yes



Γ.	T + 6 + 7 6 + 1 + 1 + 1 + 2 + 2 + 2	1	
)	def_vol: Default volume level (0 – 15)		
	micbias: Enable mic bias (2.6V)		
	pream: Enable microphone preamplifier		
AUDIO DIGITAL=(format)	Configuration of the digital audio interface(AUDIO=1):	0 44100 64	Yes
(rate) (param1) (param2)		100A00	
	format: digital output format		
	0 –12S		
	1 – PCM		
	2 – SPDIF		
	Check the digital interface section in the Audio		
	Configuration chapter for more information about the		
	rest of the parameters.		
AUTOCONN=(value)	0 – Disabled	0	Yes
	1 – Paired Device List.		
	Melody attempts to connect to previously paired		
	devices at power on (see LIST command).		
	2– Remote address.		
	Melody attempts to connect to the device with the		
	Bluetooth address specified by the REMOTE_ADDR		
	parameter at power on.		
	When autoconn is enabled and Melody is establishing a		
	connection, it automatically connects all the other		
	profiles that have been connected before. This also		
	applies when using the OPEN command.		
	Note: Molady, and store up to 0 pained devices in its		
	<i>Note:</i> Melody can store up to 8 paired devices in its		
	persistent memory. When the pairing memory is full,		
	Melody erase the oldest paired device and keep the 8		
DAME CONFICE (status) (s	most recently paired devices in memory.	055 445 4250	V
BATT_CONFIG=(status)(c ritLvl)(chrgLvl)(vthm	Configures the battery charger and other settings	OFF 145 4250	Yes
max) (current)	related to the battery:	1500 150	
	- status: ON to enable charging. Should be OFF		
	when not using a battery.		
	- critLvl: Critical battery level. Device will shut off		
	until charged above this level (in units of 20mV).		
	- <b>chrgLvl</b> : Charge voltage limit threshold. Charging		
	will stop once the battery reaches this voltage (in		
	mV).		
	<ul> <li>vthm_max: Thermistor voltage limit threshold.</li> </ul>		
	Charging will stop once the thermistor reaches this		
	voltage (in mV).		
	- <b>current</b> : Set the current for charging the battery in		
	mA. Values should be in range 0-200 mA. If set to		
	zero, charging is disabled.		



BC_SMART_CONFIG=(srv_u uid)(char_uuid)(enable _cmd)	Change the default value for Melody Smart primary service UUID and Melody Smart Data Characteristic UUID.  The last parameter can be used to disable commands over BLE (BC_SMART_COMMANDS). It is recommended to disable if high BLE data rate is needed.	68E3 28F0 89F7 D93C ON	Yes
BEACON_DATA=(data)	Configure Beacon. Note that this parameter is used only when the BLE role is Beacon.  The first byte define the type of Beacon: 0- iBeacon 1- Eddystone UID 2- Eddystone URL	0 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF 04 D2 16 2E EE	Yes
BLE CONFIG=(role)[auto	The following 21 bytes defines the Beacon parameters. Refer to the BLE Beacon section for more info.  role: Set the BLE role of the device	0 OFF OFF 40	Yes
_adv][indication][mtu] [random_addr]	0- Peripheral 1- Central 2- Beacon  auto_adv: Enable/Disable BLE constant advertisements when the device is not connected (only when BLE role is Peripheral)  indication: If ON, Melody Smart will use indications instead of notifications when configured as server (only when BLE role is Peripheral)  mtu: Maximum transmission unit (effectively maximum packet length)  random_addr: Generate a random address for BLE connections	ON	
BLE_CONN_PARAM	Sets the BLE advertising, scanning and connection parameters. Refer to BLE Connection Parameters for more info.	128 12 6 40 0 400 50 400 400 64 400 400	Yes
CLASS_1=(value)	Class 1 operation. If set to ON, PIO_0 and PIO_1 functionalities are disabled and can be used to control an external power amplifier (PA).	OFF	Yes
CMD_TO=(value)	Guard time for detecting a \$\$\$\$ command to switch from data mode to command mode. There should be 20ms x CMD_TO between the last character and the \$\$\$\$. And there should be 20ms x CMD_TO after the \$\$\$\$ for the command to be recognised.	20	No
COD=(value)	Class of Device.	240404	No



		1	
	Some common examples of COD values are the following: - 240404: Wearable Headset Device - 200404: Audio headphones		
CODEC=(value)	The value specifies which A2DP optional codecs are enabled.  bit[0] – AAC  bit[1] – aptX  bit[2] – aptX Low Latency  Example: CODEC=3 (0b011) means aptX and AAC are enabled, aptX LL is disabled.	0	Yes
	Note: SBC is always enabled. When optional codecs are enabled, the order of selection when establishing a stream is: aptX LL > aptX > AAC > SBC		
CONN_TO=(value)	Time Melody stays connectable (in seconds) after a connection has been established in Multipoint.  Values accepted: 0 – 65534.  0 – never stop being connectable;	0	No
DEEP_SLEEP=(value)	Enable and Disable Deep Sleep	OFF	No
DEVICE_ID=(word_1) (word_8)  DISCOVERABLE=(value) (t	The Device ID sets the configuration parameters for the Device ID Profile. This profile sets the following as an SDP record so that remote devices can get extra information about the product:  Vendor Id source (2 bytes) Vendor Id(2 bytes) Product Id(2 bytes) BCD version (2 bytes) Software version (8 bytes)  For more information about these settings, refer to Device ID profile specification on the Bluetooth.org adopted specification page	0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000 0000	Yes
DISCOVERABLE=(value) (t imeout)	Configure when Melody becomes discoverable. Note that you can also use the DISCOVERABLE command.  Mode: 0 - Not discoverable at power on  1 - Always Discoverable  2 - Discoverable at power on  Timeout: Pairing timeout in seconds. Zero to disable.	2 0	Yes
<pre>ENABLE_BATT_IND=(value )</pre>	Enables and disables the iOS battery indication <sup>9</sup>	ON	No
ENABLE_CAPSENSE=(value	Enables and disables cap senses. When it is enabled,	OFF	Yes

<sup>9</sup> Due to iOS behaviour, this needs to be changed before initial Pairing to iOS device. Changing after that will not remove indicator on iOS.



)	CAPSENSE notification are received when the state of a		
,	pad changes.		
ENABLE LED=(value)	Enables and disables LED support in Melody	ON	No
ENABLE SPP SNIFF=(stat	Enables SPP only connections to go into sniff mode	OFF0 0 0 0 0	No <sup>10</sup>
e) (min interval) (max i	which allows Melody to use low power modes. These	0110000	''
nterval) (attempt) (time	values take effect if SPP is the only connected profile		
out) [duration]	state:		
	OFF – active		
	ON – passive (if all parameters are 0)		
	<ul> <li>sniff with passive (with all parameters supplied)</li> </ul>		
	Parameters:		
	min_interval: the minimum interval of the sniff period		
	max_interval: the maximum interval of the sniff period		
	attempt: Determines for how many slots the slave shall		
	listen when the slave isnot treating this as a scatternet		
	link.		
	<b>Timeout</b> : Determines for how many additional slots the		
	slave shall listen whenthe slave is not treating this as a		
	scatternet link.		
	<b>Duration</b> : the time to stay in this sniff state.		
GPIO_CONFIG=(ctrl)	GPIO configuration.	ON 0 254	Yes
[pio4_cfg] [analog]			
	ctrl: Enables/disables GPIO control.		
	<pre>pio4_cfg: Bitmask to select PIO_4 functionality (only if</pre>		
	GPIO control disabled):		
	If an event is selected, PIO4 is raised when the event		
	occurs. You can clear it with the PIO command ("PIO 4		
	OFF").		
	DitO, A2DD CTDEANA CTART (overt)		
	- Bit0: A2DP_STREAM_START (event)		
	<ul><li>Bit1: A2DP_STREAM_SUSPEND (event)</li><li>Bit2: AVRCP_PLAY (event)</li></ul>		
	- Bit3: AVRCP_PLAY (event) - Bit3: AVRCP_PAUSE or AVRCP_STOP (event)		
	- Bit4: CALL INCOMING (event)		
	- Bit5: CALL_OUTGOING (event)		
	- Bit6: LINK LOSS (event)		
	- Bit7: When data mode is exited (event)		
	- Bit8: PIO4 high if connected, low if not connected		
	(equivalent to PIO_0) (state)		
	- Bit9: AVRCP_MEDIA (event)		
	- Bit10: CALL_IDLE or CALL_ACTIVE (event)		
	BILLO. CALL_IDEL OF CALL_ACTIVE (EVEIL)		
	Value expected in hexadecimal. (ex: '003' to raise		

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 10}$  Changing the sniff parameters require the connection to restart.



	<u></u>		,
	<ul> <li>analog: Configures the analog input detection pin.</li> <li>Value can be any of the following: <ul> <li>0 to 31: Pin 0 to 31.</li> <li>254: Disabled.</li> <li>255: Assume always connected.</li> </ul> </li> <li>The analog input detection pin is active low.</li> </ul>		
HFP CONFIG=(cvc) (wbs) (	Configuration of the HFP and AGHFP profiles:	OFF ON OFF	Yes
inband) (nrec) (comm)	cvc: Enables or disables CVC (Clear Voice Capture). wbs: Enables or disables Wide-Band Speech support. inband: Enables or disables in-band ringing for incoming calls. nrec: Sets the HFP NREC flag, which tells the AG not to use its internal Noise Reduction/Echo Canceller algorithm. We suggest you set this to ON if using CVC or an external noise reduction platform. comm: Enables or disables AT commands communications from the host.  Note: Whether Wide Band Speech is used or not depends on the result of the codec negotiation	OFF ON	res
	between the hands free device and the audio gateway device.		
HIGH_SPEED=(spp) (iap)  LOCAL ADDR=(value <sup>11</sup> )	Enable/Disable High Speed for SPP and iAP.  This feature allows faster data transfer in Data mode. When active, the DSP is used to speed up the transfer and therefore the audio is disabled.  Note that when using this mode, the escape sequence to exit Data mode is disabled. You can however use GPIO 5 to exit from Data mode (if GPIO control is disabled) or close the connection.  Contains the local Bluetooth address of the device.	OFF OFF	No
loom_ibbit=(varae )	Contains the local bluetooth address of the device.	-	-
MAX_REC=(value)	Maximum times to try to reconnect to a device in PDL	2	Yes
MM (enable) [(user_eq_en) (bank) (bass_boost_en) (3d_enhance_en) (compander_en) (dither_en) (speaker_eq_en)]	Configure the Music Manager audio enhancements for A2DP music streams. All configuration parameters following MUSIC_MANAGER are ON or OFF except bank which is between 0 and 6.  enable – mandatory, enable or disable MM	OFF OFF 0 OFF OFFOFFOFFO FF	No
	All subsequent parameters are optional but must be provided in order. i.e. if you want to modify (bass boos)		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Please note that value is a read only.



