

# USING R, MARKDOWN, AND OTHER TOOLS FOR REPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH

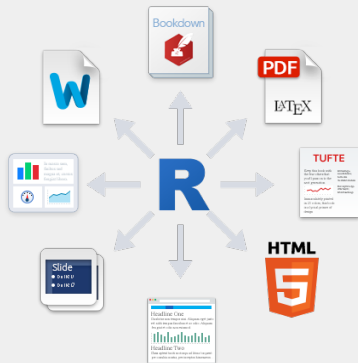
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R USER GROUP WORKSHOP

13 AUGUST 2019



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### Using R, Markdown, and Other Tools for Reproducible Research

Day	Time	Room
<b>Tues, Aug 13</b>	<b>8:30–12:00pm</b>	<b>C111C</b>

- This 1/2-day workshop will provide attendees with hands-on experience using the basics of Markdown and knitr.
- After attending this workshop, you will be able to use these tools to facilitate reproducible reports and research with R.

# STEPS/AGENDA

We will try to use our half day as effectively as possible.

## Rough Agenda

#	Time	Topic
1	8:30	System checks & agenda
2	8:50	Reproducible Research
3	9:10	Intro to Markdown
4	9:30	Intro to LaTeX
5	9:40	Markdown & LaTeX examples
	10:10	<i>BREAK</i>
6	10:20	Dynamic documents with knitr
7	10:40	Markdown & LaTeX with R
8	11:40	Wrap-up & additional resources

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# REPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH

*IS THERE A REPRODUCIBILITY CRISIS?*

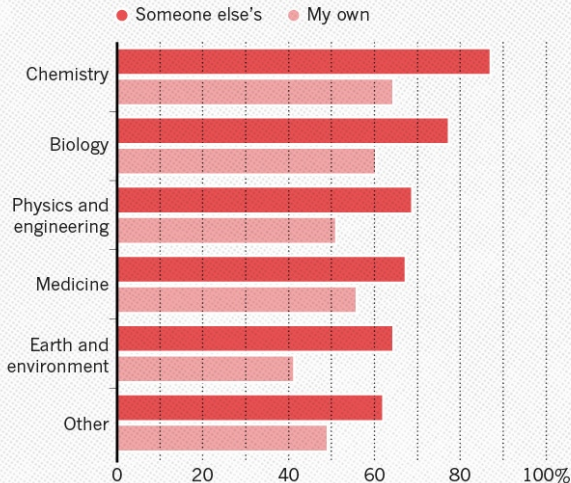


©nature

# REPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH

## *HAVE YOU FAILED TO REPRODUCE AN EXPERIMENT?*

Most scientists have experienced failure to reproduce results.





Results must be reproducible to be trustworthy.

*An article about computational science in a scientific publication is not the scholarship itself, it is merely the advertising of the scholarship. The actual scholarship is the complete software development environment **and the complete set of instructions which generated the figures.***

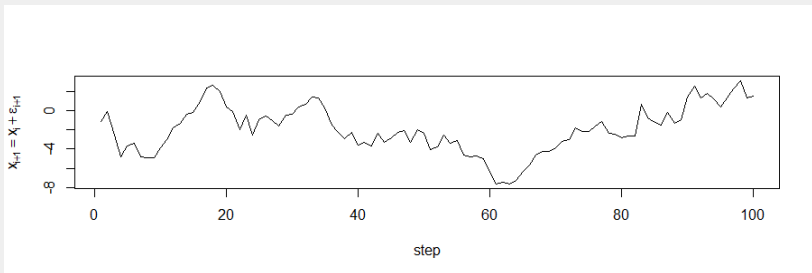
— 1995, David L. Donoho, professor of statistics at Stanford University

This chunk of R code produces a figure that illustrates a simulation of Brownian motion for 100 steps.

## Try running this in RStudio

```
set.seed(1213) # for reproducibility
x <- cumsum(rnorm(100))
plot(x, type = "l",
      ylab = expression(x[i+1]==
                        x[i]+epsilon[{i+1}]),
      xlab = "step")
```

# REPRODUCIBLE RESEARCH



To put this into a document by hand, we would have to open RStudio, compile the code to draw the plot, save it as an image, then insert it into a document with `\includegraphics{}`.

