# Package 'RLumModel'

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<b>Description</b> A collection of function to simulate luminescence signals in the mineral quartz based on published models.				
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RLumModel-package

Modelling Ordinary Differential Equations Leading to Luminescence

## **Description**

A collection of function to simulate luminescence signals in the mineral quartz based on published models.

#### **Details**

Package: RLumModel Type: Package Version: 0.1.0

Date: 2016-XX-XX License: GPL-3

#### Author(s)

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## Project source code repository

https://github.com/R-Lum/RLumModel

#### Related projects

http://www.r-luminescence.de

http://cran.r-project.org/package=Luminescence

http://shiny.r-luminescence.de

http://cran.r-project.org/package=RLumShiny

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```
model_LuminescenceSignals
```

Model Luminescence Signals

## **Description**

This function models luminescence signals for quartz based on published physical models. It is possible to simulate TL, (CW-) OSL, RF measurements in a arbitrary sequence. This sequence is definded as a list of certain abrivations. Furthermore it is possible to load a sequence direct from the Riso Sequence Editor. The output is an RLum.Analysis object and so the plots are done by the plot\_RLum.Analysis function. If a SAR sequence is simulated the plot output can be disabled and SAR analyse functions can be used.

### Usage

```
model_LuminescenceSignals(model, sequence, lab.DoseRate = 1,
    simulate_sample_history = FALSE, plot = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

mode1 character (required): set model to be used list (required): set sequence to model as list or as \*.seq file from the Riso sequence sequence editor. To simulate SAR measurements there is an extra option to set the sequence list (cf. example 3): (required): RegDose: numeric, Test-Dose: numeric, PH: numeric, CH: numeric, OSL\_temp: numeric. With default are: DoseRate: numeric, Irr\_temp: numeric, optical\_power: numeric, OSL\_duration: numeric, PH\_duration: numeric lab.DoseRate numeric (with default): laboratory dose rate in XXX Gy/s for calculating seconds into Gray in the \*.seq file. simulate\_sample\_history logical (with default): FALSE (with default): simulation begins at labour conditions, TRUE: simulations begins at crystallization (all levels 0) process logical (with default): Enables or disables plot output plot verbose logical (with default): Verbose mode on/off further arguments and graphical parameters passed to plot.default. See de-

## **Details**

## Defining a sequence

Abrivation	Description	Arguments
TL	thermally stimulated luminescence	'temp begin', 'temp end', 'heating rate'
OSL	optically stimulated luminescence	'temp', 'duration','optical power'
LM_OSL	linear modulated OSL	'temp', 'duration'

tails for further information

RL/RF	radioluminescence	'temp','dose', 'doserate'
IRR	irradiation	'temp','dose', 'doserate'
CH	cutheat	'temp', 'duration'
PH	preheat	'temp', 'duration'
<b>PAUSE</b>	pause	'temp', 'duration'

#### Value

This function returns an RLum. Analysis object with all TL, (LM-) OSL and RF/RL steps in the sequence. Every entry is a RLum. Data. Curve obejct and can be plotted, analysed etc. with further RLum-functions.

#### **Function version**

0.1.0

#### Author(s)

Johannes Friedrich, University of Bayreuth (Germany), Sebastian Kreutzer, IRAMAT-CRP2A, Universite Bordeaux Montaigne (France)

#### References

Bailey, R.M., 2001. Towards a general kinetic model for optically and thermally stimulated luminescence of quartz. Radiation Measurements 33, 17-45.

Bailey, R.M., 2002. Simulations of variability in the luminescence characteristics of natural quartz and its implications for estimates of absorbed dose. Radiation Protection Dosimetry 100, 33-38.

Bailey, R.M., 2004. Paper I-simulation of dose absorption in quartz over geological timescales and it simplications for the precision and accuracy of optical dating. Radiation Measurements 38, 299-310.

Pagonis, V., Chen, R., Wintle, A.G., 2007: Modelling thermal transfer in optically stimulated luminescence of quartz. Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics 40, 998-1006.

Pagonis, V., Wintle, A.G., Chen, R., Wang, X.L., 2008. A theoretical model for a new dating protocol for quartz based on thermally transferred OSL (TT-OSL). Radiation Measurements 43, 704-708.

