



Introduction to Binary Exploitation

Robert Klink

Who?

- Robert Klink
 - **Rombertus**
- MSc Computer Security @ VU
- Loyal **StudSec** member
 - Got me started in CySec
 - Head of infrastructure
 - ~~blame me for whatever breaks~~



Overview

Stack

Buffer Overflow

- Basics
- Examples

(Bypassing) Protections

- ROP
- ASLR

Final remarks



Overview

Stack

Buffer

- Ba
- Ex

Challenges!

(Bypassing) Protections

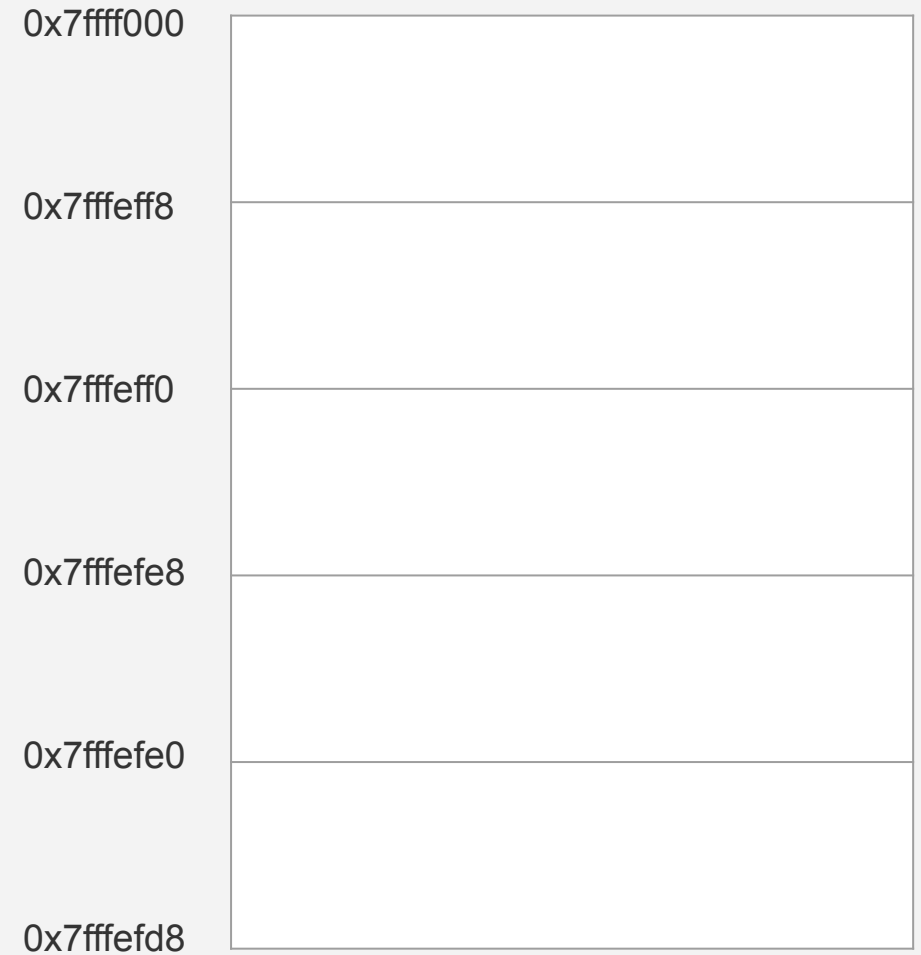
- ROP
- ASLR

Final remarks



Stack

- Memory where execution data is stored
 - Grows from high address to low address
 - 8 byte sized (64 bits) for 64-bit arch



Stack

- Memory where **program data** is stored
 - **Locals**

```
int main(void) {  
    long long int local = 0;  
    return 0;  
}
```

0x7fff000

local = 0

0x7ffeff8

0x7ffeff0

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Stack

- Memory where **execution data** is stored
 - Locals
 - **Types**
 - **Little-endian**

```
int main(void) {  
    long long int a = 1;  
    int b = 2;  
    short c = 3;  
    char d = 4;  
    return 0;  
}
```

0x7fff000

a = 0x0000000000000001

0x7ffeff8

b = 0x00000002
c = 0x0003 d = 0x04

0x7ffeff0

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Stack

- Memory where **execution data** is stored
 - Locals
 - **Arrays** too!
 - Grow up

```
int main(void) {  
    long long int array[4];  
    return 0;  
}
```