	you have to supply (user_eq_en) and (bank).		
	user_eq_en – enable/disable the user equaliser block bank – set the equaliser bank to use when user equaliser is enabled. Available banks are 0 to 6. bass_boost_en – enable/disable the bass boost block 3d_enhance_en – enable/disable the 3D enhancement block compander_en – enable/disable the compander block dither_en – enable/disable the post processing/dither block speaker_eq_en – enable/disable the speaker equaliser block		
	Please note that these configurations only enable/disable music manager blocks. Those need to be configured use UFE, as specified by CSR.		
MUSIC_META_DATA=(value )	Enables and disables AVRCP Meta Data	OFF	No
MUSIC_OLD_AVRCP=(value )	Switch AVRCP version to 1.0. This will disable Meta Data and Absolute volume support.	OFF	Yes
NAME=(value)	Name of the device (32 characters max). The last 5 symbols ("XXXXX") are the last 6 symbols of the Bluetooth address.	BC-XXXXXX	Yes
NAME_SHORT=(value)	Short name (7 characters max) used for Melody Smart Advertisements. The last 5 symbols ("XXXXX") are the last 5 symbols of the Bluetooth address.	BCXXXXX	Yes
PROFILES=(hfp) (aghfp) ( a2dp_snk) (a2dp_src) (av rcp) (ble) (spp) (pbap) (h id_device) (hid_host) (m ap) (iAP)	Configuration of the Bluetooth profiles. The value for each profile indicates the maximum number of connections (up to 3). Notes:  - It is not possible to have A2DP Sink and A2DP Source at the same time. It means that one of the values must be 0.  - BLE is limited to a single connection in Peripheral mode and up to 3 in Central mode.  - It is not possible to have HID host and HID device in the same device.  - SPP and AGHFP are limited to 2 connections.  - iAP is limited to a single connection. 12	2020212	Yes
PIN=(value)	Pin Code	0000	No
REMOTE_ADDR=(value)	Address of device to auto-connect to on reset. Works only if devices are paired. Will attempt MAX_REC times and then go discoverable	0	Yes

 $<sup>^{12}</sup>$  Only on MFI builds. iAP1 and iAP2 protocols are available to Apple MFI Licensees. Please, contact BlueCreation for more information.



ann / 1 \			1
SPP_UUID=(value)	Change the UUID for the SPP profile	00 00 11 01	Yes
		00 00 10 00	
		80 00 00 80	
		5F 9B 34 FB	
SSP_CAPS=(value)	Set the Secure Simple Pairing capabilities for this	3	No
	device. Accepted values are:		
	0 – display only		
	1 – display yes/no		
	2 – keyboard only		
	3 – no display, no keyboard (i.e.JustWorks)		
	4 – display and keyboard		
	5 – reject SSP request		
	J – Teject 33F Tequest		
TWS CONFIG=(autoconn)	True Wireless Stereo configuration:	OFF 1 2	No
(master) (slave)	autoconn: if ON, connect automatically TWS after an	011 12	110
	A2DP connection provided that there is there is a TWS		
	present in the paired list and no other TWS device is		
	already connected.		
	master/slave: Audio routing for a Master/Slave TWS		
	device relaying/receiving audio in a TWS session.		
	0 – stereo		
	1 – left channel		
	2 – right channel		
	3 – downmix		
	Note that the audio routing applied on both devices is		
	the one configured on the master device.		
	By default, the master device is left and the slave is		
	right.		
UART_CONFIG=(baud)(flo	UART configuration:	96000FF 0	No Yes
<pre>w_ctrl) (parity)</pre>	<b>baud:</b> UART Baud rate (9600, 19200, 38400, 57600,		No
	115200, 230400, 460800, 921200).		
	flow_ctrl: Enable or disable flow control.		
	parity: UART Parity (0=none, 1=odd, 2=even).		
USB_HOST=(value)	Determine the host interface:	OFF	Yes
	value is ON for USB and OFF for UART.		
VREG_ROLE=(value)	Changes behaviour of VREG button when held (3s	1	No
	press)		
	0 - Nothing		
	1 – Power On/Off		
	1		

**Table 7: Configuration Parameters and values** 





# Power management

Melody is configured to reduce the power consumption in both connected and not connected state.

#### Not Connected

By default, if Melody is not connected, it will be connectable and stays discoverable for a certain amount of time (configurable). If connection is lost, Melody will attempt to reconnect the number of times specified by the MAX REC parameter. After that, and if Deep Sleep is enabled, Melody will go into Deep sleep mode (a very low power consumption mode). In this mode Melody will not be discoverable or able to accept any connection. This allows reducing current consumption to a minimum when the device is not connected and not operational. In order for Melody to get out of this mode, a random character has to be sent through the UART. After a 5ms wake-up time the module will be operational again. If GPIO commands are enabled, any GPIO change will also get Melody out Deep Sleep.

Note: Waking Melody up will not disable Deep Sleep and the module will go back into Deep Sleep after the command is executed. It is recommended if Deep Sleep is enabled, to always send a carriage return before a command. This will not return anything if Melody wakes up from Deep Sleep and will return "ERROR 0x0012" if Melody is already awake. After sending the carriage return, wait for 5ms (the chip wake-up time) and then send the command. The chip will stay awake for 1s after the last byte is received on the UART.

#### Connected:

When Melody is connected, it is set-up to reduce power consumption while maintaining the connection. In this state, Melody will automatically establish a link policy to allow it to reduce power consumption while still being able to receive link updates.

Note: If Deep Sleep is enabled, Melody will go into deep sleep after 1000ms of no activity.

#### 1. Battery configuration

The battery configuration is in BATT CONFIG. The value of the charging current is configurable (between 0 and 200 mA) and three levels define the battery behavior.

#### - Vbat Battery Voltage:

When the voltage drops to the critical voltage (145\*20=2900mV by default), Melody automatically shuts down to preserve remaining power.

#### - Vchg Threshold Voltage:

Melody will stop charging if the value is superior to this limit (4250mV by default).

#### - Vthm Thermistor Threshold Voltage:

The Vthm is on AIO1 <sup>13</sup> input. Melody will not charge if the value is superior to this limit (1350mV by default).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>13</sup> Note that AIO readings saturate above 1.35V



# PIO functionalities

PIOs have a different behaviour if GPIO control is enabled or disabled in the parameter GPIO\_CONFIG.

#### 1. GPIO control enabled

By default, GPIO control is enabled. It allows the module to work autonomously without the need of a host processor as in a wireless speaker for example. The table below lists the functionalities that are attributed to the PIOs. Please note that when in Multipoint, PIO controls will take effect on the active link.

GPIO <sup>14</sup>	UART Equivalent	Description
VREGEN single	DISCOVERABLE ON	Melody will become discoverable.
VREGEN long	if VREG_ROLE=0	Depends on the configuration of VREG_ROLE.
	nothing	
	if VREG_ROLE=1	
	POWER ON/OFF	
PIO_0 single	VOLUME UP	Increases volume of the current link (HFP or A2DP).
PIO_1 single	VOLUME DOWN	Decreases volume of the current link (HFP and A2DP).
PIO_2 single <sup>15</sup>	MUSIC PLAY/PAUSE or CALL ANSWER/END	Starts playing music or stop playing music for A2DP Source and Sink.
		If there is an incoming HFP call it will answer the call.  During an ongoing call it will end the call.
PIO_2 long <sup>15</sup>	CALL	If HFP is enabled, it will initiate a CALL (last number redial).
PIO_4 single	MUSIC BACKWARD	Sends AVRCP instruction BACKWARD
PIO_5 single	MUSIC FORWARD	Sends AVRCP instruction FORWARD (Next track)

**Table 8: Command Mode General PIO Bluetooth Commands** 

Note: 'single' is defined as any press and release that happens within 50ms. 'long' is defined as holding the PIO high for 1000ms. A repeated 'long' press will be detected if the PIO is held high for multiples of 1000ms.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>14</sup> Refer to BC127 Datasheet for location of PIO on the module pinout.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>15</sup> Only on non-MFI builds.





#### 2. GPIO control disabled

If PIO control is disabled PIO\_0, PIO\_4 and PIO\_5 are used as the table below:

PIO	Туре	Description
PIO_0	Output	High if Melody is connected (at least one profile opened, BLE or Classic).  Low if Melody is not connected.
PIO_4	Output	Refers to PIO_4 config in GPIO_CONFIG.
PIO_5	Input	On a rising edge, BLE, IAP or SPP connection enter Data mode On a falling edge, exit Data mode

Table 9: PIO control and indication

#### 3. Audio Enable PIO

On non-MFI builds, PIO\_3 will go high during a call (active SCO) or when streaming music (A2DP). This can be used for example as an audio enable to an amplifier. This feature is not configurable.

#### 4. Restoring the default configuration

If the module boots up with PIO\_0 high, the factory default configurations are restored. This allows reverting to a known and working configuration state if severe problems are encountered. It is the equivalent of using the RESTORE command.

#### 5. Capacitive touch sensors

This features can be enabled or disabled with the parameter ENABLE\_CAPSENSE (OFF by default). If enabled, CAPSENSE notifications are received to indicate when a change (press or release) occurs on any of the 6 pads.

#### 6. Class 1 device

If CLASS\_1 is enabled, PIO\_0 and PIO\_1 are used to control an external power amplifier (PA). The functionalities for theses PIOs are then disabled. PIO\_4 can be used instead of PIO\_0 to restore the default configuration.

Note that some PSKEYs need to be updated in this case. Contact BlueCreation for more informations.



# **LED Indications**

LEDs can be enabled or disabled easily by changing the parameter ENABLE\_LED.

They are enabled by default and the indications are described in the following tables:

Classic State	LED pattern (repeating)
Discoverable	Fast Flash Toggle LED 0 and LED1
Connected	LED 1 flashes once approx 2.5s
Connectable	LED 0 flashes once approx 2.5s

**Table 10: LED Patterns Classic** 

Smart State	LED pattern (repeating)
Idle/Off	LED 2 off
Advertising	LED 2 blinks quickly
Connected	LED 2 flashes once approx 2.5s

**Table 11: LED Patterns Smart** 

Other states	LED pattern (once)
Powering On	All LEDs ON for 1s
Powering Off	All LEDs quick blink 3 times
Off or DFU	All LEDs OFF

**Table 12: Other indications** 





#### 1. Secure Simple Pairing capabilities

When discoverable, Melody will accept any pairing request from devices in range. By default Melody will use secure simple pairing (Bluetooth 2.1 and above). If the devices trying to pair are older (Bluetooth 2.0 and below), Melody will accept the older pairing procedure.

For Bluetooth 2.1 devices and newer Melody support different type of pairing (see SSP\_CAPS configuration). By default it will accept any pairing request using the 'Just Works' Bluetooth 2.1 method. This means that the module will accept any connection from Smartphones and other devices. The user of the device will not be required to enter a PIN code.

If SSP\_CAPS is no set to 3, you might have to use the PASSKEY command to respond to a pairing request

For Bluetooth 2.0 devices and older Melody will require a PIN code to accept a connection. The PIN code is set to 0000 by default, but can be reconfigured. This means that the phone user will be required to enter the pin code in order to pair successfully.

#### 2. Pairing commands

You can use the PAIR command to send a pairing request. A notification will be received (PAIR\_OK/PENDING/ERROR or PAIR\_PASSKEY). When you pair with a device it is automatically added to the Paired Device List (PDL) that can be seen using the LIST command. Finally you can remove any device from your pairing list using the UNPAIR command.

