

# Package ‘RLumModel’

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**Type** Package

**Title** Modelling Ordinary Differential Equations Leading to  
Luminescence

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**Description** A collection of function to simulate luminescence signals in the  
mineral quartz based on published models.

**Contact** Package Developer Team <developer@model.r-luminescence.de>

**License** GPL-3

**Depends** R (>= 3.2.3), utils, Luminescence (>= 0.5.0)

**Imports** deSolve (>= 1.12)

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**RoxygenNote** 5.0.1

**Suggests** testthat

**NeedsCompilation** no

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RLumModel-package

*Modelling Ordinary Differential Equations Leading to Luminescence*


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## Description

A collection of function to simulate luminescence signals in the mineral quartz based on published models.

## Details

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 Type: Package  
 Version: 0.1.0  
 Date: 2016-XX-XX  
 License: GPL-3

## Author(s)

### Authors

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### Project source code repository

<https://github.com/R-Lum/RLumModel>

### Related projects

<http://www.r-luminescence.de>  
<http://cran.r-project.org/package=Luminescence>  
<http://shiny.r-luminescence.de>  
<http://cran.r-project.org/package=RLumShiny>

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ExampleData.ModelOutput

*Example data (TL curve) simulated from Bailey (2001 ,fig. 1)*

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### Description

Example data (TL curve) simulated from Bailey (2001 ,fig. 1)

### Format

A RLum.Analysis object containing one TL curve as RLum.Data.Curve.

### Note

This example has only one record (TL). The used sequence was `sequence <- list(IRR = c(temp = 20, dose = 10, DoseRate = 1), TL = c(temp_begin = 20, temp_end = 400, heating_rate = 5))`

### Source

`model_LuminescenceSignals()`

### References

Bailey, R.M., 2001. Towards a general kinetic model for optically and thermally stimulated luminescence of quartz. *Radiation Measurements* 33, 17-45.

### Examples

```
data(ExampleData.ModelOutput,envir = environment())
plot_RLum.Analysis(model.output)
```

---

model\_LuminescenceSignals

*Model Luminescence Signals*

---

### Description

This function models luminescence signals for quartz based on published physical models. It is possible to simulate TL, (CW-) OSL, RF measurements in a arbitrary sequence. This sequence is defined as a list of certain abbreviations. Furthermore it is possible to load a sequence direct from the Riso Sequence Editor. The output is an RLum.Analysis object and so the plots are done by the plot\_RLum.Analysis function. If a SAR sequence is simulated the plot output can be disabled and SAR analyse functions can be used.

## Usage

```
model_LuminescenceSignals(model, sequence, lab.DoseRate = 1,
  simulate_sample_history = FALSE, plot = TRUE, verbose = TRUE, ...)
```

## Arguments

**model** **character (required)**: set model to be used

**sequence** **list (required)**: set sequence to model as list or as \*.seq file from the Riso sequence editor. To simulate SAR measurements there is an extra option to set the sequence list (cf. example 3): **(required)**: RegDose: **numeric**, TestDose: **numeric**, PH: **numeric**, CH: **numeric**, OSL\_temp: **numeric**. With default are: DoseRate: **numeric**, Irr\_temp: **numeric**, optical\_power: **numeric**, OSL\_duration: **numeric**, PH\_duration: **numeric**

**lab.DoseRate** **numeric** (with default): laboratory dose rate in XXX Gy/s for calculating seconds into Gray in the \*.seq file.

**simulate\_sample\_history** **logical** (with default): FALSE (with default): simulation begins at labour conditions, TRUE: simulations begins at crystallization (all levels 0) process

**plot** **logical** (with default): Enables or disables plot output

**verbose** **logical** (with default): Verbose mode on/off

**...** further arguments and graphical parameters passed to `plot.default`. See details for further information

## Details

### Defining a sequence

Abrivation	Description	Arguments
TL	thermally stimulated luminescence	'temp begin', 'temp end', 'heating rate'
OSL	optically stimulated luminescence	'temp', 'duration', 'optical power'
LM_OSL	linear modulated OSL	'temp', 'duration'
RL/RF	radioluminescence	'temp', 'dose', 'dose rate'
IRR	irradiation	'temp', 'dose', 'dose rate'
CH	cutheat	'temp', 'duration'
PH	preheat	'temp', 'duration'
PAUSE	pause	'temp', 'duration'

## Value

This function returns an `RLum.Analysis` object with all TL, (LM-) OSL and RF/RL steps in the sequence. Every entry is a `RLum.Data.Curve` object and can be plotted, analysed etc. with further `RLum`-functions.

