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Bsee 19047

Machines Assignment 3

Q:1

$$S_{b1} = 1000 \text{ KVA}, \quad S_{b2} = 1000 \text{ KVA}, \quad S_{b3} = 1000 \text{ KVA}$$

$$V_{b1} = 480 \text{ V}, \quad V_{b2} = 14400 \text{ V}, \quad V_{b3} = 480 \text{ V}$$

$$V_{\phi} = \frac{480}{\sqrt{3}} = 277 \text{ V}, \quad V_{\phi} = 8313.84 \text{ V}, \quad V_{\phi} = 277 \text{ V}$$

$$Z_{b1} = \frac{3 \times (V_{\phi})^2}{S_{b1}}, \quad Z_{b2} = \frac{3 \times (V_{\phi})^2}{S_{b2}}, \quad Z_{b3} = \frac{3 \times (V_{\phi})^2}{S_{b3}}$$

$$Z_{b1} = 0.23 \Omega, \quad Z_{b2} = 207.4 \Omega, \quad Z_{b3} = 0.23 \Omega$$

Q

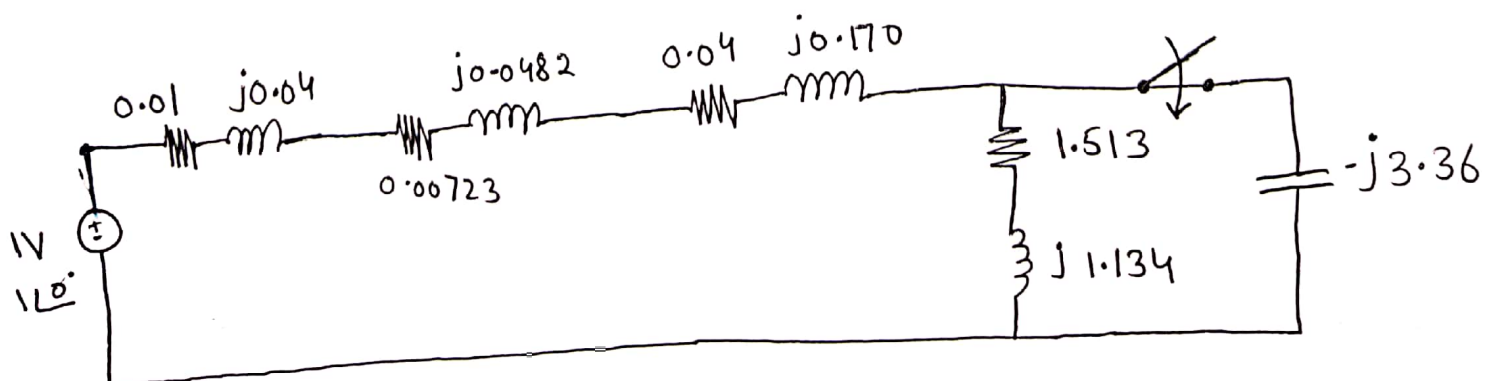
$$R_{1pu} = 0.01, \quad X_{1pu} = 0.04$$

$$R_{2pu} = (0.02) \left[\frac{(8314)^2}{(8314)^2} \times \frac{1000 \text{ KVA}}{500 \text{ KVA}} \right] = 0.04, \quad X_{2pu} = (0.085)(0.2) = 0.170$$

$$Z_{line pu} = \frac{Z_L}{Z_{b2}} = \frac{(1.5 + j10)}{207.4} = 0.00723 + j0.0482$$

$$Z_{load1 pu} = \frac{0.45 \angle 36.87^\circ}{0.23} = 1.513 + j1.134$$

$$Z_{load2 pu} = \frac{-j0.8}{0.23} = -j3.36$$



$$\textcircled{b} \quad Z_{eq} = (0.01 + j0.04) + (0.00723 + j0.0482) + (0.04 + j0.170) + (1.513 + j1.134)$$

$$\boxed{Z_{eq} = 2.1 \angle 41.6^\circ}$$

$$I_{Total} = \frac{V}{Z_{eq}} = \frac{1}{2.1 \angle 41.6^\circ} \quad \boxed{I = 0.4765 \angle -41.6^\circ}$$

$$V_{load} = (I)(Z_{load}) = (0.4765 \angle -41.6^\circ)(1.513 + j1.134) = 0.9 \angle -4.7^\circ$$

