リメディアル数学 (化学システム工学科) ―― 第8回 2024/6/12 略解

問題 1. Cを積分定数とする.

(1)
$$\int \left(\frac{1}{3}x^3\right)' \log x \, dx = \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log x - \int \frac{1}{3}x^3 (\log x)' \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log x - \frac{1}{3} \int x^2 \, dx$$

$$= \frac{1}{3}x^3 \log x - \frac{1}{9}x^3 + C.$$

(2)
$$\int x(-\cos x)' dx = -x\cos x + \int (x)'\cos x dx$$
$$= -x\cos x + \int \cos x dx$$
$$= -x\cos x + \sin x + C.$$

(3)
$$\int x \left(-\frac{1}{2} \cos 2x \right)' dx = -\frac{1}{2} x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{2} \int (x)' \cos 2x \, dx$$
$$= -\frac{1}{2} x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{2} \int \cos 2x \, dx$$
$$= -\frac{1}{2} x \cos 2x + \frac{1}{4} \sin 2x + C.$$

(4)
$$\int x^{2}(\sin x)' dx = x^{2} \sin x - \int (x^{2})' \sin x dx$$
$$= x^{2} \sin x - 2 \int x \sin x dx$$
$$= x^{2} \sin x + 2x \cos x - 2 \sin x + C \quad ((\cdot) (2)).$$

(5)
$$\int x(e^x)' dx = xe^x - \int (x)'e^x dx$$
$$= xe^x - \int e^x dx$$
$$= xe^x - e^x + C.$$

(6)
$$\int \left(\frac{1}{2}x^2\right)' \log x \, dx = \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \int \frac{1}{2}x^2 (\log x)' \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{2}\int x \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}x^2 \log x - \frac{1}{4}x^2 + C.$$

問題 2.

(1)
$$\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} x(\sin x)' dx = \left[x \sin x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin x dx$$
$$= \frac{\pi}{2} - \left[-\cos x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{\pi}{2} - 1.$$

(2)
$$\int_0^1 x(-e^{-x})' dx = \left[-xe^{-x}\right]_0^1 + \int_0^1 e^{-x} dx$$
$$= -e^{-1} + \left[-e^{-x}\right]_0^1 = 1 - 2e^{-1}.$$

(3)
$$\int_{1}^{e} \left(\frac{1}{2}x^{2}\right)' \log x \, dx = \left[\frac{1}{2}x^{2} \log x\right]_{1}^{e} - \frac{1}{2} \int_{1}^{e} x \, dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{2}e^{2} - \left[\frac{1}{4}x^{2}\right]_{1}^{e} = \frac{1}{4}(e^{2} + 1).$$

$$(4) \int_{1}^{e} (x)' (\log x)^{2} dx = \left[x (\log x)^{2} \right]_{1}^{e} - \int_{1}^{e} x \cdot \frac{2 \log x}{x} dx$$

$$= e - 2 \int_{1}^{e} \log x dx$$

$$= e - 2 \left[x \log x - x \right]_{1}^{e} = e - 2.$$

問題 3.

(1)
$$I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (e^x)' \sin x \, dx$$

 $= \left[e^x \sin x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^x \cos x \, dx = e^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - J.$
よって $I + J = e^{\frac{\pi}{2}}$. 一方で、
 $I = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^x (-\cos x)' \, dx$
 $= \left[-e^x \cos x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} e^x \cos x \, dx = 1 + J.$
よって $I - J = 1$.

(2) (1)
$$\sharp \mathfrak{h} I = \frac{1}{2}(e^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + 1), J = \frac{1}{2}(e^{\frac{\pi}{2}} - 1).$$

問題 4.

(1)
$$I_0 = [x]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = \frac{\pi}{2}, I_1 = \left[-\cos x\right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} = 1.$$

(2) 部分積分を行うと

$$I_n = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (-\cos x)' \sin^{n-1} x \, dx$$

$$= \left[-\cos x \sin^{n-1} x \right]_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} + (n-1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sin^{n-2} x \cos^2 x \, dx$$

$$= (n-1) \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} (\sin^{n-2} x - \sin^n x) \, dx$$

$$= (n-1)(I_{n-2} - I_n).$$

$$\sharp \supset \tau, I_n = \frac{n-1}{n} I_{n-2}.$$

(3) n の偶奇で場合分けする.

(i) n が偶数のとき, n=2k (k は自然数) と表せるので,

$$I_{n} = \frac{n-1}{n}I_{n-2} = \frac{n-1}{n}\frac{n-3}{n-2}I_{n-4}$$

$$= \cdots$$

$$= \frac{n-1}{n}\frac{n-3}{n-2}\cdots\frac{5}{6}\cdot\frac{3}{4}I_{0}$$

$$= \frac{n-1}{n}\frac{n-3}{n-2}\cdots\frac{5}{6}\cdot\frac{3}{4}\cdot\frac{\pi}{2}.$$

(ii) n が奇数のとき, n = 2k - 1 (k は自然数) と表せるので,

$$I_{n} = \frac{n-1}{n} I_{n-2} = \frac{n-1}{n} \frac{n-3}{n-2} I_{n-4}$$

$$= \cdots$$

$$= \frac{n-1}{n} \frac{n-3}{n-2} \cdots \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3} I_{1}$$

$$= \frac{n-1}{n} \frac{n-3}{n-2} \cdots \frac{4}{5} \cdot \frac{2}{3}.$$

可超 5. 以下、
$$m$$
と書いて行列の n 行目を表すもの (1) $\begin{pmatrix} -1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{(1)\times(-1)}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{(3)+(1)\times(-1)}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{(2)\leftrightarrow 3}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & -1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{(3)+(2)\times1}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & -1 & -1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$ $\xrightarrow{(1)+(3)\times1}$ $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$. $t > 7$ $t >$

 $\stackrel{\text{\tiny (2)}+\text{\tiny (1)}\times(-2)}{\longrightarrow} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \end{array}\right)$

 $\underbrace{3 \times \frac{1}{2}}_{2} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & -1 & 3 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -1 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \end{array} \right)$

 $\stackrel{\text{?}}{\longrightarrow} \left(\begin{array}{ccc|ccc} 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & -1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 2 & -2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right)$