Stack

- Memory where **execution data** is stored
 - Locals
 - **Stack frames**

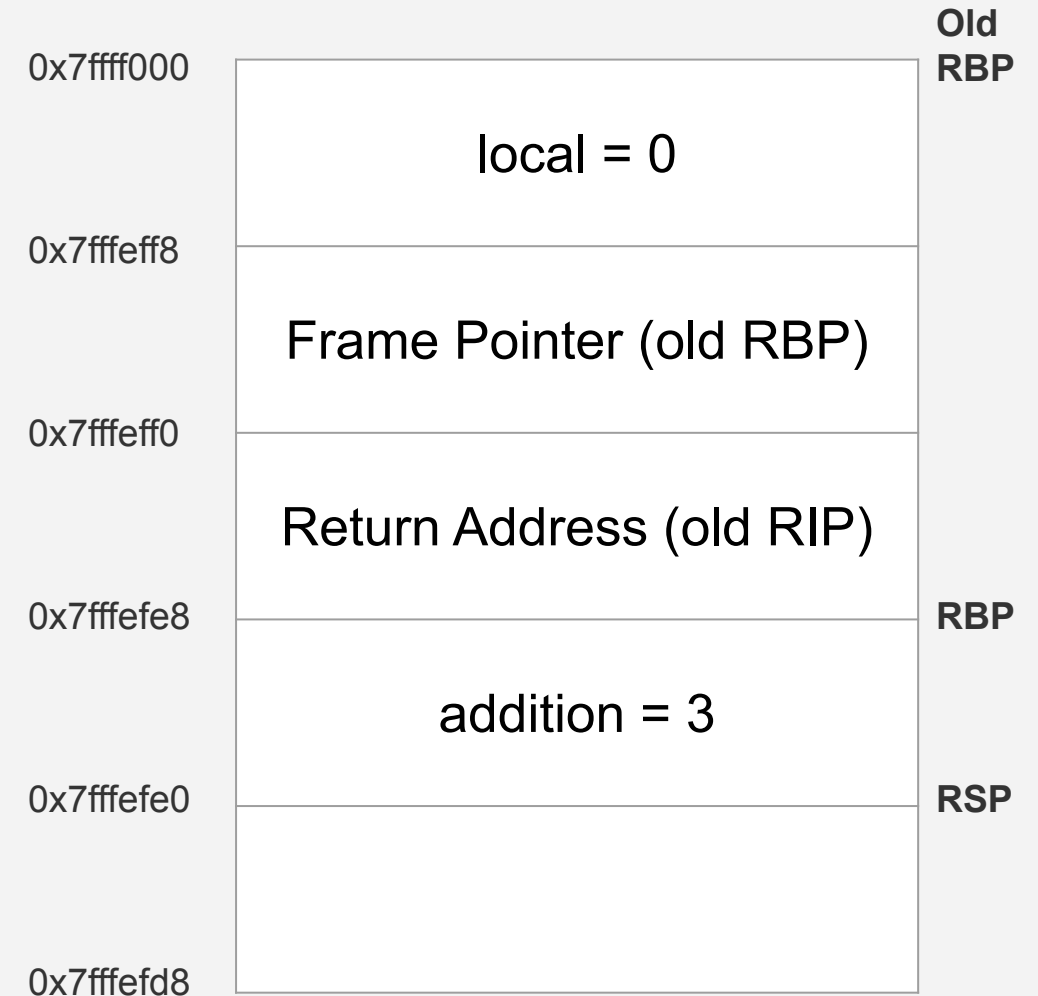
```
void add(int lhs, int rhs) {  
    long long int addition = lhs + rhs;  
}  
  
int main(void) {  
    long long int local = 0;  
    add(1, 2);  
}
```



Stack

- Registers?
 - RIP - **I**nstruction pointer
 - RBP - **F**rame pointer
 - RSP - **S**tack pointer

```
void add(int lhs, int rhs) {  
    long long int addition = lhs + rhs;  
} ← RIP  
  
int main(void) {  
    long long int local = 0;  
    add(1, 2);  
} ← Old RIP
```



Stack

- Registers?