$$V_{load} = (480)(0.9), \quad \boxed{V_{load} = 432 \text{ V}}$$

$$P_{load} = (S_b)(I^2)(R_{load}) = (1000000)(0.4765^2)(1.513) \Rightarrow \boxed{344 \text{ kW}}$$

$$P_{supplied} = (V)(I) \cos(\theta) = (1)(0.4765) \cos(41.6^\circ) \Rightarrow 0.356 \text{ pu}$$

$$P_{supplied} = (0.356)(1000000) \Rightarrow \boxed{356 \text{ kW}}$$

$$Q = (S_b)(VI \sin \theta) = (1000000)(1)(0.4765 \sin(41.6^\circ)) \Rightarrow \boxed{316 \text{ KVAR}}$$

$$S = (S_b)(V)(I) = (1000000)(1)(0.4765) \Rightarrow \boxed{476.5 \text{ KVA}}$$

$$PF = \cos \theta = \cos(41.6^\circ) = \boxed{0.748 \text{ lagging}}$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad Z_{eq} = (0.01 + j0.04) + (0.00723 + j0.0482) + (0.04 + j0.170) + \left[\frac{(1.513 + j1.134)(-j3.36)}{1.513 + j1.134 - j3.36} \right]$$

$$\boxed{Z_{eq} = 2.443 \angle 8.65^\circ}$$

$$I = \frac{V}{Z_{eq}} = \frac{1}{2.443 \angle 8.65^\circ} \Rightarrow \boxed{0.409 \angle -8.65^\circ}$$

$$V_{load} = (V_{b3})(I)(Z_{load}) = (480)(0.409 \angle -8.65^\circ)(2.358 + j0.109)$$

$$\boxed{V_{load} = 464 \text{ V}}$$

$$P_{\text{load}} = (S_b)(I^2)(R_{\text{load}}) = (1000000)(0.409^2)(2.358) = \boxed{394 \text{ KW}}$$

$$P_{\text{supp}} = (VI \cos \theta) \times (S_b) = (1)(0.409) \cos(6.08^\circ) \Rightarrow \boxed{407 \text{ KW}}$$

$$Q = (VI \sin \theta)(S_b) = (1)(0.409) \sin(6.08)(1000000) \Rightarrow \boxed{42.8 \text{ KVAR}}$$

$$S = (S_b)(V)(I) = (1000000)(1)(0.409) \Rightarrow \boxed{409 \text{ KVA}}$$

$$\text{PF} = \cos \theta = \cos(6.08^\circ) \Rightarrow \boxed{0.995 \text{ lagging}}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad P_{\text{line}} = (S_b)(I_T^2)(R_{\text{line}}) = (1000000)(0.4765^2)(0.00723)$$

$$\boxed{P_{\text{line}} \Rightarrow 1.64 \text{ KW}} \rightarrow \text{line loss with switch open}$$

$$P_{\text{line}} = (S_b)(I)(R_{\text{line}}) \Rightarrow (1000000)(0.409)(0.00723)$$

$$\boxed{P_{\text{line}} \Rightarrow 1.21 \text{ KW}}$$

As computed in part (c), adding a capacitor at the load has increased/improved the power factor. Hence less line losses will take place by the addition of capacitor

$$\boxed{1.21 \text{ KW} < 1.64 \text{ KW}}$$

Q: 2

$B = 0.4 \text{ T}$

$V_B = 48 \text{ V}$

$l = 0.5 \text{ m}$

$R = 0.4 \Omega$

$r = 0.25 \text{ m}$

$\omega = 500 \text{ rad/s}$

(a)

$$e_{\text{ind}} \Rightarrow 2r l B \omega = 2(0.25)(0.5)(0.4)(500)$$

$$e_{\text{ind}} \Rightarrow 50 \text{ V}$$

as $e_{\text{ind}} > V_B$, so the machine is operating as a generator -

$$(b) \quad i = \frac{e_{\text{ind}} - V_B}{R} = \frac{50 - 48}{0.4}, \quad \boxed{i = 5 \text{ A}}$$

$$P = V_B \times i = (48)(5) = 240 \text{ W}$$

$$P = e_{\text{ind}} \times i = (50)(5) = 250 \text{ W}$$

$$P = (i^2)(R) = (5^2)(0.4) = 10 \text{ W}$$

$$(c) \quad \omega = 550 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$i = \frac{e_{\text{ind}} - V_B}{R} = \frac{(2r l B \omega - V_B)}{R} = \frac{(2(0.25)(0.5)(0.4)(550 - 48)}{0.4}$$

$$\boxed{i = 17.5 \text{ A}}$$

if ω increases, current (i) also increases.