## Function version

0.1.0

**Author(s)**

Johannes Friedrich, University of Bayreuth (Germany), Sebastian Kreutzer, IRAMAT-CRP2A, Université Bordeaux Montaigne (France)

**References**

- Bailey, R.M., 2001. Towards a general kinetic model for optically and thermally stimulated luminescence of quartz. *Radiation Measurements* 33, 17-45.
- Bailey, R.M., 2002. Simulations of variability in the luminescence characteristics of natural quartz and its implications for estimates of absorbed dose. *Radiation Protection Dosimetry* 100, 33-38.
- Bailey, R.M., 2004. Paper I-simulation of dose absorption in quartz over geological timescales and its implications for the precision and accuracy of optical dating. *Radiation Measurements* 38, 299-310.
- Pagonis, V., Chen, R., Wintle, A.G., 2007: Modelling thermal transfer in optically stimulated luminescence of quartz. *Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics* 40, 998-1006.
- Pagonis, V., Wintle, A.G., Chen, R., Wang, X.L., 2008. A theoretical model for a new dating protocol for quartz based on thermally transferred OSL (TT-OSL). *Radiation Measurements* 43, 704-708.

**See Also**

[plot](#), [RLum.Analysis](#), [RLum.Data.Curve](#)

**Examples**

```
##=====##
## Example 1: Simulate sample history of Bailey2001
## (cf. Bailey, 2001, Fig. 1)
##=====##

##set sequence with the following steps
## (1) Irradiation at 20 deg. C with a dose of 10 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
## (2) TL from 20-400 deg. C with a rate of 5 K/s
sequence <-
  list(
    IRR = c(20, 10, 1),
    TL = c(20, 400, 5)
  )

##model sequence
model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(
  sequence = sequence,
  model = "Bailey2001",
)

## Not run:
##=====##
## Example 2: Simulate sequence at labour without sample history
##=====##

##set sequence with the following steps
## (1) Irradiation at 30 deg. C with a dose of 100 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
```

```

## (2) Preheat to 2000 deg. C and hold for 10 s
## (3) LM-OSL at 125 deg. C. for 1000 s
## (4) OSL at 20 deg. C for 100 s with 90 % optical power
## (5) Cutheat at 220 deg. C
## (6) Irradiation at 20 deg. C with a dose of 10 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s
## (7) Pause at 200 deg. C for 100 s
## (8) TL from 20-400 deg. C with a heat rate of 5 K/s
## (9) Radioluminescence at 20 deg. C with a dose of 20 Gy and a dose rate of 1 Gy/s

sequence <-
  list(
    IRR = c(20, 100, 1),
    PH = c(200, 10),
    LM_OSL = c(125, 100),
    CH = c(200),
    IRR = c(20, 10, 1),
    PAUSE = c(200, 100),
    OSL = c(125, 100, 90),
    PAUSE = c(200, 100),
    TL = c(20, 400, 5),
    RF = c(20, 200, 0.01)
  )

# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", set sequence = sequence,
# model = "Pagonis2008" (palaeodose = 200 Gy) and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default),
# because the sample history is not part of the sequence

model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(
  sequence = sequence,
  model = "Pagonis2008"
)

##=====##
## Example 3: Simulate SAR sequence
##=====##

##set SAR sequence with the following steps
## (1) RegDose: set regenerative dose [Gy] as vector
## (2) TestDose: set test dose [Gy]
## (3) PH: set preheat temperature in deg. C
## (4) CH: Set cutheat temperature in deg. C
## (5) OSL_temp: set OSL reading temperature in deg. C
## (6) OSL_duration: set OSL reading duration in s

sequence <- list(
  RegDose = c(0,10,20,50,90,0,10),
  TestDose = 5,
  PH = 240,
  CH = 200,
  OSL_temp = 125,
  OSL_duration = 70)

# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", set sequence = sequence,
# model = "Pagonis2007" (palaeodose = 20 Gy) and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default),
# because the sample history is not part of the sequence

```

```

model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(

  sequence = sequence,
  model = "Pagonis2007",
  plot = FALSE
)

# in environment is a new object "model.output" with the results of
# every step of the given sequence.
# Plots are done at OSL and TL steps and the growth curve

# call "analyse_SAR.CWOSL" from RLum package
results <- analyse_SAR.CWOSL(model.output,
                             signal.integral.min = 1,
                             signal.integral.max = 15,
                             background.integral.min = 601,
                             background.integral.max = 701,
                             fit.method = "EXP",
                             dose.points = c(0,10,20,50,90,0,10))

##=====##
## Example 4: generate sequence from *.seq file and run SAR simulation
##=====##

# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", load *.seq file for sequence,
# set model = "Bailey2002" (palaeodose = 10 Gy)
# and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default),
# because the sample history is not part of the sequence

model.output <- model_LuminescenceSignals(
  sequence = "inst/extdata/sample_SAR_cycle.SEQ",
  model = "Bailey2002",
  plot = FALSE
)

## call RLum package function "analyse_SAR.CWOSL" to analyse the simulated SAR cycle

results <- analyse_SAR.CWOSL(model.output,
                             signal.integral.min = 1,
                             signal.integral.max = 10,
                             background.integral.min = 601,
                             background.integral.max = 701,
                             dose.points = c(0,5,10,20,50,5,0),
                             fit.method = "EXP")

print(get_RLum(results))

##=====##
## Example 5: compare different optical powers of stimulation light
##=====##

# call function "model_LuminescenceSignals", model = "Bailey2004"
# and simulate_sample_history = FALSE (default),