#### 3. Connection

Melody can be put in discoverable mode using the DISCOVERABLE command. It means it will be visible to other devices. To scan for discoverable devices, you can use the INQUIRY command.

When you have the Bluetooth address of the device you want to connect to, use the OPEN command to connect and open a Bluetooth profile. If you are not paired, Melody will automatically pair before connecting. Note that there are a limited number of connections allowed per profile. This can be configured by setting up the PROFILES parameter. When a connection is established, an OPEN notification is received (see Event Notifications). All connected devices are listed with their respective profiles when using the STATUS command. The CLOSE command can be used to disconnect the connected profiles.





#### 4. Link Loss

Link loss is supported for the HFP or A2DP profile. It means that if the connection is lost, Melody will attempt to reconnect to the remote device for 10 minutes. A LINK\_LOSS notification is sent with status=1 (ex: "LINK\_LOSS 13 1") every 10 seconds if the profile is HFP or just once if it is A2DP.

If the connection is recovered, a LINK\_LOSS notification with status=0 is sent (ex: "LINK\_LOSS 13 0"). Melody will automatically reconnect all the profiles that have been closed due to the connection lost.

If Melody cannot reconnect after the 10 minutes, the link is closed and a CLOSE notification is sent (ex: "CLOSE\_OK 13 HFP").

Note that you can check the connection status of a link (CONNECTED, LINK\_LOSS or DISCONNECTED) with the STATUS command.





# Audio configuration

Melody has different 2 types of audio interfaces that are configurable. You can select the audio interfaces (Analog or Digital) for the input and output separately in the **AUDIO** parameter.

#### 1. Analog interface

The analog configuration is stored in the parameter AUDIO ANALOG:

AUDIO\_ANALOG = gain def\_vol micbias preamp

- gain: Input gain (0-31).
- def\_vol: Default volume level (0-15). def\_vol is the volume used when establishing an A2DP or HFP connection for the first time with a device or when selecting the analogue interface with the ROUTE command. The volume can then be changed using the VOLUME command. When disconnecting and reconnecting, the current volume value is saved and restored.

Note that with devices using Absolute volume, this value is not used.

- micbias: ON to activate the mic bias (2.6 V).
- preamp: ON to enable the preamp.

#### 2. Digital interface

The digital configuration of the digital audio interface is stored in the parameter AUDIO\_DIGITAL:

AUDIO\_DIGITAL = format rate param1 param2

- format:
- 0 12S
- 1 PCM
- 2 SPDIF
- rate: Word clock (WCLK) in hertz for I2S/ PCM or output rate for SPDIF. Please note that I2S/PCM support re-sampling for HFP Narrow Band (8KHz) / Wide Band (16kHz) and for A2DP when the rate is superior or equal to 44100 Hz.
- param1: Bit clock scaling factor for I2S. Master clock in kHz for PCM. Not used for SPDIFF.
- param2: refer to the tables below. Depends on the format.

By default, I2S is selected and configured in Master mode, Left Justified with 1 Bit delay, 16 bps with a Word clock (WCLK) at 44100Hz and a Bit clock (BCLK) at 2.822Mhz (64\*44100Hz).

Please note:

In Slave mode, due to hardware limitations, a Bit clock (BCLK) of at least 4\*bps\*WCLK and up to 256\*WCLK must be supplied.





The following tables describe param2 of the digital interface for each format:

	I2S
[24:31]	Not used.
[16:23]	<b>Bits per sample</b> (bps). If larger than the internal format used by Melody, the additional bits will be output as zeros in the least significant bits.
[12:15]	Audio attenuation in 6 dB steps. Valid range: 0 to 15 inclusive.
[11]	Master mode - clock and sync will be generated by the I2S hardware.
[10]	Justify format - 0: left justified, 1: right justified.
[9]	<b>Left justify delay</b> - 0: left justified formats: 0 is MSB of SD data occurs in the first SCLK period following WS transition. 1: MSB of SD data occurs in the second SCLK period.
[8]	<b>Channel polarity</b> . Valid values: 0 (SD data is left channel when WS is high), 1 (SD data is right channel when WS is high).
[7]	<b>Audio attenuation enable</b> - 0: 17 bit SD data is rounded down to 16 bits. 1: the audio attenuation defined in Audio attenuation is applied over 24 and 20 bits of incoming data with saturated rounding. Requires crop enable to be 0.
[5:6]	Not used
[3:4]	<b>Justify resolution</b> - Resolution of data on SD_IN, 00=16 bit, 01=20 bit, 10=24 bit, 11=Reserved. This is required for right justified format and with left justified LSB first.
[2]	<b>Crop enable</b> 0: 17 bit SD_IN data is rounded down to 16 bits. 1: only the most significant 16 bits of data are received.
[1]	Start Tx sampling 0: during low wclk phase. 1: during high wclk phase.
[0]	Start Rx sampling 0: during low wclk phase. 1: during high wclk phase.



	PCM
[26:31]	Not used.
[25]	Enable PCM master mode - clock and sync will be generated by the PCM hardware.
[22:24]	<b>PCM slot count</b> . Valid range 0 to 4 inclusive. If 0, slot count will be derived from master clock and synchronisation rate.
[21]	Enable PCM Manchester encoding mode.
[20]	<b>Enable PCM short synchronisation</b> - Short frame sync (falling edge indicates start of frame), rising edge indicates start of fame in long sync mode.
[19]	<b>Enable PCM Manchester slave mode</b> - Force transmit frames to follow receive frames with constant delay. Requires extended features to be enabled.
[18]	<b>Enable PCM sign extend</b> - Sign extend 13/8 bit sequence to 16 bit sequence, else pad with the STREAM_PCM_AUDIO_GAIN for 13-bits or 0s for 8 bits.
[17]	Enable PCM LSB first - Transmit data LSB first.
[16]	<b>Enable PCM Tx tristate</b> - 0: drive PCM_OUT continuously. 1: tri-state PCM_OUT immediately after falling edge of PCM_CLK in the last bit of an active slot, assuming the next slot is not active.
[15]	<b>Enable PCM Tx tristate rising edge</b> - 0: tri-state PCM_OUT immediately after falling edge of PCM_CLK in last bit of an active slot, assuming the next slot is also not active. 1: tri-state PCM_OUT after rising edge of PCM_CLK.
[14]	<b>Enable PCM synchronisation suppress</b> - Suppress PCM_SYNC while generating PCM_CLK (in master mode). Some CODECs (connected to the PCM interface) use this to enter a low power state.
[13]	Enable PCM GCI mode.
[12]	Mute PCM_DATA output.
[11]	Enable PCM long length sync - Set PCM_SYNC to 8 or 16 PCM_CLK cycles.
[10]	Enable PCM sample rising edge - Sample PCM_DATA on rising edge of PCM_CLK
[7:9]	<b>Rx rate delay</b> - Selects the number of clocks to wait before receive DDS update rate is changed to match the new internal clock frequency. Valid range: 0 to 7 inclusive.
[5:6]	Sample format - Valid values: 0 (13 bits in 16 cycle slot duration), 1 (16 bits in 16 cycle slot duration), 2 (8 bits in 16 cycle slot duration), 3 (8 bits in 8 cycle slot duration).
[3:4]	Manchester receive offset - When in Manchester mode, selects the delay between receiving the start bit and sampling the first significant bit from the voice sample. Valid range: 0 to 3 inclusive
[0:2]	Audio gain. Valid range: 0 to 7. Used to pad the end 3 bits of a 13 bit PCM sample. It is used by





SPDIF		
[4:31]	Not used.	
[3]	Set the <b>reporting mode</b> for the SPDIF Rx channel Status.	
[2]	Set the SPDIF <b>Tx channel B status</b> same as that of channel A.	
[1]	Set the SPDIF Tx channel status word value.	
[0]	Set SPDIF RX in auto rate detect mode.	

# Bluetooth profiles

All the Bluetooth profiles can be enabled or disabled by changing the PROFILES configuration.

### 1. A2DP / AVRCP

A2DP(v1.3) and AVRCP(v1.6) profiles can be enabled by setting up their maximum number of connections in the parameter PROFILES. They can both have up to 3 connections. Please note that for A2DP, there are 2 values, one for the A2DP Sink role and one for the A2DP Source role. Only one A2DP role can be enabled at the time (i.e. Sink or Source). Two commands allow you to control the audio streams and select the one to route when there multiple devices connected. The VOLUME command can be used to adjust the volume for each link independently.

SBC is the codec used by default, additional codecs can be enabled with the CODEC configuration (note that aptX requires a license key).

Extra information related to a song (title, artist, album, genre...) can be displayed on the UART when metadata are enabled (MUSIC\_META\_DATA).

#### 2. True Wireless Stereo

Melody 6 includes True Wireless Stereo (TWS) support. TWS allows two Melody boards to connect to each other and share audio that is being streamed to one of them. The Melody boards can be configured to be Left, Right or Stereo channels (cf. TWS\_CONFIG configuration). This allows the use case for True Wireless Stereo speakers over Bluetooth.

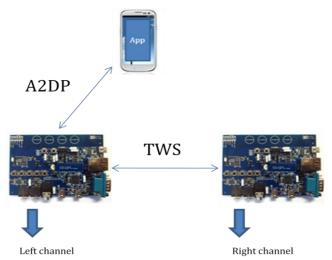


Figure 3- TWS connection between two melody boards

You can find TWS devices using the INQUIRY command with the TWS filter enabled andthen use the OPEN command to open the TWS connection (see TWS example).





Melody supports the HFP profile (v1.6). The two HFP roles, Hands-Free unit (HF) and Audio Gateway (AG), are supported and can be enabled or disabled in the PROFILES config. Melody allows up to 3 HF connections and up to 2 AG connections. The configuration for this profile is stored in HFP\_CONFIG.

Melody 6 supports 4 codecs:

- Narrow Band (8kHz)
- Wide Band Speech (16kHz)
- cVc Handsfree Narrow Band (8kHz)
- cVc Handsfree Wide Band (16kHz)

Please note that the use of Clear Voice Capture (cVc), which is an algorithm provided by Cambridge Silicon Radio (CSR) for echo and noise cancellation, requires a license key. Please contact info@blue-creation.com or your distributor for more information about cVc.

Use the CALL command to initiate, answer, reject or transfer calls on the AG or HF (see HFP example).

When using the digital interface with I2S, Melody re-samples the audio if the required digital rate (WCLK) is superior or equal to 44100 Hz. Otherwise you need to match the sample rate of the codec (ie. 8kHz or 16 kHz).

Since the audio is a mono signal, the input is always taken on the left channel (Analog or Digital). The output is stereo (same signal copied on both left and right channel).





### 3. BLE

#### 3. General BLE functionalities

Melody allows BLE connections. It supports three BLE roles: peripheral, central and beacon (see BLE\_CONFIG).

The profiles available are BC Smart, BC Proximity and PXP profile.