-
-
-

```
void add(  
    long long int addition, int i, int j,  
}  
    ← RIP
```

```
int main(void) {  
    long long int local = 0;  
    add(1, 2);  
}  
    ← Old RIP
```

Example 1

0x7fff000

local = 0

0x7ffeff8

Return Address (Old RIP)

BP)

RBP

0x7ffefe0

RSP

0x7ffefd8

Old
RBP



Buffer Overflow

- What happens when a local is read into?
 - gets: read string until **EOF** or **newline**, append **null byte**

```
int main(void) {  
    char username[16];  
    int admin = 0;  
    gets(username);  
  
    if (admin > 0)  
        printf("win!\n");  
}
```

0x7fff000

admin

0x7ffeff8

username[7-15]

0x7ffeff0

username[0-7]

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- What happens when a local is read into?
 - **Intended** usage:
 - “joe example”
 - < 16

```
int main(void) {  
    char username[16];  
    int admin = 0;  
    gets(username);  
  
    if (admin > 0)  
        printf("win!\n");  
}
```

0x7fff000

admin = 0

0x7ffeff8

username[7-15] =
“le\0”

0x7ffeff0

username[0-7] =
“joe examp”

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- What happens when a local is read into?
 - **Malicious** usage
 - “0123456789ABCDEFaa”
 - input beyond 16 is **overflow**

```
int main(void) {  
    char username[16];  
    int admin = 0;  
    gets(username);  
  
    if (admin > 0)  
        printf("win!\n");  
}
```

0x7fff000

admin = “aa\0”

0x7ffeff8

username[7-15] =
“89ABCDEF”

0x7ffeff0

username[0-7] =
“01234567”

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- What happens when a local is read into?

-

Example 2

```
int main(v
char username[16],
int admin = 0;
gets(username);

if (admin > 0)
    printf("win!\n");
}
```

0x7fff000

admin = "aa\0"

0x7ffeff8

username[7-15] =

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no such variable?



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no such variable?
 - **Return address**
 - Where to get?

```
void win(void) { printf("win!\n"); }
```

```
int main(void) {  
    char local[8];  
    gets(local);  
}
```

0x7fff000

Return Address

0x7ffeff8

Frame Pointer

0x7ffeff0

local[0-7]

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no such **variables**?
 - Return address
 - **readelf -s**
 - **pwntools**

```
void win(void) { printf("win!\n"); }
```

```
int main(void) {  
    char local[8];  
    gets(local);  
}
```

0x7fff000

Return Address

0x7ffeff8

Frame Pointer

0x7ffeff0

local[0-7]

0x7ffefe8

0x7ffefe0

0x7ffefd8



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no
-

Example 3

```
void win(void) { printf("win!\n"); }

int main(void) {
    char local[8];
    gets(local);
}
```

0x7fff000	Return Address
0x7ffeff8	
0x7ffefe0	
0x7ffefd8	



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no such variable and no **functions**?



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no such variable and no functions?
 - **Shellcode**
 - Write your own asm that calls a **shell**

```
int main(void) {  
    char shell[80];  
    printf("%IX\n", &shell);  
    gets(local);  
}
```



Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no
 -

Example 4

```
int main(void) {  
    char shell[80];  
    printf("%IX\n", &shell);  
    gets(local);  
}
```