Then what if we want to change the random seed in `set.seed()`, or the y-axis label?

# DYNAMIC REPORT GENERATION

- Instead of separating the results from the computation, we can put everything in one document.
- When we compile this document, the computation will be executed, giving us the results directly.
- Integrating code with narratives is not only easier, but also provides details needed for reproducibility.

## Dynamic documents are easier than cut-and-paste

It is fairly common to see student homework and exercises among the countless user contributions on RPubS. Once students are trained, we may expect more reproducible scientific research in the future.

## DYNAMIC DOCUMENTS—A SHORT EXAMPLE

This table shows a subset of the *mtcars* dataset.

	mpg	cyl	disp	hp	drat	wt
Mazda RX4	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.620
Mazda RX4 Wag	21.0	6	160	110	3.90	2.875
Datsun 710	22.8	4	108	93	3.85	2.320
Hornet 4 Drive	21.4	6	258	110	3.08	3.215
Hornet Sportabout	18.7	8	360	175	3.15	3.440
Valiant	18.1	6	225	105	2.76	3.460

Have you ever included a table in your document? In LaTeX, the code would look like this...

## DYNAMIC DOCUMENTS—A SHORT EXAMPLE

### Manual table in LaTeX

```
\begin{tabular}{lrrrrrrr}
    & mpg & cyl & disp & hp & drat & wt & \\
Mazda RX4 & 21.0 & 6 & 160 & 110 & 3.90 & 2.620 & \\
Mazda RX4 Wag & 21.0 & 6 & 160 & 110 & 3.90 & 2.875 & \\
Datsun 710 & 22.8 & 4 & 108 & 93 & 3.85 & 2.320 & \\
Hornet 4 Drive & 21.4 & 6 & 258 & 110 & 3.08 & 3.215 & \\
Hornet Sportabout & 18.7 & 8 & 360 & 175 & 3.15 & 3.440 & \\
Valiant & 18.1 & 6 & 225 & 105 & 2.76 & 3.460 & \\
\end{tabular}
```

Even if you maintain this table in Excel, there are manual steps and human intervention required to update your document.

## DYNAMIC DOCUMENTS—A SHORT EXAMPLE

If you wanted to include this same table in your dynamic document, you would only need this code:

### Table generated in R code

```
library(knitr)
kable(head(mtcars[, 1:6]))
```

If you ever update the `mtcars` dataframe, the table will update in the document on its own.

# RPUBS STUDENT EXAMPLE



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# MARKDOWN — A SHORT EXAMPLE

# Header

## Subheader

### Subsubheader

You can **bold** and *italicize*.

- List items
  - Tab for level 2 lists

You can write an ordered list:

1. It tracks the order for you
93. This line will end up being "2."

# Header

## Subheader

### Subsubheader

You can **bold** and *italicize*.

- List items
  - Tab for level 2 lists

You can write an ordered list:

1. It tracks the order for you
2. This line will end up being "2."

Markdown is an **easy-to-read, easy-to-write plain text format**.

**Quickly** lay out documents

**Maximize** focus on content

**Minimize** focus on formatting

**Convert** easily to a variety of formats

**Durable** plain text format good for records

## Limitations of Markdown

Markdown was primarily designed to be simple.  
For more complicated typesetting, LaTeX may be preferred.

# R AND MARKDOWN



<https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/>

- An **.Rmd file** is a Markdown file with R code chunks in it.
- Contains the **code** that a scientist needs to reproduce your work, along with the **narration** that a reader needs to understand it.
- Can export the finished report in a variety of formats, including HTML, PDF, or MS Word.

# WORKFLOW IN MARKDOWN

## Using **RStudio**:

**Open** a new .Rmd file, which pre-populates with a template

**Write** a document by editing the template

**Knit** the document to create a report; use the knitr button or `render()` to knit

**Preview** output in IDE window

**Publish** to web server (optional)

**Use** the output file that is saved alongside the .Rmd file

## Helpful link:

<https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/lesson-2.html>

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Like Markdown, **LaTeX** is also a way to write in plain text to...