#### Peripheral:

When Melody is in Peripheral mode (role=0), the ADVERTISING command can be used to start / stop advertising. The advertisement data include a name (NAME\_SHORT) and the UUID of the BC Smart service (BC\_SMART\_CONFIG). Note that if Melody uses a random address it will not advertise as a Dual Mode device. The scan response can also be set using the SSRD command. Melody can connect to only one central device.

#### Central:

In Central mode, you can use the SCAN command to look for advertising devices and the OPEN command to establish a connection. Melody can connect up to 3 peripheral devices. Note that when you try to connect to a device that uses a random address (see "type" in the scan result) you need to provide the optional parameter of the command to indicate the type of the address (by default it is public address). A set of generic BLE commands (starting by "BLE\_") gives the possibility once connected to a peripheral device to retrieves the list of all its services and characteristics and to read or write their values. See BLE central example.

#### Beacon:

Different types of Beacons are supported: iBeacon, Eddystone UID and Eddystone URL. The type of Beacon and its parameters are set in BEACON\_DATA (See <u>Beacon example</u>). Just like with the Peripheral role, the ADVERTISING command can be used to start / stop advertising.

	BEACON_DATA				
iBeacon	0	ProximityUUID	Major	Minor	Tx Power
		(16 bytes)	(2 bytes)	(2 bytes)	(1 byte)
Eddystone-UID	1	Namespace	Instance	Tx Power	unused
		(10 bytes)	(6 bytes)	(1 byte)	(4 bytes)
Eddystone-URL	2	Tx Power	Prefix	encod	ed URL
		(1 byte)	(1 bytes)	(17 k	oytes)





#### 4. Connection parameters

The BLE connections parameters can be modified by changing the values in the parameter BLE\_CONN\_PARAM. Theses parameters are used by Melody to set the following:

- Advertising parameters. This will control how Melody advertises (fast advertisements or slow advertisements). While fast advertisements allow remote devices to see and connect to melody faster (melody will be consuming more power), slow advertisements will reduce the power consumption and make the scanning and connection slower.
- Scanning parameters. This will control melody scanning intervals. As in advertising, fast scanning will find more devices with higher power consumption, and slow scanning will require more time to find the required device, but with lower power consumption.
- Connection parameters. Once a BLE link is established, the connection parameters control how often and quick the data transfer is. For example to achieve a higher data rate or lower the power consumption.

The parameters are the following:

- > scan\_interval: The time interval from when BC-127 started its last LE scan until it begins the subsequent LE scan.
- > scan\_window: Amount of time for the duration of the LE scan. LE Scan Window shall be less than or equal to LE Scan Interval.
- > conn\_interval\_min: Minimum value for the connection event interval. This shall be less than or equal to Connection Interval Max.
- > conn\_interval\_max: Maximum value for the connection event interval. This shall be greater than or equal to Connection Interval Min.
- > conn latency: Slave latency for the connection in number of connection events.
- > supervision\_timeout: The timeout before disconnecting when no communication is present on the lower layers.
- > conn\_attempt\_timeout: Time to wait for connection to be fully established. Changing this value can reduce the number of successful connection.
- > adv\_interval\_min: Minimum advertising interval for non-directed advertising. (Melody does not support directed advertisements)
- adv\_interval\_max: Maximum advertising interval for non-directed advertising.
- conn\_latency\_max: Maximum allowed slave latency
- > supervision\_timeout\_min: Minimum allowed supervision timeout. The minimum allowed supervision timeout that is accepted if slave requests connection parameter update once connected.
- > supervision\_timeout\_max: Maximum allowed supervision timeout. The maximum allowed supervision timeout that is accepted if slave requests connection parameter update once connected.

#### 5. BC Smart service

The BC Smart service can be used to send easily data and commands over BLE. See BC Smart example.

The UUIDs of the BC Smart service and its Data characteristic are store in the parameter BC\_SMART\_CONFIG.





The HID profile is a generic implementation of HID, this gives better control of the HID capabilities and the supported hid descriptors.

HID host will connect to any HID device, and to identify the HID device, it is possible to use

HID\_READ {BD ADDR} command to read the HID descriptor of the remote device.

In HID device mode, Melody starts with the default descriptor. The default descriptor is for a simple keyboard without any extra keys (e.g. media keys).

To modify the descriptor, the HID\_DESC {size} command should be used.

```
>DESC {size}
> {binary data}
```

Size is the number of octets of binary data following. Make sure you set the descriptor before opening the HID connection.

The

When HID reports are received over hid, an event will be received:

```
> RECV HID {size} {data}
```

Size is the number of octets of binary data following. Melody simply outputs the received data without processing. It is the responsibility of the host to handle it.

#### To send data:

```
>SEND {link id} {size}
> {binary data}
```

"link id" is the id of the HID connection (can be retrieved by sending STATUS command). "size" is the length of binary data to send. Similarly to receive data, any data sent is not parsed or processed by Melody, only sent to the remote device.





This profile is only on MFI builds. iAP1 and iAP2 protocols are available to Apple MFI Licensees. Contact BlueCreation for more information.

Please refer to the iAP Application Note to configure iAP.

Once configured it is possible to open the iAP profile and send data using the SEND command. It is also possible to send data in Data mode (see <a href="Operating Modes">Operating Modes</a>). Note that in Data mode, transfer can be significantly faster with iAP2 when using the High Speed feature (IAP\_HIGH\_SPEED config).

The IAP\_APP\_REQ command can be used to send a request to open a application.

#### 6. MAP

Melody 6 includes a generic access to receiving messages over MAP(v1.1) profile. When MAP is connected, a notification service is registered and the phone notifies Melody when a new message is arrived.

When notified, Melody notifies the host with the following event:

#### MAP\_NEW\_SMS [link id]

After receiving the notification the full message will be received and passed on to the host without any modification. The full message is surrounded with

MAP\_MSG\_BEGIN [link id]

And

MAP\_MSG\_ENG [link ld]

Note that in cases where a message is big, it can arrive inside multiple MAP\_MSG\_BEGIN and MSP\_MSG\_END events, and in this case, different events might come between the different MAP messages.

When using MAP with an iOS device, iOS requires the user to enable notification for the paired device from the Bluetooth menu.





Melody 6 includes a generic access to downloading the phonebook with PBAP(v1.1.1). To download the phonebook the following command can be used.

PB\_PULL (link\_id) [repository] [phonebook] [max\_list] [start] [filter]

#### **LINK ID**

Melody PBAP link id, this will be 16, 26, 36, etc., and it be retrieved from the STATUS command.

#### **REPOSITORY**

Value	Description
0	Not used, will default to 1
1	Local repository: the phonebook will be retrieved from the phones local memory
2	Sim repository: the phonebook will be retrieved from the SIM card
3	Any: the phone will select which repository to select.

#### **PHONEBOOK**

Value	Description
0	Not used, will default to 1
1	Main Phonebook folder
2	Incoming calls history
3	Outgoing calls history
4	Missed calls history
5	Combined call history:

#### **MAX LIST**

The maximum number of entries to download from the remote device. If the remote device number of entries is lower than MAX LIST, then the download will finish.

#### **START**

The index of the entry to start download from. To download the whole phonebook, this should be set to 0.



#### **FILTER**

The filter defines what information to download. The filter is a 32 bit value where each bit represents a phonebook entry attribute (bits 29-31 are ignored).

Bit	Name	Description
0	VERSION	vCard Version
1	FN	Formatted Name
2	N	Structured Presentation of Name
3	РНОТО	Associated Image or Photo
4	DAY	Birthday
5	ADR	Delivery Address
6	LABEL	Delivery
7	TEL	Telephone Number
8	EMAIL	Electronic Mail Address
9	MAILER	Electronic Mail
10	TZ	Time Zone
11	GEO	Geographic Position
12	TITLE	Job
13	ROLE	Role within the Organization
14	LOGO	Organization Logo
15	AGENT	vCard of Person Representing
16	ORG	Name of Organization
17	NOTE	Comments
18	REV	Revision
19	SOUND	Pronunciation of Name
20	URL	Uniform Resource Locator
21	UID	Unique ID
22	KEY	Public Encryption Key



23	NICKNAME	Nickname
24	CATEGORIES	Categories
25	PROID	Product ID
26	CLASS	Class information
27	SORT-STRING	String used for sorting operations
28	X-IRMC-CALL-DATETIME	Time stamp

Mandatory attributes that should be enabled all the time are:

VERSION, N, and TEL.

Melody defaults are:

VERSION, N, FN, TEL which from the table are bits 0, 1, 2, and 7. This turns into 135 decimal, 0x87 hex or 10000111 binary.

Note that the phonebook download requires a baud rate of 115200 or above. Lower baud rates can cause the UART to stall and lose phonebook data.

#### 8. SPP

The SPP(v1.1) profile emulates a serial cable to provide a simple substitute for existing RS-232.

It is possible to open up to two SPP connections.

Once connected, you can send data using the SEND or SEND\_RAW commands or you can enter in Data mode and everything that will be received over UART will be transferred seamlessly (see <a href="Operating Modes">Operating Modes</a>).

It is also possible to send commands over SPP, you need to add a Carriage Return character add the end of your string (SPP example).

Data received over SPP are showed with the RECV notification.





### 1. Speech Recognition

Speech Recognition can be activated / deactivated with the SPEECH\_REC command.

When it is ON, notifications are sent when a "YES" or a "NO" is detected on the mic input. You can use theses notifications to trigger actions such as answering or rejecting a phone call.

Note that the Speech Recognition has a highest audio priority. It means that during a call or when music is being streamed the audio won't come out while the Speech Recognition is active.

Speech recognition is not available with cVc.

## 2. Device Firmware Upgrade

Melody support firmware upgrade. This can be done over UART from your PC using the Melody Device Firmware Upgrade Tool available on our website. Please contact <a href="mailto:sales@bluecreation.com">sales@bluecreation.com</a> for more details.

You can use DFU to upgrade to a newer version of Melody and get additional features.

The DFU command can also be used to enter DFU mode.





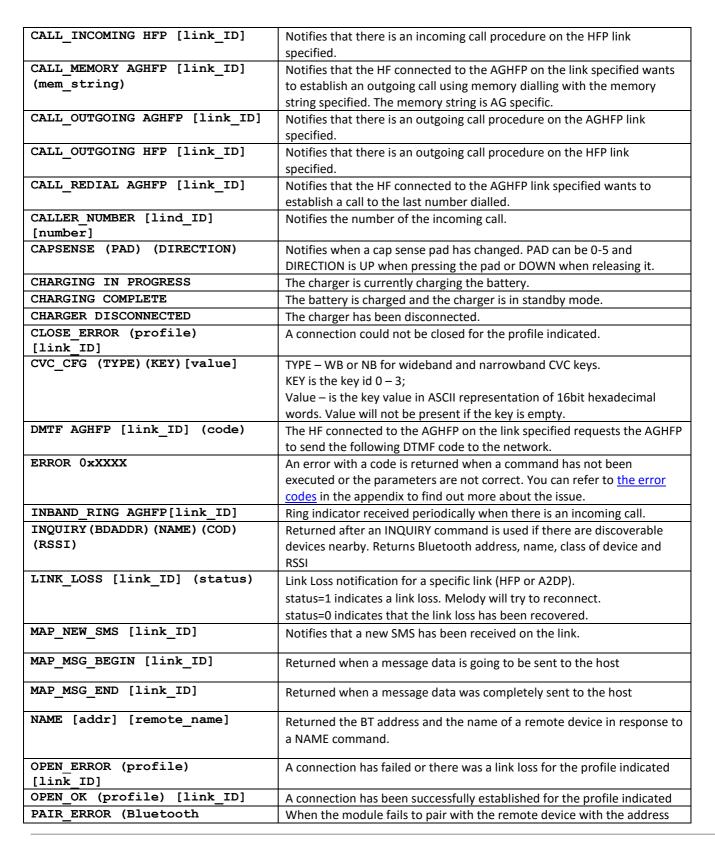
# Appendix A: Event Notifications

Melody uses 'notifications', or text prompts, to notify the host of events in the Bluetooth link (for example, completed commands or incoming connections), to provide information, or to require action. Notifications are generated only when Melody is in command or remote configuration mode.