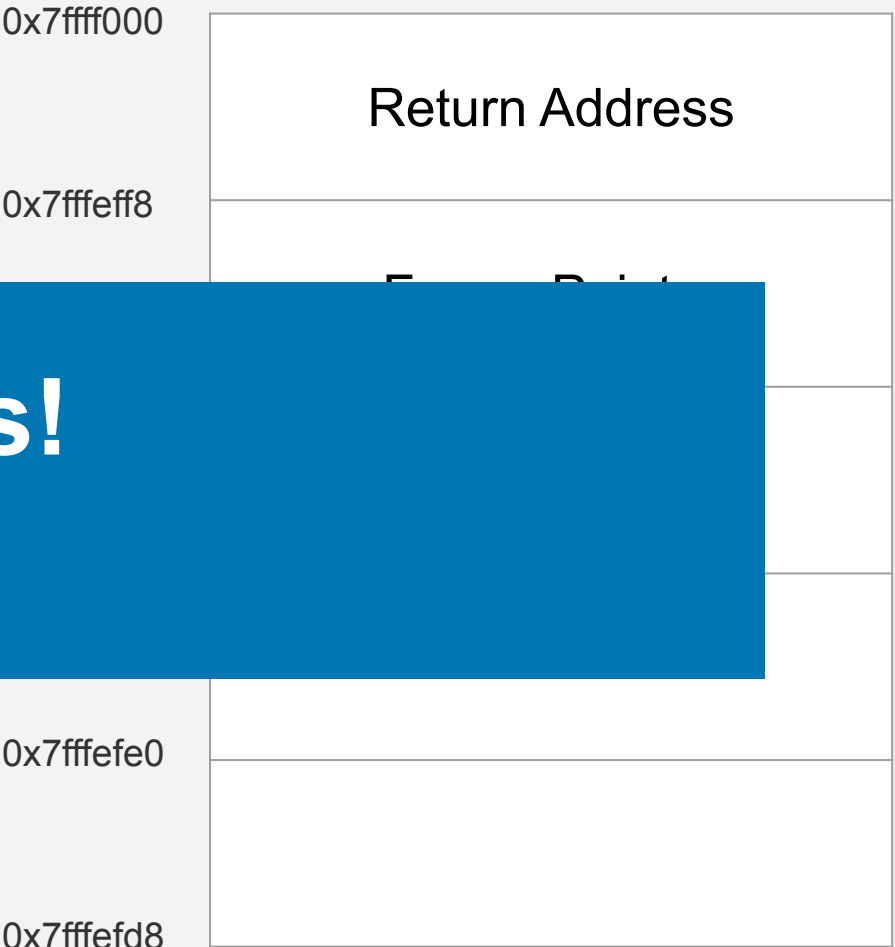


Buffer Overflow

- That's all fun & games, but what if there is no
-

Challenges! (part 1)

```
int main(void) {  
    char local[8];  
    gets(local);  
}
```



(Bypassing) Protections

- This sounds bad...
 - **Execute** memory
 - **Static** function locations



(Bypassing) Protections

- This ~~sounds~~ is bad!
- **NX / DEP**
 - **Executable** (but unwritable) or **writable** (but unexecutable)
 - No more shellcode



(Bypassing) Protections

- This ~~sounds~~ is bad!
- NX / DEP
 - Executable (but unwritable) or writable (but unexecutable)
 - No more shellcode
- **PIE / ASLR**
 - Randomize where **stack, heap, program** is
 - No more statically known addresses



(Bypassing) Protections

- This ~~sounds~~ is bad!
- NX / DEP
 - Executable (but unwritable) or writable (but unexecutable)
 - No more shellcode
- PIE / ASLR
 - Randomize where **stack, heap, program** is
 - No more statically known addresses
- **Stack Canary**
 - Entry on the stack between **locals** and **stack frame data** that **halts** program if changed
 - Harder to overwrite **return address**
- **Defaults!**



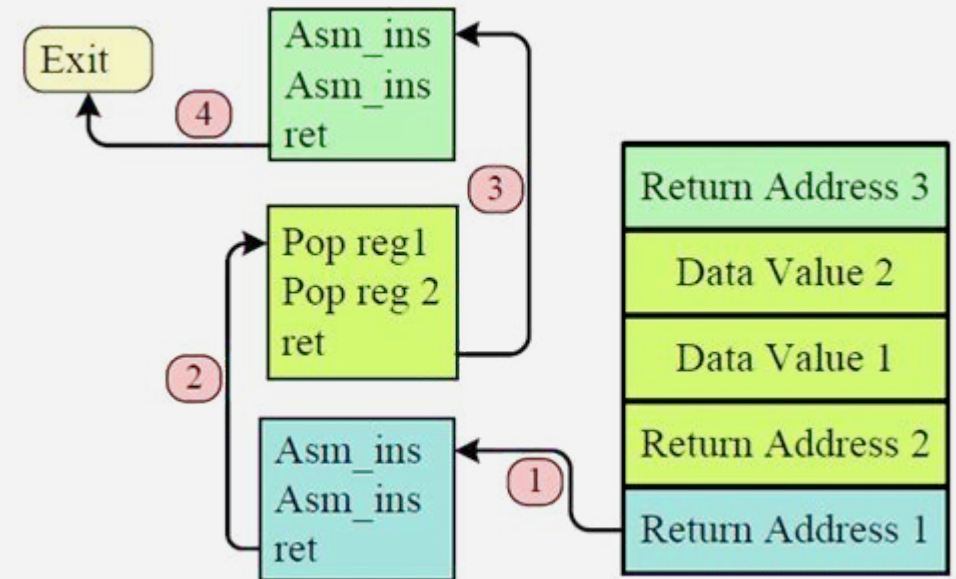
(Bypassing) Protections

- NX / DEP
 - No more shellcode...
 - ...**written by us!**
 - Program has plenty of instructions **available**



(Bypassing) Protections

- NX / DEP
 - No more shellcode...
 - ...written by us!
 - Program has plenty of instructions available
 - Chain instructions with **returns**
 - **Return Oriented Programming (ROP)**

