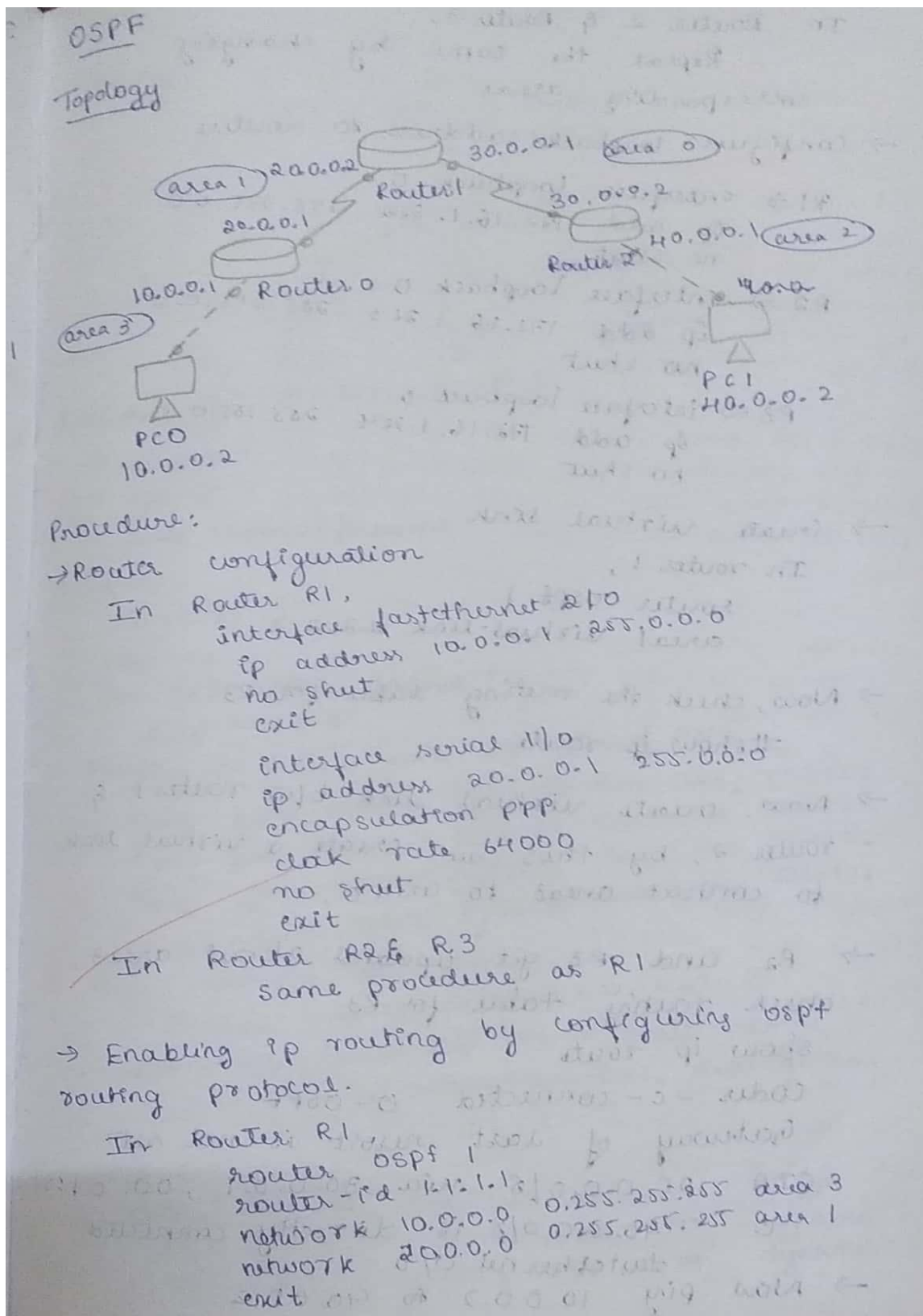


Configure OSPF routing protocol



In Router 2 & Router 3,
Repeat the same by changing
corresponding areas.

→ Configure loopback address to routers

R1 ⇒ interface loopback 0
ip add 172.16.1.252 255.255.0.0
no shut

R2 ⇒ interface loopback 0
ip add 172.16.1.253 255.255.0.0
no shut

R3 ⇒ interface loopback 0
ip add 172.16.1.254 255.255.0.0
no shut

→ Create virtual link

In router 1,

router ospf 1

area 1 virtual-link 2-2-2-2

→ Now, check the routing table for R3.

#show ip route

→ Now, create virtual link b/w router 1 &
router 2, by this we create a virtual link
to connect area 3 to area 0.

→ R2 and R3 get updated about area 3,

check routing table for R3

show ip route

code - c - connected

O - OSPF

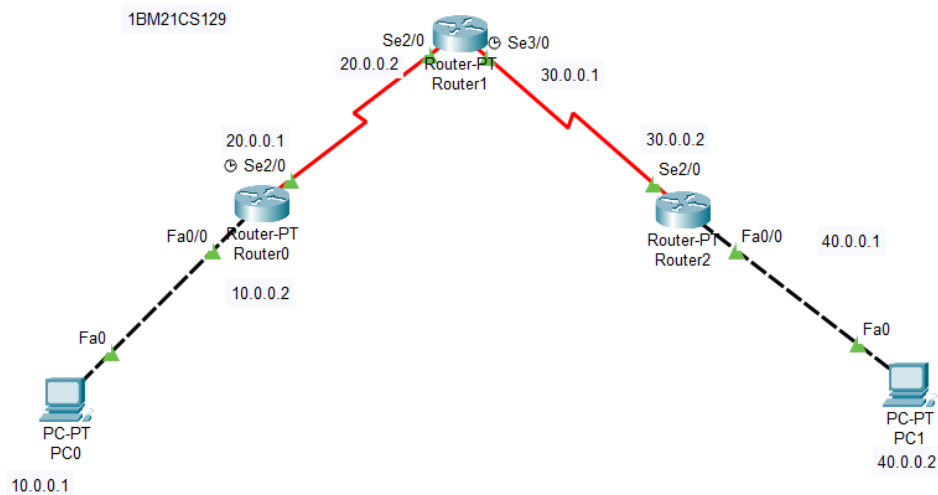
Gateway of last resort is not set

OIA 20.0.0.0/8 is directly connected via 30.0.0.1, 00.0.0.1/24

E 40.0.0.0/8 is directly connected
FastEthernet 0/0

→ Now ping 10.0.0.2 to 40.0.0.2

Topology:



Output:

```
Physical  Config  Desktop  Programming  Attributes
Command Prompt

Cisco Packet Tracer PC Command Line 1.0
C:\>ping 40.0.0.2

Pinging 40.0.0.2 with 32 bytes of data:

Request timed out.
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=2ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=21ms TTL=125
Reply from 40.0.0.2: bytes=32 time=24ms TTL=125

Ping statistics for 40.0.0.2:
    Packets: Sent = 4, Received = 3, Lost = 1 (25% loss),
    Approximate round trip times in milli-seconds:
        Minimum = 2ms, Maximum = 24ms, Average = 15ms

C:\>
```