

Package ‘RCarb’

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Type Package

Title Dose Rate Modelling of Carbonate-Rich Samples

Version 0.1.0

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Description Translation of the MATLAB program 'Carb' (Nathan and Mauz 2008; Mauz and Hoffmann 2014) for dose rate modelling for carbonate-rich samples in the context of trapped charged dating (e.g., luminescence dating) applications.

Depends R (>= 3.3.0), utils

Imports interp (>= 1.0), matrixStats (>= 0.50.0)

Suggests testthat (>= 2.0), R.rsp (>= 0.42.0)

License GPL-3

Encoding UTF-8

LazyData true

VignetteBuilder R.rsp

RoxygenNote 6.1.1

NeedsCompilation no

R topics documented:

RCarb-package	2
Example_Data	3
model_DoseRate	4
Reference_Data	6
write_InputTemplate	7
Index	9

RCarb-package

RCarb - Dose Rate Modelling of Carbonate-Rich Samples

Description

The package provides a dose rate modelling for carbonate-rich samples in the context of trapped charged dating (e.g., luminescence dating) applications.

Package: RCarb
Type: Package
Version: 0.1.0
Date: 2018-10-03
License: GPL-3

References

This package bases on a MATLAB programme with name 'Carb', details can be found the following references:

Mauz, B., Hoffmann, D., 2014. What to do when carbonate replaced water: Carb, the model for estimating the dose rate of carbonate-rich samples. *Ancient TL* 32, 24–32. http://ancienttl.org/ATL_32-2_2014/ATL_32-2_Mauz_p24-32.pdf

Nathan, R.P., Mauz, B., 2008. On the dose-rate estimate of carbonate-rich sediments for trapped charge dating. *Radiation Measurements* 43, 14–25. doi:10.1016/j.radmeas.2007.12.012

Further reading

Nathan, R.P., 2010. Numerical modelling of environmental dose rate and its application to trapped-charge dating. DPhil thesis, St Hugh's College, Oxford.

Example_Data

Example data

Description

Example data as shipped with *Carb* by Mauz & Hoffmann (2014). In contrast to the original data, NA values have been replaced by 0 and columns and rows have been transposed. Samples are now organised in rows and parameters in columns.

The data can be used to test 'RCarb' and play with the secondary carbonatisation process. Sample HD107 was renamed to LV107 for the sake of consistency with Fig. 4 in Mauz & Hoffmann (2014).

Format

Example_Data: [data.frame](#) (28 x 29)

Each column has two attributes:

- UNIT: the unit, so far applicable, e.g. "ppm"
- DESCRIPTION: the column description

Version

0.1.0

Author(s)

Mauz & Hoffmann (2014), with minor modifications by Sebastian Kreutzer, IRAMAT-CRP2A, UMR 5060, CNRS-Université Bordeaux Montaigne (France)

References

Mauz, B., Hoffmann, D., 2014. What to do when carbonate replaced water: Carb, the model for estimating the dose rate of carbonate-rich samples. *Ancient TL* 32, 24-32.

Examples

```
## show first elements of the example data
data(Example_Data, envir = environment())
head(Example_Data)

##show only column U230
Example_Data$U230
```

model_DoseRate	<i>Model dose rate evolution in carbonate-rich samples</i>
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Description

This function models the dose rate evolution in carbonate enrich environments. For the calculation internal functions are called.

Usage

```
model_DoseRate(data, length_step = 1L, max_time = 500L, n.MC = 100,
  method_control = list(), txtProgressBar = TRUE, verbose = TRUE,
  plot = TRUE, ...)
```

Arguments

data	data.frame (required): input data following the structure given in the example data set data(Example_Data). The input data.frame should have at least one row (i.e. values for one sample). For multiple rows the function is automatically re-called.
length_step	numeric (with default): step length used for the calculation
max_time	numeric (with default): maximum temporal search range
n.MC	numeric (with default): number of Monte Carlo runs used for the error calculation
method_control	(<i>optional</i>): additional arguments that can be provided to the control the the modelling. See details for further information.
txtProgressBar	logical (with default): enables/disables the txtProgressBar for the MC runs
verbose	logical (with default): enables/disables verbose mode
plot	logical (with default): enables/disables plot output
...	further arguments passed to the underlying plot functions, see also details for further information. Supported standard arguments are mfrow, xlim, xlab.

Details

This function is the starting point for the dose rate modelling for carbonat enrich environments. It provides basically the same functionality as the original version of 'Carb', i.e. you should be also aware of the limitations of this modelling approach. In particular: The model assumes a linear carbonate mass increase due to post-depositional processes. Please read the references cited blow.

Uncertainty estimation

For estimating the uncertainties, Monte-Carlo (MC) simulation runs are used. For very small values (close to 0) this can, however, lead to edge effects (similar in 'Carb') since values below 0 are set to 0.

Value

The function returns numerical and graphical output

[NUMERICAL OUTPUT]

- A [data.frame](#) which is the combination of the input and values calculated by this function.

