Lab Program - 3

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Basic Statistical Operations on Open-Source Datasets

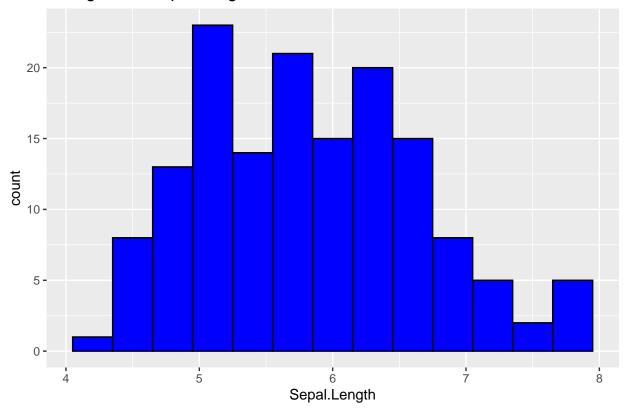
Objective: This program emphasizes the application of statistical concepts on real-world datasets and visualization of the data.

```
# Load necessary
library(dplyr) # For data manipulation
Attaching package: 'dplyr'
The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
   filter, lag
The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
    intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
library(ggplot2) # For visualization
library(moments) # For skewness and kurtosis
library(palmerpenguins) # For Palmer Penguins dataset
Attaching package: 'palmerpenguins'
The following objects are masked from 'package:datasets':
   penguins, penguins_raw
data(iris) # Load Iris dataset
data(penguins) # Load Palmer Penguins
# Function to calculate mode
calc_mode <- function(x) {</pre>
 return (as.numeric (names (sort (table (x), decreasing = TRUE)) [1] ))
```

```
# Perform Statistical Analysis on Iris Dataset
print("---- Iris Dataset Analysis ----")
[1] "---- Iris Dataset Analysis ----"
# Mean
iris_mean <- sapply (iris[, 1:4], mean, na.rm = TRUE )</pre>
print(paste("Mean of Iris dataset : ", iris_mean))
[1] "Mean of Iris dataset: 5.843333333333333"
[2] "Mean of Iris dataset: 3.057333333333333"
[3] "Mean of Iris dataset: 3.758"
[4] "Mean of Iris dataset: 1.19933333333333"
#Median
iris_median <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], median, na.rm = TRUE )</pre>
print(paste("Median of Iris dataset : ", iris_median))
[1] "Median of Iris dataset : 5.8" "Median of Iris dataset :
[3] "Median of Iris dataset : 4.35" "Median of Iris dataset : 1.3"
#Mode
iris_mode <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], calc_mode )</pre>
print(paste("Mode of Iris dataset : ", iris_median))
[1] "Mode of Iris dataset : 5.8" "Mode of Iris dataset : 3"
[3] "Mode of Iris dataset : 4.35" "Mode of Iris dataset : 1.3"
#Variance
iris_variance <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], var, na.rm = TRUE )</pre>
print(paste("Variance of Iris dataset : ", iris_variance))
[1] "Variance of Iris dataset: 0.685693512304251"
[2] "Variance of Iris dataset : 0.189979418344519"
[3] "Variance of Iris dataset : 3.11627785234899"
[4] "Variance of Iris dataset : 0.581006263982103"
#Standard Deviation
iris_sd <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], sd, na.rm = TRUE )</pre>
print(paste("Standard Deviation of Iris dataset : ", iris_sd))
[1] "Standard Deviation of Iris dataset : 0.828066127977863"
[2] "Standard Deviation of Iris dataset: 0.435866284936698"
[3] "Standard Deviation of Iris dataset: 1.76529823325947"
[4] "Standard Deviation of Iris dataset: 0.762237668960347"
#Skewness
iris skewness <- sapply(iris[, 1:4], skewness, na.rm = TRUE )</pre>
print(paste("Skewness of Iris dataset : ", iris_skewness))
```

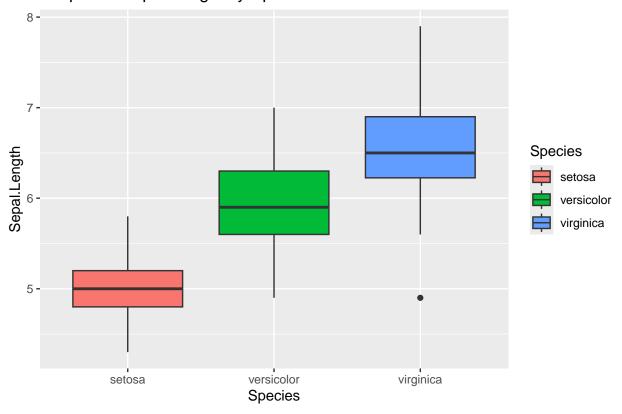
```
[1] "Skewness of Iris dataset : 0.311753058502296"
[2] "Skewness of Iris dataset : 0.315767106338938"
[3] "Skewness of Iris dataset: -0.272127666456721"
[4] "Skewness of Iris dataset: -0.101934206565599"
# Hypothesis Testing (t-test) between Sepal.Length of Setosa and Versicolor
setosa <- subset(iris, Species == "setosa")$Sepal.Length</pre>
versicolor <- subset(iris, Species == "versicolor")$Sepal.Length</pre>
t_test <- t.test(setosa, versicolor)</pre>
print(t_test)
   Welch Two Sample t-test
data: setosa and versicolor
t = -10.521, df = 86.538, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
-1.1057074 -0.7542926
sample estimates:
mean of x mean of y
   5.006
             5.936
# Visualization of Iris Dataset
# Histogram for Sepal.Length
ggplot(iris, aes(x = Sepal.Length)) +
 geom_histogram(binwidth = 0.3, fill = "blue", color = "black") +
 ggtitle("Histogram of Sepal Length in Iris Dataset")
```