```

```

# because the sample history is not part of the sequence
# the optical_power of the LED is varied and then compared.

optical_power <- seq(from = 0,to = 100,by = 20)

model.output <- lapply(1:length(optical_power), function(x){

sequence <- list(IRR = c(20, 50, 1),
                 PH = c(220, 10, 5),
                 OSL = c(125, 50, optical_power[x])
                 )

return(model_LuminescenceSignals(
      sequence = sequence,
      model = "Bailey2004",
      plot = FALSE
    ))
})

##combine output curves
model.output.merged <- merge_RLum(model.output)

##plot
plot_RLum(
  object = model.output.merged,
  xlab = "Illumination time [s]",
  ylab = "OSL signal [a.u.]",
  main = "OSL signal dependency on optical power of stimulation light",
  legend.text = paste("Optical power density", 20*optical_power/100, "mW/cm^2"),
  combine = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

```

---

plot_concentrations	<i>Plot concentrations of electrons respectively holes of all levels from a energy-band-model against time.</i>
---------------------	---

---

## Description

The functions provides a plot of all changes in time of the electron respectively hole concentration in electron traps, hole centres, in the conduction and valence band.

## Usage

```
plot_concentrations(object, record.step, ...)
```

## Arguments

object	<a href="#">RLum.Analysis</a> ( <b>required</b> ): S4 object of class <a href="#">RLum.Analysis</a> , e.g. the values of <a href="#">model_LuminescenceSignals</a> .
record.step	<a href="#">numeric</a> ( <b>required</b> ): step of the simulated record which is to plot.
...	further arguments and graphical parameters passed to <a href="#">plot.default</a> . See details for further information



## Details

The function produces a multiple plot output and uses in main parts the Luminescence function "Luminescence::plot\_RLum". A file output is recommended (e.g., [pdf](#)).

## Value

Returns multiple plots for the concentrations of electrons respectively holes.

## Function version

0.1.0

## Author(s)

Johannes Friedrich, University of Bayreuth (Germany),

## References

- Bailey, R.M., 2001. Towards a general kinetic model for optically and thermally stimulated luminescence of quartz. *Radiation Measurements* 33, 17-45.
- Bailey, R.M., 2002. Simulations of variability in the luminescence characteristics of natural quartz and its implications for estimates of absorbed dose. *Radiation Protection Dosimetry* 100, 33-38.
- Bailey, R.M., 2004. Paper I-simulation of dose absorption in quartz over geological timescales and its implications for the precision and accuracy of optical dating. *Radiation Measurements* 38, 299-310.
- Pagonis, V., Chen, R., Wintle, A.G., 2007: Modelling thermal transfer in optically stimulated luminescence of quartz. *Journal of Physics D: Applied Physics* 40, 998-1006.
- Pagonis, V., Wintle, A.G., Chen, R., Wang, X.L., 2008. A theoretical model for a new dating protocol for quartz based on thermally transferred OSL (TT-OSL). *Radiation Measurements* 43, 704-708.

## See Also

[plot](#), [plot\\_RLum.Analysis](#)

## Examples

```
##load data
data(ExampleData.ModelOutput, envir = environment())

##plot all concentrations
plot_concentrations(object = model.output, record.step = 1)

##plot only specific energy-band-level (e.g. 110 degree celsius trap, "concentration level 1")#'
plot_concentrations(object = model.output,
                    record.step = 1,
                    subset = list(recordType = "concentration level 1"))

##plot every level on a single plot
plot_concentrations(object = model.output, record.step = 1, plot.single = TRUE)
```

---

read_SEQ2R	<i>Parse a Risoe SEQ-file to a sequence neccessary for simulating quartz luminescence</i>
------------	---

---

### Description

A SEQ-file created by the Risoe Sequence Editor can be imported to simulate the sequence written in the sequence editor.

### Usage

```
read_SEQ2R(file, lab.DoseRate = 1, txtProgressBar = TRUE)
```

### Arguments

file	<b>character (required)</b> : a *.seq file created by the Risoe Sequene Editor
lab.DoseRate	<b>character</b> (with default): set the doserate of the radiation source in the laboratory [Gy/s]. Default: 1 Gy/s
txtProgressBar	<b>logical</b> : enables or disables the txtProgressBar
...	further arguments and graphical parameters passed to <a href="#">plot.default</a> . See details for further information

### Details

#### Supported versions

Suppored and tested: version 4.36.

### Value

This function returns a list with the parsed \*.seq file and the required steps for [model\\_LuminescenceSignals](#)

### Function version

0.1.0

### Author(s)

Johannes Friedrich, University of Bayreuth (Germany),

### See Also

[plot](#), [model\\_LuminescenceSignals](#), [readLines](#)

### Examples

```
#so far no example available
```

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