[GRAPHICAL OUTPUT]

Upper plot: Dose rate evolution over time backwards. The solid black line is the calculation output, the grey shaded area indicates the 2-sigma error margins. The dashed blue line is an indicator of the quality of the error estimations based on Monte Carlo (MC) runs. The closer it follows the black line, the more reliable are the given error margins.

Lower plot: Totally absorbed dose over time. The plot is an representation of the 'new' age based on the carbonat modelling.

Function version

0.1.0

Author(s)

Sebastian Kreutzer, IRAMAT-CRP2A, UMR 5060, Université Bordeaux Montagne (France); based on MATLAB code given in Carb_2007a

References

- Mauz, B., Hoffmann, D., 2014. What to do when carbonate replaced water: Carb, the model for estimating the dose rate of carbonate-rich samples. *Ancient TL* 32, 24–32.
- Nathan, R.P., Mauz, B., 2008. On the dose-rate estimate of carbonate-rich sediments for trapped charge dating. *Radiation Measurements* 43, 14–25. doi:10.1016/j.radmeas.2007.12.012

Further reading

Nathan, R.P., 2010. Numerical modelling of environmental dose rate and its application to trapped-charge dating. DPhil thesis, St Hugh's College, Oxford.

Examples

```
##load example data
data("Example_Data", envir = environment())

##run the function for one sample from
##the dataset
model_DoseRate(
  data = Example_Data[14,],
  n.MC = 2,
  txtProgressBar = FALSE
)
```

Reference_Data	<i>Reference data</i>
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Description

Correction factors for beta and gamma radiation used for internal calculations. These values are used instead of the correction factors given in Aitken (1985) for the carbonate model.

Format

Reference_Data: [list](#)

NAME	TYPE	DIM	DESCRIPTION
DATAek	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for K
DATAet	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for T
DATAet230	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for T
DATAeu	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
DATAeu234	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
DATAeu238	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for electrons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
DATApk	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for K
DATApt	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for T
DATApt230	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for T
DATApu	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
DATApu234	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
DATApu238	matrix	4 x 4	correction factors for photons for water and carbonate to sediment mass ratio for U
mejdahl	data.frame	36 x 4	beta-dose attenuation values for quartz grains according to Mejdahl (1979)

Details

The reference values are used internally to account for: (1) grain size depend beta-attenuation factors (Mejdahl, 1979) and (2) to correct nuclide dependent beta and gamma radiation for water/carbonate proportions. The latter values are given as matrix and precise values are interpolated during the modelling process.

Different values quoted for U-238 and U-234 accounts for different activity ratios. For further details on the origin of these data we refer to Nathan & Mauz (2008) and Nathan (2010).

Version

0.1.0

References

Mejdahl, V., 1979. Thermoluminescence dating: beta-dose attenuation in quartz grains. *Archaeometry* 21, 61-72.

Nathan, R.P., Mauz, B., 2008. On the dose-rate estimate of carbonate-rich sediments for trapped charge dating. *Radiation Measurements* 43, 14-25. doi:10.1016/j.radmeas.2007.12.012

Nathan, R.P., 2010. Numerical modelling of environmental dose rate and its application to trapped-charge dating. DPhil thesis, St Hugh's College, Oxford.

Further reading

Aitken, M.J., 1985. Thermoluminescence dating. Academic Press.

Examples

```
data(Reference_Data, envir = environment())
str(Reference_Data)
Reference_Data$DATAek
```

write_InputTemplate	<i>Write table input template</i>
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Description

This function creates a template table that can be used as input for the function [model_DoseRate](#)

Usage

```
write_InputTemplate(file = NULL, ...)
```

Arguments

file	character (optional): output path, if NULL nothing is written, but a template data.frame is returned.
...	additional arguments that can be passed to function write.table if file != NULL. Supported arguments are: sep, dec, fileEncoding'

Function version

0.1.0

Author(s)

Sebastian Kreutzer, IRAMAT-CRP2A, UMR 5060, CNRS - Université Bordeaux Montaigne (France)

See Also

[Example_Data](#), [write.table](#)

Examples

```
write_InputTemplate()  
  
## Not run:  
##Example with file output  
write_InputTemplate(file = "~/Desktop/Input.csv")  
  
## End(Not run)
```


Index

- *Topic **datasets**
 - Example_Data, [3](#)
 - Reference_Data, [6](#)
- *Topic **dplot**
 - model_DoseRate, [4](#)
- *Topic **manip**
 - model_DoseRate, [4](#)
- *Topic **package**
 - RCarb-package, [2](#)
- character, [7](#)
- data.frame, [3–5](#), [7](#)
- Example_Data, [3](#), [8](#)
- list, [6](#)
- logical, [4](#)
- model_DoseRate, [4](#), [7](#)
- numeric, [4](#)
- RCarb (RCarb-package), [2](#)
- RCarb-package, [2](#)
- Reference_Data, [6](#)
- write.table, [7](#), [8](#)
- write_InputTemplate, [7](#)