The syntax used is NOTIFICATION [link\_ID] (Parameter).

Event	Description
A2DP_STEAM_START [link_ID]	Indicates that the A2DP media stream has been opened. One or more of these messages may be displayed when the remote or local side has requested the A2DP media channel state to change. Please note that an open media stream does not guarantee that there is an active music stream.
A2DP_STEAM_SUSPEND [link_ID]	Indicates that the A2DP media stream has been suspended. One or more of these messages may be displayed when the remote or local side has requested the A2DP media channel state to change. Please note that an a media stream suspend may come sometime after the active music stream has ended, or depending on phone implementation, may not come at all.
ABS_VOL [link_ID](value)	The current absolute volume set as an integer in the range $0 - 127$ (representing $0 - 100\%$ as per spec).
AT [link_ID] (length) (data)	Indicates that the remote device sent an AT command or AT reply. The reply is sent over UART as is without modification. The length indicates the length of the data.
AVRCP_MEDIA [link_ID](property: value)	ARTIST: string TITLE: string ALBUM: string NUMBER: integer TOTAL_NUMBER: integer PLAYING TIME (MS): integer
AVRCP PLAY [link ID]	When an AVRCP play event is received from the remote device
AVRCP STOP [link ID]	When an AVRCP stop event is received from the remote device
AVRCP PAUSE [link ID]	When an AVRCP pause event is received from the remote device
AVRCP FORWARD [link ID]	When an AVRCP forward event is received from the remote device
AVRCP BACKWARD [link ID]	When an AVRCP backward event is received from the remote device
BC_SMART PROX (value)	BC Smart Proximity Service indicates that this is the closest (1) or not (0) device. If an indication of 0 is received the remote side may disconnect.
BLE_NOTIF link_ID [handle]	Notification received on the specified link. Size is a decimal value. The
size data	data received and the handle are in hexadecimal.
CALL_ACTIVE AGHFP [link_ID]	Notifies that there is an active call on the specified AGHFP link.
CALL_ACTIVE HFP [link_ID]	Notifies an active call on the specified HFP link.
CALL_DIAL AGHFP [link_ID] (number)	Notifies that the HFP connected with the AGHFP on the link specified wants to establish an outgoing call to the number specified.
CALL_END AGHFP [link_ID]	Notifies that a call termination on the AGHFP link specified.
CALL_IDLE HFP [link_ID]	Notifies that there are no outgoing, incoming or active calls on the HFP link specified.
CALL_INCOMING AGHFP [link_ID]	Notifies that there is an incoming call procedure on the AGHFP link specified.







address)  PAIR OK (Bluetooth address)	specified
	When the module successfully pairs with the remote device with the
(22000000000000000000000000000000000000	address specified
PAIR PASSKEY (BDADDRESS)	A SSP passkey request is being made. Depending on type these may
(TYPE) [PASSKEY]	require user action.
. , -	TYPE:
	0 – Passkey request. Enter passkey using the PASSKEY command
	1 – Confirm passkey. Display passkey and have user confirm passkey
	using the PASSKEY command
	2 – Display passkey. Display passkey for user.
	Note: the PASSKEY parameter will not be supplied for type 0.
PAIR PENDING	When the module is starting to pair with a remote device
PB PULL START [link ID]	Returned when a phonebook data is going to be sent to the host
PB PULL END [link ID]	Returned when a phonebook data was completely sent to the host
PB PULL OK	Returned when the phonebook download has been completed or
	aborted
PXP IMM (level)	Proximity Profile, Immediate Alert Service alert level set to:
	0 – No Alert; 1- Mild Alert, 2 – High Alert
PXP LLA (level)	Proximity Profile, Link Loss Service alert level set to:
	0 – No Alert; 1- Mild Alert, 2 – High Alert
READY	Melody is ready to take commands
SR: YES	"YES" has been detected with Speech Recognition
SR: NO	"NO" has been detected with Speech Recognition
SR: Unrecognised word	An unrecognised word has been detected with Speech Recognition
RECV [link ID] (size) (report	Data received from a BLE, HID, IAP or SPP link.
data)	, ,
ROLE (BT ADDRESS) < role>	When the remove device changes the classic role, an indication event
	will be sent to the host with the remote device request a role change.
ROLE_OK <role></role>	Successful change of the classic role when the ROLE command was sent
	by the host.
ROLE_NOT_ALLOWED <role></role>	Failure to change the classic role. This is reached when the remote
	device refuses the role change requested by the host.
SCAN (BT ADDRESS) (TYPE) ( <bt< th=""><td>Returned after calling SCAN and contains information about advertising</td></bt<>	Returned after calling SCAN and contains information about advertising
SHORT NAME> (ADVERTISING	devices.
FLAGS) (RSSI)	Type is 0 when the address is public and 1 when it is a randomly
	generated address.
	If the advertising data does not contain a short name, UNKNOWN will be
	displayed.
	The Advertising flags indicate device capabilities: 0x0A indicated this is a
	General Discoverable Dual Mode device (such as Melody), 0x02 indicates
	this is a General Discoverable Single mode device (such as Melody
CONTRACT (DE ADDRESS) (DCCT)	Smart).  Returned after calling SCAN with the parameter raw_data ON.
SCAN_RAW (BT ADDRESS) (RSSI)	size is the length of the advertising data in decimal. data is the
(size) (data)	advertising data, in hexadecimal.
SCO ODEN (link ID)	A SCO connection has been opened and audio is routed.
SCO_OPEN (link_ID)	77300 connection has been opened and addit is routed.



SCO_CLOSE (link_ID)	A SCO connection has been closed and audio is no longer routed.

**Table 13: Melody Notifications** 

# Appendix B: Tone parameters and flags

Tones are defined as a sequence of notes described with pitch (N or TN) described through length (L), tempo (TE), loudness (V), timbre (TI) and decay (D). All of these parameters can be individually set for each note, changed at any place in the tone string or omitted (all except length) to use default values. Below you can find tables describing the different parameters and the flags used to set them and the values accepted.

Parameter	Flag	Accepted value and meaning
Tempo	TE	0 – 4095  Given in quarter notes (crotches) per minute. If no tempo is specified, default is 120.
Timbre	TI	0-7  Defines timber of following notes. Please see Table 9 for all available timbres. Default is 0 (Sine).
Volume	V	0 – 255  Sets the volume for the tone. Default is 255 (max).
Decay	D	Takes a hexadecimal values that is interpreted as a fixed point decimal number according to this format 0000.0000. Eg 15 = 1.5.  As each tone is played, its volume decreases with a variable rate. Low values for this parameter cause notes to decay very quickly, whereas high values cause the notes to continue with an almost constant volume.  A value of 005 (meaning 0.5) will cause each note to reach zero halfway through its duration giving a staccato feel.  A value of 20 (meaning 2.0) will cause each note to reach half its initial volume when the next note starts.  The default value is 20. This allows notes of the same length to be tied together with TN.



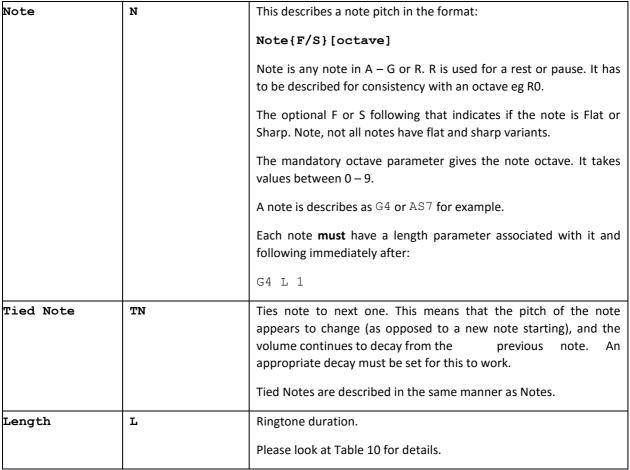


Table 14: TONE parameter detailed description

**Table 15: Timbre value and description** 

Length Values	UK Notation	American Notation
1	Semibreve	Whole note
2	Minim	Half note
4	Crotchet	Quarter note
8	Quaver	Eighth note
16	Semiquaver	Sixteenth note
32	Demisemiquaver	Thirty-second note



64	Hemidemisemiquaver	Sixty-forth note
3	Minim triplet	Half note triplet
6	Crotchet triplet	Quarter note triplet
12	Quaver triplet	Eighth note triplet
24	Semiquaver triplet	Sixteenth note triplet
48	Demisemiquaver triplet	Thirty-second note triplet
96	Hemidemisemiquaver triplet	Sixty-forth note triplet

Table 16: Note length values and description



# Appendix C: Examples

These are some typical use case example.

In every one of them we assume that the pairing list is empty and the configuration is the default one.

>UNPAIR

>OK

>RESTORE

>BlueCreation Copyright 2015

>Melody Audio V6.0.10 >Build: 1443202002

>Ready





### 1. Pairing and connection with Melody

#### Discovering Melody from a phone and initiating paring:

Use the STATUS command to make sure that Melody is discoverable, if it is not the case you can use the **DISCOVERABLE** command:

```
>DISCOVERABLE ON
>OK
>STATUS
>STATE CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE IDLE
```

Now look for devices from your mobile phone. Your device should appear with the configured name (see NAME parameter). Select and initiate pairing with Melody. This should automatically connect the phone to Melody with all available profiles.

Melody will respond with a notification OPEN OK or OPEN ERROR for each profiles.

#### Discovering a phone from Melody and connect to it:

Make sure Bluetooth is ON and that your phone is discoverable if you want to it to be visible to Melody.

Use the INQUIRY command to look for discoverable devices. Melody will return a list of discoverable device:

When you find the correct device, take note of its Bluetooth address and use the OPEN command to connect. Melody will respond with a notification OPEN\_OK or OPEN\_ERROR for each profiles.

```
>INQUIRY 10
>PENDING
>INQUIRY {BT ADDRESS} {NAME} {DEVICE CLASS} {RSSI}
>OK
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} {PROFILE}
>PAIR PENDING
>PAIR OK {BT ADDRESS}
>OPEN OK 10 A2DP
```

Please note that if you want to connect Melody to a new device, Melody will go automatically in discoverable mode to be able to pair with the new device. Once paired, the device will be added to paired device list (use LIST command to see it) and Melody will be able to connect directly to it.