**Quickly** lay out documents

**Maximize** focus on content

**Minimize** focus on formatting

## How do you pronounce “LaTeX”?

*TeX is usually pronounced tech, making 'lah-teck, lah-'teck, and 'lay-teck the logical choices; but language is not always logical, so 'lay-'tecks is also possible.*

— Leslie B. Lamport, original developer of L<sup>A</sup>T<sub>E</sub>X



LaTeX is:

- Designed for **high-quality typesetting** of technical and scientific documentation
- Widely used in academia for the publication of scientific documents in many fields
- Best used if you
  - ▶ Have many tables, figures, or equations to reference.
  - ▶ Have lots of cross-references, citations, or hyperlinks.
  - ▶ Want your final product to look exceptionally professional (like a resume).

— <https://www.ctan.org/tex/>

# LATEX: MINIMAL EXAMPLE

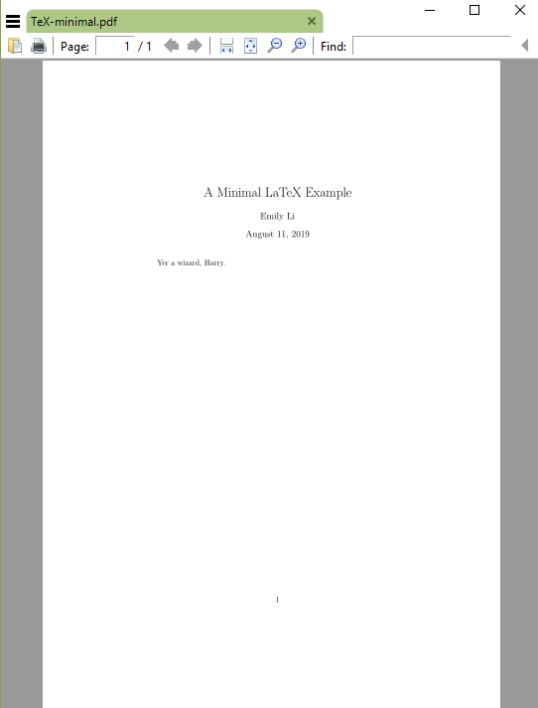
Here is a minimal example of a full document written in LaTeX.

```
\documentclass{article}
\title{A Minimal LaTeX Example}
\author{Emily Li}

\begin{document}
\maketitle

Yer a wizard , Harry.

\end{document}
```



# A Minimal LaTeX Example

Emily Li

August 11, 2019

Yer a wizard, Harry.

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# EXAMPLES & DEMOS

# A MODEST MARKDOWN EXERCISE

Let's try a little Markdown:

- One** Use Markdown to write a **.html** file with your name and favorite hobby.
- Two** Output the same file as a **Word** document.

BREAK FOR 10 MINUTES



WELCOME BACK!





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**Sweave** and **knitr** can compile narrative documents with R code.

**Sweave** is included in base R, and specifically compiles R code integrated into LaTeX or LyX documents.

**knitr** compiles **any input language** (R, Python, SAS...) inside **any markup language** (LaTeX, Markdown, HTML...)

**Sweave** has been a prominent, longstanding tool for dynamic documents since 2002.

- Combines the power of R with the production value of LaTeX
- Part of base R (as the `Sweave()` function)
  - ▶ From your R session: `Sweave("your_file.Rnw")`
  - ▶ From the command line: `R CMD Sweave your_file.Rnw`

However...

- Development has plateaued in recent years
- Not modular enough; extensions may become incompatible. Some packages are no longer synchronized.
- A PDF produced from LaTeX looks great, but is often not the format we need when collaborating.

# KNITR STANDS ON THE SHOULDERS OF SWEAVE

**knitr** was largely motivated by Sweave, and designed to be easier to maintain and extend.

*The design of knitr allows any input languages and **any output markup languages**.*

— Yihui Xie, creator of knitr

- Can compile dynamic documents in Markdown—which are more intuitive and human-readable.
- Works very well with Pandoc, so creating a Word document or OpenDocument format is just as easy as creating a PDF.