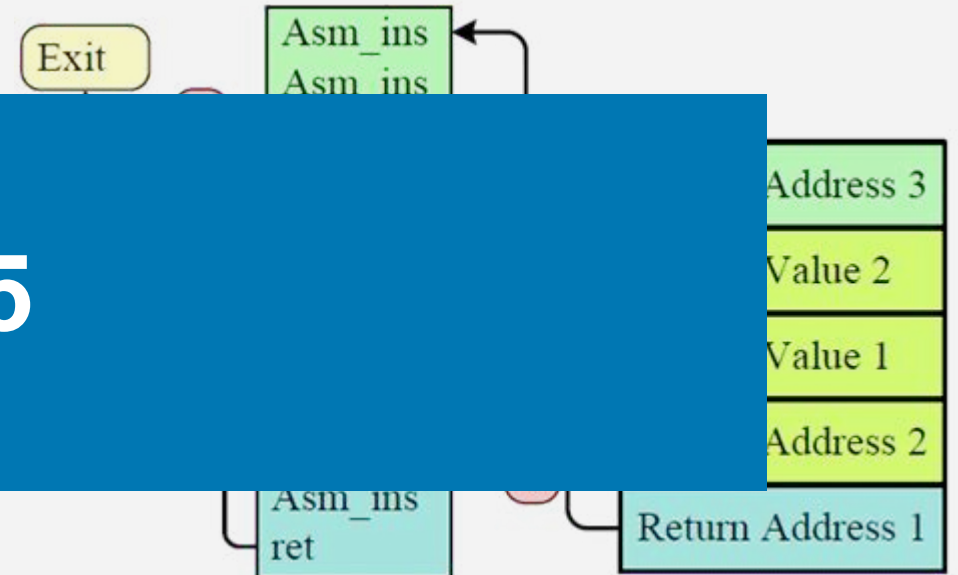


(Bypassing) Protections

- NX / DEP

-
-
-

Example 5



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR
 - No more statically known addresses...
 - ...but **offsets** between functions are the same!
 - Just need to **leak one function**



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR
 - No more statically known addresses...
 - ...but offsets between functions are the same!
 - Just need to leak one function
 - **Format string** attack
 - PIE



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR

-
-
-

Example 6



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR
 - No more statically known addresses...
 - ...but offsets between functions are the same!
 - ~~○ Just need to leak one function~~
 - ~~■ Format string attack~~
 - ~~● PIE~~
 - No such **function in binary?**
 - Return to **libc**



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR
 - No more statically known addresses...
 - ...but offsets between functions are the same!
 - No such function in binary?
 - Return to **libc**
 - ASLR...
 - Return to **PLT**



(Bypassing) Protections

- PIE / ASLR

-
-
-

Example 7

- Return to **PLT**



(Bypassing) Protections

- **Stack Canary**
 - Harder to overwrite return address...
 - ...but not **impossible!**
 - **Need** to **somehow** keep the canary the **same**



(Bypassing) Protections

- **Stack Canary**

- Harder to overwrite return address...
- ...but not impossible!
- Need to somehow keep the canary the same
- **Leak** the canary
 - **Format string** attack or **overread**
- **Write directly** to return address
 - Control over **index**
- **Bruteforce**
 - ...but only in **specific** cases (e.g. **fork**)



(Bypassing) Protections

- **Stack Canary**

-
-
-
-

Example 8

- **Write directly** to return address
 - Control over **index**
- **Bruteforce**
 - ...but only in **specific** cases (e.g. **fork**)



Final Remarks

- Use **manpages** or **cppreference** (for c too)
 - Usually lists if function is “unsafe”
- Use **pwntools** and **pwndbg**
 - Good for exploiting and investigating respectively
- Lots of useful online sources
 - [ir0nstone notes](#)
 - [CTF 101](#)
- Practice makes **perfect**
 - [pwn.college](#)
 - [studsec](#) ;)



Final Remarks

Understand **C** and **Assembly**...

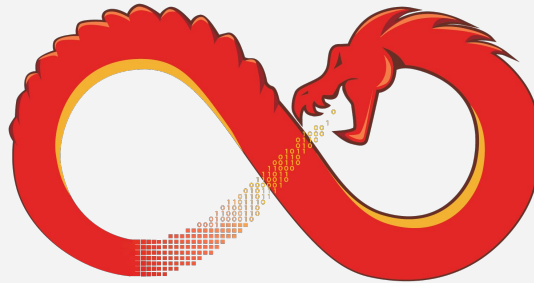


Final Remarks

I gave **source code**...
...most will **not** be so **kind**



[Cutter](#)



[Ghidra](#)



[IDA](#)



Challenges! (part 2)

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