# Magnetic Effects of Electric Current

## **Basic Concepts of Magnetism and Current (Questions 1-5)**

- 1. What is a magnetic field? How can the direction of magnetic field lines be determined? State the properties of magnetic field lines.
- 2. Describe Oersted's experiment. What did it demonstrate about the relationship between electricity and magnetism?
- 3. State the right-hand thumb rule for determining the direction of magnetic field around a current-carrying straight conductor.
- 4. Draw the pattern of magnetic field lines around a current-carrying straight conductor. How does the strength of magnetic field vary with distance from the conductor?
- 5. What is a solenoid? Draw the magnetic field pattern around a current-carrying solenoid. How is it similar to a bar magnet?

## Magnetic Field Due to Current (Questions 6-10)

- 6. State and explain the right-hand rule for finding the direction of magnetic field in a current-carrying circular loop.
- 7. How can you increase the strength of magnetic field produced by a current-carrying solenoid? List four methods.
- 8. What are the factors on which the strength of magnetic field at the center of a current-carrying circular coil depends?
- 9. Explain why the magnetic field inside a solenoid is uniform. What happens to the magnetic field when an iron core is inserted in the solenoid?
- 10. Two circular coils A and B are placed such that coil A lies in the plane of coil B. If current flows in both coils in the same direction, what will be the effect on each coil?

# Force on Current-Carrying Conductor (Questions 11-15)

- 11. When does a current-carrying conductor experience maximum force in a magnetic field? State Fleming's left-hand rule.
- 12. A current-carrying conductor of length 10 cm carrying 2A current is placed perpendicular to a magnetic field of 0.5 T. Calculate the force experienced by the conductor.
- 13. What is the principle of an electric motor? Draw a labeled diagram of a simple electric motor and explain its working.

- 14. Why does a current-carrying conductor experience force when placed in a magnetic field? What happens when the conductor is parallel to the magnetic field?
- 15. List three ways to increase the speed of rotation of an electric motor. Why is a split-ring commutator used in a DC motor?

## **Electromagnetic Induction (Questions 16-20)**

- 16. What is electromagnetic induction? State Faraday's law of electromagnetic induction.
- 17. State Fleming's right-hand rule. How does it differ from Fleming's left-hand rule?
- 18. Explain the principle and working of an electric generator (AC generator) with a labeled diagram.
- 19. What is the difference between AC and DC generators? Why does an AC generator produce alternating current?
- 20. State Lenz's law. How does it follow the principle of conservation of energy?

#### **Additional Application-Based Questions:**

#### **Practical Applications:**

- Explain why the coil of an electric motor is wound on an iron core. What is the function of brushes in an electric motor?
- How does a galvanometer work? What modifications are made to convert it into an ammeter and voltmeter?
- Why are the pole pieces of a loudspeaker made curved? How does a loudspeaker convert electrical energy to sound energy?
- Explain the working of an electric bell using the principle of electromagnetism.

# **Comparative Questions:**

- Compare the construction and working of AC and DC motors. Which type is more commonly used and why?
- How does a motor differ from a generator? Can the same device work as both motor and generator?
- Compare electromagnets with permanent magnets. What are the advantages of electromagnets?
- What are the similarities and differences between Fleming's left-hand rule and righthand rule?

#### **Numerical Problems:**

- A conductor of length 0.5 m carrying 10 A current is placed at right angles to a uniform magnetic field of 2 T. Calculate the force on the conductor.
- If the above conductor makes an angle of 30° with the magnetic field, what will be the force?
- An electric motor takes 2 A current from a 12 V battery. If the motor is 80% efficient, calculate the mechanical power output.

## **Conceptual Questions:**

- Why does the speed of a DC motor decrease when load is applied? How can this be prevented?
- Explain why transformers work only with AC and not with DC current.
- What would happen if the split-ring commutator in a DC motor is replaced by slip rings?
- Why is soft iron used as the core of electromagnets and not steel?

## **Real-life Applications:**

- How do maglev trains work? What is the principle behind magnetic levitation?
- Explain the working of a microphone. How does it convert sound energy to electrical energy?
- Why do electric motors get heated during operation? How can overheating be prevented?
- How does an MRI machine use strong magnetic fields for medical imaging?

# **Advanced Understanding:**

- Explain why the direction of induced current always opposes the change causing it.
- What is mutual induction? Give examples of devices that work on this principle.
- How does eddy current affect the efficiency of electrical machines? How are eddy current losses minimized?
- Explain the principle behind induction cooking and how it differs from conventional heating methods.