Histogram of Sepal Length in Iris Dataset



```
# Boxplot for Sepal.Length across Species
ggplot(iris, aes(x = Species, y = Sepal.Length, fill = Species)) +
  geom_boxplot() +
  ggtitle("Boxplot of Sepal Length by Species in Iris Dataset")
```

Boxplot of Sepal Length by Species in Iris Dataset



```
print("---- Palmer Penguins Dataset Analysis ----")
```

[1] "---- Palmer Penguins Dataset Analysis ----"

```
# Remove rows with missing values
penguins_clean <- na.omit(penguins)

# Mean
penguins_mean <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], mean, na.rm = TRUE)
print(paste("Mean of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_mean))</pre>
```

```
    "Mean of Palmer Penguins dataset: 43.9927927927928"
    "Mean of Palmer Penguins dataset: 17.1648648648649"
```

- [3] "Mean of Palmer Penguins dataset: 200.966966966967"
- [4] "Mean of Palmer Penguins dataset: 4207.05705705706"

Median

```
penguins_median <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], median, na.rm = TRUE)
print(paste("Median of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_median))</pre>
```

```
[1] "Median of Palmer Penguins dataset: 44.5"
```

- [3] "Median of Palmer Penguins dataset: 197"
- [4] "Median of Palmer Penguins dataset: 4050"

^{[2] &}quot;Median of Palmer Penguins dataset: 17.3"

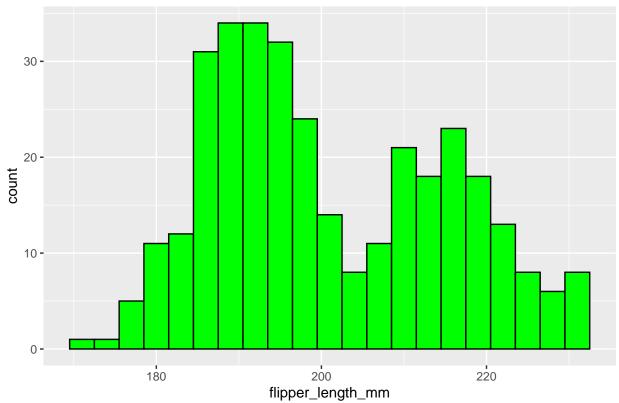
```
# Mode
penguins_mode <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], calc_mode)</pre>
print(paste("Mode of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_mode))
[1] "Mode of Palmer Penguins dataset: 41.1"
[2] "Mode of Palmer Penguins dataset: 17"
[3] "Mode of Palmer Penguins dataset: 190"
[4] "Mode of Palmer Penguins dataset: 3800"
# Variance
penguins_variance <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], var, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
print(paste("Variance of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins variance))
[1] "Variance of Palmer Penguins dataset: 29.9063334418756"
[2] "Variance of Palmer Penguins dataset: 3.87788830999674"
[3] "Variance of Palmer Penguins dataset: 196.441676616375"
[4] "Variance of Palmer Penguins dataset: 648372.487698542"
# Standard Deviation
penguins_sd <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], sd, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
print(paste("Standard Deviation of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_sd))
[1] "Standard Deviation of Palmer Penguins dataset: 5.46866834264756"
[2] "Standard Deviation of Palmer Penguins dataset: 1.9692354633199"
[3] "Standard Deviation of Palmer Penguins dataset: 14.0157652882879"
[4] "Standard Deviation of Palmer Penguins dataset: 805.215801942897"
# Skewness
penguins_skewness <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], skewness, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
print(paste("Skewness of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_skewness))
[1] "Skewness of Palmer Penguins dataset: 0.0451359779776739"
[2] "Skewness of Palmer Penguins dataset: -0.149044996398334"
[3] "Skewness of Palmer Penguins dataset: 0.358523654622741"
[4] "Skewness of Palmer Penguins dataset: 0.470116171418382"
penguins_kurtosis <- sapply(penguins_clean[, 3:6], kurtosis, na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
print(paste("Kurtosis of Palmer Penguins dataset:", penguins_kurtosis))
[1] "Kurtosis of Palmer Penguins dataset: 2.11182658541194"
[2] "Kurtosis of Palmer Penguins dataset: 2.10341274887238"
[3] "Kurtosis of Palmer Penguins dataset: 2.03516741259049"
[4] "Kurtosis of Palmer Penguins dataset: 2.25951411974012"
# Hypothesis Testing (t-test) between flipper_length_mm of Adelie and Gentoo species
adelie <- subset(penguins_clean, species == "Adelie")$flipper_length_mm</pre>
gentoo <- subset(penguins_clean, species == "Gentoo")$flipper_length_mm</pre>
t test penguins <- t.test(adelie, gentoo)</pre>
print(t_test_penguins)
```

```
Welch Two Sample t-test
```

```
data: adelie and gentoo t=-33.506, df=251.35, p-value < 2.2e-16 alternative hypothesis: true difference in means is not equal to 0 95 percent confidence interval: -28.72740 -25.53771 sample estimates: mean of x mean of y 190.1027 217.2353
```

```
# Visualization of Palmer Penguins Dataset
# Histogram for flipper_length_mm
ggplot(penguins_clean, aes(x = flipper_length_mm)) +
geom_histogram(binwidth = 3, fill = "green", color = "black") +
ggtitle("Histogram of Flipper Length in Palmer Penguins Dataset")
```

Histogram of Flipper Length in Palmer Penguins Dataset



```
# Boxplot for flipper_length_mm across Species
ggplot(penguins_clean, aes(x = species, y = flipper_length_mm, fill = species)) +
   geom_boxplot() +
   ggtitle("Boxplot of Flipper Length by Species in Palmer Penguins Dataset")
```