#### See Also

```
plot, RLum. Analysis, RLum. Data. Curve
```

#### **Examples**

```
##=======##
## Example 1: Simulate sample history of Bailey2001
## (cf. Bailey, 2001, Fig. 1)
##========##
##set sequence with the following steps
## (1) Irradiation at 20 deg. C with a dose of 10 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
## (2) TL from 20-400 deg. C with a rate of 5 K/s
sequence <-</pre>
```

```
list(
   IRR = c(20, 10, 1),
   TL = c(20, 400, 5)
##model sequence
model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(</pre>
 sequence = sequence,
 model = "Bailey2001",
## Not run:
##============================##
## Example 2: Simulate sequence at labour without sample history
##=========================##
##set sequence with the following steps
## (1) Irraditation at 30 deg. C with a dose of 100 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
## (2) Preheat to 2000 deg. C and hold for 10 s
## (3) LM-OSL at 125 deg. C. for 1000 s
## (4) OSL at 20 deg. C for 100 s with 90 % optical power
## (5) Cutheat at 220 deg. C
## (6) Irradiation at 20 deg. C with a dose of 10 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
## (7) Pause at 200 deg. C for 100 s
## (8) TL from 20-400 deg. C with a heat rate of 5 K/s
## (9) Radiolumiescence at 20 deg. C with a dose of 20 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
sequence <-
list(
  IRR = c(20, 100, 1),
  PH = c(200, 10),
  LM_OSL = c(125, 100),
  CH = c(200),
  IRR = c(20, 10, 1),
  PAUSE = c(200, 100),
  OSL = c(125, 100, 90),
  PAUSE = c(200, 100),
  TL = c(20, 400, 5),
  RF = c(20, 200, 0.01)
# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", set sequence = sequence, model = "Pagonis2008" (palaeodose = 200
# and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default), because the sample history is not part of the sequence
model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(</pre>
  sequence = sequence,
  model = "Pagonis2008"
## Example 3: Simulate SAR sequence
##set SAR sequence with the following steps
## (1) RegDose: set regenerative dose [Gy] as vector
```

```
## (2) TestDose: set test dose [Gy]
## (3) PH: set preheat temperature in deg. C
## (4) CH: Set cutheat temperature in deg. C
## (5) OSL_temp: set OSL reading temperature in deg. C
## (6) OSL_duration: set OSL reading duration in s
sequence <- list(</pre>
RegDose = c(0,10,20,50,90,0,10),
 TestDose = 5.
PH = 240,
 CH = 200,
 OSL_{temp} = 125,
OSL_duration = 70)
# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", set sequence = sequence, model = "Pagonis2007" (palaeodose = 20
# and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default), because the sample history is not part of the sequence
 model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(</pre>
 sequence = sequence,
 model = "Pagonis2007",
 plot = FALSE
# in environment is a new object "model.output" with the results of every step of the given sequence.
# Plots are done at OSL and TL steps and the growth curve
# call "analyse_SAR.CWOSL" from RLum package
 results <- analyse_SAR.CWOSL(model.output,</pre>
                             signal.integral.min = 1,
                             signal.integral.max = 15,
                             background.integral.min = 601,
                             background.integral.max = 701,
                             fit.method = "EXP",
                             dose.points = c(0,10,20,50,90,0,10))
## Example 4: generate sequence from *.seq file and run SAR simulation
## call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", load *.seq file for sequence, set model = "Bailey2002" (palaeod
## and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default), because the sample history is not part of the sequence
model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(</pre>
  sequence = "inst/extdata/sample_SAR_cycle.SEQ",
  model = "Bailey2002",
  plot = FALSE
## call RLum package function "analyse_SAR.CWOSL" to analyse the simulated SAR cycle
results <- analyse_SAR.CWOSL(model.output,
                              signal.integral.min = 1,
                              signal.integral.max = 10,
                              background.integral.min = 601,
```

read\_SEQ2R 7

```
background.integral.max = 701,
                            dose.points = c(0,5,10,20,50,5,0),
                            fit.method = "EXP")
print(get_RLum(results))
## Example 5: compare different optical powers of stimulation light
## call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", model = "Bailey2004"
## and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default), because the sample history is not part of the sequence
## the optical_power of the LED is varied and then compared.
optical_power <- seq(from = 0, to = 100, by = 20)</pre>
model.output <- lapply(1:length(optical_power), function(x){</pre>
sequence <- list(IRR = c(20, 50, 1),
                 PH = c(220, 10, 5),
                 OSL = c(125, 50, optical_power[x])
return(model_LuminescenceSignals(
      sequence = sequence,
      model = "Bailey2004",
      plot = FALSE
      ))
})
##combine output curves
model.output.merged <- merge_RLum(model.output)</pre>
##plot
plot_RLum(
object = model.output.merged,
xlab = "Illumination time [s]",
ylab = "OSL signal [a.u.]",
main = "OSL signal dependency on optical power of stimulation light",
 legend.text = paste("Optical power density", 20*optical_power/100, "mW/cm^2"),
 combine = TRUE)
## End(Not run)
```

read\_SEQ2R

Parse a Risoe SEQ-file to a sequence neccessary for simulating quartz luminescence

#### **Description**

A SEQ-file created by the Risoe Sequence Editor can be imported to simulate the sequence written in the sequence editor.

read\_SEQ2R

#### Usage

```
read_SEQ2R(file, lab.DoseRate = 1, txtProgressBar = TRUE)
```

## **Arguments**

file character (**required**): a \*.seq file created by the Risoe Sequene Editor

lab.DoseRate character (with default): set the doserate of the radiation source in the labora-

tory [Gy/s]. Default: 1 Gy/s

txtProgressBar logical: enables or disables the txtProgressBar

... further arguments and graphical parameters passed to plot.default. See de-

tails for further information

## **Details**

## **Supported versions**

Supppored and tested: version 4.36.

#### Value

This function returns a list with the parsed \*.seq file and the required steps for model\_LuminescenceSignals

#### **Function version**

0.1.0

## Author(s)

Johannes Friedrich, University of Bayreuth (Germany),

### See Also

```
plot, model_LuminescenceSignals, readLines
```

## **Examples**

#so far no example available

## **Index**

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