The following section describes a typical use case for an SPP connection. In this example, we create a SPP connection between two Melody devices to show some of the capabilities of the SPP profile from the transmitter and receiver side.

First you must assure that the SPP profile is enabled on both devices:

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
// Enable SPP	// Enable SPP
>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X 1 X X X X	>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X 1 X X X X
>OK	>OK
>WRITE	>WRITE
>OK	>OK
>RESET	>RESET
>BlueCreation Copyright 2015	>BlueCreation Copyright 2015
>Melody Audio V6.0.10	>Melody Audio V6.0.10
>Build: 1443202002	>Build: 1443202002
>Ready	>Ready

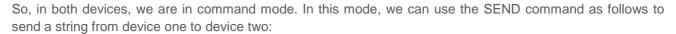
The next step is to create an SPP connection, in this example, the OPEN command is used:

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
//Start connection >OPEN {BT ADDRESS} SPP >OPEN_OK 15SPP	//Accepts connection >OPEN_OK 15 SPP

We can type status on both devices to see the details of the SPP connection:

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
//Get connection details	//Get connection details
>STATUS	>STATUS
>LINK 15 CONNECTED SPP {BT ADDRESS}	>LINK 15 CONNECTED SPP {BT ADDRESS}
COMMAND	COMMAND





Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
>SEND 15 Hi, I'm device one.	//Device two prints a notification with the SPP link, the length of the
>OK	received data and the data. >RECV 15 19 Hi, I'm device one.

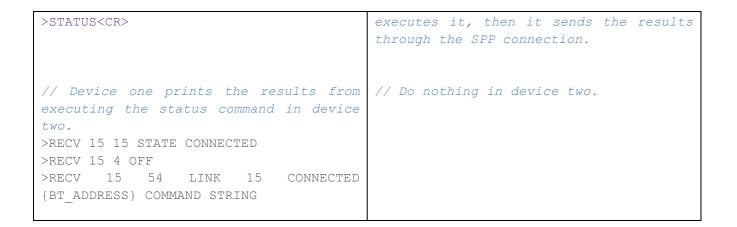
or we can use the SEND\_RAW command to transfer a specified number of bytes:

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
<pre>// Use the SEND command to send 20 bytes of data through the SPP connection. &gt;SEND_RAW 15 20 &gt;OK</pre>	// Do nothing in device two.
// The next 20 bytes we send through the UART interface, will be sent through the SPP connection to device two. >012345678901234567890	// Do nothing in device two.
<pre>// Device one has already received 20 characters, so send to the data to device two.</pre>	_

If device two is in command mode, we can also execute commands in device two from device one, by sending the command we want to execute through the SPP connection. This is currently not supported for all commands.

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
<pre>// Execute the status command in device two and obtain the results. &gt;SEND_RAW 15 7 &gt;OK</pre>	// Do nothing in device two.
// Send the status command, <cr> is the</cr>	//Device two, which is in command mode,
carriage return character.	receives the status command and





Now we will use data mode in device one, but first the user must assure that hardware flow control in the UART interface is enabled.

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
<pre>// Get the UART configuration, which shows that HW flow control is enabled. &gt;GET UART_CONFIG</pre>	// Do nothing in device two.
>UART_CONFIG=9600 ON 0	

When data mode is enabled, data received from the UART interface is sent through the SPP interface with no additional parsing, and, similarly, data received from the SPP connection is sent through the UART interface.

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
// Enable data mode.	// Do nothing in device two.
>ENTER_DATA_MODE 15	
>OK	
//Data received from the UART interface	
is immediately sent through the SPP	// Device two receives the data sent
connection.	from device one.
>Hi I'm device one.	>RECV 15 1 H
	>RECV 15 18 I, I'm device one.
// Data received from the SPP	
connection is immediately sent through	// Send something from device two to
the UART.	device one.
>Hi, I'm device two.	>SEND 15 Hi, I'm device two.
	>OK





Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
<pre>// Follow the procedure to exit from data mode using the escape sequence. &gt;\$\$\$\$ &gt;OK</pre>	// Do nothing in device two.
// Device two is no longer in data mode.	// Do nothing in device two.

Finally, you can use the CLOSE command to terminate an SPP connection, in this example, we will use the close command in device one:

Melody SPP Device One	Melody SPP Device Two
<pre>// Follow the procedure to exit from data mode using the escape sequence. &gt;CLOSE 15 &gt;CLOSE_OK 15 SPP</pre>	<pre>//Device two confirms that the SPP has closed successfully. &gt;CLOSE_OK 15 SPP</pre>



In these examples, we assume that we have two boards running Melody. One configured is configured as the AG (AGHFP enabled in PROFILES) and one as the HF (HFP enabled in PROFILES). The connection is established using the OPEN command from the AG or HF.

#### 1. Incoming call

AG	HF
>CALL 12 INCOMING {NUMBER} >OK	
>CALL_INCOMING AGHFP 12 >INBAND RING AGHFP <sup>16</sup>	>CALL_INCOMING HFP 13

#### 2. Outgoing call

An outgoing call can be requested from the HF with CALL OUTGOING, REDIAL or MEMORY. On the AG, CALL OUTGOING is used to inform the HF of the outgoing state.

AG	HF
	>CALL 13 OUTGOING {NUMBER}
>CALL_DIAL AGHFP 12 {NUMBER}	>OK
	>CALL 13 REDIAL
>CALL_REDIAL AGHFP 12	>OK
	>CALL 13 MEMORY {MEMORY STRING}
>CALL_MEMORY AGHFP 12 {MEMORY STRING}	>OK
>CALL 12 OUTGOING {NUMBER}	
>OK	
>CALL_OUTGOING AGHFP 12	>CALL_OUTGOING HFP 13

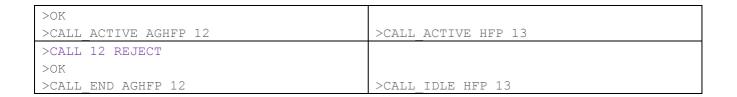
#### 3. Call answer/reject

When there is an incoming or outgoing call, CALL ANSWER or REJECT shall be used from the HF or the AG.

AG	HF
	>CALL 13 ANSWER
	>OK
>CALL_ACTIVE AGHFP 12	>CALL_ACTIVE HFP 13
	>CALL 13 REJECT
	>OK
>CALL_END AGHFP 12	>CALL_IDLE HFP 13
>CALL 12 ANSWER	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>16</sup> If in-band ringing is enabled in HFP\_CONFIG





#### 4. Call transfer

When a call is active, the audio is transferred through the eSCO/SCO connection. The CALL TRANSFER command allows switching the audio between the AG and HF.

AG	HF
>CALL 12 TRANSFER	// transfer from HF to AG
>OK	>SCO_CLOSE 13
>CALL 12 TRANSFER	// transfer from AG to HF
>OK	>SCO_OPEN 13

#### 5. End call

An incoming/outgoing or active call can be terminated from the AG with the CALL END command. It is also possible to end an outgoing or active call from the HF.

AG	HF
>CALL 12 END	
>OK	
>CALL_END AGHFP 12	>CALL_IDLE HFP 13
	>CALL 13 END
	>OK
>CALL END AGHFP 12	>CALL IDLE HFP 13

#### 6. Three way calling

When there is an active call and another call incoming, the CALL TWC command shall be used instead of CALL ANSWER Tor reject. It can be used for instance to accept the incoming call and put the other call on hold or to merge the calls.

AG	HF
>CALL_INCOMING AGHFP 12	>CALL_INCOMING HFP 13  // accept incoming call and put other call on hold >CALL 12 TWC 1 >OK



<del>-</del>
// swap calls
>CALL 12 TWC 1
>OK
// merge calls
>CALL 12 TWC 3
>OK



### 4. PBAP

```
// Enable PBAP in the profiles
>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X X X X X X X
// Open PBAP connection (make sure PBAP is enabled in the PROFILES parameter)
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} PBAP
>PENDING
>OPEN OK 16 PBAP
// Download phonebook
>PB PULL 16
>PENDING
>PB PULL START 16
>BEGIN: VCARD
>VERSION:2.1
>FN;CHARSET=UTF-8:My Number
>N; CHARSET=UTF-8:My Number
>TEL; TYPE=CELL: +447446110144
>END: VCARD
>BEGIN: VCARD
>VERSION:2.1
>FN; CHARSET=UTF-8: Acavbsxns
>N; CHAPB PULL END 16
>PB PULL START 16
>RSET=UTF-8:;Acavbsxns
>TEL; TYPE=CELL: 1234 567890
>END:VCARD
>PB PULL OK 16
// Download last 10 numbers dialled
>PB PULL 16 0 3 10 0 85
>PENDING
>PB PULL START 16
>BEGIN: VCARD
>VERSION:2.1
>FN; CHARSET=UTF-8:My Number
>N; CHARSET=UTF-8:My Number
>TEL; TYPE=CELL: +447446110144
>X-IRMC-CALL-DATETIME; DIALED: 20151110T133324
>END: VCARD
>...
>PB PULL OK 16
```



### 5. MAP

```
// Enable MAP in the profiles
>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X X X X X 1 X
// Open MAP connection (make sure MAP is enabled in the PROFILES parameter)
>OPEN {BT ADDRESS} MAP
>PENDING
>OPEN OK 18 MAP
// Receive a notification and message
>MAP NEW SMS 18
>MAP MSG BEGIN 18
>BEGIN:BMSG
>VERSION:1.0
>STATUS: UNREAD
>TYPE:SMS GSM
>FOLDER:telecom/msg/inbox
>NOTIFICATION:1
>BEGIN: VCARD
>VERSION:2.1
>FN; CHARSET=UTF-8:BlueCreation Test
>N; CHARSET=UTF-8:BlueCreation Test
>TEL:
>END: VCARD
>BEGIN:BENV
>BEGIN:BBODY
>CHARSET:UTF-8
>LANGUAGE: UNKNOWN
>LENGTH:45
>BEGIN:MSG
>Hello from bluecreation
>END:MSG
>END:BBODY
>END:BENV
>END:BMSG
>MAP MSG END 18
```





### 6. Music source (A2DP & AVRCP)

To be able to stream music from Melody to a speaker or headset you have to enable A2DP Source.

This can be done by setting up the PROFILES parameter as in the following example:

```
// Enable A2DP Source and AVRCP (A2DP Sink is disabled)
>SET PROFILES=X X 0 1 1 X X X X X X X
>OK
>WRITE
>OK
>RESET
```

Melody is now ready to stream some music. Once connected to a device you can use the MUSIC and VOLUME commands:

```
>STATE CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE OFF
>LINK 10 CONNECTED A2DP {BD ADDRESS} SBC SRC 44100
>LINK 11 CONNECTED AVRCP {BD ADDRESS} STOPPED
>MUSIC 11 PLAY
>OK
>A2DP_STREAM_START 10
>AVRCP_PLAY 11
>VOLUME 11 UP
>OK ABS VOL 11 87
```

It is possible send meta data using the AVRCP\_META\_DATA command:

```
//notify a track changed and store the meta data
>AVRCP_META_DATA 11 2 BlueCreation //ARTIST: BlueCreation
>PENDING

//wait for the remote device to send a request to get the new meta data
...

//Melody respond to the remote device with the data previously stored in memory
>OK<sup>17</sup>
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>17</sup> If the remote device is Melody, don't forget to enable meta data to receive the track information (MUSIC\_META\_DATA).





HID Host: note that all HID data is in HEX.