Check out <https://www.rdocumentation.org/packages/knitr> for more info on installation, motivation, usage, and functions.

## Install knitr

```
install.packages('knitr', dependencies = TRUE)
```

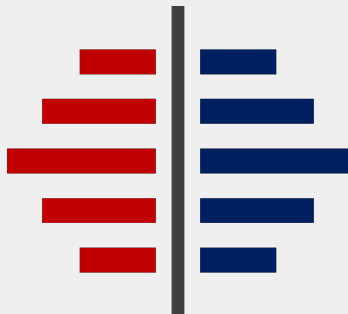
Go to the menu *Tools* > *Options* > *Sweave* and switch the default option for weaving (compiling) to **knitr**.

Visit <https://yihui.name/knitr/faq/> for frequently asked questions.

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# MARKDOWN & LATEX SIDE-BY-SIDE



We'll look at a side-by-side comparison of Markdown and LaTeX using the exact same analysis.

We will be using RStudio to edit and compile the source code.

# MAKING DYNAMIC DOCUMENTS IN RSTUDIO

You can create either R-Markdown or R-LaTeX documents in RStudio.

- Files that mix R code and Markdown are **.Rmd** files
- Files that mix R code and LaTeX are **.Rnw** files

Why is the R-LaTeX file extension ".Rnw"?

"Rnw" stands for "R no web". NoWeb is an old but active simple system for mixing code and narratives.



# MARKDOWN AND LATEX SIDE-BY-SIDE

## R code and Markdown = **.Rmd**

- “`{r}`” opens a code chunk and “” terminates it
- Inline R code is written in backticks ‘ ‘
- Chunk options are written before the closing brace } in the chunk header

## R code and LaTeX = **.Rnw**

- `<<>>=` opens a code chunk and `@` terminates it
- Write chunk options in between `<<` and `>>=`

## You had me at “keyboard shortcut”

In RStudio, for either *.Rnw* or *.Rmd*, quickly insert code chunks with the keyboard shortcut *Ctrl + Alt + I*.

DEMO *Rmd* — *input.Rmd*

## QUICK REPORTING IN MARKDOWN

It is also possible to generate a quick report from R script using **knitr**'s `stitch()` function.

### Stitch a quick report

```
library(knitr)
stitch("your-script.R")
```

- `stitch()` provides a template so the user only feeds the template with one R script and knitr will compile the template to a report.
- Currently it has built-in templates for LaTeX (default), HTML, and Markdown.

See `?stitch` for details.

## LONGER EXAMPLE OF MARKDOWN AND R

Markdown (or LaTeX) can be combined with R using knitr to make longer reports that can be easily updated with new code tidbits. Here we will show an example using data from US EPA and US Dept. of State on PM<sub>2.5</sub> air pollution.

- Particulate pollution is often in the news
- Especially lately with West Coast forest fires
- CAA primary air pollutant (NAAQS)

Switch over to Rstudio...

LET'S TRY SOME EXAMPLES  
TOGETHER...

### Comparision of Air Quality (PM2.5) in Asia and the Pacific Northwest

Use Markdown to create a report that performs summary statistics on a different variable than the concentration value presented.

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## ADDITIONAL RESOURCES

Erik Beck  
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Emily Y. Li  
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- <https://www.rstudio.com/resources/cheatsheets/>
- <https://support.rstudio.com/hc/en-us/articles/200552056-Using-Sweave-and-knitr>
- Documents source + output examples  
<https://yihui.name/knitr/demos/>
- Recently published student examples at Rpubs  
<http://rpubs.com>
- [https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/authoring\\_basics.html](https://rmarkdown.rstudio.com/authoring_basics.html)



- Rpubs Student Paper Example

<http://rpubs.com/RexGalilae/weather-events>

- GitHub Repository for this presentation

<https://github.com/R1EHB/R-MD-LaTeX>

- Another Rpubs Paper used as an example

<https://rpubs.com/moog500/519520>

THANKS FOR COMING!