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \omega = 450 \text{ rad/s}$$

$$i = \frac{e_{\text{ind}} - V_B}{R} = \frac{2(0.025)(0.05)(0.04)(450) - 48}{0.04}$$

$$i = -7.5 \text{ A} \quad , \quad i = 7.5 \text{ A}$$

it means the direction of the current will be reversed by slowing down the speed of rotor to 450 rad/s .

Q:- 3

$$\textcircled{1} \quad m = 2 \quad , \quad \text{Poles} = P = 8$$

$$\text{coils} = 64 \quad , \quad 10 \text{ turns/coil} \quad , \quad 2 \text{ conductors/turn}$$

$$\textcircled{a} \quad E = k\phi\omega = \frac{ZP}{2\pi a} \times \phi\omega$$

$$120 = \frac{[(64)(10)(2)][8] \times \phi \times (3600)(2\pi)}{(2\pi)(2)(8) \times (60 \text{ seconds})}$$

$$120 = 38400\phi$$

$$\phi = 3.125 \text{ mWb}$$

(b) $I = ?$

$$I = \frac{P}{V \times a} = \frac{P}{V \times m \times p} = \frac{25 \text{ KW}}{(120)(2)(8)}$$

$$I = 13.02 \text{ A}$$

(c) Induced Torque = $T_{ind} = ?$

$$T_{ind} = \frac{Z P \times \phi \times I \times a}{2\pi a} = \frac{(1280)(8)(0.003125)(13.02)(16)}{2\pi \times (2)(8)}$$

$$T_{ind} = 66.31 \text{ Nm}$$

(d) A DC generator having a duplex lap wound armature must have 8 brushes in the motor and each brush must be wide enough to stretch across 2 complete commutator segments.

(e) $R_A = \frac{N_p \times 0.011}{a} = \frac{(64)(10)(0.011)}{a \times a}$

$$R_A = 0.0275 \Omega$$

$$R_A = 27.5 \text{ m}\Omega$$

Q3

② $P = 8$, $\wedge I_A = 120 \text{ A}$

① $I = \frac{I_A}{a} = \frac{120}{(8)(1)} \quad \boxed{I = 15 \text{ A}}$

② $I = \frac{I_A}{a} = \frac{120}{(8)(2)} \quad \boxed{I = 7.5 \text{ A}}$

③ $I = \frac{I_A}{2m} = \frac{120}{2 \times 1} \quad \boxed{I = 60 \text{ A}}$

Q4

① $P = 2$, Coils = 8 , 10 turns / coil

$\Phi_p = 0.006 \text{ Wb}$

② at no load $V_T = E_A = K\phi\omega$, $\omega = \frac{E_A}{K\phi}$

$K = \frac{ZP}{2\pi a} = \frac{[(6)(4)(2)][2]}{(2\pi)(2)} = 7.64$

$\omega = \frac{12 \text{ V}}{(7.64)(0.006)} \quad \boxed{\omega = 262 \text{ rad/s}}$

$n = (\omega)\left(\frac{1}{2\pi}\right)(60) \quad , \quad \boxed{n = 2502 \text{ radian/min}}$

⑥ If the positive terminal of the battery is connected with the right most brush then the current will flow (into the page) under the south pole face and the motor will start rotating.

⑦ $P = 600 \text{ W}$

$$I = \frac{P}{V_B} = \frac{600}{12} = \boxed{50 \text{ A} = I}$$

$$\tau = K \phi I = (7.64)(0.006)(50)$$

$$\boxed{\tau = 2.3 \text{ Nm}}$$

Q 4

② $P = 20$

① $a = m p = (1)(20) = \boxed{a = 20 \text{ paths}}$

② $a = 2m = (2)(2) = \boxed{4 \text{ Paths}}$

③ $a = m p = (3)(20) = \boxed{a = 60 \text{ paths}}$

④ $a = 2m = (2)(4) = \boxed{8 \text{ paths}}$