```
// Enable HID host profile
>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X X X 0 1 X X
>OK
>WRITE
>OK
>RESET
// Read remote device descriptor
>HID READ {BD ADDRESS}
>PENDING
>HID READ 0x014F
>{09}{02}{06}{36}{01}{49}{36}{01}{46}{08}{22}{26}{01}{41}{05}{01}{09}{06}{A1}{01}
{85}{01}{75}{01}{95}{08}{05}{07}{19}{E0}{29}{E7}{15}{00}{25}{01}{81}{02}{95}{01}{
75}{08}{81}{03}{95}{05}{75}{01}{05}{08}{19}{01}{29}{05}{91}{02}{95}{01}{75}{03}{9
1}{03}{95}{06}{75}{08}{15}{00}{26}{FF}{00}{05}{07}{19}{00}{29}{FF}{81}{00}{05}{05}
}{0C}{09}{01}{A1}{01}{85}{02}{15}{00}{25}{01}{75}{01}{95}{12}{0A}{23}{02}{0A}{AE}
09}{B5}{09}{E2}{09}{EA}{09}{E9}{09}{30}{09}{40}{0A}{96}{01}{0A}{9D}{01}{0A}{C1}{0
1}{81}{02}{95}{01}{75}{06}{81}{03}{C0}{05}{0C}{09}{01}{A1}{01}{85}{03}{05}{01}{09}
}{06}{A1}{02}{05}{06}{09}{20}{15}{00}{26}{FF}{00}{75}{08}{95}{01}{81}{02}{C0}{C0}
{05}{01}{09}{80}{A1}{01}{85}{04}{15}{00}{25}{01}{75}{01}{95}{01}{09}{82}{81}{02}{
95}{01}{75}{07}{81}{03}{C0}{05}{0C}{09}{01}{A1}{01}{85}{05}{05}{01}{09}{06}{A1}{0}
2}{06}{00}{FF}{25}{01}{75}{01}{95}{02}{0A}{03}{FE}{0A}{04}{FE}{81}{02}{95}{06}{81
}{03}{C0}{C0}{05}{01}{09}{02}{A1}{01}{85}{08}{09}{01}{A1}{00}{05}{09}{19}{01}{29}
{05}{15}{00}{25}{01}{75}{01}{95}{05}{81}{02}{75}{03}{95}{01}{81}{01}{05}{01}{09}{
8}{95}{01}{81}{06}{C0}{C0}{05}{0C}{09}{01}{A1}{01}{85}{FF}{05}{06}{95}{01}{75}{02}
}{19}{24}{29}{26}{81}{02}{75}{06}{81}{01}{C0}{4F}{4B}{0A}
// Initiate a connect to a HID device
>OPEN {BD ADDRESS} HID
>PENDING
>OPEN OK 17 HID
// Keyboard
>RECV 17 9 {01}{02}{00}{04}{00}{00}{00}{00}{00}{00}{0A}
```



```
// Mouse
>RECV 17 5 {08}{00}{02}{FF}{00}{0A}
>RECV 17 5 {08}{00}{00}{00}{0A}
```

#### HID device.

```
// Enable HID device profile and use default keyboard descriptor
>SET PROFILES=X X X X X X X X 1 0 X X
>SET COD=000540
>OK
>WRITE
>OK
>RESET
// Initiate a connect to a HID host
>OPEN {BD ADDRESS} HID
>PENDING
>OPEN OK 17 HID
// Press 'a'
>SEND RAW 17 8
>{00}{00}{04}{00}{00}{00}{00}{00}
// Release 'a'
>SEND RAW 17 8
>OK
```



```
>HID DESC 71
>{05}{01}{09}{02}{A1}{01}{09}{01}{A1}{00}{05}{09}{19}{01}{29}{08}{15}{00}{25}{01}
FF}{07}{75}{0C}{95}{02}{81}{06}{09}{38}{15}{81}{25}{7F}{75}{08}{95}{01}{81}{06}{0}
5}{OC}{OA}{38}{02}{95}{01}{81}{06}{C0}{C0}
// Initiate a connect to a HID host
>OPEN {BD ADDRESS} HID
>PENDING
>OPEN OK 17 HID
// Move the mouse vertically
>SEND RAW 17 6
>OK
>{00}{00}{30}{00}{00}{00}{00}{00}
// Press left button
>SEND RAW 17 6
>OK
// Release left button
>SEND RAW 17 6
>OK
```





To be able to connect to multiple devices to Melody you have to set the maximum number of connection per profile.

This can be done by setting up the PROFILES parameter as in the following example:

```
// Enable 3 A2DP Sink and 3 AVRCP connections
>SET PROFILES=X X 3 0 3 X X X X X X X
>OK
>WRITE
>OK
>RESET
```

In the following, three devices are connected with the A2DP and AVRCP profiles.

The MUSIC command is used to start streaming music and the ROUTE command allows you to select which stream to listen to:

```
>STATE CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE OFF
>LINK 10 CONNECTED A2DP {BT ADDRESS} SBC SRC 44100
>LINK 11 CONNECTED AVRCP {BTADDRESS} STOPPED
>LINK 20 CONNECTED A2DP {BTADDRESS} SBC SRC 44100
>LINK 21 CONNECTED AVRCP {BTADDRESS} STOPPED
>LINK 30 CONNECTED A2DP {BT ADDRESS} SBC SRC 44100
>LINK 31 CONNECTED AVRCP {BT ADDRESS} STOPPED
>MUSIC 11 PLAY
>0K
>A2DP STREAM START 10
>AVRCP PLAY 11
>MUSIC 21 PLAY
>OK
>A2DP STREAM START 20
>AVRCP PLAY 21
>MUSIC 31 PLAY
>OK
>A2DP STREAM START 30
>AVRCP PLAY 31
// Force audio routing to select device 3
>ROUTE 30
>OK
// Revert to automatic routing (if more than one device is streaming, select to
the one that starts playing first, device 1 in this case)
>ROUTE 0
>OK
```





## 9. True Wireless Stereo (TWS)

Here is an example that shows how to stream music from a phone to two Melody devices connected together with TWS.

Melody board 1	Melody board 2
//initial state >STATUS >STATE CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE OFF >OK	//initial state >STATUS >STATE CONNECTABLE DISCOVERABLE OFF >OK
<pre>//search and connect to the TWS device (melody board 2) &gt;INQUIRY 10 TWS &gt;PENDING &gt;INQUIRY {BT ADDRESS}" melody board 2" 240418 -75db &gt;OK &gt;OPEN {BT ADDRESS}TWS &gt;PENDING &gt;PAIR_PENDING &gt;PAIR_DK {BT ADDRESS} &gt;OPEN_OK 1A TWS &gt;OPEN_OK 11 AVRCP</pre> //device discoverable, phone pairs and	//TWS connection >PAIR_PENDING >PAIR_OK {BT ADDRESS} >OPEN_OK 1A TWS >OPEN_OK 11 AVRCP
connects >DISCOVERABLE ON >OK	
>PAIR_PENDING >PAIR_OK {BT ADDRESS 2} >OPEN_OK 23 HFP >OPEN_OK 20 A2DP >OPEN_OK 21 AVRCP	
//Phone start streaming music >AVRCP_PLAY 11 >A2DP_STREAM_START 10 >AVRCP_PLAY 21	//Phone start streaming music >AVRCP_PLAY 11





Melody (Central mode)	Melody(Peripheral mode)
<pre>// configure device in Central mode &gt;SET BLE_CONFIG=1 &gt;OK &gt;WRITE &gt;OK &gt;RESET &gt;BlueCreation Copyright 2015 &gt;Melody Audio V6.0.8 &gt;Build: 1442512334 &gt;Ready // scan for peripheral devices &gt;SCAN 5 &gt;SCAN {BT ADDRESS}1 <bc00187> 12 -84db &gt;OK</bc00187></pre>	<pre>// configure device in Peripheral mode &gt;SET BLE_CONFIG=0 &gt;OK &gt;WRITE &gt;OK &gt;RESET &gt;BlueCreation Copyright 2015 &gt;Melody Audio V6.0.8 &gt;Build: 1442512334 &gt;Ready // start advertising &gt;ADVERTISING ON &gt;OK</pre>
// central connects to peripheral >OPEN {BT ADDRESS} BLE 1 <sup>18</sup> >PENDING >OPEN_OK 14 BLE	// accept connection >OPEN_OK 14 BLE
// write message >SEND 14 Hello <sup>19</sup> >OK	// receive message >RECV 14 Hello
<pre>// enable notification (BC_SMART Data characteristic) &gt;BC_SMART_NOTIF 14 ON OFF &gt;OK // receive notification &gt;RECV 14 Hi!!</pre>	// send notification >SEND 14 Hi!! >OK
// send command >BC_SMART_COMMAND 14 GET AUDIO >OK >RECV 14 AUDIO=0 >RECV 14 OK	<pre>// handle command  // response over BLE (if notif enabled)</pre>

 $<sup>^{18}</sup>$  By default Melody uses random address as we can see in the scan result (type = 1)  $^{19}$  To send data over BLE, it is possible to enter in Data mode.



### 11. BLE central (Generic commands)

In this example, Melody is connected to another board with Melody configured in Peripheral mode (link 14).

```
Melody (Central mode)
// Get list of services
>BLE GET SERV 14
>OK
>BLE 14 U16 1801 [0001 - 0004]
>BLE 14 U16 1800 [0005 - 0009]
>BLE 14 U16 180A [000A - 001C]
>BLE 14 U16 1804 [001D - 001F]
>BLE 14 U16 1802 [0020 - 0022]
>BLE 14 U16 1803 [0023 - 0025]
>BLE 14 U128 BC2F4CC6-AAEF-4351-9034-D66268E328F0 [0026 - 002C]
>BLE 14 U128 67D13B00-89B8-11E3-9DE5-0002A5D5C51B [002D - FFFF]
>OK
// Get list of characteristics (Device Information service)
>BLE GET CHAR 14 000A 001C
>BLE 14 U16 2A29 [000C]
>BLE 14 U16 2A24 [000E]
> . . .
OK
// Get list of characteristics (BC Smart service)
>BLE GET CHAR 14 0026 002C
>BLE 14 U128 06D1E5E7-79AD-4A71-8FAA-373789F7D93C [0028] //BC Smart Data
>BLE 14 U128 818AE306-9C5B-448D-B51A-7ADD6A5D314D [002B] //BC Smart Command
>OK
// Read characteristic - Manufacturer Name (Device Information service)
>BLE READ 14 000C
>BLE 14 [000C] 12 42 6C 75 65 43 72 65 61 74 69 6F 6E //BlueCreation
>OK
// Listen notifications - BC Smart Data (BC Smart service) 20
>BLE NOTIF 14 0028 ON
>OK
// Write characteristic - BC Smart Data (BC Smart service) 20
>BLE WRITE 14 0028 5 48 45 4C 4C 4F //HELLO
>OK
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>20</sup> Note that with BC Smart Service, it is simpler to use the SEND or the BC\_SMART commands





#### 12. **Beacons**

This example shows you how to set your beacons parameters. Make sure that BLE is enabled in PROFILES. To advertise, you can use the ADVERTISING command or enable the auto-advertising feature in BLE CONFIG.

```
>SET BLE CONFIG=2
>OK
// iBeacon
      UUID: 0x00112233-4455-6677-8899-AABBCCDDEEFF
      Major: 0x04D2 (1234)
     Minor: 0x162E (5678)
      Tx Power: -12dBm (0xEE)
>SET BEACON DATA=0 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF 04 D2 16 2E EE
>OK
// Eddystone UID
      Namespace: 0x00112233445566778899
      Instance: 0xAABBCCDDEEFF
      Tx Power: 0xEE
      (the last 4 bytes are not used)
>SET BEACON DATA=1 00 11 22 33 44 55 66 77 88 99 AA BB CC DD EE FF EE 00 00 00 00
>OK
// Eddystone URL
      Tx Power: 0xEE
      Prefix: 0x02 (http://)
      Encoded URL: 0x676F6F2E676C2F495A304F5141 (goo.gl/IZ00QA)<sup>21</sup>
      (the last 6 bytes are not used)
>SET BEACON DATA=2 EE 02 67 6F 6F 2E 67 6C 2F 49 5A 30 4F 51 41 00 00 00 00 00
>OK
>WRITE
>OK
>RESET
```

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>21</sup> BlueCreation URL encoded with Google URL shortener at https://goo.gl





### 13. Tones

The TONE command is used to play back tones on the Melody audio output. Tones are mixed with any ongoing audio playback. See appendix A for more details about the tone parameters.

Here are some examples that demonstrate the TONE command capabilities:

#### A sample tone:

>TONE TE 400 V 64 TI 0 N C5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N E5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N G5 L 8 N R0 L 32 N B5 L 4 N R0 L 1 N C6 L 2 TN C6 L 8 >OK

#### Variable volume single note:

>TONE V 64 N C6 L 4 V 128 N C6 L 4 V 255 N C6 L 4 V 128 N C6 L 4 V 64 N C6 L 4  $\times$ 

#### Musical scale starting from C4 and omitting any flat and sharp tones:

>TONE V 128 TI 0 N C4 L 8 N D4 L 8 N E4 L 8 N F4 L 8 N G4 L 8 N A4 L 8 N B4 L 8 N C5 L 8 >OK





### 14. Link Policy

In this example we assume that Melody is connected to a device (index 1). Here is how to set a power table with 2 entries:

```
>LINK_POLICY 1 2
>PENDING
// Passive mode 30 seconds */
>FF 0 0 0 0 1E
>PENDING
// Enter sniff mode (500mS)*/
>1 320 320 2 1 0
>OK
```



# Appendix D: Error codes

Error code	Description	
0x0003	Unknown error	
	Command Errors	
0x0011	Command not allowed with the current configuration	
0x0012	Command not found	
0x0013	Wrong parameter	
0x0014	Wrong number of parameters	
0x0015	Command not allowed in the current state	
0x0016	Device already connected	
0x0017	Device not connected	
0x0018	Command is too long	
0x0019	Name not found	
	Warnings	
0x0100	Fail to read battery voltage	
0x1001	Fail to initiate IAP due to a wrong configuration	
0x1002	Fail to communicate with the Apple MFI Co-processor	
0x1003	Fail to configure cap sense	
0x1004	Fail to register/unregister device	
0x1005	BLE request failed	
0xFF01	License key is missing	
0xFF02	License key is invalid	
Critical errors		
0xF00X	Critical error	
0xF004	Wrong config	



# Terms and definitions

A2DP	Advanced Audio Distribution Profile
AG	Audio Gateway
AVRCP	Audio/Video Remote Control Profile
cVc	Clear Voice Capture
BLE	Bluetooth Low Energy
HF	Hands-Free Unit
HFP	Hand-Free Profile
HID	Human Interface Device Profile
iAP	iPod Accessory Protocol
MAP	Message Access Profile
Multipoint	When more than one device is connected
PDL	Paired Device List
PBAP	Phone Book Access Profile
SPP	Serial Port Profile
TWS	True Wireless Speaker
WBS	Wide Band Speech



### **General Notes**

- Text Features that have not been tested yet and will be integrated in the next releases.
- Text Features that are meant to be improved in the next releases are in orange.
  - BlueCreation's products are not authorised for use in life-support or safety-critical applications. Use in such applications is done at the sole discretion of the customer. BlueCreation will not warrant the use of its devices in such applications.
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# Change Log

- Melody 6.0.39
  - Fix APTX with TWS
  - Update Inquiry command
  - Update BLE Advertising Flag
  - Add support for AT commands with AGHFP
  - o Fix HFP/AGHFP multiconnection
- Melody 6.0.38
  - Add LINK\_POLICY command (configure the power mode)
  - Add support for AGHFP and HFP concurrently
  - Add CALLER NUMBER notification for incoming calls
  - Fix ROUTE command with AGHFP
  - Enable WBS for AGHFP
  - o Update auto-connection
  - Update COD config (accept a 0 value)
  - o Fix audio dropouts with Macbook Pro 10.10.5
  - o Fix CLASS1 config
  - o Fix AVRCP Meta data
  - o Fix TWS disconnection
- Melody 6.0.37
  - Update AUDIO: possibility to select the interface for the input and output
  - Update AUDIO\_ANALOG: remove rate parameter
  - o Update I2S audio atten parameter
  - Update DISCOVERABLE config
  - Fix GPIO (PIO\_0 / PIO\_4 connection status)
- Melody 6.0.36
  - Add support for Three Way Calling (CALL TWC)
  - o Fix MAP connection
  - o Fix MM\_CFG / CVC\_CFG commands
  - Fix PIO4 config
  - Fix iAP High Speed disconnection
- Melody 6.0.35
  - o Fix for TWS issue
- Melody 6.0.34
  - o Add CLASS\_1 config
  - Update PIO\_4 configuration
  - Update LINK\_LOSS (see <u>Link Loss</u>)
  - Update AVRCP META DATA (possibility to request AVRCP Meta Data)
  - Fix HID issue
  - o Fix BLE (BC Smart commands)
  - Fix iAP Data mode (disconnection)
- Melody 6.0.33
  - Update PIO4 config in GPIO\_CONFIG





- o Disable AT commands in Data mode
- Fix iAP Data mode
- Fix SEND\_RAW command when the link close before sending the data
- Update DAC gain table with WB codec (fix volume issue)

#### Melody 6.0.32

- Add A2DP streaming state, AG/HFP call state and BLE MTU size to STATUS
- Merge IAP\_HIGH\_SPEED and SPP\_HIGH\_SPEED in HIGH\_SPEED (no need to reset Melody)
- Merge ENABLE GPIO CONTROL and GPIO ANALOG in GPIO CONFIG
- Add configuration to raise PIO4 on specific events (in GPIO\_CONFIG)
- Change BC\_SMART\_UUIDS to BC\_SMART\_CONFIG and add a parameter to disable commands over BLE
- Fix HID disconnection issue in multipoint and add OPEN\_ERROR notification when fail to connect
- Update SEND RAW command to be able to receive notification while the status is PENDING
- Fix issue when transmitting data over BLE and streaming music at the same time (reduce BLE throughput)
- Fix I2S disconnection with A2DP Source

#### Melody 6.0.31

- o Exit automatically Data mode when SPP/BLE/iAP connection is closed
- Disable all notifications in Data mode (ROLE...)
- Fix in I2S configuration (Unused values)

#### Melody 6.0.30

o Fix volume issue with HFP Narrow band

#### Melody 6.0.29

- Add support for Melody Audio Proximity
- Fix HFP with Narrow band (Stereo output, I2S)

#### Melody 6.0.28

- Fix digital interface with HFP (no CVC / no WBS)
- o Small fix (Flow control check, parser issue)

#### Melody 6.0.27

- o Add new filter to INQUIRY command
- o Add BLE to SEND RAW command
- Bug fixes (MUSIC\_OLD\_AVRCP, WBS with Siri, HID descriptor, BLE data mode)

#### Melody 6.0.26

- Bug fixes (AAC codec, TONES command with I2S, HFP volume, AGHFP terminate call)
- Update VOLUME command to be able to change the volumes anytime (even if audio is not streaming for an A2DP link, or if there is no active call for an HFP/AGHGP link...)

- Fix MM\_CFG command
- Add support for TWS with analog input (ROUTE 1)





- Update battery configuration, fix battery charging
- Update TWS and Music Manager: allow slave to update audio enhancements/EQ
- Add command IAP\_APP\_REQ (launch iOS app)
- o Fix minor bugs (BLE auto-advertising)
- Update I2S configuration

#### Melody 6.0.23

- Add Eddystone support
- Add Cap Sense support
- o Fix small bugs (PIO 0 high when connected, ROUTE command, Music Manager)
- Update TWS routing (no need to reset anymore)
- Update PAIR command
- o Change mic bias (2.6V)
- Change CVC plugin (handsfree)

#### Melody 6.0.22

- Add AVRCP\_META\_DATA command
- Add SPP\_HIGH\_SPEED feature
- Add Beacon role (BLE\_CONFIG) and BEACON\_DATA configuration (only iBeacon for now)
- o Small fixes (ROUTE command, exit iAp data mode, number of PBAP connections)
- o Update BLE notifications
- o Fix TWS audio drop-outs
- Update AVRCP playback status notifications

#### Melody 6.0.21

- Fix Tones
- Fix AUDIO\_ANALOG input gain
- Update I2S re-sampling (with A2DP source only)

#### Melody 6.0.20

- o Fix several BLE issues
- o Update BLE generic commands
- Update SCAN notifications
- o Update LICENSE command
- Update CODEC selection
- o Fix other minor issues

#### Melody 6.0.19

- Change EOF character (\r instead of \n )
- o Fix small issues (volume, SPP disconnection, notifications in data mode...)
- Memory optimizations

- o Auto connect AVRCP after A2DP
- Add new event notifications
- o Fix Audio Enable PIO on non-MFI build
- Add possibility to get the raw data with SCAN command (full advertising packet)
- o Add mic bias feature with A2DP
- Use Analog default volume when using the ROUTE command
- Melody becomes discoverable automatically when connecting to an unpaired device



- Melody 6.0.17
  - o Fix several IAP/BLE/HFP bugs
  - Fix USB host
  - o Modify default config (PROFILES and VREG\_ROLE)
  - Auto reset after RESTORE
- Melody 6.0.16
  - Add IAP profile Enable mic bias by default (AUDIO\_ANALOG)
  - o Fix SSRD command
  - Fix AT command
  - Fix Name issue
  - o Fix audio interface bugs
- Melody 6.0.15
  - o Fix Enable Audio PIO (PIO\_3)
  - Enable mic bias by default (AUDIO\_ANALOG)
  - o Update CLOSE command (possibility to use a device number as parameter)
  - Update the battery configuration (see BATT\_CONFIG)